ullet Show that, for mathematical statements $P,\,Q,$ we have the equivalence:

$$\sim ((P \land \sim Q) \lor (Q \land \sim P)) \equiv (P \land Q) \lor ((\sim P) \land (\sim Q))$$

For space reasons, we first build the truth table for left hand side:

P	Q	$\sim P$	$\sim Q$	$P \wedge (\sim Q)$	$Q \land \sim P$	$(P \land (\sim Q)) \lor (Q \land \sim P)$	$\sim ((P \land (\sim Q)) \lor (Q \land \sim P))$
Т	T	F	F	F	F	F	T
Т	F	F	Т	Т	F	Т	F
F	Т	Т	F	F	Т	T	F
F	F	Т	Т	F	F	F	Т

Now for the right hand side:

P	Q	$\sim P$	$\sim Q$	$P \wedge Q$	$(\sim P) \land (\sim Q)$	$(P \land Q) \lor ((\sim P) \land (\sim Q))$
Τ	Т	F	F	Т	F	Т
Τ	F	F	Т	F	F	F
F	Т	Т	F	F	F	F
F	F	Т	Т	F	Т	Т

The columns for the two compound statements agree, so the two are equivalent.

ullet Show that, for mathematical statements $P,\,Q,\,R,$ we have the equivalence:

$$P \lor (Q \land R) \equiv (P \lor Q) \land (P \lor R)$$

We first build the truth table for the left hand side:

P	Q	R	$Q \wedge R$	$P \lor (Q \land R)$
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Т	Т	F	F	Т
Т	F	Т	F	Т
Т	F	F	F	Т
F	Т	Т	Т	Т
F	Т	F	F	F
F	F	Т	F	F
F	F	F	F	F

Now for the right hand side:

110W for the right hand side.						
P	Q	R	$P \lor Q$	$P \vee R$	$(P \vee Q) \wedge (P \vee R)$	
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	
Т	Т	F	Т	Т	Т	
Т	F	Т	Т	Т	Т	
Т	F	F	Т	Т	Т	
F	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	
F	Т	F	Т	F	F	
F	F	Т	F	Т	F	
F	F	F	F	F	F	

The columns for the two compound statements agree, so the two are equivalent.