### FEDERICO ZANETELLO

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# 

<u>Expanding Swift Self to class members and value types</u> Improving use of Swift metatypes

```
class APIManager {
    class var endpoint: String { return "api.dev.startup.com" }
    func printDebugEndpoint() {
        // new in Swift 5.1
        print(Self.endpoint)
class APIProductionManager: APIManager {
    override class var endpoint: String { return "api.startup.com" }
APIProductionManager().printDebugEndpoint() // prints api.startup.com
```

#### Ordered Collection Diffing



**IGListKit** 

```
// Swift 5 😂
tableView.reloadData()
// Swift 5.1
let difference = newArray.difference(from: oldArray)
                                custom convenience method
let (deletedIndexPaths, insertedIndexPaths) = computeIndexPaths(from: difference)
tableView.performBatchUpdates({ [weak tableView] in
  tableView?.deleteRows(at: deletedIndexPaths, with: .automatic)
  tableView?.insertRows(at: insertedIndexPaths, with: .automatic)
})
```

```
Synthesize default values for the memberwise initializer
Remove all the inits!
struct Dog {
   var age: Int = 0
    var name: String
    // Synthesized initializer in Swift 5
    init(age: Int, name: String)
    // Synthesized initializer in Swift 5.1
    init(age: Int = 0, name: String)
```

#### Opaque Result Types

Easy Type Erasure

```
protocol Shape { /*...*/ }
// Functions returning `some ..` will *always* return the same
// type of instances, without leaking details on which type exactly.
// This is guaranteed at *compile time*
func f() -> some Shape {
  return ...
// We can now use generic protocols as return types
func f2() -> some Equatable {
   return ...
```

Add an Array Initializer with Access to Uninitialized Storage Create arrays with specified capacity

```
// (up to) how many elements the array is going to be \P
let randomNumbers = [Int](unsafeUninitializedCapacity: 10) {
    buffer, initializedCount in
    for i in 0...<10 { buffer[i] = Int.random(in: 0....5) }
    // set \rightarrow with the final number of elements in the array
    initializedCount = 10
    // It's ok to not use all the capacity you've
    // asked for, but don't go over that number 🤻
```

#### Contiguous Strings

Improve UTF8 string operation performance and APIs

```
let myString = "Swift 5.1 is awesome #"
// Swift 5: generates utf8 representation first, might fail
myString.utf8.withContiguousStorageIfAvailable { body -> () in
    // prints UTF8 representation
    body.forEach { print($0) }
// Swift 5.1: generates *continuos* utf8 if necessary, doesn't fail
myString.withUTF8 { body in
    // prints UTF8 representation
    body.forEach { print($0) }
```

```
String Gaps and Missing APIs
More String, Unicode, Character Improvements
guard let airplane = Unicode.Scalar(9992) else { return }
print(airplane) // prints +
// prints UTF-8 representation
airplane.utf8.forEach { print($0) } // prints 226, 156, 136
let airplaneWidth = Unicode.UTF8.width(airplane)
print(airplaneWidth) // prints 3
let isASCII = Unicode.UTF8.isASCII(codeUnit)
print(isASCII) // prints true
```

#### SIMD additions

#### Remove all your SIMD extensions

```
let onesVector = SIMD4<Int>.one // generates a vector with 1 in all elements
print(onesVector) // prints SIMD4<Int>(1, 1, 1, 1)

let vector = SIMD4<Double>(1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0)
print(vector.min(), vector.max()) // prints 1.0 8.0

let lowerVector = SIMD4<Double>(repeating: 1.5)
let upperVector = SIMD4<Double>(repeating: 4.5)
let clampedVector = vector.clamped(lowerBound: lowerVector, upperBound: upperVector)
print(clampedVector) // prints SIMD4<Double>(1.5, 2.0, 4.0, 4.5)

let sum = vector.sum()
print(sum) // prints 15 (= 1.0 + 2.0 + 4.0 + 8.0)
```

#### Key Path Member Lookup

Keypath-only dynamicMembers ••

```
@dynamicMemberLookup struct TwitterUser {
    var displayName: String
    var handle: String
   // new in Swift 5.1
    subscript<U>(dynamicMember keyPath: WritableKeyPath<Self, U>) -> U? {
        return self[keyPath: keyPath]
let user = TwitterUser(displayName: "Federico Zanetello", handle: "@zntfdr")
let userHandle = user[dynamicMember: \TwitterUser.handle]
print(userHandle2) // prints Optional("@zntfdr")
```

```
Static and class subscripts
Subscripts, subscripts everywhere
enum HTTPStatusCode: Int, Error {
    case badRequest = 400, unauthorized, /* ... */, notFound // ...
   // new in 5.1
    public static subscript(_ statusCode: Int) -> HTTPStatusCode? {
       return HTTPStatusCode(rawValue: statusCode)
let errorStatusCode = HTTPStatusCode[404]!
// errorStatusCode is HTTPStatusCode.notFound
```

# 

## SR-7799

```
Matching optional enums against non-optional values
No more case .x?:
enum PRStatus { case open, close }
let optionalEnum: PRstatus? = .open
switch optionalEnum {
  case .open: break
  case .close: break
  case nil: break
```

## SR-2688

```
autoclosure does not support closure typealias
@autoclosure ♥ typealias

// This code doesn't compile in Swift 5

// (but does in 5.1)
class Foo {
  typealias FooClosure = () -> String
  func fooFunc(closure: @autoclosure FooClosure) {}
```

# 

Unlocks Swift framework binaries distribution 🚀



#### Resources:

```
github.com/apple/swift-evolution
github.com/apple/swift
forums.swift.org
whatsnewinswift.com • @twostraws
```

#### Slides Style:

jessesquires.com • @jesse\_squires

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