

# Bioinformatics Project

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```
# Run before committing
save.image(file = "my_workspace.RData")
```

```
D:\Plink>plink --bfile Qatari156_filtered_pruned
PLINK v1.9.0-b.7.7 64-bit (22 Oct 2024)
(C) 2005-2024 Shaun Purcell, Christopher Chan
Logging to Qatari156_filtered_pruned.log.
Options in effect:
  --bfile Qatari156_filtered_pruned
  --out Qatari156_filtered_pruned
  --recode

7985 MB RAM detected; reserving 3992 MB for memory.
67735 variants loaded from .bim file.
156 people (49 males, 107 females) loaded from .fam file.
Using 1 thread (no multithreaded calculations).
Before main variant filters, 156 founders and 156 relatives.
Calculating allele frequencies... done.
Warning: 1388 het. haploid genotypes present
()); many commands treat these as missing.
Total genotyping rate is 0.998816.
67735 variants and 156 people pass filters and are retained.
Note: No phenotypes present.
--recode ped to Qatari156_filtered_pruned.ped...
... done.
```

#Reading the data ##Converting .bed .bim .fam files to .map .ped files

##Converting .map .ped files to .gds files

```
# install.packages("BiocManager")
# BiocManager::install(c("SNPRelate", "GENESIS", "GWASTools"), force = TRUE)
# install.packages("coxme")
# install.packages("GeneNet")
# install.packages("openxlsx")
# install.packages("qqman")
# BiocManager::install("SummarizedExperiment")
# install.packages('tinytex')
# tinytex::install_tinytex()
```

```
library(SNPRelate)
```

```
## Loading required package: gdsfmt

## SNPRelate -- supported by Streaming SIMD Extensions 2 (SSE2)
```

```

# Define the file names
ped.fn <- "Qatari156_filtered_pruned.ped"
map.fn <- "Qatari156_filtered_pruned.map"
gds.fn <- "Qatari156_filtered_pruned.gds"

# Convert to GDS format
snpGDS_PED2GDS(ped.fn, map.fn, out.gdsfn = gds.fn)

## PLINK PED/MAP to GDS Format:
## Import 67735 variants from 'Qatari156_filtered_pruned.map'
## Chromosome:
##   1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10  11  12  13  14  15  16
## 5224 5144 4369 4124 4254 3976 3517 3346 3043 3553 3131 3412 2577 2303 2204 2316
##   17  18  19  20  21  22  23
## 1990 2214 1283 1895 1074 1129 1657
## Reading 'Qatari156_filtered_pruned.ped'
## Output: 'Qatari156_filtered_pruned.gds'
## Import 156 samples
## Transpose the genotypic matrix ...
## Done.
## Optimize the access efficiency ...
## Clean up the fragments of GDS file:
##   open the file 'Qatari156_filtered_pruned.gds' (5.7M)
##   # of fragments: 52
##   save to 'Qatari156_filtered_pruned.gds.tmp'
##   rename 'Qatari156_filtered_pruned.gds.tmp' (3.1M, reduced: 2.5M)
##   # of fragments: 26

```

```

# Open the GDS file
genofile <- snpGDS_Open(gds.fn)

# Check the GDS file
snpGDS_Summary(genofile)

```

```

## The file name: C:\Users\KimoStore\Desktop\Bioinformatics-Project\Qatari156_filtered_pruned.gds
## The total number of samples: 156
## The total number of SNPs: 67735
## SNP genotypes are stored in SNP-major mode (Sample X SNP).

```

```

# Closing the GDS file
snpGDS_Close(genofile)

```

##Reading the metabolites data from .csv file

```
metabolites <- read.csv("qatari_metabolites_2025.csv", header = TRUE)
```

```
# Check the first few rows of the data
head(metabolites)
```

```

##      Sample Metabolite1 Metabolite2 Metabolite3 Metabolite4 Metabolite5
## 1  QBC-092     47.42229    77.15461    83.85559    18.78791    45.22587

```

```

## 2 QBC-256    77.68558    62.73445    81.58909    58.52761    38.10181
## 3 QBC-107   93.58374    37.05494    68.86348    90.03878    45.68474
## 4 QBC-171   66.40978    80.26947    65.04509    40.99331    57.83323
## 5 QPRC-110  82.63487    30.33938    75.84115    74.08630    57.54897
## 6 QBC-240   61.60166    49.75713    73.35939    79.39279    72.88979
##   Metabolite6 Metabolite7 Metabolite8 Metabolite9 Metabolite10 Metabolite11
## 1   81.55610    76.75280    83.30655    58.71107    68.57458    70.81031
## 2   64.82085    67.58087    53.68596    75.61975    67.63228    79.60736
## 3   70.80035    69.19010    65.55272    60.80358    64.57745    72.86564
## 4   61.23251    66.31334    60.35562    51.15013    75.49514    60.13897
## 5   36.50677    66.09879    45.80220    78.71158    61.96916    71.64201
## 6   55.52628    79.88726    78.44529    57.12925    61.93932    89.71886
##   Metabolite12 Metabolite13 Metabolite14 Metabolite15 Metabolite16 Metabolite17
## 1   64.54457    66.16694    52.89463    63.32401    89.99696    41.59273
## 2   45.33667    67.75164    75.44470    46.46178    60.52969    71.81184
## 3   71.56960    69.16945    18.09773    78.81906    63.58670    73.21806
## 4   50.10261    85.18790    70.69852    70.93467    46.05606    58.61268
## 5   78.11993    50.75500    80.29826    91.72456    59.73534    60.61903
## 6   90.80418    75.04140    78.16688    86.63198    70.44270    81.00818
##   Metabolite18 Metabolite19 Metabolite20
## 1   62.88971    77.03925    54.96671
## 2   46.94935    65.27621    64.24428
## 3   91.85770    68.09990    80.66064
## 4   42.94329    77.29895    68.50738
## 5   70.19732    66.39820    41.59022
## 6   57.84487    62.88352    49.58120

```

#Task 1: Compute Kinship using SNPRelate and GENESIS ####Compute IBD Coefficients (Kinship Estimation)

```

# Complete Kinship Analysis Workflow (Verified 2024)
library(SNPRelate)
library(GENESIS)
library(GWASTools)

## Loading required package: Biobase

## Loading required package: BiocGenerics

##
## Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
## 
##     IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
## 
##     anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind,
##     colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find,
##     get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply,
##     match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int,
##     Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, saveRDS, setdiff,
##     table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min

```

```

## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
##      Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
##      'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
##      'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.

library(BiocParallel)

# Compute KING kinship with SNPRelate
gds <- snpgdsOpen(gds.fn)
king_kinship <- snpgdsIBDKING(gds, num.thread = 2)

## IBD analysis (KING method of moment) on genotypes:
## Excluding 1,657 SNPs on non-autosomes
## Excluding 0 SNP (monomorphic: TRUE, MAF: NaN, missing rate: NaN)
##      # of samples: 156
##      # of SNPs: 66,078
##      using 2 threads
## No family is specified, and all individuals are treated as singletons.
## Relationship inference in the presence of population stratification.
## KING IBD: the sum of all selected genotypes (0,1,2) = 16145834
## CPU capabilities: Double-Precision SSE2
## Tue May 20 02:33:00 2025 (internal increment: 65536)
## [.....] 0%, ETC: --- [=====]
## Tue May 20 02:33:01 2025 Done.

closefn.gds(gds)

# Prepare GENESIS objects
geno <- GdsGenotypeReader(gds.fn)
genoData <- GenotypeData(geno)

# Add sample IDs to kinship matrix
sample_ids <- getScanID(genoData)
kinship_matrix <- king_kinship$kinship
dimnames(kinship_matrix) <- list(sample_ids, sample_ids)

# Run PC-AiR
pca <- pcair(genoData,
              kinobj = kinship_matrix,
              divobj = kinship_matrix,
              kin.thresh = 0.0442,
              div.thresh = -0.0442
)

## Using kinobj and divobj to partition samples into unrelated and related sets

## Working with 156 samples

## Identifying relatives for each sample using kinship threshold 0.0442

## Identifying pairs of divergent samples using divergence threshold -0.0442

```

```

## Partitioning samples into unrelated and related sets...

## Unrelated Set: 153 Samples
## Related Set: 3 Samples

## Performing PCA on the Unrelated Set...

## Principal Component Analysis (PCA) on genotypes:
## Excluding 1,657 SNPs on non-autosomes
## Excluding 0 SNP (monomorphic: TRUE, MAF: NaN, missing rate: NaN)
##     # of samples: 153
##     # of SNPs: 66,078
##     using 1 thread
##     # of principal components: 32
## PCA:    the sum of all selected genotypes (0,1,2) = 15841547
## CPU capabilities: Double-Precision SSE2
## Tue May 20 02:33:01 2025      (internal increment: 6612)
## [.....] 0%, ETC: --- [=====]
## Tue May 20 02:33:01 2025      Begin (eigenvalues and eigenvectors)
## Tue May 20 02:33:01 2025      Done.

## Predicting PC Values for the Related Set...

## SNP Loading:
##     # of samples: 153
##     # of SNPs: 66,078
##     using 1 thread
##     using the top 32 eigenvectors
## SNP Loading:    the sum of all selected genotypes (0,1,2) = 15841547
## Tue May 20 02:33:01 2025      (internal increment: 52896)
## [.....] 0%, ETC: --- [=====]
## Tue May 20 02:33:02 2025      Done.

## Sample Loading:
##     # of samples: 3
##     # of SNPs: 66,078
##     using 1 thread
##     using the top 32 eigenvectors
## Sample Loading:    the sum of all selected genotypes (0,1,2) = 304287
## Tue May 20 02:33:02 2025      (internal increment: 65536)
## [.....] 0%, ETC: --- [=====]
## Tue May 20 02:33:02 2025      Done.

# Prepare for PC-Relate with current syntax
iterator <- GenotypeBlockIterator(genoData)

# Current working version of pcrelate (as of GENESIS 2.22.0)
pcrelate_results <- pcrelate(iterator,
  pcs = pca$vectors[, 1:2], # Note 'pcs' parameter
  training.set = pca$unrels,
  verbose = TRUE
)

## Using 6 CPU cores

```

```

## 156 samples to be included in the analysis...

## Betas for 2 PC(s) will be calculated using 153 samples in training.set...

## Running PC-Relate analysis for 156 samples using 67735 SNPs in 7 blocks...

## Performing Small Sample Correction...

# Get kinship matrix
kinship_matrix <- pcrelateToMatrix(pcrelate_results)

## Using 156 samples provided

## Identifying clusters of relatives...

## 156 relatives in 1 clusters; largest cluster = 156

## Creating block matrices for clusters...

## 0 samples with no relatives included

# Clean up
close(genoData)

##Report the number of individuals who have a kinship > 0.1

# Convert kinship matrix to a regular matrix if it's a Matrix object
if (inherits(kinship_matrix, "Matrix")) {
    kinship_matrix <- as.matrix(kinship_matrix)
}

# Get all pairwise combinations
sample_ids <- rownames(kinship_matrix)
kinship_pairs <- data.frame(
    ID1 = rep(sample_ids, each = length(sample_ids)),
    ID2 = rep(sample_ids, times = length(sample_ids)),
    kinship = as.vector(kinship_matrix),
    stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

# Remove self-comparisons and keep only unique pairs (upper triangle)
kinship_pairs <- kinship_pairs[kinship_pairs$ID1 != kinship_pairs$ID2, ]
kinship_pairs <- kinship_pairs[!duplicated(t(apply(kinship_pairs[, 1:2], 1, sort))), ]

# Filter for kinship > 0.1
high_kinship <- kinship_pairs[kinship_pairs$kinship > 0.1, ]

# Count results
num_pairs <- nrow(high_kinship)
num_individuals <- length(unique(c(high_kinship$ID1, high_kinship$ID2)))

# Report results
cat("Number of individual pairs with kinship > 0.1:", num_pairs, "\n")

```

```

## Number of individual pairs with kinship > 0.1: 9

cat("Number of unique individuals involved:", num_individuals, "\n")

## Number of unique individuals involved: 11

#Task 2: Compute mQTLs with Mixed Models

```

## load needed packages

```

library(SNPRelate)
library(SeqVarTools)

## Loading required package: SeqArray

##
## Attaching package: 'SeqVarTools'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:GWASTools':
##   alleleFrequency, duplicateDiscordance, getGenotype, iterateFilter,
##   lastFilter, lastFilter<-, mendelErr, resetIterator

library(GENESIS)
library(SummarizedExperiment)

## Loading required package: MatrixGenerics

## Loading required package: matrixStats

## Warning: package 'matrixStats' was built under R version 4.4.3

##
## Attaching package: 'matrixStats'

## The following object is masked from 'package:SeqArray':
##   rowRanges

## The following objects are masked from 'package:Biobase':
##   anyMissing, rowMedians

##
## Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

```

```

## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##      colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgsPerRowSet, colCollapse,
##      colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
##      colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
##      colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
##      colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
##      colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
##      colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
##      colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet,
##      rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
##      rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
##      rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
##      rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
##      rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
##      rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
##      rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars

## The following object is masked from 'package:SeqArray':
##
##      rowRanges

## The following object is masked from 'package:Biobase':
##
##      rowMedians

## Loading required package: GenomicRanges

## Loading required package: stats4

## Loading required package: S4Vectors

##
## Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'

## The following object is masked from 'package:utils':
##
##      findMatches

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##      expand.grid, I, unname

## Loading required package: IRanges

##
## Attaching package: 'IRanges'

## The following object is masked from 'package:grDevices':
##
##      windows

```

```

## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb

##
## Attaching package: 'SummarizedExperiment'

## The following object is masked from 'package:SeqArray':
## colData

library(writexl)

## Warning: package 'writexl' was built under R version 4.4.3

metab_t <- metabolites
rownames(metab_t) <- metabolites$Sample
setdiff(covar$sample.id, rownames(metab_t))

## character(0)

# metab_t <- as.data.frame(t(metab_t[, -1]))

metab_t <- (metab_t[, -1])

# Make sample-level table
sampleTable <- merge(covar, data.frame(sample.id = rownames(metab_t)), by = "sample.id")

# Check overlap
common_ids <- intersect(sampleTable$sample.id, rownames(metab_t))
length(common_ids) # Should match nrow(sampleTable)

## [1] 156

# Subset both to common IDs
sampleTable_sub <- sampleTable[sampleTable$sample.id %in% common_ids, ]
metab_sub <- metab_t[common_ids, ]

# Reorder both to the same sample ID order
sampleTable_sub <- sampleTable_sub[order(sampleTable_sub$sample.id), ]
metab_sub <- metab_sub[order(rownames(metab_sub)), ]

metab_fixed <- t(metab_sub) # Now 20 rows x 156 columns

# Check alignment again
stopifnot(identical(colnames(metab_fixed), sampleTable_sub$sample.id))

# Build the SE object
se <- SummarizedExperiment(
    assays = SimpleList(metab = metab_fixed),
    colData = sampleTable_sub
)

```

```

all(rownames(kinMat) %in% pd$sample.id) # Should be TRUE
## [1] TRUE

all(pd$sample.id %in% rownames(kinMat)) # Should be TRUE
## [1] TRUE

all(rownames(kinMat) == colnames(kinMat)) # Should be TRUE (kinship matrix must be symmetric)
## [1] TRUE

library(Matrix)

##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'

## The following object is masked from 'package:S4Vectors':
##      expand

kinMat_PD <- as.matrix(nearPD(kinMat)$mat)
nullMods <- list()

for (m in rownames(assay(se, "metab"))) {
    pheno <- data.frame(
        sample.id = colnames(assay(se, "metab")),
        y = assay(se, "metab")[m, ]
    )

    pd <- merge(sampleTable, pheno, by = "sample.id")
    rownames(pd) <- pd$sample.id
    pd <- pd[rownames(kinMat_PD), ]

    nullMods[[m]] <- GENESIS::fitNullModel(
        x = pd,
        outcome = "y",
        covars = c("PC1", "PC2", "PC3"),
        family = "gaussian",
        cov.mat = kinMat_PD
    )
}

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...

## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

```

```

## [1] 140.150908 140.150908 -646.632734 1.984113
## [1] 101.772002 210.540835 -646.614895 1.326416
## [1] 47.926627 237.012041 -646.608954 1.181129
## [1] 3.537727 255.606143 -646.606627 1.097031
## [1] 1.745208 256.328736 -646.606567 1.094007
## [1] 0.8725459 256.6807124 -646.6065391 1.0925406
## [1] 0.000000 257.028128 -646.606511 1.091097
## [1] 0.000000 278.48771 -646.60651 1.00702
## [1] 0.000000 280.428985 -646.606511 1.000049

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 142.314187 142.314187 -648.857455 2.011996
## [1] 756.335958 207.463159 -648.350150 1.341832
## [1] 2125.563758 248.453931 -647.817040 1.074666
## [1] 3707.812576 254.242246 -647.550730 1.009152
## [1] 4479.936797 251.803625 -647.511476 1.000907
## [1] 4655.31317 251.03527 -647.50974 1.00004
## [1] 4682.941497 250.889157 -647.509698 1.000001
## [1] 4686.9790 250.8665 -647.5097 1.0000
## [1] 4687.5642 250.8632 -647.5097 1.0000
## [1] 4687.6489 250.8627 -647.5097 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 138.269542 138.269542 -646.178645 1.999129
## [1] 301.248760 206.510795 -646.164217 1.333046
## [1] 525.452023 256.784381 -646.154176 1.066693
## [1] 659.510674 271.980798 -646.152142 1.003967
## [1] 676.402863 272.937402 -646.152111 1.000016
## [1] 676.3396 272.9425 -646.1521 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 160.421757 160.421757 -655.314173 1.943159
## [1] 779.060471 232.072719 -654.921638 1.310801
## [1] 1999.533440 276.946347 -654.581235 1.063263
## [1] 3136.560974 285.339581 -654.463695 1.005672
## [1] 3504.567545 284.593007 -654.455251 1.000228
## [1] 3546.712592 284.393729 -654.455147 1.000003
## [1] 3549.9444 284.3740 -654.4551 1.0000
## [1] 3550.1837 284.3725 -654.4551 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 172.144976 172.144976 -659.594902 1.915751
## [1] 48.05478 214.53536 -659.53522 1.54650
## [1] 7.638025 224.354940 -659.522802 1.481097

```

```

## [1] 2.547094 225.535724 -659.521380 1.473618
## [1] 0.000000 226.123004 -659.520679 1.469928
## [1] 0.000000 298.413276 -659.520679 1.113839
## [1] 0.000000 328.912470 -659.520679 1.010556
## [1] 0.000000 332.348214 -659.520679 1.000109
## [1] 0.0000 332.3845 -659.5207 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 121.245311 121.245311 -634.870112 1.964631
## [1] 53.007890 151.780425 -634.832491 1.577564
## [1] 0.7816268 166.1412632 -634.8151855 1.4453321
## [1] 0.3417381 166.2449546 -634.8150604 1.4444628
## [1] 0.1217424 166.2967636 -634.8149979 1.4440289
## [1] 0.000000 166.322659 -634.814963 1.443813
## [1] 0.000000 217.448503 -634.814963 1.104348
## [1] 0.000000 237.994848 -634.814963 1.009008
## [1] 0.00000 240.11968 -634.81496 1.000008

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 156.525958 156.525958 -655.487361 1.996066
## [1] 54.77254 167.03301 -655.38561 1.87902
## [1] 26.621003 169.675039 -655.359627 1.851957
## [1] 12.238729 170.996388 -655.346647 1.838743
## [1] 4.973625 171.657027 -655.340163 1.832214
## [1] 1.322925 171.987323 -655.336922 1.828969
## [1] 0.4080029 172.0698929 -655.3361122 1.8281602
## [1] 0.1791326 172.0905352 -655.3359096 1.8279580
## [1] 0.06468002 172.10085628 -655.33580832 1.82785693
## [1] 0.000000 172.106017 -655.335751 1.827807
## [1] 0.000000 250.052190 -655.335751 1.258044
## [1] 0.00000 301.34165 -655.33575 1.04392
## [1] 0.000000 314.019753 -655.335751 1.001773
## [1] 0.000000 314.575590 -655.335751 1.000003

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 123.9966 123.9966 -638.9131 2.0260
## [1] 39.350761 132.416988 -638.781846 1.905585
## [1] 17.153904 134.531174 -638.750452 1.877712
## [1] 5.962451 135.588021 -638.735044 1.864101
## [1] 0.3460602 136.1162795 -638.7274148 1.8573751
## [1] 0.1702453 136.1327842 -638.7271770 1.8571658
## [1] 0.08233317 136.14103649 -638.72705818 1.85706121
## [1] 0.03837597 136.14516262 -638.72699876 1.85700890

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

```

```

## [1] 161.385244 161.385244 -655.745165 1.942543
## [1] 59.779712 171.837511 -655.614407 1.831665
## [1] 8.472631 177.048463 -655.555954 1.781168
## [1] 2.062261 177.696878 -655.548976 1.775086
## [1] 0.4601473 177.8588671 -655.5472423 1.7735737
## [1] 0.05965213 177.89935686 -655.54680971 1.77319606
## [1] 0.000000 177.904418 -655.546745 1.773149
## [1] 0.000000 255.476394 -655.546745 1.234756
## [1] 0.000000 304.048511 -655.546745 1.037503
## [1] 0.000000 315.038958 -655.546745 1.001308
## [1] 0.000000 315.450590 -655.546745 1.000002

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 119.22200 119.22200 -634.46345 1.98731
## [1] 92.949641 179.151192 -634.448380 1.327811
## [1] 5.774130 224.319701 -634.440474 1.065011
## [1] 2.795792 225.202327 -634.440378 1.060963
## [1] 1.390946 225.619323 -634.440334 1.059061
## [1] 0.0262863 226.0247601 -634.4402940 1.0572188

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 126.182791 126.182791 -639.615095 2.009373
## [1] 53.629979 142.655042 -639.543349 1.785387
## [1] 11.22789 150.83727 -639.51119 1.69238
## [1] 0.1336108 152.8516998 -639.5036156 1.6710194
## [1] 0.04622723 152.86735819 -639.50355717 1.67085563
## [1] 0.000000 152.875187 -639.503526 1.670774
## [1] 0.000000 214.250751 -639.503526 1.192154
## [1] 0.000000 248.784151 -639.503526 1.026673
## [1] 0.000000 255.247487 -639.503526 1.000675
## [1] 0.0000 255.4198 -639.5035 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 150.583257 150.583257 -652.972044 2.007294
## [1] 42.808919 170.345757 -652.874674 1.783818
## [1] 12.247512 175.255799 -652.852367 1.736156
## [1] 4.472788 176.475202 -652.846978 1.724731
## [1] 0.5715212 177.0837062 -652.8443144 1.7190877
## [1] 0.08304424 177.15969095 -652.84398281 1.71838574
## [1] 0.0000 177.1692 -652.8439 1.7183
## [1] 0.000000 251.231104 -652.843926 1.211752
## [1] 0.000000 295.133368 -652.843926 1.031499
## [1] 0.000000 304.145869 -652.843926 1.000933
## [1] 0.000000 304.429488 -652.843926 1.000001

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

```

```

## [1] 151.852679 151.852679 -651.795001 1.959923
## [1] 28.700242 162.018844 -651.662815 1.847053
## [1] 11.799984 163.296663 -651.645721 1.833916
## [1] 3.266184 163.935669 -651.637169 1.827425
## [1] 1.122499 164.095426 -651.635028 1.825810
## [1] 0.04939006 164.17530407 -651.63395832 1.82500408
## [1] 0.000000 164.17780 -651.63391 1.82498
## [1] 0.000000 238.394182 -651.633909 1.256831
## [1] 0.000000 287.109590 -651.633909 1.043578
## [1] 0.000000 299.098759 -651.633909 1.001747
## [1] 0.000000 299.620310 -651.633909 1.000003

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 126.628339 126.628339 -638.191343 1.965142
## [1] 48.951130 130.991756 -638.056499 1.906723
## [1] 9.035393 133.183195 -637.989508 1.878830
## [1] 3.992535 133.457499 -637.981147 1.875404
## [1] 1.468123 133.594668 -637.976970 1.873696
## [1] 0.2051854 133.6632569 -637.9748820 1.8728429
## [1] 0.04727291 133.67183077 -637.97462108 1.87273633
## [1] 0.000000 133.67397 -637.97454 1.87271
## [1] 0.000000 195.967997 -637.974543 1.277416
## [1] 0.000000 238.526290 -637.974543 1.049497
## [1] 0.000000 249.775818 -637.974543 1.002229
## [1] 0.000000 250.331398 -637.974543 1.000005

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 122.896207 122.896207 -636.853237 1.989481
## [1] 196.080581 183.914174 -636.853042 1.328664
## [1] 267.944026 229.204752 -636.852799 1.065179
## [1] 311.711906 242.993150 -636.852613 1.003761
## [1] 332.420094 243.735468 -636.852532 1.000015
## [1] 343.9466 243.6404 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 350.6229 243.5834 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 354.4809 243.5505 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 356.7068 243.5315 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 357.9898 243.5206 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 358.7290 243.5143 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.1548 243.5107 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.4000 243.5086 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.5412 243.5074 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.6224 243.5067 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.6692 243.5063 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.6962 243.5060 -636.8525 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 190.736956 190.736956 -670.090364 1.985061

```

```

## [1] 249.569216 285.695232 -670.089548 1.326707
## [1] 250.938449 356.568817 -670.088803 1.064564
## [1] 214.307334 378.647480 -670.088502 1.003697
## [1] 194.197157 380.226499 -670.088460 1.000014
## [1] 188.1523 380.2855 -670.0885 1.0000
## [1] 186.4321 380.3008 -670.0885 1.0000
## [1] 185.9417 380.3051 -670.0885 1.0000
## [1] 185.8017 380.3064 -670.0885 1.0000
## [1] 185.7618 380.3067 -670.0885 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 155.733467 155.733467 -654.837211 1.989134
## [1] 29.833800 195.730240 -654.780659 1.593309
## [1] 5.016507 200.493484 -654.772637 1.557077
## [1] 1.819076 201.080262 -654.771641 1.552737
## [1] 0.2149232 201.3730828 -654.7711446 1.5505807
## [1] 0.000000 201.409649 -654.771078 1.550313
## [1] 0.000000 272.903809 -654.771078 1.144169
## [1] 0.000000 307.290484 -654.771078 1.016133
## [1] 0.000000 312.169254 -654.771078 1.000252
## [1] 0.0000 312.2479 -654.7711 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 157.322856 157.322856 -653.592445 1.937051
## [1] 748.403078 226.606885 -653.002933 1.309506
## [1] 1898.423596 269.829102 -652.568399 1.064122
## [1] 2862.62549 279.22067 -652.46908 1.00567
## [1] 3003.647463 279.953744 -652.467916 1.000065
## [1] 2991.2775 280.0547 -652.4679 1.0000
## [1] 2992.8578 280.0443 -652.4679 1.0000
## [1] 2992.6612 280.0456 -652.4679 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 136.049954 136.049954 -644.600796 1.989998
## [1] 51.238871 145.143376 -644.508595 1.873631
## [1] 3.835604 149.716403 -644.461639 1.820612
## [1] 0.7281062 150.0022550 -644.4586534 1.8174121
## [1] 0.3385804 150.0379846 -644.4582799 1.8170131
## [1] 0.1437496 150.0558492 -644.4580932 1.8168137
## [1] 0.04631729 150.06478153 -644.45799979 1.81671396

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A log-lik RSS

## [1] 142.960225 142.960225 -648.746662 1.999986
## [1] 14.159152 152.648184 -648.529362 1.882681

```

```

## [1] 6.367699 153.253439 -648.517208 1.875812
## [1] 2.481184 153.555974 -648.511188 1.872397
## [1] 0.5402581 153.7072163 -648.5081912 1.8706946
## [1] 0.05531955 153.74502360 -648.50744357 1.87026959
## [1] 0.000000 153.747387 -648.507358 1.870245
## [1] 0.000000 225.287682 -648.507358 1.276347
## [1] 0.000000 274.065619 -648.507358 1.049184
## [1] 0.000000 286.913352 -648.507358 1.002202
## [1] 0.000000 287.543866 -648.507358 1.000005

kinMat_PD <- as.matrix(nearPD(kinMat)$mat)
nullMods <- list()
pheno_data_list <- list() # Store phenotype data frames for creating SeqVarData

for (m in rownames(assay(se, "metab"))) {
    # Create phenotype data frame for the current metabolite
    pheno <- data.frame(
        sample.id = colnames(assay(se, "metab")),
        y = assay(se, "metab")[m, ]
    )

    # Merge with sample metadata and ensure sample order matches kinship matrix
    pd <- merge(sampleTable, pheno, by = "sample.id")
    rownames(pd) <- pd$sample.id
    pd <- pd[rownames(kinMat_PD), ] # Ensure order matches kinMat_PD

    # Store the prepared phenotype data frame for later use with SeqVarData
    pheno_data_list[[m]] <- pd

    # Fit the null model for the current metabolite
    nullMods[[m]] <- GENESIS::fitNullModel(
        x = pd, # Use the prepared data frame
        outcome = "y",
        covars = c("PC1", "PC2", "PC3"),
        family = "gaussian",
        cov.mat = kinMat_PD
    )
}

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...

## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 140.150908 140.150908 -646.632734 1.984113
## [1] 101.772002 210.540835 -646.614895 1.326416
## [1] 47.926627 237.012041 -646.608954 1.181129
## [1] 3.537727 255.606143 -646.606627 1.097031
## [1] 1.745208 256.328736 -646.606567 1.094007
## [1] 0.8725459 256.6807124 -646.6065391 1.0925406
## [1] 0.000000 257.028128 -646.606511 1.091097
## [1] 0.000000 278.48771 -646.60651 1.00702
## [1] 0.000000 280.428985 -646.606511 1.000049

```

```

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 142.314187 142.314187 -648.857455  2.011996
## [1] 756.335958 207.463159 -648.350150  1.341832
## [1] 2125.563758 248.453931 -647.817040  1.074666
## [1] 3707.812576 254.242246 -647.550730  1.009152
## [1] 4479.936797 251.803625 -647.511476  1.000907
## [1] 4655.31317  251.03527 -647.50974   1.00004
## [1] 4682.941497 250.889157 -647.509698  1.000001
## [1] 4686.9790  250.8665 -647.5097   1.0000
## [1] 4687.5642  250.8632 -647.5097   1.0000
## [1] 4687.6489  250.8627 -647.5097   1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 138.269542 138.269542 -646.178645  1.999129
## [1] 301.248760 206.510795 -646.164217  1.333046
## [1] 525.452023 256.784381 -646.154176  1.066693
## [1] 659.510674 271.980798 -646.152142  1.003967
## [1] 676.402863 272.937402 -646.152111  1.000016
## [1] 676.3396  272.9425 -646.1521   1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 160.421757 160.421757 -655.314173  1.943159
## [1] 779.060471 232.072719 -654.921638  1.310801
## [1] 1999.533440 276.946347 -654.581235  1.063263
## [1] 3136.560974 285.339581 -654.463695  1.005672
## [1] 3504.567545 284.593007 -654.455251  1.000228
## [1] 3546.712592 284.393729 -654.455147  1.000003
## [1] 3549.9444 284.3740 -654.4551   1.0000
## [1] 3550.1837 284.3725 -654.4551   1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 172.144976 172.144976 -659.594902  1.915751
## [1] 48.05478  214.53536 -659.53522   1.54650
## [1] 7.638025  224.354940 -659.522802  1.481097
## [1] 2.547094  225.535724 -659.521380  1.473618
## [1] 0.000000  226.123004 -659.520679  1.469928
## [1] 0.000000  298.413276 -659.520679  1.113839
## [1] 0.000000  328.912470 -659.520679  1.010556
## [1] 0.000000  332.348214 -659.520679  1.000109
## [1] 0.0000  332.3845 -659.5207   1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

```

```

## [1] 121.245311 121.245311 -634.870112    1.964631
## [1] 53.007890 151.780425 -634.832491    1.577564
## [1] 0.7816268 166.1412632 -634.8151855   1.4453321
## [1] 0.3417381 166.2449546 -634.8150604   1.4444628
## [1] 0.1217424 166.2967636 -634.8149979   1.4440289
## [1] 0.000000 166.322659 -634.814963    1.443813
## [1] 0.000000 217.448503 -634.814963    1.104348
## [1] 0.000000 237.994848 -634.814963    1.009008
## [1] 0.00000 240.11968 -634.81496    1.000008

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 156.525958 156.525958 -655.487361    1.996066
## [1] 54.77254 167.03301 -655.38561    1.87902
## [1] 26.621003 169.675039 -655.359627   1.851957
## [1] 12.238729 170.996388 -655.346647   1.838743
## [1] 4.973625 171.657027 -655.340163   1.832214
## [1] 1.322925 171.987323 -655.336922   1.828969
## [1] 0.4080029 172.0698929 -655.3361122  1.8281602
## [1] 0.1791326 172.0905352 -655.3359096  1.8279580
## [1] 0.06468002 172.10085628 -655.33580832 1.82785693
## [1] 0.000000 172.106017 -655.335751    1.827807
## [1] 0.000000 250.052190 -655.335751    1.258044
## [1] 0.00000 301.34165 -655.33575    1.04392
## [1] 0.000000 314.019753 -655.335751   1.001773
## [1] 0.000000 314.575590 -655.335751   1.000003

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 123.9966 123.9966 -638.9131    2.0260
## [1] 39.350761 132.416988 -638.781846  1.905585
## [1] 17.153904 134.531174 -638.750452  1.877712
## [1] 5.962451 135.588021 -638.735044  1.864101
## [1] 0.3460602 136.1162795 -638.7274148 1.8573751
## [1] 0.1702453 136.1327842 -638.7271770 1.8571658
## [1] 0.08233317 136.14103649 -638.72705818 1.85706121
## [1] 0.03837597 136.14516262 -638.72699876 1.85700890

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 161.385244 161.385244 -655.745165  1.942543
## [1] 59.7779712 171.837511 -655.614407  1.831665
## [1] 8.472631 177.048463 -655.555954  1.781168
## [1] 2.062261 177.696878 -655.548976  1.775086
## [1] 0.4601473 177.8588671 -655.5472423 1.7735737
## [1] 0.05965213 177.89935686 -655.54680971 1.77319606
## [1] 0.000000 177.904418 -655.546745  1.773149
## [1] 0.000000 255.476394 -655.546745  1.234756
## [1] 0.000000 304.048511 -655.546745  1.037503
## [1] 0.000000 315.038958 -655.546745  1.001308
## [1] 0.000000 315.450590 -655.546745  1.000002

```

```

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 119.22200 119.22200 -634.46345  1.98731
## [1] 92.949641 179.151192 -634.448380  1.327811
## [1] 5.774130 224.319701 -634.440474  1.065011
## [1] 2.795792 225.202327 -634.440378  1.060963
## [1] 1.390946 225.619323 -634.440334  1.059061
## [1] 0.0262863 226.0247601 -634.4402940 1.0572188

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 126.182791 126.182791 -639.615095 2.009373
## [1] 53.629979 142.655042 -639.543349 1.785387
## [1] 11.22789 150.83727 -639.51119 1.69238
## [1] 0.1336108 152.8516998 -639.5036156 1.6710194
## [1] 0.04622723 152.86735819 -639.50355717 1.67085563
## [1] 0.000000 152.875187 -639.503526 1.670774
## [1] 0.000000 214.250751 -639.503526 1.192154
## [1] 0.000000 248.784151 -639.503526 1.026673
## [1] 0.000000 255.247487 -639.503526 1.000675
## [1] 0.0000 255.4198 -639.5035 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 150.583257 150.583257 -652.972044 2.007294
## [1] 42.808919 170.345757 -652.874674 1.783818
## [1] 12.247512 175.255799 -652.852367 1.736156
## [1] 4.472788 176.475202 -652.846978 1.724731
## [1] 0.5715212 177.0837062 -652.8443144 1.7190877
## [1] 0.08304424 177.15969095 -652.84398281 1.71838574
## [1] 0.0000 177.1692 -652.8439 1.7183
## [1] 0.000000 251.231104 -652.843926 1.211752
## [1] 0.000000 295.133368 -652.843926 1.031499
## [1] 0.000000 304.145869 -652.843926 1.000933
## [1] 0.000000 304.429488 -652.843926 1.000001

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 151.852679 151.852679 -651.795001 1.959923
## [1] 28.700242 162.018844 -651.662815 1.847053
## [1] 11.799984 163.296663 -651.645721 1.833916
## [1] 3.266184 163.935669 -651.637169 1.827425
## [1] 1.122499 164.095426 -651.635028 1.825810
## [1] 0.04939006 164.17530407 -651.63395832 1.82500408
## [1] 0.000000 164.17780 -651.63391 1.82498
## [1] 0.000000 238.394182 -651.633909 1.256831
## [1] 0.000000 287.109590 -651.633909 1.043578
## [1] 0.000000 299.098759 -651.633909 1.001747
## [1] 0.000000 299.620310 -651.633909 1.000003

```

```

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 126.628339 126.628339 -638.191343   1.965142
## [1] 48.951130 130.991756 -638.056499   1.906723
## [1] 9.035393 133.183195 -637.989508   1.878830
## [1] 3.992535 133.457499 -637.981147   1.875404
## [1] 1.468123 133.594668 -637.976970   1.873696
## [1] 0.2051854 133.6632569 -637.9748820  1.8728429
## [1] 0.04727291 133.67183077 -637.97462108 1.87273633
## [1] 0.00000 133.67397 -637.97454 1.87271
## [1] 0.000000 195.967997 -637.974543 1.277416
## [1] 0.000000 238.526290 -637.974543 1.049497
## [1] 0.000000 249.775818 -637.974543 1.002229
## [1] 0.000000 250.331398 -637.974543 1.000005

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 122.896207 122.896207 -636.853237   1.989481
## [1] 196.080581 183.914174 -636.853042   1.328664
## [1] 267.944026 229.204752 -636.852799   1.065179
## [1] 311.711906 242.993150 -636.852613   1.003761
## [1] 332.420094 243.735468 -636.852532   1.000015
## [1] 343.9466 243.6404 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 350.6229 243.5834 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 354.4809 243.5505 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 356.7068 243.5315 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 357.9898 243.5206 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 358.7290 243.5143 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.1548 243.5107 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.4000 243.5086 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.5412 243.5074 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.6224 243.5067 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.6692 243.5063 -636.8525 1.0000
## [1] 359.6962 243.5060 -636.8525 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 190.736956 190.736956 -670.090364   1.985061
## [1] 249.569216 285.695232 -670.089548   1.326707
## [1] 250.938449 356.568817 -670.088803   1.064564
## [1] 214.307334 378.647480 -670.088502   1.003697
## [1] 194.197157 380.226499 -670.088460   1.000014
## [1] 188.1523 380.2855 -670.0885 1.0000
## [1] 186.4321 380.3008 -670.0885 1.0000
## [1] 185.9417 380.3051 -670.0885 1.0000
## [1] 185.8017 380.3064 -670.0885 1.0000
## [1] 185.7618 380.3067 -670.0885 1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

```

```

## [1] 155.733467 155.733467 -654.837211    1.989134
## [1] 29.833800 195.730240 -654.780659    1.593309
## [1] 5.016507 200.493484 -654.772637    1.557077
## [1] 1.819076 201.080262 -654.771641    1.552737
## [1] 0.2149232 201.3730828 -654.7711446   1.5505807
## [1] 0.000000 201.409649 -654.771078    1.550313
## [1] 0.000000 272.903809 -654.771078    1.144169
## [1] 0.000000 307.290484 -654.771078    1.016133
## [1] 0.000000 312.169254 -654.771078    1.000252
## [1] 0.0000 312.2479 -654.7711    1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 157.322856 157.322856 -653.592445    1.937051
## [1] 748.403078 226.606885 -653.002933    1.309506
## [1] 1898.423596 269.829102 -652.568399    1.064122
## [1] 2862.62549 279.22067 -652.46908    1.00567
## [1] 3003.647463 279.953744 -652.467916    1.000065
## [1] 2991.2775 280.0547 -652.4679    1.0000
## [1] 2992.8578 280.0443 -652.4679    1.0000
## [1] 2992.6612 280.0456 -652.4679    1.0000

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 136.049954 136.049954 -644.600796    1.989998
## [1] 51.238871 145.143376 -644.508595    1.873631
## [1] 3.835604 149.716403 -644.461639    1.820612
## [1] 0.7281062 150.0022550 -644.4586534   1.8174121
## [1] 0.3385804 150.0379846 -644.4582799   1.8170131
## [1] 0.1437496 150.0558492 -644.4580932   1.8168137
## [1] 0.04631729 150.06478153 -644.45799979  1.81671396

## Computing Variance Component Estimates...
## Sigma^2_A      log-lik      RSS

## [1] 142.960225 142.960225 -648.746662    1.999986
## [1] 14.159152 152.648184 -648.529362    1.882681
## [1] 6.367699 153.253439 -648.517208    1.875812
## [1] 2.481184 153.555974 -648.511188    1.872397
## [1] 0.5402581 153.7072163 -648.5081912   1.8706946
## [1] 0.05531955 153.74502360 -648.50744357  1.87026959
## [1] 0.000000 153.747387 -648.507358    1.870245
## [1] 0.000000 225.287682 -648.507358    1.276347
## [1] 0.000000 274.065619 -648.507358    1.049184
## [1] 0.000000 286.913352 -648.507358    1.002202
## [1] 0.000000 287.543866 -648.507358    1.000005

library(SeqVarTools)
library(SeqArray)
library(SNPRelate)

```



```

## [6] "n.obs"           "freq"            "MAC"              "Score"            "Score.SE"
## [11] "Score.Stat"      "Score.pval"       "Est"              "Est.SE"           "PVE"

# 1. Filter significant results
significantResults <- allResults[allResults$Score.pval < 0.0001, ]

# 2. Create a clean data frame with only relevant columns
output <- data.frame(
  metabolite = significantResults$metabolite,
  beta        = significantResults$Est,
  SE          = significantResults$Est.SE,
  effect.allele = significantResults$allele.index,
  n           = significantResults$n.obs,
  pval        = significantResults$Score.pval
)

# 3. Write to Excel
write_xlsx(output, path = "mQTL_significant_p1e4.xlsx")

```

#Task 3: Inflation factor calculation

```

library(SummarizedExperiment)

# 1. Get unique metabolites from results
unique_metabolites <- unique(output$metabolite)
n_metab <- length(unique_metabolites)

# 2. Initialize results data frame
lambda_results <- data.frame(
  metabolite = unique_metabolites,
  lambda = numeric(n_metab),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

# 3. Calculate lambda for each metabolite
for (i in 1:n_metab) {
  current_metab <- unique_metabolites[i]

  # Get p-values for current metabolite
  pvals <- output$pval[output$metabolite == current_metab]

  # Remove NA p-values
  pvals <- pvals[!is.na(pvals)]

  # Handle extreme p-values
  pvals[pvals < 1e-20] <- 1e-20
  pvals[pvals > (1 - 1e-10)] <- 1 - 1e-10

  # Calculate chi-square statistics
  chisq <- qchisq(1 - pvals, df = 1)

  # Calculate lambda
  lambda_results$lambda[i] <- median(chisq) / qchisq(0.5, df = 1)
}

```

```

}

# 4. Calculate counts per metabolite for weighting
counts <- sapply(unique_metabolites, function(m) sum(output$metabolite == m))

# 5. Calculate weighted average lambda
average_lambda <- sum(lambda_results$lambda * counts) / sum(counts)

# 6. Report results
cat("== mQTL Inflation Factors ==\n")

## === mQTL Inflation Factors ===

print(lambda_results[order(lambda_results$lambda, decreasing = TRUE), ])

##      metabolite    lambda
## 1 Metabolite1 37.09991

cat("\nAverage inflation factor (weighted):", round(average_lambda, 4), "\n")

##
## Average inflation factor (weighted): 37.0999

#Task 4: Manhattan Plot

library(qqman)

## Warning: package 'qqman' was built under R version 4.4.3

##
## For example usage please run: vignette('qqman')

##
## Citation appreciated but not required:

## Turner, (2018). qqman: an R package for visualizing GWAS results using Q-Q and manhattan plots. Jour

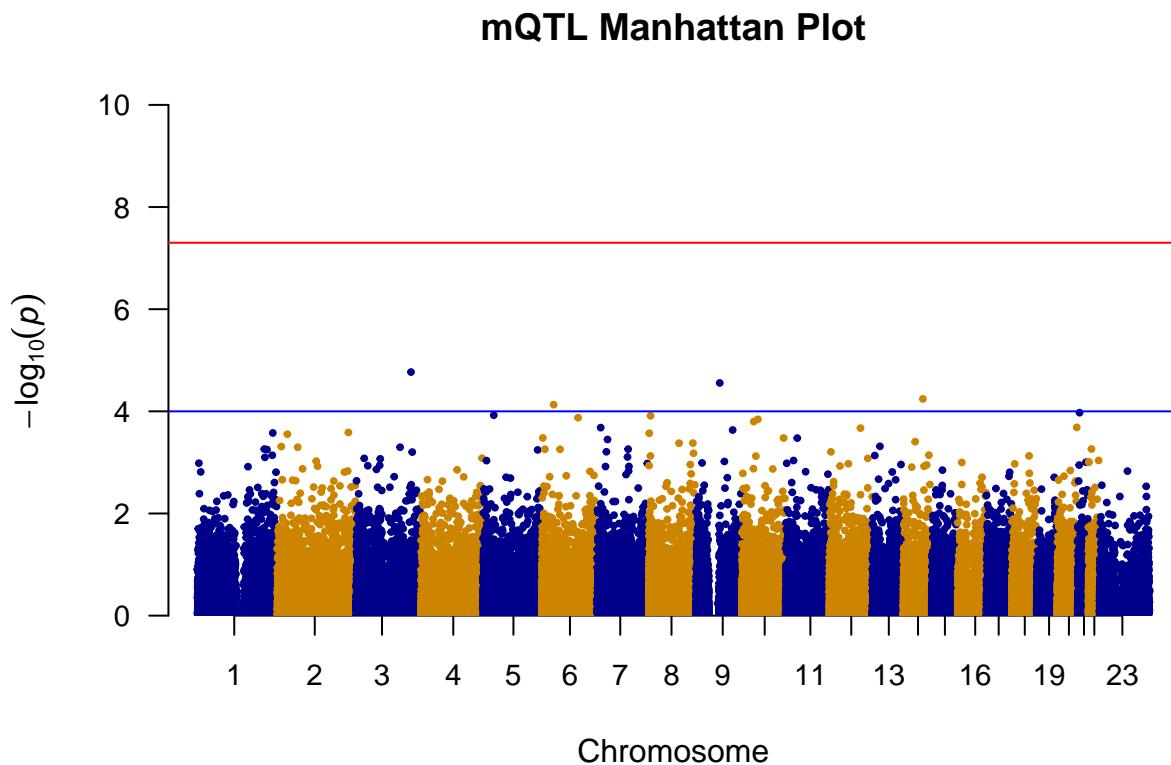
##
## 1. Prepare your data
manhattan_data <- data.frame(
  SNP = allResults$variant.id, # SNP IDs
  CHR = as.numeric(allResults$chr), # Chromosome as numeric
  BP = allResults$pos, # Base pair position
  P = allResults$Score.pval # P-values
)

```

```

# 2. Create Manhattan plot
manhattan(manhattan_data,
  main = "mQTL Manhattan Plot",
  ylim = c(0, 10), # Adjust based on your p-values
  suggestiveline = -log10(1e-4), # Suggestive threshold
  genomewideline = -log10(5e-8), # Genome-wide significant
  col = c("blue4", "orange3"), # Alternating colors
  cex = 0.6, # Point size
  cex.axis = 0.9
) # Axis text size

```



```

library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:GenomicRanges':
##     intersect, setdiff, union

## The following object is masked from 'package:GenomeInfoDb':
##     intersect

```

```

## The following objects are masked from 'package:IRanges':
##
##     collapse, desc, intersect, setdiff, slice, union

## The following objects are masked from 'package:S4Vectors':
##
##     first, intersect, rename, setdiff, setequal, union

## The following object is masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##     count

## The following object is masked from 'package:Biobase':
##
##     combine

## The following objects are masked from 'package:BiocGenerics':
##
##     combine, intersect, setdiff, union

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##     filter, lag

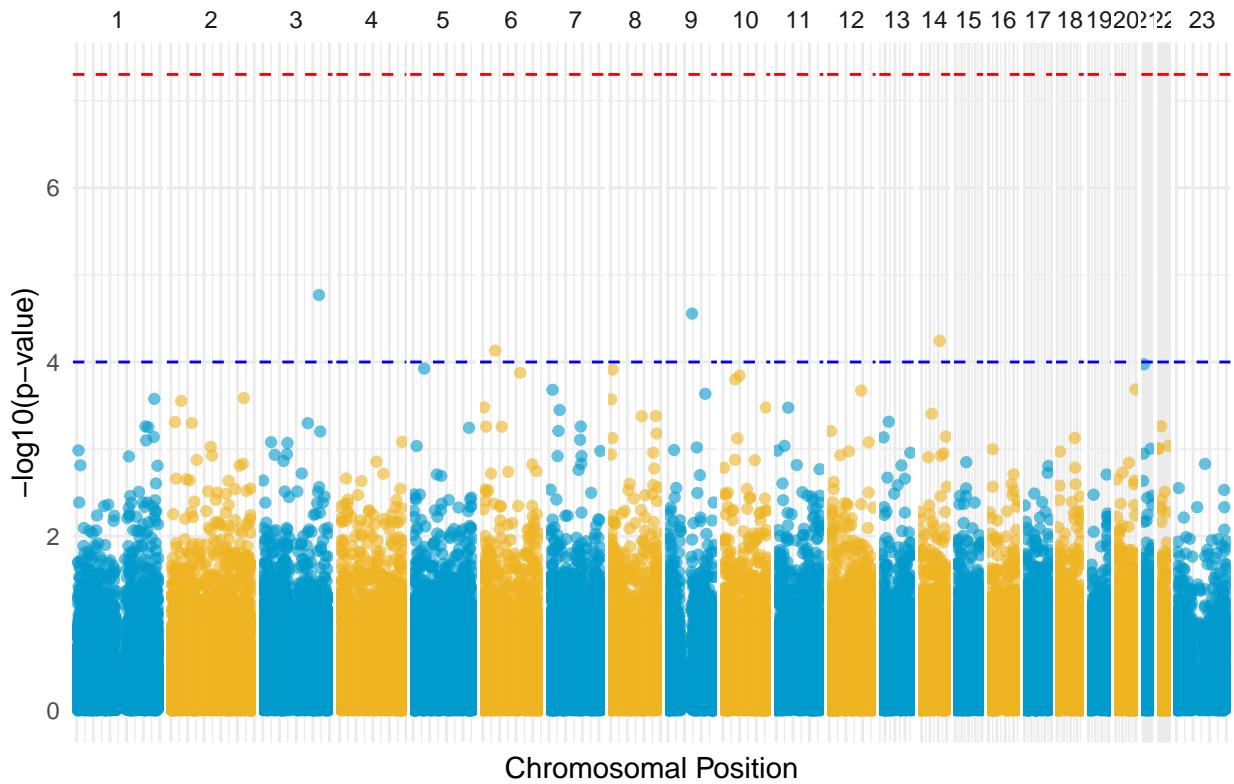
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(ggplot2)
# 1. Prepare data with chromosome colors
plot_data <- manhattan_data %>%
  group_by(CHR) %>%
  mutate(color = if_else(CHR %% 2 == 1, "odd", "even"))

# 2. Create plot
ggplot(plot_data, aes(x = BP, y = -log10(P), color = color)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.6, size = 1.5) +
  facet_grid(. ~ CHR, scales = "free_x", space = "free_x") +
  geom_hline(yintercept = -log10(5e-8), color = "red", linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_hline(yintercept = -log10(1e-4), color = "blue", linetype = "dashed") +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("odd" = "deepskyblue3", "even" = "goldenrod2")) +
  labs(
    title = "mQTL Manhattan Plot",
    x = "Chromosomal Position",
    y = "-log10(p-value)"
  ) +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    panel.spacing.x = unit(0.1, "lines"),
    axis.text.x = element_blank()
)

```

## mQTL Manhattan Plot



```
#Task 5: Metabolic Networks ##Correct metabolites for covariates and kinship using polygenic() residuals
```

```
library(Matrix)
library(coxme) # Load coxme for lmekin
```

```
## Warning: package 'coxme' was built under R version 4.4.3
```

```
## Loading required package: survival
```

```
## Loading required package: bdsmatrix
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'bdsmatrix'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
##      backsolve
```

```
# Create a kinship matrix suitable for lmekin
```

```
kin_mat <- as.matrix(kinship_matrix)
```

```
kin_mat <- kin_mat[pca$sample.id, pca$sample.id] # Align rows/cols
```

```
# Add a small value to the diagonal to ensure positive definiteness
```

```
kin_mat <- kin_mat + diag(1e-6, nrow(kin_mat))
```

```
# Force kin_mat to be positive semi-definite using nearPD
```

```

kin_mat <- as.matrix(Matrix:::nearPD(kin_mat)$mat)

corrected_metabs <- data.frame(sample.id = pca$sample.id)

for (metab in colnames(metabolites)) {
  df <- data.frame(
    value = as.numeric(metabolites[[metab]]),
    PC1 = as.numeric(pca$vectors[, 1]),
    PC2 = as.numeric(pca$vectors[, 2]),
    PC3 = as.numeric(pca$vectors[, 3]),
    id = pca$sample.id
  )
  # Remove rows with NA values
  df <- na.omit(df)
  if (nrow(df) == 0) {
    warning(paste("No valid data for metabolite:", metab))
    next
  }
  # Mixed model using kinship as random effect
  model <- lme4::lmer(value ~ PC1 + PC2 + PC3 + (1 | id),
    data = df,
    varlist = kin_mat
  )
  # Residuals = corrected metabolite
  corrected_metabs[[metab]] <- resid(model)
}

```

```

## Warning in data.frame(value = as.numeric(metabolites[[metab]]), PC1 =
## as.numeric(pca$vectors[, : NAs introduced by coercion

```

```

## Warning: No valid data for metabolite: Sample

```

```

head(corrected_metabs)

```

```

##   sample.id Metabolite1 Metabolite2 Metabolite3 Metabolite4 Metabolite5
## 1   QBC-092  -18.362924  13.5458621  21.077946 -0.52926744 -17.145662
## 2   QBC-256   12.430672 -0.1173253  17.701093 -0.04148716 -21.173199
## 3   QBC-107   28.357161 -25.7134955  4.786697  0.36023119 -13.641657
## 4   QBC-171    3.878960  15.5913465  2.661467 -0.35676532 -9.306989
## 5   QPRC-110   16.375083 -33.7206928  14.868404  0.11449925 -2.862163
## 6   QBC-240   -4.128167 -14.4969184  11.494094  0.12194974  8.076153
##   Metabolite6 Metabolite7 Metabolite8 Metabolite9 Metabolite10 Metabolite11
## 1   17.868663   2.0139745  0.23297477 -5.368613   0.4426044   8.213959
## 2    3.099056   1.1224822 -0.09037276  12.475230   0.3031681  16.587895
## 3    8.967723   1.7937117  0.02247785 -2.059328  -0.1432662  9.886799
## 4   -2.615191  -0.1243338 -0.04195218 -10.621306   1.6950372 -4.632207
## 5   -25.290992   0.1259195 -0.23214386  11.656198  -1.0483343  8.655712
## 6   -9.245038   3.1345686  0.19358085 -7.482304  -0.9239052 27.049914
##   Metabolite12 Metabolite13 Metabolite14 Metabolite15 Metabolite16 Metabolite17
## 1     2.347975   0.00618478 -11.596077 -0.007590152   3.3730807 -21.313770
## 2    -15.828226   0.03479607  13.787603 -0.111856055  -0.3235906  10.782228
## 3    10.507655   0.05217191 -43.147655  0.094690665   0.1621564  12.208349

```

```

## 4   -15.547544  0.12844436   2.049231  0.040543310 -3.2323507 -7.379139
## 5   15.260132 -0.09442212  12.727181  0.150471706 -0.8521100 -1.633287
## 6   27.425768  0.05178014  11.049034  0.113628990  0.5384435 16.531011
##   Metabolite18 Metabolite19 Metabolite20
## 1   -0.6272656 13.8645290 -6.400697
## 2  -17.0880334 1.3938062  4.923532
## 3   26.9764323  4.3039889  21.340225
## 4  -17.4040786 16.3136009  7.325493
## 5   10.7663644  1.8257239 -19.196941
## 6  -4.4329743  0.3428462 -12.998350

##Use GeneNet to Compute Partial Correlation Network

# Load required package
library(GeneNet)

## Warning: package 'GeneNet' was built under R version 4.4.3

## Loading required package: corpcor

## Loading required package: longitudinal

## Loading required package: fdrtool

# 1. Prepare metabolite data (samples=rows, metabolites=columns)
metab_data <- corrected_metabs[, -1] # Exclude sample.id column
rownames(metab_data) <- corrected_metabs$sample.id

# 2. Clean data - remove invariant metabolites and samples with NAs
metab_clean <- metab_data[, apply(metab_data, 2, var, na.rm = TRUE) > 0]
metab_clean <- na.omit(metab_clean)
metabolite_names <- colnames(metab_clean)

# 3. Compute partial correlations between METABOLITES (columns)
# Note: We DON'T transpose here - metabolites should be columns
pcor_matrix <- ggm.estimate.pcor(as.matrix(metab_clean), method = "dynamic")

## Estimating optimal shrinkage intensity lambda (correlation matrix): 0.9187

rownames(pcor_matrix) <- colnames(pcor_matrix) <- metabolite_names

# 4. Test for significant metabolite-metabolite edges
network_test <- network.test.edges(pcor_matrix, fdr = TRUE, direct = TRUE)

## Estimate (local) false discovery rates (partial correlations):

## Warning in fdrtool(w[, 1], statistic = "correlation", plot = plot, ...): There
## may be too few input test statistics for reliable FDR calculations!

```

```

## Step 1... determine cutoff point
## Step 2... estimate parameters of null distribution and eta0
## Step 3... compute p-values and estimate empirical PDF/CDF
## Step 4... compute q-values and local fdr
## Step 5... prepare for plotting

##
## Estimate (local) false discovery rates (log ratio of spvars):

## Warning in fdrtool(log.spvar, statistic = "normal", plot = plot, ...): There
## may be too few input test statistics for reliable FDR calculations!

## Step 1... determine cutoff point
## Step 2... estimate parameters of null distribution and eta0
## Step 3... compute p-values and estimate empirical PDF/CDF
## Step 4... compute q-values and local fdr
## Step 5... prepare for plotting

# 5. Create edges data frame with metabolite names
edges <- data.frame(
  source = metabolite_names[network_test$node1],
  target = metabolite_names[network_test$node2],
  pcor = network_test$pcor,
  pval = network_test$pval,
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

# 6. Remove any NA values and filter significant edges
edges <- edges[complete.cases(edges), ]
sig_edges <- edges[edges$pval < 0.05, ]

# 7. Create nodes data frame
nodes <- data.frame(
  id = metabolite_names,
  nodeType = "metabolite",
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

# 8. Save results
write.csv(sig_edges, "metabolite_network_edges.csv", row.names = FALSE)
write.csv(nodes, "metabolite_network_nodes.csv", row.names = FALSE)

# 9. Verification output
cat("== Network Analysis Results ==\n")

## == Network Analysis Results ==

cat("Samples analyzed:", nrow(metab_clean), "\n")

## Samples analyzed: 156

```

```

cat("Metabolites analyzed:", length(metabolite_names), "\n")

## Metabolites analyzed: 20

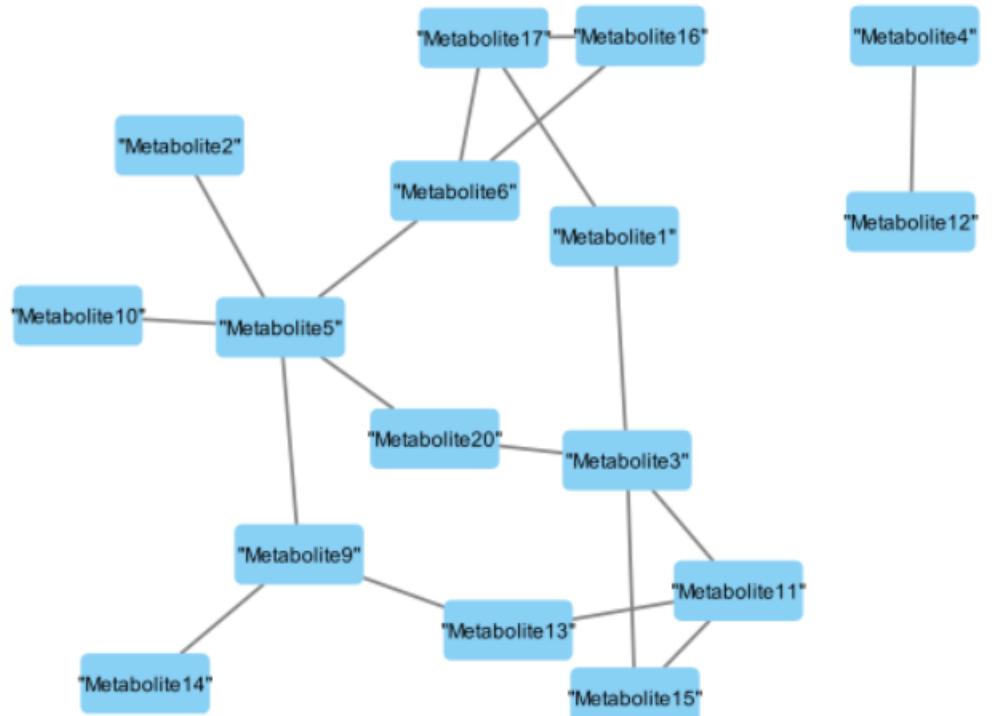
cat("Significant edges (q < 0.05):", nrow(sig_edges), "\n")

## Significant edges (q < 0.05): 18

if (nrow(sig_edges) > 0) {
  cat("\nSample of significant edges:\n")
  print(head(sig_edges, 5))
} else {
  cat("\nNo significant edges found at q < 0.05\n")
}

## Sample of significant edges:
##      source      target      pcor      pval
## 1 Metabolite6 Metabolite16 -0.01850526 0.001605452
## 2 Metabolite3 Metabolite20 -0.01728112 0.003217245
## 3 Metabolite3 Metabolite15 -0.01725230 0.003268731
## 4 Metabolite11 Metabolite13  0.01611235 0.006016226
## 5 Metabolite4 Metabolite12 -0.01540358 0.008638265

```



```

##Visualize in Cytoscape
##Analyze Network in Cytoscape

```

```

cytoscapeNetworkAnalysis <- read.csv("cytoscapeNetworkAnalysis.csv", header = TRUE)
print(cytoscapeNetworkAnalysis)

```

```

##           name selected shared.name
## 1 "Metabolite6"    false  "Metabolite6"
## 2 "Metabolite16"   false  "Metabolite16"
## 3 "Metabolite3"    false  "Metabolite3"
## 4 "Metabolite20"   false  "Metabolite20"
## 5 "Metabolite15"   false  "Metabolite15"
## 6 "Metabolite11"   false  "Metabolite11"
## 7 "Metabolite13"   false  "Metabolite13"
## 8 "Metabolite4"    false  "Metabolite4"
## 9 "Metabolite12"   false  "Metabolite12"
## 10 "Metabolite9"   false  "Metabolite9"
## 11 "Metabolite17"  false  "Metabolite17"
## 12 "Metabolite1"   false  "Metabolite1"
## 13 "Metabolite2"   false  "Metabolite2"
## 14 "Metabolite5"   false  "Metabolite5"
## 15 "Metabolite10"  false  "Metabolite10"
## 16 "Metabolite14"  false  "Metabolite14"

```

#Task 6: Annotate Significant SNPs

```

library(dplyr)

top20_snps <- allResults %>%
  arrange(Score.pval) %>%
  distinct(variant.id, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  slice(1:20)

annovar_input <- data.frame(
  chr = top20_snps$chr,
  start = top20_snps$pos,
  end = top20_snps$pos,
  ref = substr(top20_snps$allele.index, 1, 1), # First allele as ref
  alt = substr(top20_snps$allele.index, 3, 3), # Second allele as alt
  snp_id = top20_snps$variant.id,
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

# 3. Write ANNOVAR input (tab-delimited, no header)
write.table(annovar_input, "top_snps_annovar_input.txt",
            sep = "\t", quote = FALSE, row.names = FALSE, col.names = FALSE)
)

```

#Task 7: Regional plots using SNIPA

```

top5_snps <- allResults %>%
  arrange(Score.pval) %>%
  distinct(variant.id, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  slice(1:5)

```