# **TITLE PAGE**

Course: CS1073

Section: FR03B

Assignment number: 4

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#### Box.java:

```
/**
This class represents a box.
@author Zohaib Khan 3740572.
*/
public class Box {
   /**
   This is the length 1 of the box.
  private double 1;
   /**
   This is the width w of the box.
  private double w;
   /**
   This is the height h of the box.
  private double h;
   This is the constructor method to initialize the instance
   variables.
    @param 1 the length of the box.
   @param w the width of the box.
   @param h the height of the box.
   public Box (double 1, double w, double h) {
     this.1 = 1;
     this.w = w;
      this.h = h;
   }
   This method retrieves the length of the box.
   @return 1 the length of the box.
   public double getLength() {
     return 1;
   This method retrieves the width of the box.
   @return w the width of the box.
   * /
```

```
public double getWidth() {
     return w;
   }
   /**
   This method retrieves the height of the box.
   @return h the height of the box.
   public double getHeight() {
     return h;
   /**
   This method retrieves the volume of the box.
   @return the volume of the box.
   public double getVolume() {
      return 1 * w * h;
   }
   /**
   This method retrieves the surface area of the box.
   @return the surface area of the box.
   */
   public double getSurfaceArea() {
    return (2 * 1 * w) + (2 * 1 * h) + (2 * w * h);
}
```

## Tube.java:

```
/**
This class represents a tube.
@author Zohaib Khan 3740572.
*/
public class Tube {
   /**
    This is the radius r of the tube.
  private double r;
   /**
   This is the height h of the tube.
  private double h;
   /**
    This is the constructor method to initialize the instance
    variables.
    @param r the radius of the tube.
    @param h the height of the tube.
   public Tube (double r, double h) {
      this.r = r;
      this.h = h;
   }
   This method retrieves the radius r.
    @return r the radius of the tube.
   public double getRadius() {
     return r;
   }
    This method retrieves the height h.
   @return h the height of the tube.
   public double getHeight() {
      return h;
   }
   /**
   This method retrieves the volume of the tube.
    @return the volume of the tube.
   * /
```

```
public double getVolume() {
    return Math.PI * r * r * h;
}

/**
  This method retrieves the surface area of the tube.
  @return the surface area of the tube.
  */
public double getSurfaceArea() {
    return (2 * Math.PI * r * h) + (2 * Math.PI * r * r);
}
```

#### ContainerTest.java:

```
/**
This is a driver program for the Box and Tube classes.
@author Zohaib Khan 3740572.
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.text.NumberFormat;
public class ContainerTest {
   public static void main (String[] args) {
      NumberFormat formatter = NumberFormat.getNumberInstance();
      formatter.setMaximumFractionDigits(3);
      formatter.setMinimumFractionDigits(3);
      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
      int choice = 0;
      double largestBVolume = Double.NEGATIVE INFINITY;
      double largestTVolume = Double.NEGATIVE INFINITY;
      double smallestBArea = Double.POSITIVE INFINITY;
      double smallestTArea = Double.POSITIVE INFINITY;
      while (choice != 3) {
             System.out.println("\nWhat would you like to do?"
                                + "\n1 - Get info for a box"
                                + "\n2 - Get info for a tube"
                                + "\n3 - Quit");
             System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
             choice = sc.nextInt();
             if (choice == 1) {
                System.out.print("Length (in cm): ");
                                 double 1 = sc.nextDouble();
                 System.out.print("Width (in cm): ");
                                    double w = sc.nextDouble();
                 System.out.print("Height (in cm): ");
                                    double h = sc.nextDouble();
                 Box box = new Box (1, w, h);
                 System.out.println("The volume is: "
                                    + formatter.format(box.getVolume())
                                    + " cubic centimeters.");
```

```
+ formatter.format(box.getSurfaceArea())
                       + " square centimeters.");
          if (box.getVolume() > largestBVolume) {
             largestBVolume = box.getVolume();
          }
          if (box.getSurfaceArea() < smallestBArea) {</pre>
             smallestBArea = box.getSurfaceArea();
          }
     }
     else if (choice == 2) {
          System.out.print("Radius (in cm): ");
          double r = sc.nextDouble();
          System.out.print("Height (in cm): ");
          double h = sc.nextDouble();
          Tube tube = new Tube (r, h);
          System.out.println("The volume is: "
                             formatter.format(tube.getVolume())
                             + " cubic centimeters.");
          System.out.println("The surface area is: "
                      + formatter.format(tube.getSurfaceArea())
                      + " square centimeters.");
          if (tube.getVolume() > largestTVolume) {
             largestTVolume = tube.getVolume();
          }
          if (tube.getSurfaceArea() < smallestTArea) {</pre>
             smallestTArea = tube.getSurfaceArea();
 }
 else if (choice > 3 || choice < 1) {
    System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please choose from the
                         options provided.");
 }
if (largestTVolume > largestBVolume) {
    System.out.println("The container with the largest volume
                         is a tube."
                         + "\nThe volume is: "
                         + formatter.format(largestTVolume)
```

System.out.println("The surface area is: "

```
+ " cubic centimeters.");
    }
    else {
        System.out.println("The container with the largest volume
                              is a box."
                              + "\nThe volume is: "
                              + formatter.format(largestBVolume)
                              + " cubic centimeters.");
    }
    if (smallestBArea < smallestTArea) {</pre>
         System.out.println("The container with the smallest
                             surface area is a box."
                             + "\nThe surface area is: "
                             + formatter.format(smallestBArea)
                             + " square centimeters." );
    }
    else {
         System.out.println("The container with the smallest
                              surface area is a tube."
                              + "\nThe surface area is: "
                             + formatter.format(smallestTArea)
                              + " square centimeters.");
    }
}
```

#### Q10utput:

```
[zohaib@Zohaibs-MBP assign4 % java ContainerTest
What would you like to do?
1 - Get info for a box
2 - Get info for a tube
3 - Quit
Enter your choice: 1
Length (in cm): 4.5
Width (in cm): 6.0
Height (in cm): 13.3
The volume is: 359.100 cubic centimeters.
The surface area is: 333.300 square centimeters.
What would you like to do?
1 - Get info for a box
2 - Get info for a tube
3 - Quit
Enter your choice: 1
Length (in cm): 4.5
Width (in cm): 8.7
Height (in cm): 2.2
The volume is: 86.130 cubic centimeters.
The surface area is: 136.380 square centimeters.
What would you like to do?
1 - Get info for a box
2 - Get info for a tube
3 - Quit
Enter your choice: 2
Radius (in cm): 14.3
Height (in cm): 6.2
The volume is: 3,983.031 cubic centimeters.
The surface area is: 1,841.916 square centimeters.
What would you like to do?
1 - Get info for a box
2 - Get info for a tube
3 - Quit
Enter your choice: -6
Invalid choice. Please choose from the options provided.
What would you like to do?
1 - Get info for a box
2 - Get info for a tube
3 - Quit
Enter your choice: 3
The container with the largest volume is a tube.
The volume is: 3,983.031 cubic centimeters.
The container with the smallest surface area is a box.
The surface area is: 136.380 square centimeters.
```

## NumberSystem.java:

```
/**
This is a class for a number conversion system from Arabic to Mayan.
@author Zohaib Khan 3740572.
import java.util.Scanner;
public class NumberSystem {
   public static void main (String[] args) {
      Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
      System.out.print("Enter an arabic number: ");
      int userInput = sc.nextInt();
      String str = "";
      int remainder = 0;
      int quotient = 0;
      String final str = "";
      while (userInput < 0) {</pre>
         System.out.println("Invalid input. You must enter a non-
                             negative number.");
         System.out.print("Please enter another Arabic number now: ");
         userInput = sc.nextInt();
      int originalInput = userInput;
      while (userInput > 0) {
         remainder = userInput%20;
         quotient = (userInput - remainder ) / 20;
         while (remainder > 5) {
            str += " ";
            remainder = remainder - 5;
         }
         if (remainder == 0) {
            str += "U";
         }
         else if (remainder == 1) {
            str += "0";
         else if (remainder == 2) {
           str += "0 0";
         }
```

### Q2Output:

```
zohaib@Zohaibs-MBP assign4 % java NumberSystem
Enter an arabic number: 729
The Mayan output for 729 is:
0 0 0 0
zohaib@Zohaibs-MBP assign4 % 400
zsh: command not found: 400
zohaib@Zohaibs-MBP assign4 % java NumberSystem
Enter an arabic number: 729
The Mayan output for 729 is:
0
 _ _ 0
0000
zohaib@Zohaibs-MBP assign4 % java NumberSystem
Enter an arabic number: 400
The Mayan output for 400 is:
zohaib@Zohaibs-MBP assign4 % java NumberSystem
Enter an arabic number: -20
Invalid input. You must enter a non-negative number.
Please enter another Arabic number now: 416
The Mayan output for 416 is:
```