Model Description

Mathematical model

The model is a linear (mixed-integer) optimisation model for the Jordanian electricity and water system.

Definitions

\mathbf{Sets}

Symbol	Index	Description
\overline{T}	t	Timesteps
R	r	Renewable units
C	c	Conventional units
S	S	Storage units
U	u	All supply units $(R \cup C)$

Variables

Symbol	Description
$\overline{p_{u,t}}$	Power output unit u at timestep t
$h_{c,t}$	Fuel consumption of unit c at timestep t
$h_{c,t}$ $s_{s,t}^{in}$ $s_{s,t}^{out}$	Storage charge of storage s at timestep t
$s_{s,t}^{out}$	Storage discharge of storage s at timestep t
$e_{s,t}$	Storage level of storage s at timestep t
$y_{c,t}$	Status if unit c is committet (binary) at timestep t
$shortage_t$	Shortage variable
$excess_t$	Excess variable

Parameter

Symbol	Description	
$\overline{p_u^{max/min}}$	Normalised maximum production level	
$p_u^{max/min}$	Normalised maximum production level	
$P_u^{nom,el}$	Nominal power capacity of unit u	
E_s^{nom}	Nominal storage energy capacity	
d_t^{el}	Electricity demand	
η_s^{loss}	Standing loss of storage	
η_s^{loss} η_s^{in}	Charge efficiency of storage	
η_s^{out}	Discharge efficiency of storage	

Symbol	Description
c_u^{opex}	Operational expenditure

Objective function

The model minimises total operational cost of the system.

$$\min: \sum_{u \in U} p_u \cdot c_u^{opex} + shortage_t \cdot 3000$$

Demand constraint

Demand must equal the sum of supply of all producing units and storage output.

$$\sum_{u} p_{u,t} + \sum_{s} s_{s,t}^{out} - \sum_{s} s_{s,t}^{in} + shortage_{t} - excess_{t} = d_{t}^{el} \qquad \forall t$$

Supply constraints and fuel consumption

$$\begin{split} \cdot P_u^{nom} \cdot \underline{p}_u &\leq p_{u,t} \leq \cdot P_u^{nom} \cdot \overline{p}_u \qquad \forall u,t \\ \\ h_{c,t} &= \frac{p_{c,t}}{\eta_c} \qquad \forall c,t \end{split}$$

Optional

If P-min constraint is set, operation will be restricted by binary variables:

$$y_{c,t} \cdot P_c^{nom} \cdot \underline{p}_c \le p_{c,t} \le y_{c,t} \cdot P_c^{nom} \cdot \overline{p}_c \quad \forall c, t$$

For modelling part-load efficiency the following equation applies:

$$h_{c,t} = y_{c,t} \cdot a_{c,t} + b_{c,t} \cdot p_{c,t} \qquad \forall c, t$$

Storage equations

$$e_{s,t} = e_{s,t-1} \cdot \eta_s^{loss} - \frac{s_{s,t}^{out}}{\eta_s^{out}} + s_{s,t}^{in} \cdot \eta_s^{in} \qquad \forall s, t$$
$$0 \le e_{s,t} \le E_{s,t}^{nom} \qquad \forall s, t$$