Q1 to Q12 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

Solutions to the Objectives 1 to 12 are highlighted In GREEN

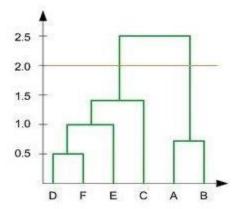
- 1. Which of the following is an application of clustering?
 - a. Biological network analysis
 - b. Market trend prediction
 - c. Topic modeling
 - d. All of the above
- 2. On which data type, we cannot perform cluster analysis?
 - a. Time series data
 - b. Text data
 - c. Multimedia data
 - d. None
- 3. Netflix's movie recommendation system uses
 - a. Supervised learning
 - b. Unsupervised learning
 - c. Reinforcement learning and Unsupervised learning
 - d. All of the above
- 4. The final output of Hierarchical clustering is
 - a. The number of cluster centroids
 - b. The tree representing how close the data points are to each other
 - c. A map defining the similar data points into individual groups
 - d. All of the above
- 5. Which of the step is not required for K-means clustering?
 - a. A distance metric
 - b. Initial number of clusters
 - c. Initial guess as to cluster centroids
 - d. None
- 6. Which is the following is wrong?
 - a. k-means clustering is a vector quantization method
 - b. k-means clustering tries to group n observations into k clusters
 - c. k-nearest neighbour is same as k-means
 - d. None
 - 7. Which of the following metrics, do we have for finding dissimilarity between two clusters in hierarchical clustering?
 - i. Single-link
 - ii. Complete-link
 - iii.Average-link

Options:

- a. 1 and 2
- b. 1 and 3
- c. 2 and 3
- d. 1, 2 and 3
- 8. Which of the following are true?
 - i. Clustering analysis is negatively affected by multicollinearity of features
 - ii. Clustering analysis is negatively affected by heteroscedasticity Options:
 - a. 1 only
 - b. 2 only
 - c. 1 and 2

d. None of them	MACHINE LEARNING	

9. In the figure above, if you draw a horizontal line on y-axis for y=2. What will be the number of clusters formed?



- a. 2
- b. 4
- c. 3
- d. 5
- 10. For which of the following tasks might clustering be a suitable approach?
- a. Given sales data from a large number of products in a supermarket, estimate future sales for each of these products.
- b. Given a database of information about your users, automatically group them into different market segments.
- c. Predicting whether stock price of a company will increase tomorrow.
- d. Given historical weather records, predict if tomorrow's weather will be sunny or rainy.
- 11. Given, six points with the following attributes:

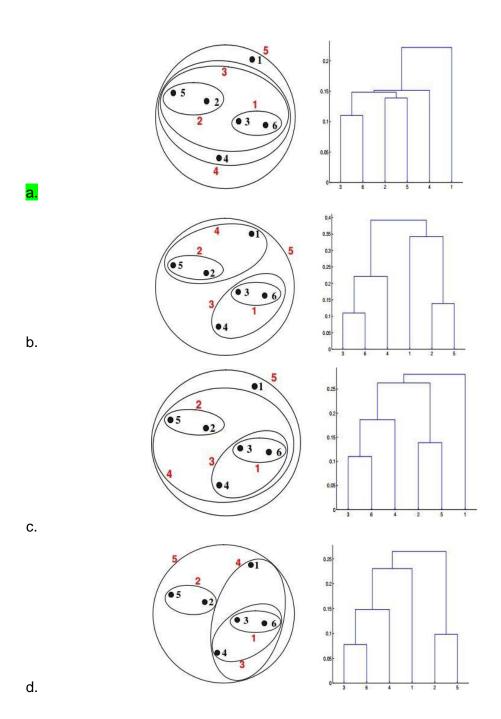
point	x coordinate	y coordinate 0.5306 0.3854 0.3156 0.1875	
p1	0.4005		
p2	0.2148		
р3	0.3457		
p4	0.2652		
p5	0.0789	0.4139	
р6	0.4548	0.3022	

Table: X-Y coordinates of six points.

	p1	p2	p3	p4	p5	p6
p1	0.0000	0.2357	0.2218	0.3688	0.3421	0.2347
p2	0.2357	0.0000	0.1483	0.2042	0.1388	0.2540
р3	0.2218	0.1483	0.0000	0.1513	0.2843	0.1100
p4	0.3688	0.2042	0.1513	0.0000	0.2932	0.2216
p5	0.3421	0.1388	0.2843	0.2932	0.0000	0.3921
р6	0.2347	0.2540	0.1100	0.2216	0.3921	0.0000

Table : Distance Matrix for Six Points

Which of the following clustering representations and dendrogram depicts the use of MIN or Single link proximity function in hierarchical clustering:



12. Given, six points with the following attributes:

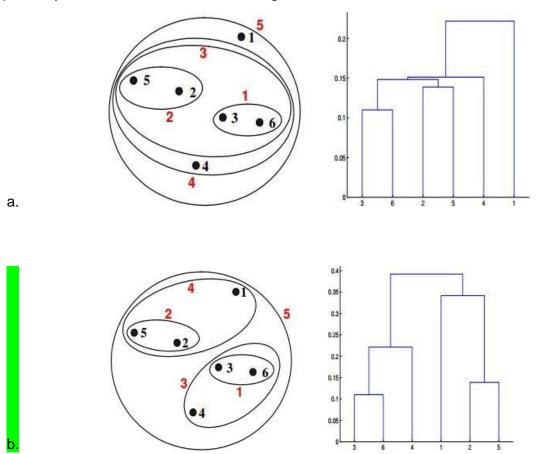
point	x coordinate	y coordinate 0.5306 0.3854 0.3156 0.1875 0.4139	
p1	0.4005		
p2	0.2148		
р3	0.3457		
p4	0.2652		
p5	0.0789		
р6	0.4548	0.3022	

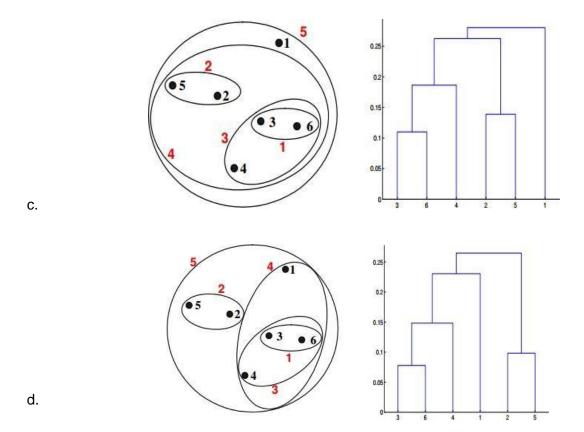
Table : X-Y coordinates of six points.

	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	p6
p1	0.0000	0.2357	0.2218	0.3688	0.3421	0.2347
p2	0.2357	0.0000	0.1483	0.2042	0.1388	0.2540
р3	0.2218	0.1483	0.0000	0.1513	0.2843	0.1100
p4	0.3688	0.2042	0.1513	0.0000	0.2932	0.2216
p_5	0.3421	0.1388	0.2843	0.2932	0.0000	0.3921
р6	0.2347	0.2540	0.1100	0.2216	0.3921	0.0000

Table : Distance Matrix for Six Points

Which of the following clustering representations and dendrogram depicts the use of MAX or Complete link proximity function in hierarchical clustering.





Q13 to Q14 are subjective answers type questions, Answers them in their own words briefly

13. What is the importance of clustering?

IMPORTANCE OF CLUSTERING

Clustering is a critical part of unsupervised learning technique that allows one to discover patterns or relationships concealed between data points based on the regular features in the data.

- a. Having clustering methods helps in restarting the local search procedure and remove the inefficiency.
- b. It helps in understanding the natural grouping in a dataset. The aim is to extract meaning in partitioning the data into some group of logical groupings
- c. Its critical in applications like marketing economic research and weblogs to identify similarity measures, image processing and spatial research
- d. It's used in outlier detections to detect credit card fraudulence.
- 14. How can I improve my clustering performance?

OPTIMIZATION OF CLUSTERING EFFICIENCY

Two major ways to improve clustering performance are:

- a. Feature Selection
- b. Extraction