

Администрирование сетевых подсистем

Установка и настройка MariaDB (Лабораторная работа №6)

Заур Мустафаев

16 декабря 2025

Российский университет дружбы народов, Москва, Россия

Цели и задачи работы

Получение практических навыков установки, настройки и администрирования системы управления базами данных MariaDB, а также освоение базовых операций работы с базами данных.

Выполнение лабораторной работы

```
Installed:
 mariadb-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64      mariadb-backup-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64      mariadb-client-utils-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64
 mariadb-common-3:10.11.11-1.el10.noarch mariadb-errmsg-3:10.11.11-1.el10.noarch      mariadb-gssapi-server-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64
 mariadb-server-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64 mariadb-server-utils-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64 mysql-selinux-1.0.14-1.el10_0.noarch
 perl-DBD-MariaDB-1.23-10.el10.x86_64    perl-Sys-Hostname-1.25-512.2.el10_0.x86_64

Complete!
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]#
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# ls /etc/my.cnf.d/
auth_gssapi.cnf  enable_encryption.preset  mysql-clients.cnf  provider_lz4.cnf  provider_snappy.cnf
client.cnf      mariadb-server.cnf        provider_bzip2.cnf  provider_lzo.cnf  spider.cnf
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# cat /etc/my.cnf
#
# This group is read both both by the client and the server
# use it for options that affect everything
#
[client-server]

#
# include all files from the config directory
#
!includedir /etc/my.cnf.d

[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# █
```

Рис. 1: Установка пакетов MariaDB

Конфигурационные файлы MariaDB

```
Installed:
 mariadb-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64      mariadb-backup-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64      mariadb-client-utils-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64
 mariadb-common-3:10.11.11-1.el10.noarch mariadb-errmsg-3:10.11.11-1.el10.noarch      mariadb-gssapi-server-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64
 mariadb-server-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64 mariadb-server-utils-3:10.11.11-1.el10.x86_64 mysql-selinux-1.0.14-1.el10_0.noarch
 perl-DBD-MariaDB-1.23-10.el10.x86_64    perl-Sys-Hostname-1.25-512.2.el10_0.x86_64

Complete!
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]#
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# ls /etc/my.cnf.d/
auth_gssapi.cnf  enable_encryption.preset  mysql-clients.cnf  provider_lz4.cnf  provider_snappy.cnf
client.cnf      mariadb-server.cnf        provider_bzip2.cnf  provider_lzo.cnf  spider.cnf
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# cat /etc/my.cnf
#
# This group is read both by the client and the server
# use it for options that affect everything
#
[client-server]

#
# include all files from the config directory
#
!includedir /etc/my.cnf.d

[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# █
```

Рис. 2: Просмотр конфигурационных файлов MariaDB

Запуск сервиса MariaDB

```
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# systemctl start mariadb
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# systemctl enable mariadb
Created symlink '/etc/systemd/system/mysql.service' → '/usr/lib/systemd/system/mariadb.service'.
Created symlink '/etc/systemd/system/mysqld.service' → '/usr/lib/systemd/system/mariadb.service'.
Created symlink '/etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/mariadb.service' → '/usr/lib/systemd/system/mariadb.service'.
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# ss -tulpen | grep mysql
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# ss -tulpen | grep maria
tcp  LISTEN  0      80          0.0.0.0:3306      0.0.0.0:*      users:(("mariadb",pid=12123,fd=18))
                                     uid:27 ino:63007 sk:15 cgroup:/system.slice/mariadb.service <->
tcp  LISTEN  0      80          [::]:3306       [::]:*        users:(("mariadb",pid=12123,fd=19))
                                     uid:27 ino:63008 sk:20 cgroup:/system.slice/mariadb.service v6only:1 <->
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]#
```

Рис. 3: Проверка прослушивания порта 3306

Первичная настройка безопасности

By default, a MariaDB installation has an anonymous user, allowing anyone to log into MariaDB without having to have a user account created for them. This is intended only for testing, and to make the installation go a bit smoother. You should remove them before moving into a production environment.

Remove anonymous users? [Y/n]
... Success!

Normally, root should only be allowed to connect from 'localhost'. This ensures that someone cannot guess at the root password from the network.

Disallow root login remotely? [Y/n]
... Success!

By default, MariaDB comes with a database named 'test' that anyone can access. This is also intended only for testing, and should be removed before moving into a production environment.

Remove test database and access to it? [Y/n]
- Dropping test database...
... Success!
- Removing privileges on test database...
... Success!

Reloading the privilege tables will ensure that all changes made so far will take effect immediately.

Reload privilege tables now? [Y/n]
... Success!

Cleaning up...

All done! If you've completed all of the above steps, your MariaDB installation should now be secure.

Thanks for using MariaDB!
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# █


```
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]#  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# mysql -u root -p  
Enter password:  
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.  
Your MariaDB connection id is 13  
Server version: 10.11.11-MariaDB MariaDB Server  
  
Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.  
  
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.  
  
MariaDB [(none)]> SHOW DATABASES;  
+-----+  
| Database                |  
+-----+  
| information_schema      |  
| mysql                   |  
| performance_schema      |  
| sys                     |  
+-----+  
4 rows in set (0.000 sec)  
  
MariaDB [(none)]> exit;  
Bye  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]#
```

Рис. 5: Список баз данных MariaDB

Статус сервера MariaDB

```
[root@server.zmustafaev.net ~]# mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MariaDB connection id is 14
Server version: 10.11.11-MariaDB MariaDB Server

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

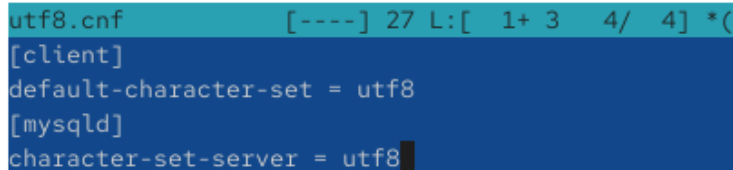
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MariaDB [(none)]> status
-----
mysql Ver 15.1 Distrib 10.11.11-MariaDB, for Linux (x86_64) using EditLine wrapper

Connection id:          14
Current database:
Current user:            root@localhost
SSL:                     Not in use
Current pager:           stdout
Using outfile:           ''
Using delimiter:         ;
Server:                  MariaDB
Server version:          10.11.11-MariaDB MariaDB Server
Protocol version:        10
Connection:              Localhost via UNIX socket
Server characterset:     latin1
Db characterset:         latin1
Client characterset:     utf8mb3
Conn. characterset:      utf8mb3
UNIX socket:             /var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock
Uptime:                  5 min 18 sec

Threads: 1  Questions: 27  Slow queries: 0  Opens: 20  Open tables: 13  Queries per second avg: 0.084
-----

MariaDB [(none)]> █
```



A screenshot of a text editor window with a dark blue background. The title bar at the top is light blue and contains the text 'utf8.cnf' followed by a standard Windows file explorer breadcrumb: '[----] 27 L:[1+ 3 4/ 4] *(...'. The main text area contains the following configuration lines:
[client]
default-character-set = utf8
[mysqld]
character-set-server = utf8
A black cursor is positioned at the end of the last line.

```
utf8.cnf [----] 27 L:[ 1+ 3 4/ 4] *(...  
[client]  
default-character-set = utf8  
[mysqld]  
character-set-server = utf8
```

Рис. 7: Настройка файла utf8.cnf

Проверка изменений кодировки

```
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# systemctl restart mariadb
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MariaDB connection id is 3
Server version: 10.11.11-MariaDB MariaDB Server

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MariaDB [(none)]> status
-----
mysql Ver 15.1 Distrib 10.11.11-MariaDB, for Linux (x86_64) using EditLine wrapper

Connection id:          3
Current database:
Current user:           root@localhost
SSL:                   Not in use
Current pager:          stdout
Using outfile:          ''
Using delimiter:        ;
Server:                 MariaDB
Server version:         10.11.11-MariaDB MariaDB Server
Protocol version:       10
Connection:             Localhost via UNIX socket
Server characterset:    utf8mb3
Db characterset:        utf8mb3
Client characterset:    utf8mb3
Conn. characterset:     utf8mb3
UNIX socket:            /var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock
Uptime:                 10 sec

Threads: 1  Questions: 4  Slow queries: 0  Opens: 17  Open tables: 10  Queries per second avg: 0.400
-----

MariaDB [(none)]> █
```

Создание базы данных

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE addressbook CHARACTER SET utf8 COLLATE utf8_general_ci;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> USE addressbook;
Database changed
MariaDB [addressbook]> SHOW TABLES;
Empty set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> CREATE TABLE city(name VARCHAR(40), city VARCHAR(40));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.006 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> INSERT INTO city(name,city) VALUES ('Иванов', 'Москва');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> INSERT INTO city(name,city) VALUES ('Петров', 'Сочи');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> INSERT INTO city(name,city) VALUES ('Сидоров', 'Дубна');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> SELECT * FROM city;
+-----+-----+
| name      | city      |
+-----+-----+
| Иванов    | Москва    |
| Петров    | Сочи      |
| Сидоров   | Дубна     |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]>
```

Создание и заполнение таблицы

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE addressbook CHARACTER SET utf8 COLLATE utf8_general_ci;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> USE addressbook;
Database changed
MariaDB [addressbook]> SHOW TABLES;
Empty set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> CREATE TABLE city(name VARCHAR(40), city VARCHAR(40));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.006 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> INSERT INTO city(name,city) VALUES ('Иванов', 'Москва');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> INSERT INTO city(name,city) VALUES ('Петров', 'Сочи');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> INSERT INTO city(name,city) VALUES ('Сидоров', 'Дубна');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> SELECT * FROM city;
+-----+-----+
| name      | city    |
+-----+-----+
| Иванов    | Москва  |
| Петров    | Сочи    |
| Сидоров   | Дубна   |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]>
```

```
mysql> use addressbook;
MariaDB [addressbook]> CREATE USER zmustafaev@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '123456';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> GRANT SELECT,INSERT,UPDATE,DELETE ON addressbook.* TO zmustafaev@'%';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> DESCRIBE city;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| name  | varchar(40)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| city  | varchar(40)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [addressbook]> █
```

Рис. 11: Описание структуры таблицы city

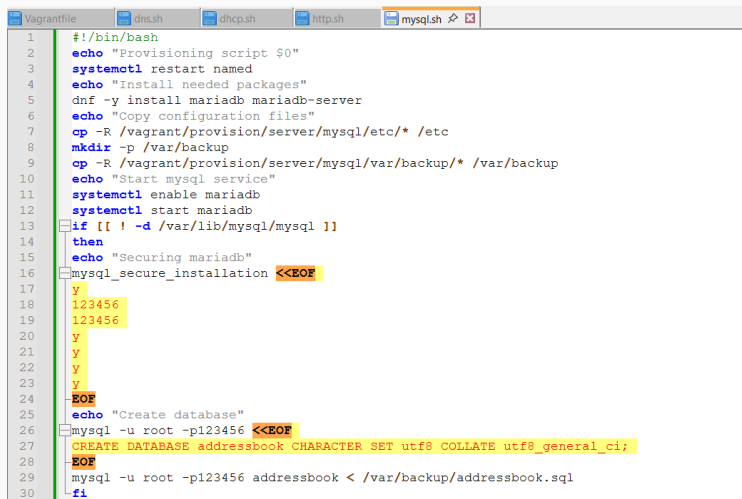
```
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# mysqlshow -u root -p
Enter password:
+-----+
|   Databases   |
+-----+
| addressbook   |
| information_schema |
| mysql         |
| performance_schema |
| sys           |
+-----+
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# mysqlshow -u zmustafaev -p addressbook
Enter password:
Database: addressbook
+-----+
| Tables |
+-----+
| city   |
+-----+
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]#
```

Рис. 12: Просмотр баз данных и таблиц с помощью mysqlshow


```
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]#  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# mkdir -p /var/backup  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# mysqldump -u root -p addressbook > /var/backup/addressbook.sql  
Enter password:  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# mysqldump -u root -p addressbook | gzip > /var/backup/addressbook.sql.gz  
Enter password:  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# mysqldump -u root -p addressbook | gzip > $(date +%Y%m%d.%H%M%S).sql.gz  
Enter password:  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# ls /var/backup/  
addressbook.20251216.065508.sql.gz addressbook.sql addressbook.sql.gz  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# mysql -u root -p addressbook < /var/backup/addressbook.sql  
Enter password:  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# zcat /var/backup/addressbook.sql.gz | mysql -u root -p addressbook  
Enter password:  
[root@server.zmustafaev.net my.cnf.d]# █
```

Рис. 13: Резервное копирование и восстановление базы данных

Подготовка provisioning-скрипта



The image shows a Vagrantfile editor with several tabs: Vagrantfile, dns.sh, dhcp.sh, http.sh, and mysql.sh. The mysql.sh tab is active, displaying a shell script for provisioning MariaDB. The script includes commands for installing mariadb, copying configuration files, creating a backup directory, enabling and starting the mariadb service, and securing the installation. It also includes a conditional block for creating a database and a backup.

```
1  #!/bin/bash
2  echo "Provisioning script $0"
3  systemctl restart named
4  echo "Install needed packages"
5  dnf -y install mariadb mariadb-server
6  echo "Copy configuration files"
7  cp -R /vagrant/provision/server/mysql/etc/* /etc
8  mkdir -p /var/backup
9  cp -R /vagrant/provision/server/mysql/var/backup/* /var/backup
10 echo "Start mysql service"
11 systemctl enable mariadb
12 systemctl start mariadb
13 if [[ ! -d /var/lib/mysql/mysql ]]
14 then
15     echo "Securing mariadb"
16     mysql_secure_installation <<EOF
17     Y
18     123456
19     123456
20     Y
21     Y
22     Y
23     Y
24     EOF
25     echo "Create database"
26     mysql -u root -p123456 <<EOF
27     CREATE DATABASE addressbook CHARACTER SET utf8 COLLATE utf8_general_ci;
28     EOF
29     mysql -u root -p123456 addressbook < /var/backup/addressbook.sql
30 fi
```

Рис. 14: Сценарий автоматической установки и настройки MariaDB

Выводы по проделанной работе

В ходе лабораторной работы была установлена и настроена СУБД MariaDB. Реализованы меры безопасности, создана пользовательская база данных и настроены права доступа. Выполнены операции резервного копирования и восстановления, а также подготовлены средства автоматизации развёртывания, что упрощает администрирование базы данных в виртуальной среде.