### Hw3

## Highlight

Q1: run the NB learner in Mallet

Q2: build a Multi-variate Bernoulli NB learner

Q3: build a Multinomial NB learner

### Q2

 build\_NB1.sh training\_data test\_data prior\_delta cond\_prob\_delta model\_file sys\_output > acc

prior\_delta: delta for calculating P(c).

 cond\_prob\_delta: delta for calculating P(f|c).

### Model file

```
c1 P(c1) lg P(c1)
                              ## Ig is 10-based
f1 c1 P(f1|c1) Ig P(f1|c1)
f2 c1 P(f2|c1) Ig P(f2|c1)
f1 c2 P(f1|c2) lg P(f1|c2)
f2 c2 P(f2|c2) Ig P(f2|c2)
```

# Sys\_output

instanceName trueClass  $c_1$   $p_1$   $c_2$   $p_2$  ... instanceName will be array:0, array:1, etc.

The (c<sub>i</sub>, p<sub>i</sub>) pairs should be sorted by the value of p<sub>i</sub>.

$$p_i = P(c_i|x) = \frac{P(x|c_i)P(c_i)}{P(x)}$$

$$P(x) = \sum_{i} P(c_i, x) = \sum_{i} P(x|c_i)P(c_i)$$

### The issue of underflow

$$p_i = P(c_i|x) = \frac{P(x|c_i)P(c_i)}{P(x)} = \frac{P(x,c_i)}{\sum_{c_i} P(x,c_i)}$$

$$lgP(x,c_1) \text{ is -200, } lgP(x,c_2) \text{ is -201, } lgP(x,c_3) \text{ is -202.}$$

#### What is $p_i$ ?

 $p_3 = \frac{10^{-2}}{1+10^{-1}+10^{-2}} = 1/111 = 0.009$ 

$$p_1 = \frac{10^{-200}}{10^{-200} + 10^{-201} + 10^{-202}} = \frac{1}{1 + 10^{-1} + 10^{-2}} = 100/111 = 0.901$$

$$p_2 = \frac{10^{-1}}{1 + 10^{-1} + 10^{-2}} = 10/111 = 0.09$$

## Efficiency issue: Ex 1

$$lg \ P(c) \prod_{k=1}^{|V|} P(w_k|c)^{N_{ik}}$$

$$= lgP(c) + \sum_{k=1}^{|V|} lg(P(w_k|c)^{N_{ik}})$$

$$= lgP(c) + \sum_{k=1}^{|V|} N_{ik} lg P(w_k|c)$$

### Efficiency: Ex #2

$$P(d_i, c)$$
  
=  $P(c) (\prod_{w_k \in d_i} P(w_k|c)) (\prod_{w_k \notin d_i} (1 - P(w_k|c)))$ 

$$= P(c) \left( \prod_{w_k \in d_i} P(w_k|c) \right) \frac{\prod_{w_k} (1 - P(w_k|c))}{\prod_{w_k \in d_i} (1 - P(w_k|c))}$$

$$= P(c) \prod_{w_k \in d_i} \frac{P(w_k|c)}{1 - P(w_k|c)} \prod_{w_k} (1 - P(w_k|c))$$

## Efficiency: Ex #3

#### Multinomial model:

Let  $P(c_j | d_i) = 1$  if  $d_i$  has the label  $c_j$ = 0 otherwise

$$P(w_t|c_j) = \frac{1 + \sum_{i=1}^{|D|} N_{it} P(c_j|d_i)}{|V| + \sum_{s=1}^{|V|} \sum_{i=1}^{|D|} N_{is} P(c_j|d_i)}$$

Complexity:  $O(|V| * |D| * |V| * |C|) = O(|V|^2 * |C| * |D|)$ 

How to make it faster?

$$Z(c_j) = 0$$
 for every  $c_j$ ;

for each  $d_i$ 

Let  $c_i$  be the class label of  $d_i$ 

for each  $w_t$  that is present in  $d_i$ 

Let  $N_{it}$  be the number of times  $w_t$  appears in  $d_i$ 

$$cnt(w_t, c_j) + = N_{it}$$

$$Z(c_j) + = N_{it}$$

for each  $c_j$ 

for each  $w_t$ 

$$P(w_t|c_j) = \frac{1 + cnt(w_t, c_j)}{|V| + Z(c_j)}$$

Complexity: O(|V| \* |C| + |D| \* avg(feat/doc))