Supplementary materials 1

A comparison of hyperparameter tuning procedures for clinical prediction models in low-dimensional data: a simulation study

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1 Estimation error (handling)

Table S1: Summary of simulation estimation errors and their handling.

	Affected runs
	n (%)
Number of models fitted	333,000 (100%)
Separation	0 (0%)
Complete / near degenerate outcome distributions	
0 events or non-events generated	0 (0%)
less than 8 events or non-events generated	0 (0%)
Degenerate linear predictors*	
Ridge logistic regression	0 (0%)
Lasso logistic regression	104 (0.03%)
Elastic Net	0 (0%)
Random Forest	0 (0%)

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Calibration slopes were replaced by the maximum value of calibration slope for the corresponding scenario.

- 2 Results predictive performance outcomes for all models
- 2.1 Calibration slopes for the penalized regression models

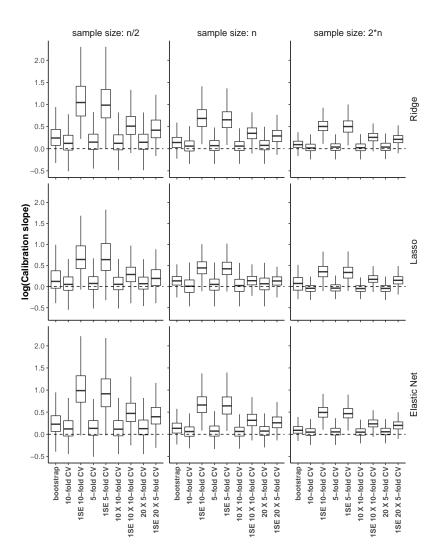


Figure S1: Box plots of the log(calibration slopes) for penalized regression models. Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.1.

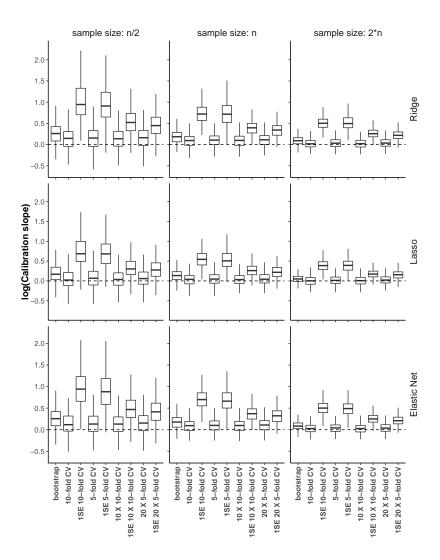


Figure S2: Box plots of the log(calibration slopes) for penalized regression models. Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.3.

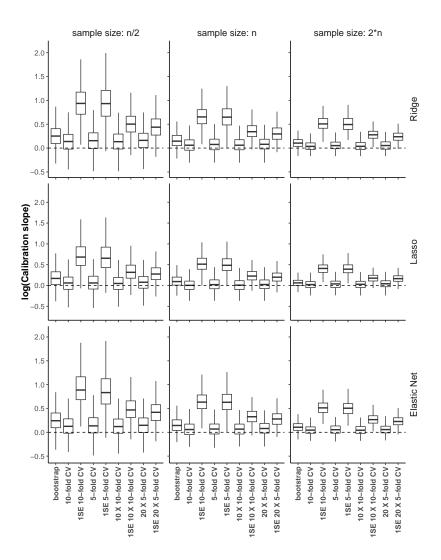


Figure S3: Box plots of the log(calibration slopes) for penalized regression models. Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.5.

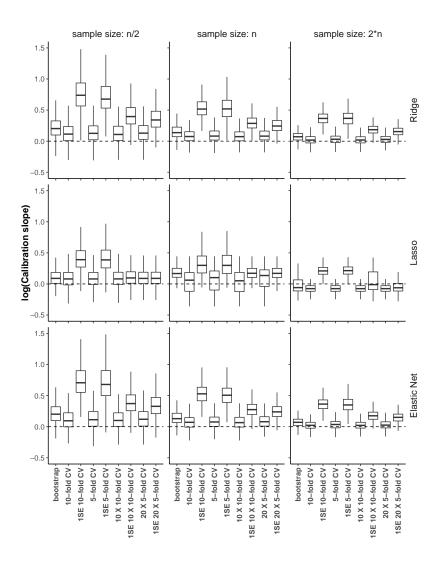


Figure S4: Box plots of the log(calibration slopes) for penalized regression models. Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.1.

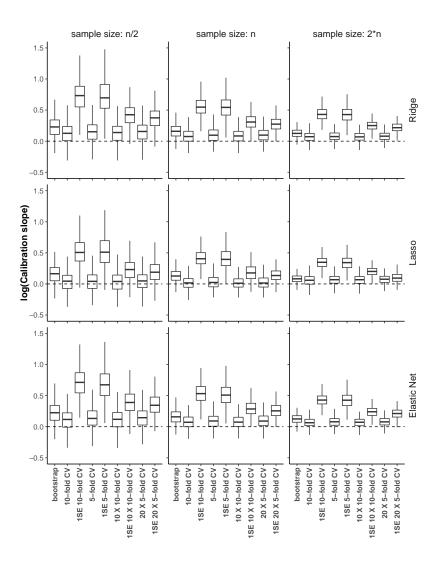


Figure S5: Box plots of the log(calibration slopes) for penalized regression models. Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.5.

2.2 Calibration slopes for the Random Forest model

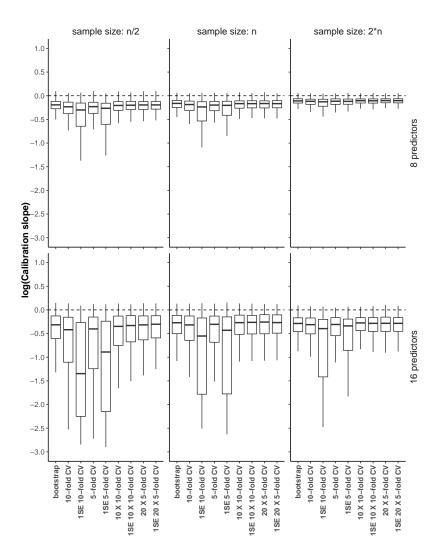


Figure S6: Box plots of the log(calibration slopes) for Random Forest model. Scenario: events fraction = 0.1.

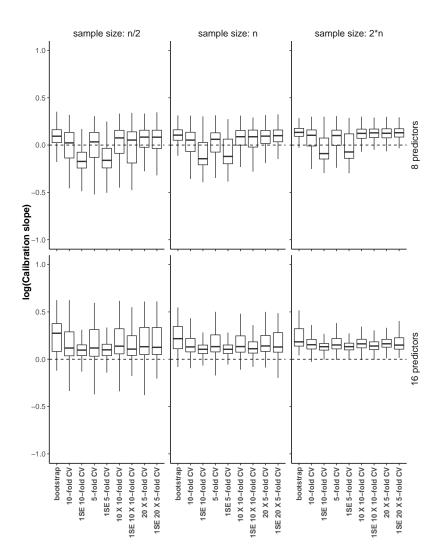


Figure S7: Box plots of the log(calibration slopes) for Random Forest model. Scenario: events fraction = 0.5.

2.3 Root mean squared distance of the target value (RMSD) of the calibration slope for Elastic Net, Ridge, Lasso logistic regression and Random Forest

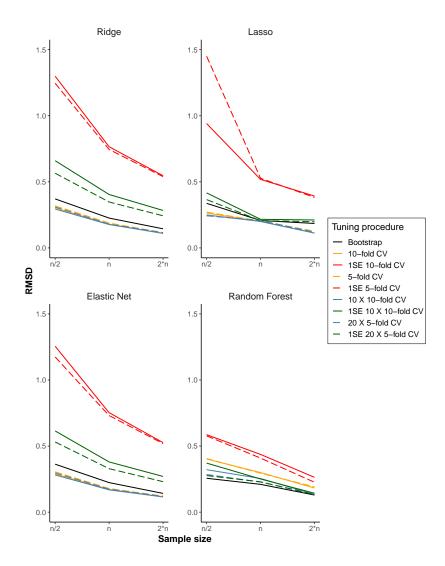


Figure S8: Root mean squared distance (RMSD) of the calibration slope for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.1.

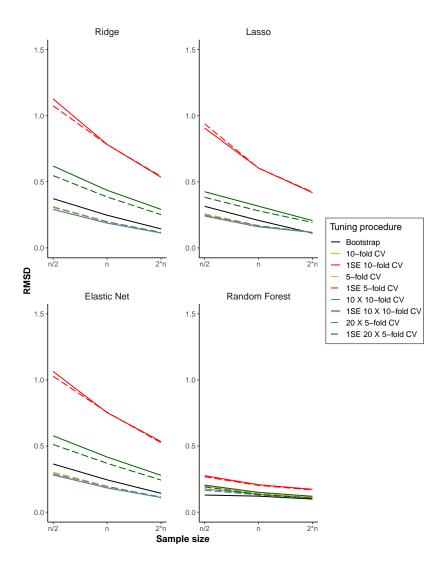


Figure S9: Root mean squared distance (RMSD) of the calibration slope for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.3.

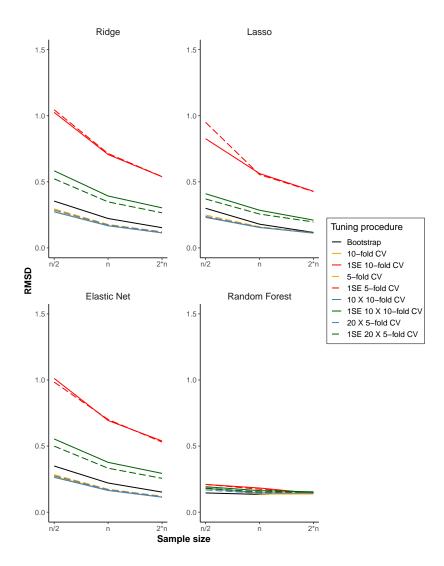


Figure S10: Root mean squared distance (RMSD) of the calibration slope for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.5.

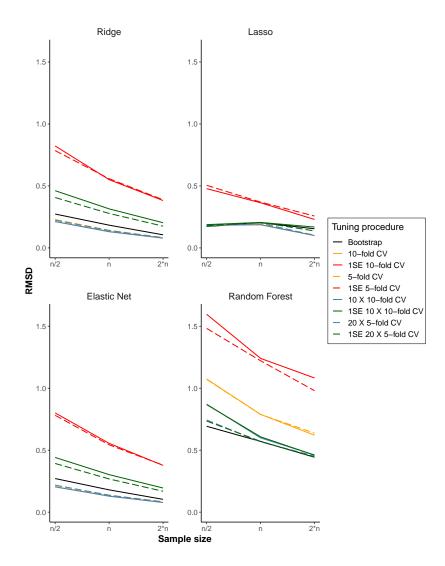


Figure S11: Root mean squared distance (RMSD) of the calibration slope for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.1.

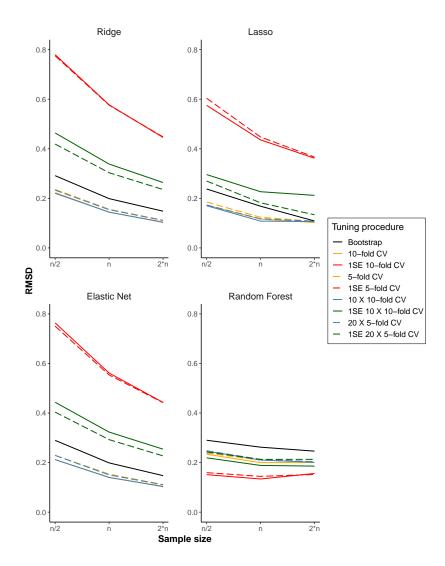


Figure S12: Root mean squared distance (RMSD) of the calibration slope for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.5.

2.4 C-statistic for Elastic Net, Ridge, Lasso logistic regression and Random Forest

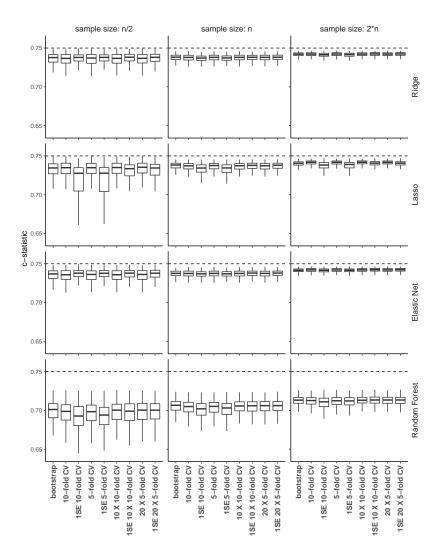


Figure S13: Box plots of the c-statistic for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.1.

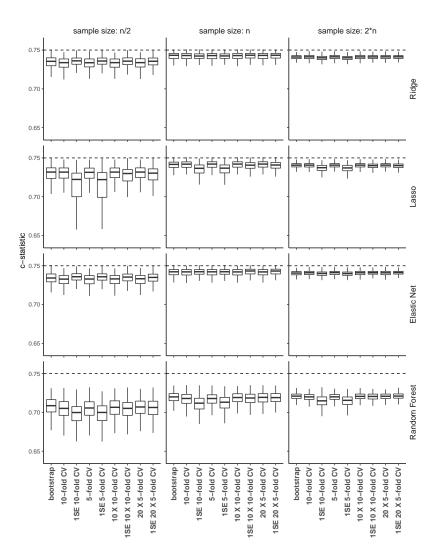


Figure S14: Box plots of the c-statistic for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.3.

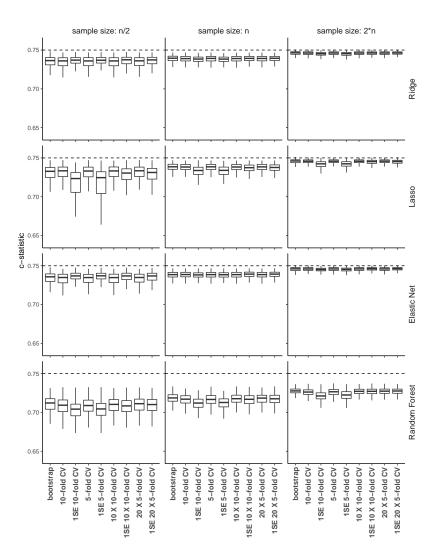


Figure S15: Box plots of the c-statistic for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.5.

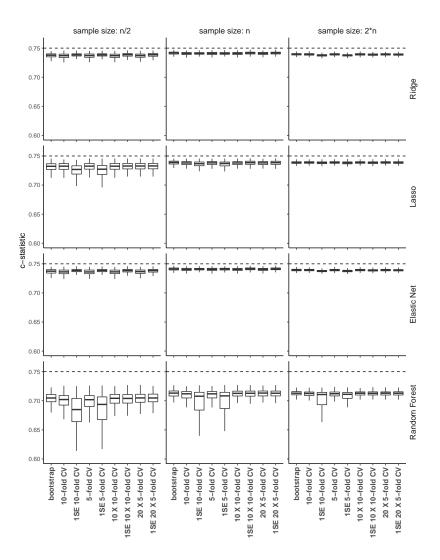


Figure S16: Box plots of the c-statistic for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.1.

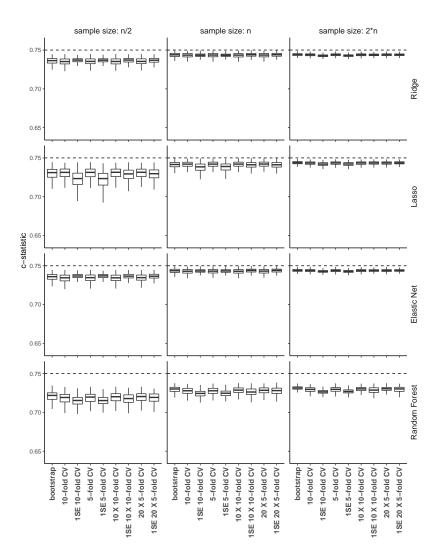


Figure S17: Box plots of the c-statistic for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.3.

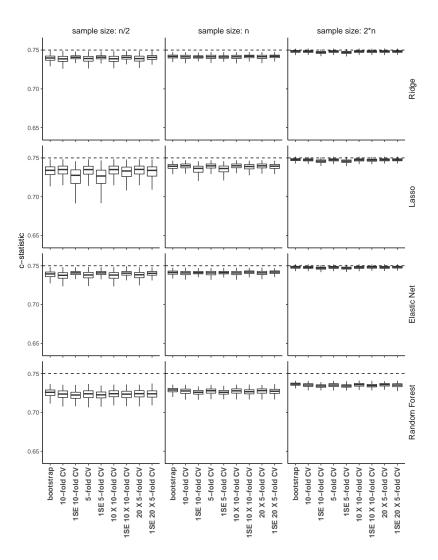


Figure S18: Box plots of the c-statistic for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.5.

2.5 Mean absolute prediction error (MAPE) for Elastic Net, Ridge, Lasso logistic regression and Random Forest

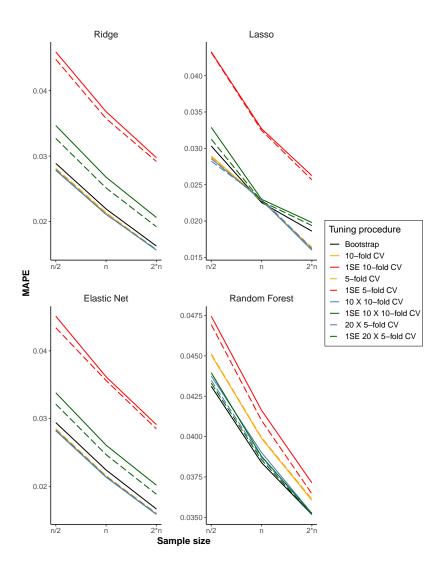


Figure S19: Mean absolute prediction error (MAPE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.1.

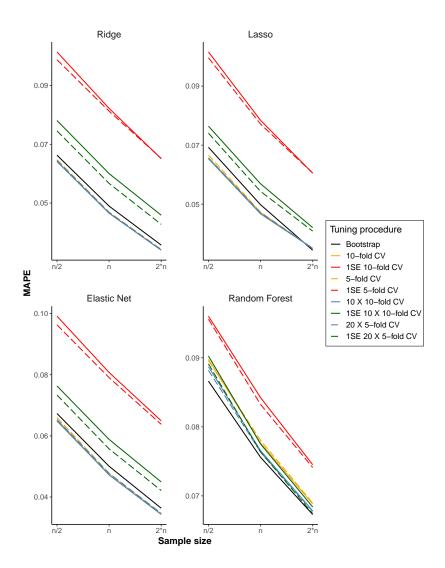


Figure S20: Mean absolute prediction error (MAPE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.3.

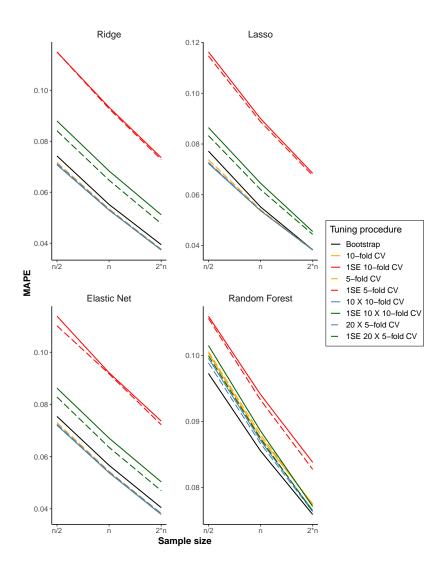


Figure S21: Mean absolute prediction error (MAPE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.5.

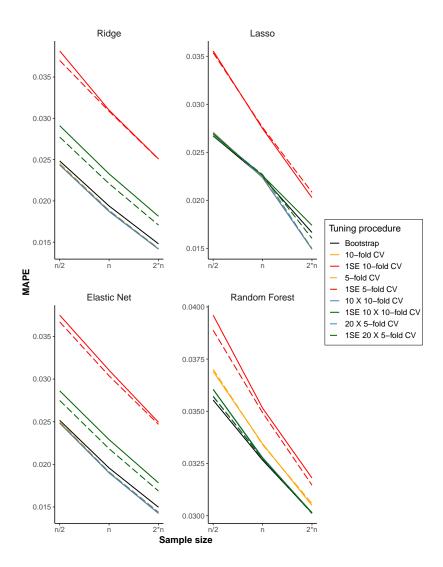


Figure S22: Mean absolute prediction error (MAPE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.1.

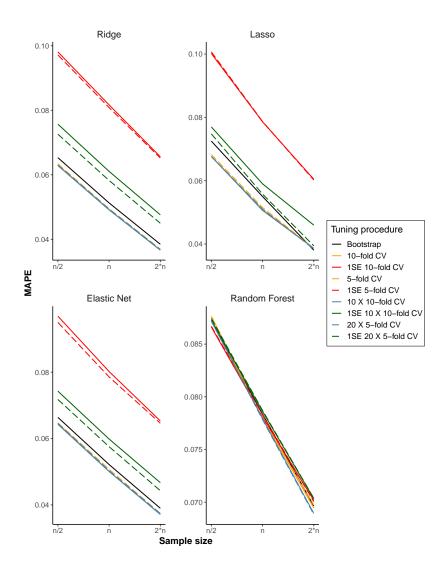


Figure S23: Mean absolute prediction error (MAPE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.5.

2.6 Square root of the mean squared prediction error (rMPSE) for Elastic Net, Ridge, Lasso logistic regression and Random Forest

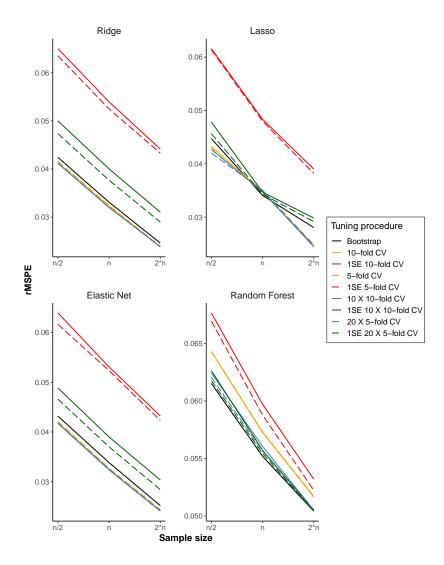


Figure S24: square root of the mean squared prediction error (rMPSE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.1.

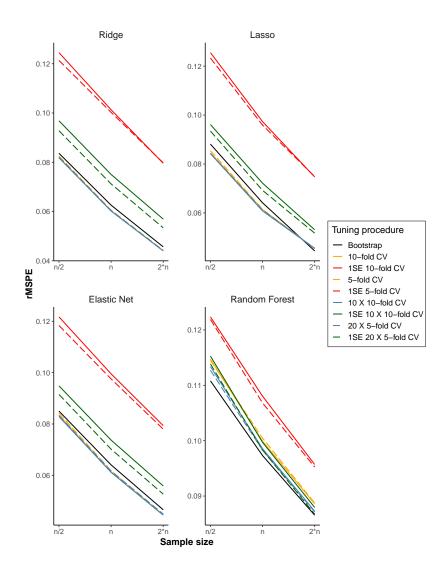


Figure S25: square root of the mean squared prediction error (rMPSE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.3.

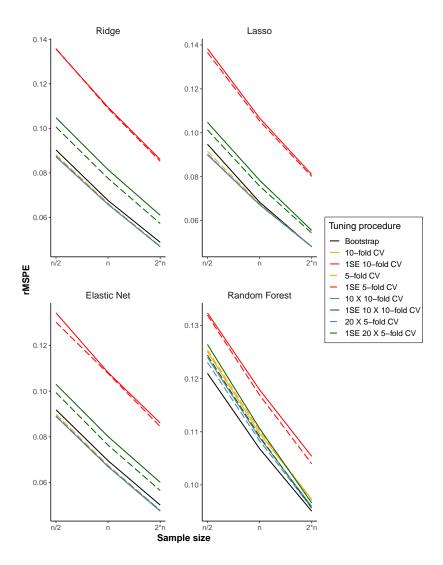


Figure S26: square root of the mean squared prediction error (rMPSE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 8, events fraction = 0.5.

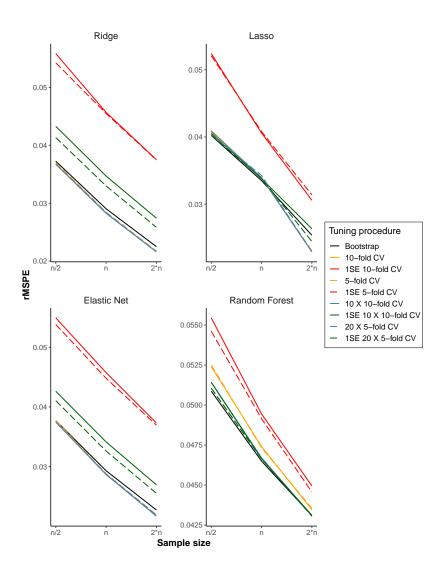


Figure S27: square root of the mean squared prediction error (rMPSE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.1.

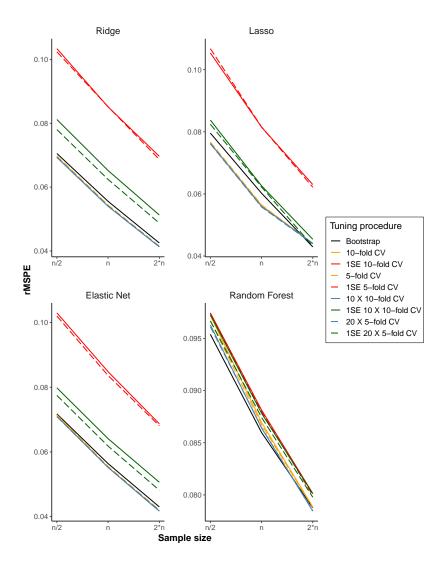


Figure S28: square root of the mean squared prediction error (rMPSE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.3.

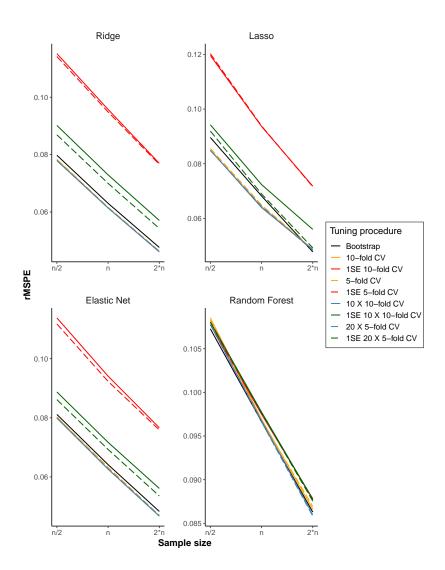


Figure S29: square root of the mean squared prediction error (rMPSE) for all models (Ridge, Lasso, Elastic Net and Random Forest). Scenario: number of predictors = 16, events fraction = 0.5.