Algorithm Template

AQP

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2 DATASTRUCTURE 3

};

size_t size_;
int** min_;
int** max_;

1 Dynamic programming

2 DataStructure

2.1 SparseTable

```
2.2
                                                         Treap
struct SparseTable {
                                                    struct Treap { // 树堆
public:
  SparseTable(int* data, int n) {
                                                      struct Node {
    int size_ = n;
                                                        Node(int x): v(x) { ch[0] = ch[1] = NULL;}
                                                        r = rand(); s = 1;
    min = (int**)malloc(sizeof(int*)*size );
    max_ = (int**)malloc(sizeof(int*)*size_);
    for(int i = 0; i < size_; ++i) {</pre>
                                                        int cmp(int x) const {
      min_[i] = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*(int
                                                          if(x == v) return -1;
      )ceil(log(size_)));
                                                          return x < v ? 0 : 1;
      max_[i] = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*(int
      )ceil(log(size_)));
      min_[i][0] = data[i];
                                                        void Maintain() {
                                                        // for rank tree
      max_[i][0] = data[i];
                                                          s = 1;
    for(int j = 1; (1<<j) <= size_; ++j)</pre>
                                                          if(ch[0] != NULL) s += ch[0]->s;
      for(int i = 0; i + (1<<j) - 1 < size_;
                                                          if(ch[1] != NULL) s += ch[1]->s;
      ++i) {
        \min_{[i][j]} = std::\min(\min_{[i][j-1]},
                                                        Node *ch[2];
                                                                          // 左右子树
        \min_{i} [i + (1 << (j-1))][j-1]);
        \max_{[i][j]} = std::\max(\max_{[i][j-1]},
                                                        int r;
        \max_{i} [i + (1 << (j-1))][j-1]);
                                                        // 优先级, r 越大优先级越高
      }
                                                        int v;
  }
                                                        int s:
                                                        // for rank tree, 表示以此节点为根的子树的节点数
                                                      };
  ~SparseTable() {
    for(int i = 0; i < size_; ++i) {</pre>
      free(min_[i]);
                                                      void Rotate(Node* &o, int d) {
                                                      // 引用 o 表示可以上 o 指向别的地址
      free(max_[i]);
    }
                                                        Node* k = o \rightarrow ch[d^1];
    free(min_);
                                                        // d 为 O 或 1, d~1 表示 1-d
    free(max_);
                                                        o->ch[d^1] = k->ch[d];
                                                        k->ch[d] = o;
                                                                          // for rank tree
                                                        o->Maintain();
  int Query(int 1, int r) {
                                                        k->Maintain();
    int k = 0;
                                                        o = k;
    while((1 << (k+1)) <= r-l+1) ++k;
                                                      }
    //return min(min_[l][k], min_[r-(1<< k)+1][k]);
                                                      void Insert(Node* &o, int x) {
    return max(max_[1][k], max_[r-(1<<k)+1][k
                                                        if(o == NULL) {
    ]) - min(min_[1][k], min_[r-(1<<k)+1][k
                                                          o = new Node(x);
    ]);
                                                        else {
                                                          int d = o -> cmp(x);
                                                          Insert(o->ch[d], x);
private:
```

```
if(o->ch[d]->r > o->r) Rotate(o, d^1);
   }
 }
 void Remove(Node* &o, int x) {
   int d = o \rightarrow cmp(x);
    if(d == -1) {
      if(o->ch[0] == NULL) o = o->ch[1];
      else if(o->ch[1] == NULL) o = o->ch[0];
      else {
        d = (o->ch[0]->r > o->ch[1]->r ? 1 :
        0);
        Rotate(o, d);
        Remove(o->ch[d], x);
    }
    else {
      Remove(o->ch[d], x);
    }
 }
  int Find(Node *o, int x) {
    while(o != NULL) {
      int d = o \rightarrow cmp(x);
      if(d == -1) return 1;
      else o == o->ch[d];
    }
    return 0;
 }
};
```