

Motivation

- Zero-Shot Learning for Adaptability:** Leveraging LLMs as **zero-shot** learners to enable adaptive and informed **decision-making** in **multi-agent** systems for supply chain optimization without prior training or specific examples.
- Interpretable and Explainable Decisions:** Enhancing trust and reliability by utilizing **chain-of-thought** reasoning to deliver **interpretable** and **explainable** solutions for **inventory management**.
- Dynamic Demand Management:** Demonstrating the efficiency of multi-agent systems for supply chain optimization by adapting dynamically to **varying demand scenarios**, minimizing costs, and avoiding stockouts.

Sources

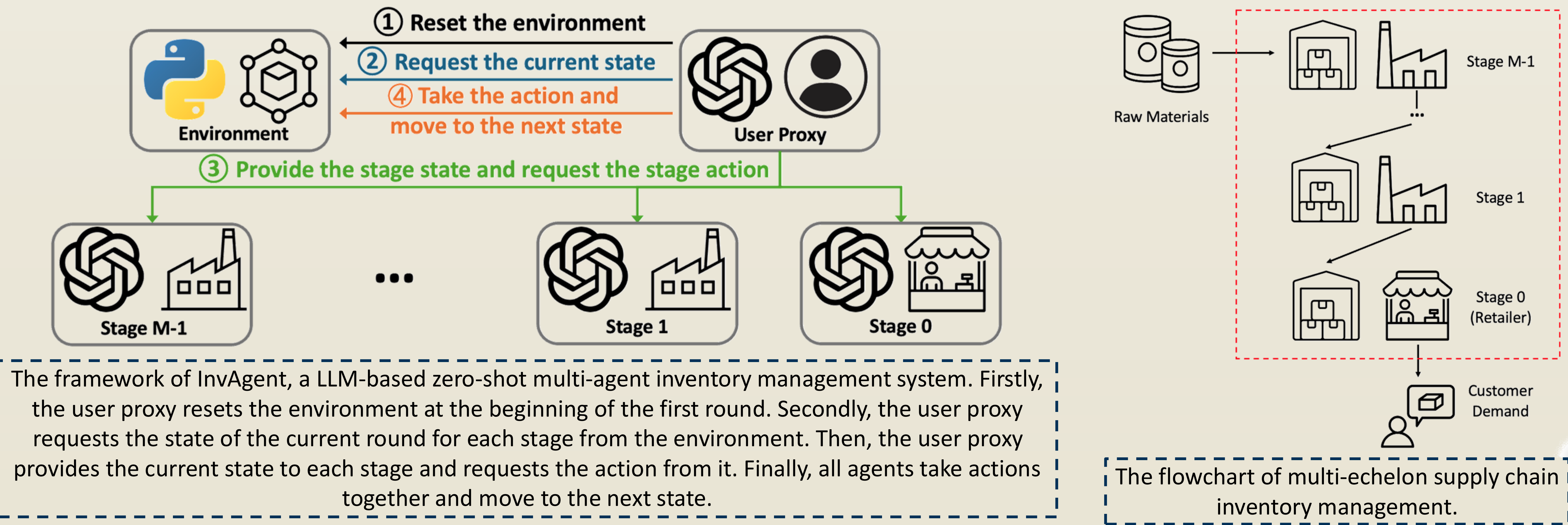


PAPER



CODE

InvAgent: How Does It Work?



How Does Prompts work in InvAgent?

Prompt:

Now this is the round {Period}, and you are at the stage {Stage} of {Number of Stages} in the supply chain. Given your current state: {State Description}

{Demand Description} {Downstream Order Description} What is your action (order quantity) for this round?

{Strategy Description}

Please state your reason in 1-2 sentences first and then provide your action as a non-negative integer within brackets (e.g. [0]).

- State Description:** Provide a detailed snapshot of the current status of the supply chain stage. This includes information about inventory levels, backlog (current and upstream), recent sales, and incoming deliveries.
- Demand Description:** Outline the expected customer demand at the retailer (stage 1). Scenarios can include constant, variable, seasonal, or normally distributed demand.
- Downstream Order Description:** Specify the order placed by the downstream stage to the current stage.
- Strategy Description:** Provide guidelines and principles for decision-making, such as aligning orders with expected downstream demand plus backlog and considering lead times.

Results

Model	Constant	Variable	Larger	Seasonal	Normal
Base-Stock	-296.00 (0.00)	-523.69 (49.15)	-392.21 (111.79)	-274.29 (40.75)	-322.44 (99.59)
Tracking-Demand	-360.00 (0.00)	-412.41 (41.76)	-265.07 (99.67)	-421.90 (55.18)	-232.20 (75.45)
IPPO	-132.17 (40.17)	-389.55 (40.28)	-202.39 (92.96)	-126.73 (183.63)	-102.90 (64.68)
MAPPO	-129.81 (16.02)	-391.53 (34.09)	-106.79 (109.86)	-99.39 (126.09)	-41.98 (75.22)
InvAgent (w/o strategy)	-156.00 (0.00)	-336.60 (43.24)	-350.20 (149.57)	-488.00 (114.82)	-172.60 (104.70)
InvAgent (w/ strategy)	-200.00 (0.00)	-377.60 (53.50)	-357.60 (50.04)	-420.60 (225.42)	-192.40 (98.51)

Key Findings

- ✓ InvAgent excels in variable demand scenarios, achieving top performance without prior training.
- ✓ Outperforms heuristics and rivals RL models by minimizing costs and stockouts with explainable and stable decision-making.
- ✓ Human-crafted strategies improve performance in complex demand scenarios like seasonal patterns.

