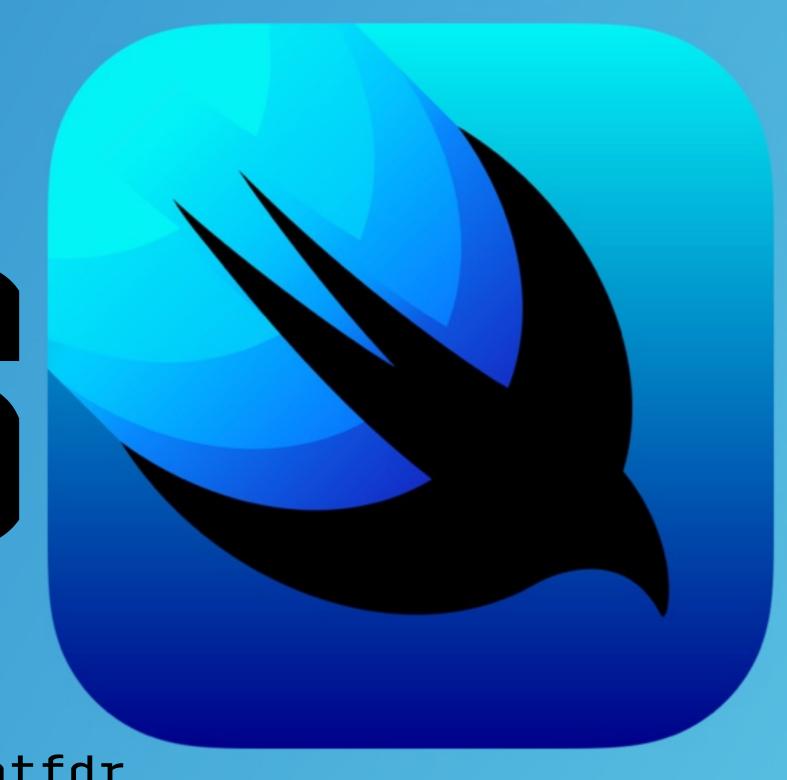
FOR UI/APPKIT DEVELOPERS

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SWIFTUI IS NOT UIKIT/APPKIT 2

- » Complete paradigm shift (imperative 🕞 declarative)
- » We're all starting from scratch
- » Knowledge of earlier UI framework is:
 - » 👍 insightful

 - » 😮 might even be a disadvantage (!!!)

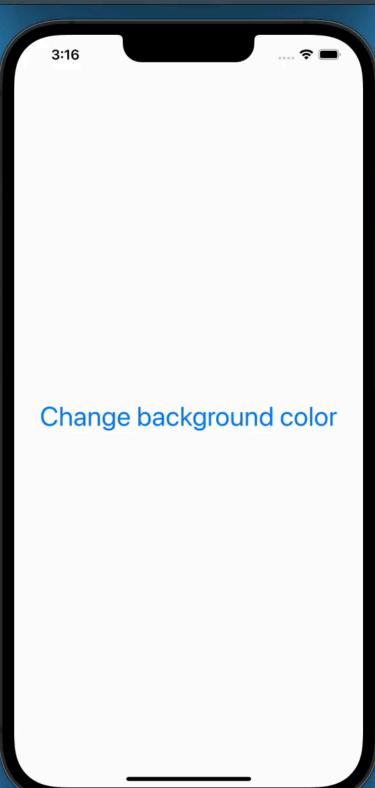
SWEWS E REGIPES

SWIFTUI VIEWS ARE RECIPES

- » where we declare how views look and behave...
- » ...but no longer manage
 transitions & similar
- » we give up full control on views

MEW WAY TO MAKE CHANGES VIA STATE





REW VIEW COMMUNICATION WAYS

» Bindings

```
struct FSView: View {
    @State private var isOn = false

    var body: some View {
        Toggle(
             "Enable X",
             isOn: $isOn
        )
    }
}
```



THE SWIFTUI STRUGGLE

- » even simple things are going to be hard
- » all of us are still figuring it out
- » when people say something is impossible in SwiftUI, it means they haven't figured it out yet
- » the struggle is real...until things
 will *just* click

ISAView, NOTERYView

EVENTS ARE OBSERVED AND DELIVERED TO VIEWS

- » onAppear
- » onDisappear
- » task
- » onReceive
- >> onChange

- » onDrag
- » onDrop
- » onHover
- » onSubmit
 - **>> ...**

Views CAN BE CONTAINERS

```
struct ContainerView: View {
  @StateObject var model = ContainerModel()
  var body: some View {
    ActualUI
      elements: model.elements,
      onElementTap: model.onTap(element:)
    .onAppear(perform: model.onAppear)
```

SWIFTUI COORDINATOR ARCHITECTURE^β

```
struct FlowCoordinator: View {
  @State private var routes: [Route<Screen>] = [.root(.firstScreen)]
  var onCompletion: () -> Void
  var body: some View {
    Router($routes) { screen, _ in
      switch screen {
        case .firstScreen:
          FirstScreen(onCompletion: { routes.push(.secondScreen) })
        case .secondScreen:
          SecondScreen(onCompletion: onCompletion)
```


SWIFTUI IS SLOW*

- » Optimizations become implementation details
 - » newer Xcode, faster app! 🚜
 - » there's a limit to how much we can get for free
- » *SwiftUI is as performant as our code makes it so:
 - » The more parameters/states/dependencies a view has, the less performance we might get^{γ}
 - \gg Isolate state as much as possible $^{\delta}$
 - » Publish only relevant changes
 - \gg Make each view observe as little as possible $^\epsilon$
- Yhttps://www.fivestars.blog/articles/app-state/
- $^{\delta}$ https://www.wwdcnotes.com/notes/wwdc21/10022/
- ^ε https://github.com/cookednick/Observable/

REW FRIEND



 $^{^{\}lambda}$ https://feedbackassistant.apple.com

FEEDBACK ASSISTANT PRO TIPS

- » Be as narrow and concise as possible
- » File as early as possible
- » Follow-up when new SDKs are out
- » Add reproduction code (for bugs)
- » Bonus: attach a video demo
- » Describe your case (for suggestions)

GOING ANYWHERE

UIKIT/APPKIT ARE NOT GOING ANYWHERE (SQ.)

- » SwiftUI uses both AppKit and UIKit behind the scenes
- » SwiftUI is just another tool in our belt
- » it's ok to mix and match!
 - » UIViewRepresentable NSViewRepresentable
 - » UIViewControllerRepresentable NSViewControllerRepresentable
 - » UIHostingController NSHostingController
- » Feel free to experiment!

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