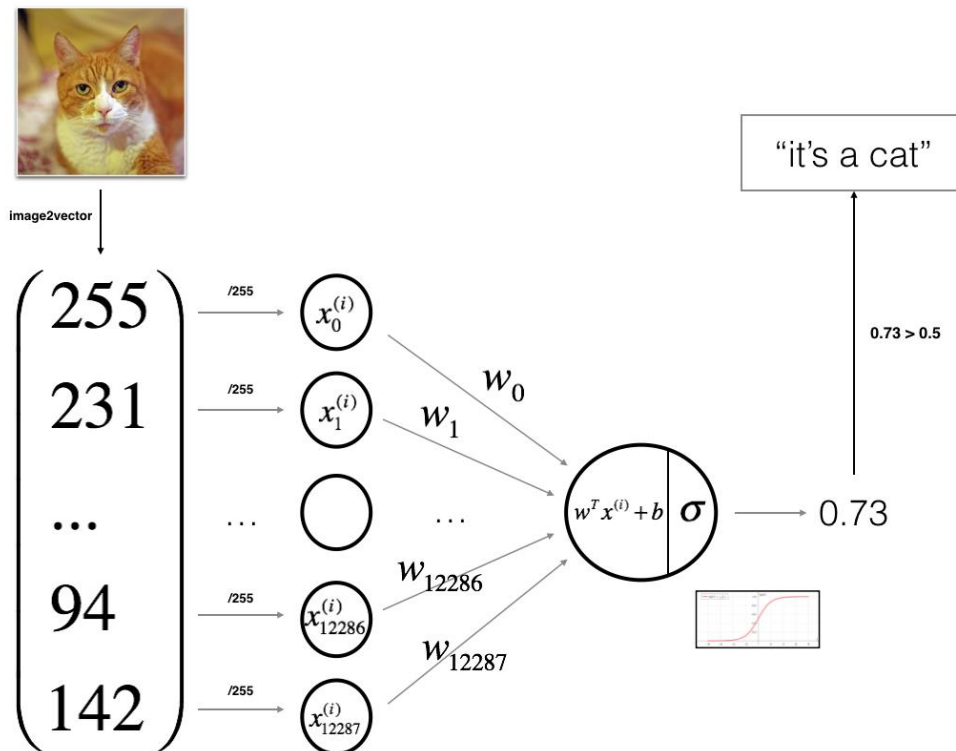


Logistic Regression model (with a Neural Network mindset) for week 3

The model:



The general methodology:

The main steps for building the model:

- 1) Define the model structure (such as number of input features)
- 2) Initialize the model's parameters
- 3) Loop:
 - Calculate current loss (forward propagation)
 - Calculate current gradient (backward propagation)
 - Update parameters (gradient descent)

Helper functions compute steps 1-3, and then merged into one function (called *model*)

Mathematical expression of the algorithm:

Forward propagation:

For one training example $x^{(i)}$:

$$\begin{aligned} z^{(i)} &= w^T x^{(i)} + b \\ \hat{y}^{(i)} &= a^{(i)} = \sigma(z^{(i)}) \\ L(a^{(i)}, y^{(i)}) &= -y^{(i)} \log(a^{(i)}) - (1 - y^{(i)}) \log(1 - a^{(i)}) \end{aligned}$$

The cost is computed by summing the loss $(L(a^{(i)}, y^{(i)}))$ over all training examples:

$$J = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m L(a^{(i)}, y^{(i)})$$

Backward propagation:

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w} = \frac{1}{m} X(A - Y)^T$$
$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial b} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (a^{(i)} - y^{(i)})$$

NOTE: $\frac{\partial J}{\partial Z} = A - Y$

Update parameters:

$$w := w - \text{training rate} * \frac{\partial J}{\partial w}$$
$$b := b - \text{training rate} * \frac{\partial J}{\partial b}$$

Predictions:

Calculate:

$$\hat{Y} = A = \sigma(w^T X + b)$$

Convert the entries of a into 0 (if activation ≤ 0.5) or 1 (if activation > 0.5):

$$y_{\text{prediction}} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{activation} > 0.5 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$