



## 11-22-2020

https://youtu.be/bs0FE VAUvs

## **Emergency Mode**

```
File Machine View Input Devices Help

(DPFEND) Dependency failed for Migrate local SELimux p... old store structure to the new structure.

(DPFEND) Dependency failed for Migrate local SELimux p... old store structure to the new structure.

(DPFEND) Dependency failed for Mark the need to relabel after reboot.

(TIME 1 Timed out waiting for device dev—mapper-zmpt1\x2dHs.device.

(DPFEND) Dependency failed for /hr.

(TIME 1 Timed out waiting for device dev—mapper-zmpt1\x2dHs.device.

(DPFEND) Dependency failed for /recruiting.

(TIME 1 Timed out waiting for device dev—mapper-zmpt1\x2dHrinance.device.

(DPFEND) Dependency failed for /rinance.

(OK 1 Reached target Timers.

(OK 1 Reached target Login Prompts.

(OK 1 Reached target Network (Pre).

(OK 1 Reached target Network (Pre).

(OK 1 Reached target Network is Online.

Starting Crash recovery kernel arming...

Starting Import network configuration from initramfs...

Starting Tell Plymouth To Write Out Runtime Data...

(OK 1 Started Tell Plymouth To Write Out Runtime Data...

(OK 1 Started Import network configuration from initramfs...

Starting Tealed to start Crash recovery kernel arming...

Starting Started Import network configuration from initramfs...

Starting Create Volatile Files and Directories...

(OK 1 Started Empergency Bhell.

Started Create Volatile Files and Directories...

(OK 3 Started Agent Emergency Mode.

(OK 3 Started Depart Published UTMP about System Boot/Shutdown...

Starting Security Auditing Service.

Starting Update UTMP about System Boot/Shutdown...

(OK 3 Started Update UTMP about System Runlevel Changes...

Melcome to emergency mode? After logging in, type "journaletl -xb" to view system logs, "systemetl reboot" to reboot, "systemetl default" or 'D to try again to boot into default mode.

Siver root password for maintenance

(or press Control-D to continue):
```

- The system boot to emergency mode. But why?
  - a. Missing drives
  - b. The file system is corrupted
  - c. The file system is unmountable
- During boot process /etc/fstab read by system
- This will halt the system going into default mode
- Enter password
- Edit /etc/fstab



Comment out the missing disks

```
/etc/fstab
  Created by anaconda on Sun Oct 4 15:44:22 2020
# Accessible filesystems, by reference, are maintained under '/dev/disk'
# See man pages fstab(5), findfs(8), mount(8) and/or blkid(8) for more info
                                                                  defaults
/dev/mapper/centos-root /
                                                         xfs
UUID=160e6caa-b0a9-468b-9de1-04189acc84ce /boot
                                                                              xfs
                                                                                        defaults
/dev/mapper/centos-swap swap
                                                                                      00
                                                                   defaults
                                                         swap
#/dev/mapper/zmpt1-Accounting /accounting
#/dev/mapper/zmpt1-Finance /finance
                                                                   defaults
                                                                                       00
                                                          xfs
                                                                                   00
                                                      xfs defaults
#/dev/mapper/zmpt1-HR
                                                                             00
                                     /hr
                                                          defaults
#/dev/mapper/zmpt1-Recruiting /recruiting
                                                          xfs
                                                                   defaults
                                                                                       00
```

| Filesystem | Mount point | Filesystem type | OS handles<br>this | Priority – 0 1 or 2 |
|------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| /dev/sdb1  | /DATA       | ext4            | defaults           | 00                  |

| File System Check |                   |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| 0                 | skip              |  |
| 1                 | 1 higher priority |  |
| 2                 | 2 lesser priority |  |

For demo purpose lests corrupt file system – triggring

[root@zmpt01 ~]# dd if=/dev/zero of=/dev/sdd1 bs=1k count=1024 <---corrupted on block size 1024+0 records in

1024+0 records out

1048576 bytes (1.0 MB) copied, 0.00584049 s, 180 MB/s

System will halt and goes into emergency mode

Emergency mode is in Read Only mode

mount –o remount, rw / #< --- Command to load system in read/ write mode, so you can edit /etc/fstab



Putty is disabled – because Emergency mode is without network Run mount -a 427.7049211 XFS (sdd1): Metadata corruption detected at xfs\_inode\_buf\_verify+0x79/0x100 [xfs], xf inode block 0x40 427.7091641 XFS (sdd1): Unmount and run xfs\_repair nount: mount /dev/sdd1 on /mnt failed: Structure needs cleaning root@zmpt01 "]# \_ #< ----run this command to repair in real world scenerio xfs repair /dev/sdd1 90% successful – Quaratine the bad sectors For ext4 fsck /dev/sdd1 fsck - file system check



```
PRACTICE [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
                                                                                                                                                                                       Х
  File Machine View Input Devices Help
 cleared inode 125
 bad CRC for inode 126, will rewrite
bad CRC for inode 126, will rewrite
bad magic number 0x0 on inode 126, resetting magic number
bad version number 0x0 on inode 126, resetting version number
inode identifier 0 mismatch on inode 126
cleared inode 126
bad CRC for inode 127, will rewrite
bad magic number 0x0 on inode 127, resetting magic number
bad version number 0x0 on inode 127, resetting version number
inode identifier 0 mismatch on inode 127
 cleared inode 127
               - agno = 1
- agno = 2
                - agno = 3
process newly discovered inodes...
Phase 4 - check for duplicate blocks...
- setting up duplicate extent list...
 root inode lost
- check for inodes claiming duplicate blocks...
                - agno = 0
                - agno = 1
                - agno = 2
                - agno = 3
 Phase 5 - rebuild AG headers and trees...
                 - reset superblock..
Phase 6 - check inode connectivity...
 reinitializing root directory
reinitializing realtime bitmap inode
reinitializing realtime summary inode
- resetting contents of realtime bitmap and summary inodes
- traversing filesystem ...
- traversal finished ...
- moving disconnected inodes to lost+found ...
 Phase 7 - verify and correct link counts...
resetting inode 64 nlinks from 1 to 2
 done
 [root@zmpt01 ~]#
```