

```
1 # -*- coding=utf-8 -*-
2 # @time:2021/8/9
3 # @phone:15874198829
4 # @author:码尚教育_星瑶
5 # 单点触控
6 import time
7
8 from appium.webdriver.common.touch_action import TouchAction
9 # 多点触控
10 from appium.webdriver.common.multi_action import MultiAction
11 from appium import webdriver
12 from appium.webdriver.common.mobileby import MobileBy
13 from selenium.webdriver.support.wait import WebDriverWait
```

```
from selenium.webdriver.support import expected_conditions as EC
   0.00
15
  MultiAction 多点触控
16
17
   desired_caps={
18
    "automationName":"UiAutomator2", #默认框架
19
    "platformName": "Android", #指定操作系统
20
   "platformVersion":"7.1.2",#指定系统版本
21
    "deviceName": "127.0.0.1:62001", #指定设备名称
    "appPackage":"com.baidu.BaiduMap",#被操作的应用程序包名
23
    "appActivity":"com.baidu.baidumaps.MapsActivity" , #启动页面
24
    "noReset":True # 为true 不重置 为false 重置
25
26
  # 发送指令给appium server
  driver=webdriver.Remote('http://127.0.0.1:4723/wd/hub',desired_caps)
  # 获取整个屏幕的大小
29
  size=driver.get_window_size()
30
  width=size["width"]
31
  height=size["height"]
32
36
   def change big():
37
    # 模拟大拇指触屏操作
38
39
    action 1 = TouchAction(driver)
    action_1.press(x=width * 0.5, y=height * 0.5).wait(1000).move_to(x=widt
40
h * 0.5, y=height * 0.8).wait(1000).release()
   # 模拟食指触屏操作
41
    action_2 = TouchAction(driver)
42
    action 2.press(x=width * 0.5, y=height * 0.4).move to(x=width * 0.5,
y=height * 0.1).release()
   # 两个触屏的操作同时进行
44
    manyactions = MultiAction(driver)
45
    print("开始放大====>")
46
    manyactions.add(action 1)
47
    manyactions.add(action 2)
48
    manyactions.perform()
49
    print("放大操作完成")
50
52
```

```
53 for i in range(0,6):
54 change_big()
55 # 实现缩小的操作
56 # 运动轨迹不太一样
57
58
```

# 二、H5元素

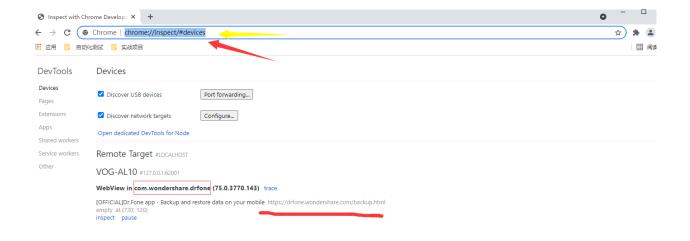
- 1、APP分类:
  - 1、Android原生APP
  - 2、混合APP(Android原生控件+H5页面)
  - 3、纯H5App
- 2、H5元素

H5元素容器 WebView

WebView控件实现展示网页

- 3、H5元素定位环境的搭建
- 1、手机下载chrome浏览器
- 2、pc下载谷歌浏览器
- 3、下载chrome driver (自己电脑上的谷歌浏览器版本必须与驱动的版本匹配)
- 4、查看WebView是否开启,前提WebView处于debug状态下,才可以进入谷歌浏览器的调试界面,才可以展示到webview:

调试地址: chrome://inspect/#devices



## 4、webview开启调试模式:

### app中配置如下代码:

### 在WebView类中调用静态方法setWebContentsDebuggingEnabled):

if (Build.VERSION.SDK\_INT >=Build.VERSION\_CODES.KITKAT) {
 WebView.setWebContentsDebuggingEnabled(true);

注意:一般需要app开发人员开启

#### 定位H5元素的工具: uc-devtools

```
1 # -*- coding=utf-8 -*-
2 # @time:2021/8/9
3 # @phone:15874198829
4 # @author:码尚教育 星瑶
5 import time
7 from appium import webdriver
8 from appium.webdriver.common.mobileby import MobileBy
9 from selenium.webdriver.support.wait import WebDriverWait
10 from selenium webdriver support import expected conditions as EC
   0.00\,0
11
12 H5元素的定位
13
14 desired_caps={
   "automationName":"UiAutomator2", #默认框架
15
    "platformName": "Android", #指定操作系统
16
   "platformVersion":"5.1.1",#指定系统版本
   "deviceName": "127.0.0.1:62001", #指定设备名称
18
```

```
19
    "appPackage": "com.wondershare.drfone",#被操作的应用程序包名
    "appActivity":"com.wondershare.drfone.ui.activity.Main2Activity", #启动
页面
    "noReset":True # 为true 不重置 为false 重置
21
22
23
  # 发送指令给appium server
   driver=webdriver.Remote('http://127.0.0.1:4723/wd/hub',desired_caps)
25
  # text=Backup
26
  loc backup=(MobileBy.ID, "com.wondershare.drfone:id/btnBackup")
28 WebDriverWait(driver, 15).until(EC.presence of element located(loc backup
29 driver.find_element(*loc_backup).click()
30 print("点击backup")
31 # 点击next
32 time.sleep(8)
33 # text= Next
34 loc Next=(MobileBy.ANDROID UIAUTOMATOR, 'new UiSelector().text("Next")')
35 WebDriverWait(driver,15).until(EC.presence of element located(loc Next))
  driver.find element(*loc Next).click()
  print("点击next")
37
38
  #定位原生的app元素
40 # 原生app切换到webview
  print("contexts:", driver.contexts)
42 # ['NATIVE APP', 'WEBVIEW com.wondershare.drfone']
43 # NATIVE APP:原生app控件黄精
44 # 切换h5环境
45 driver.switch to.context("WEBVIEW com.wondershare.drfone")
46 # 实现元素定位
47 print("切换WebView环境")
48 loc email=(MobileBy.ID, 'email')
49 WebDriverWait(driver,5,0.01).until(EC.presence of element located(loc em
ail))
  driver.find element(*loc email).send keys("123445@qq.com")
   time.sleep(1)
51
52
  # 从h5元素切换到app原生控件 需要切换环境NATIVE APP
  #
54
55 driver.switch to.context("NATIVE APP")
   print("切换原生控件元素环境")
56
```