

# Python/Healpy Tutorial

<http://github.com/zonca/healpytut/>

## Preparation

Carver:

```
module load python
module load cmbdev
```

Your laptop

install Entough Python Distribution for Win/Mac [http://www.enthought.com/products/epd\\_free.php](http://www.enthought.com/products/epd_free.php)

## Components

- Ipython: Interactive shell
- Numpy: Array math
- Matplotlib: Plotting
- Scipy: Advanced scientific tools [FFT, spline, signal processing]
- Healpy: Healpix for python

## Overview

- Basic types
- Arrays
- Plotting
- Code organization: modules,packages
- Healpy

## Setup environment

```
.ipython/ipythonrc pdb 1, autocall 2
get help on function by calling: healpy.nside2npix?
```

## Basic types

### Lists

```
52
53 test_list = []
54 test_list.append(9)
55 print(test_list)

[9]

56
57 test_list.append("quite a long string")
58 test_list.append([1, 3, 4])
59 test_list.append(10)
60 print(test_list)

[9, 'quite a long string', [1, 3, 4], 10]
```

```

60
61 #Replace
62 test_list[2] = 1
63 print(test_list)

```

```
[9, 'quite a long string', 1, 10]
```

```

64
65 #Slicing
66 print(test_list[:2])

```

```
[9, 'quite a long string']
```

```
67 print(test_list[-1:])

```

```
[10]
```

first python **WARNING** Last element is excluded!!!

```
71 print(test_list[1:2])

```

```
['quite a long string']
```

this is C

```

76
77 for i in range(len(test_list)):
78     print(test_list[i])

```

```

9
quite a long string
1
10

```

this is Python

```

81
82 for element in test_list:
83     print(element)

```

```

9
quite a long string
1
10

```

## Tuple

Like lists but not mutable, used for string interpolation, return of functions

```

87 test_tuple = (3, 4)
88 print(test_tuple[0])

```

```
3
```

```

89
90 #test_tuple[0] = 2

```

## Dictionary

```

95
96 test_dict = {}
97
98 test_dict["LFI28M"] = 127.
99 test_dict["LFI28S"] = 12.
100
101 print(test_dict)

```

```
{'LFI28S': 12.0, 'LFI28M': 127.0}
```

```

102
103 print(test_dict["LFI28M"])
      127.0
107
108 for k,v in test_dict.iteritems(): #Dictionary is **NOT ORDERED**
109
110     print("Channel %s has value %.2f" % (k,v)) #C-style string formatting
111
112     Channel LFI28S has value 12.00
113     Channel LFI28M has value 127.00

```

## Strings

```

109
110 # type of quotes does not matter
111 test_string = "a quite long string"
112 test_string = 'a quite long string'
113
114 # multiline strings
115 test_string = """
116 This is a multiline
117 string,
118 keeps formatting"""
119
120 print(test_string)
121
122     This is a multiline
123     string,
124     keeps formatting
125
126 #strings interpolation
127
128 print("either using " + str(1.0) + " concatenation or interpolation for int %04d
129     , float %.2f, exp %.1e" % (3, 1/3., 2.3))
130
131     either using 1.0 concatenation or interpolation for int 0003, float 0.33, exp
132     2.3e+00

```

## Functions

```

133
134 def sum_diff(a, b, take_abs=False):
135     if take_abs:
136         return abs(a+b), abs(a-b)
137     else:
138         return a+b, a-b
139
140
141 a=2; b=3
142 absum, abdiff = sum_diff(a, b)
143 ab_sumdiff = sum_diff(a, b)
144
145 print(absum)
146
147     5
148
149 print(ab_sumdiff)

```

```
(5, -1)
```

## Integer division

second python **WARNING**

```
146 # 1/2 = 0 because they are integers
147 # 1./2 = .5 because 1. is float
148 # to avoid do at beginning of software
149 # from __future__ import division
```

## Arrays

```
156
157 import numpy as np
158 a = np.array([1, 4, 5])
159 print(a.dtype)
```

```
int32
```

```
159 a[0] = .9
160 print(a)
```

```
[0 4 5]
```

**Warning** type is integer

```
164
165 a = np.array([1, 4, 5], dtype=np.double)
166 a[0] = .9
167 print(a)
```

```
[ 0.9  4.   5. ]
```

```
167
168 #same slicing as lists
169 a = np.arange(20)
170 print(a[10:18:2]) #2 is the step
```

```
[10 12 14 16]
```

```
171
172 #2D same as IDL, shape is always a **tuple**
173 a = np.zeros((3, 4))
174 a[1, 3] = 2
175 print(a)
```

```
[[ 0.  0.  0.  0.]
 [ 0.  0.  0.  2.]
 [ 0.  0.  0.  0.]]
```

```
176
177 #array itself is an object, so it has methods associated
178 print(a.mean())
```

```
0.166666666667
```

```
179 print(a.std())
```

```
0.552770798393
```

```
180 print(a.flatten())
```

```
[ 0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  2.  0.  0.  0.  0.]
```

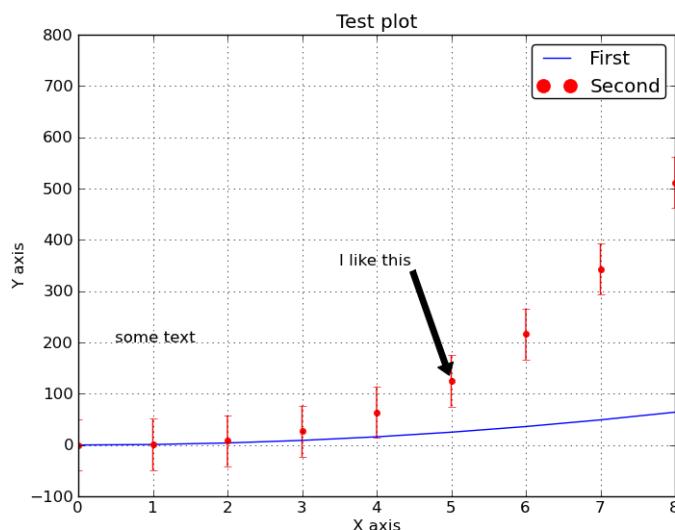
## Plotting

### Interactively with ipython -pylab

```

188
189 from pylab import *
190 plot(arange(10), arange(10)**2, label='First')
191 errorbar(arange(10), arange(10)**3, 50., None, 'r.', markersize=10, label=
192     'Second')
193 annotate('I like this', xy=(5, 125), xytext=(3.5, 350),
194         arrowprops=dict(facecolor='black', shrink=0.05),
195         )
196 text(0.5, 200, 'some text')
197 grid()
198 legend(loc=0)
199 xlabel('X axis'); ylabel('Y axis')
200 xlim([0, 8])
201 title('Test plot')
202 savefig('plot.png')
203 show()

```



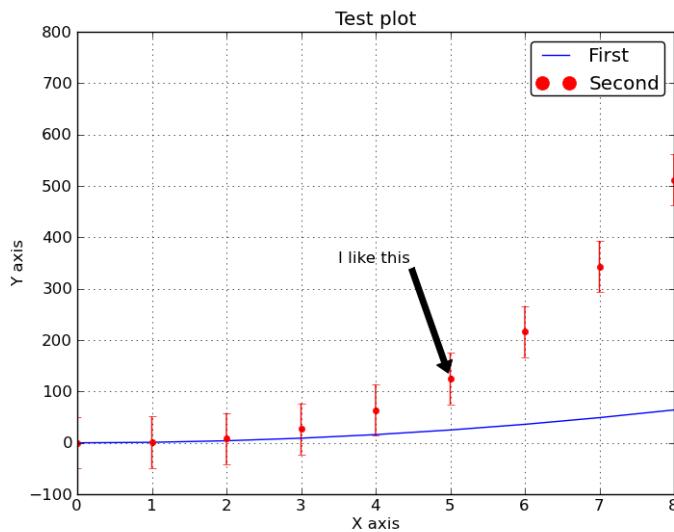
## In software

### USE NAMESPACES

```

208
209 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
210 import numpy as np
211 plt.figure()
212 plt.plot(np.arange(10), np.arange(10)**2, label='First')
213 plt.errorbar(np.arange(10), np.arange(10)**3, 50., None, 'r.', markersize=10,
214     label='Second')
215 plt.annotate('I like this', xy=(5, 125), xytext=(3.5, 350),
216         arrowprops=dict(facecolor='black', shrink=0.05),
217         )
218 plt.grid()
219 plt.legend(loc=0)
220 plt.xlabel('X axis'); plt.ylabel('Y axis')
221 plt.xlim([0, 8])
222 plt.title('Test plot')
223 plt.savefig('plot.png')
224 show()

```



no namespaces?

```
225 title = "My title"
226 title ("Other title")
```

**Error:**

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/home/zonca/p/software/pyreport/pyreport/main.py", line 180, in executeblock
    exec block_text in self.namespace
  File "<string>", line 3, in <module>
TypeError: 'str' object is not callable
```

## Code organization

### Modules

```
233
234 # Modules are just .py files containing functions, simplest library
235 # usually they can be imported in other scripts or executed
236
237 if __name__ == '__main__':
238     print('Executing this just if directly called as python this_script.py')
239
240 #example
241 import healpy
242 print(healpy.pixelfunc)
```

```
<module 'healpy.pixelfunc' from '/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/healpy
/pixelfunc.pyc'>
```

```
243 print(healpy.pixelfunc.nside2npix)
<function nside2npix at 0xb11f4fc>
```

### Packages

collection of modules in a folder with an `__init__.py` file which defines what is imported on the main level

```
250
251 # for example:
252
253 import healpy
```

```
254 print (healpy)
<module 'healpy' from '/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/healpy/__init__.pyc'>
255 print (healpy.nside2npix)
```

<function nside2npix at 0xb11f4fc>

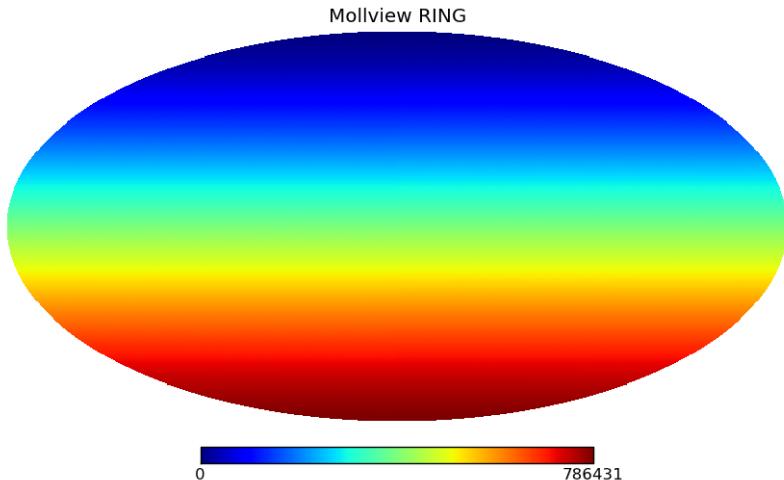
Best practice Start with a single module and then split into several modules importing in `__init__.py` the most important functions and classes, *NOT* internal functions.

## Healpy

in background calling C++ Healpix for most transforms

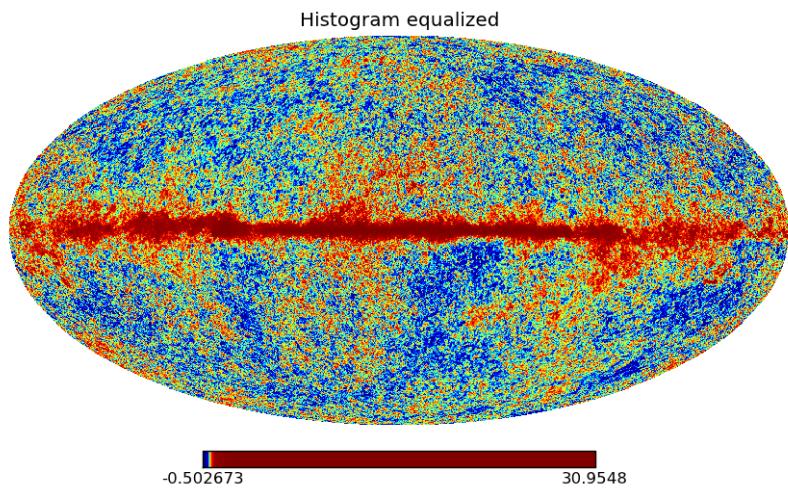
healpy by default works in RING

```
266
267 import healpy
268
269 m = np.arange(healpy.nside2npix(256))
270 healpy.mollview(m, min=0, max=m.max(), title='Mollview RING', nest=False)
271 show()
```



[http://lambda.gsfc.nasa.gov/data/map/dr4/skymaps/7yr/raw/wmap\\_band\\_imap\\_r9\\_7yr\\_W\\_v4.fits](http://lambda.gsfc.nasa.gov/data/map/dr4/skymaps/7yr/raw/wmap_band_imap_r9_7yr_W_v4.fits)

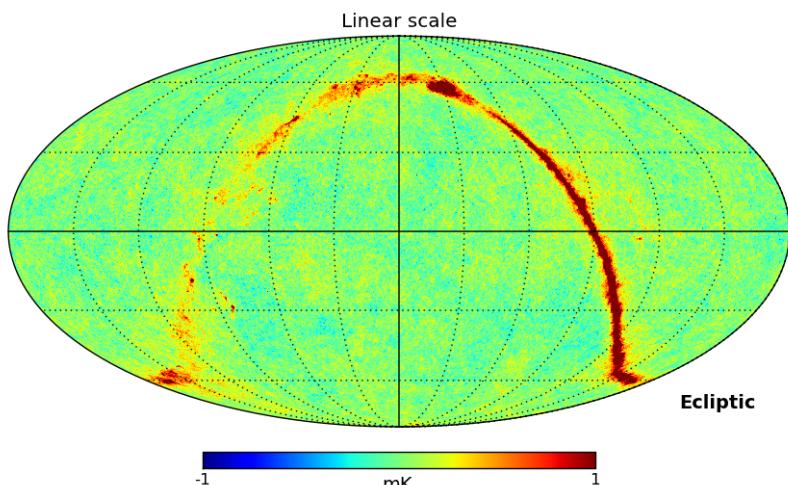
```
274
275 filename = 'wmap_band_imap_r9_7yr_W_v4.fits'
276 #filename = '/global/scratch/sd/planck/user/zonca/healpytut/
277   wmap_band_imap_r9_7yr_W_v4.fits'
278 m = healpy.read_map(filename) #by default converts to RING!!
279
280 healpy.mollview(m, title='Histogram equalized', nest=False, norm='hist')
281 show()
```



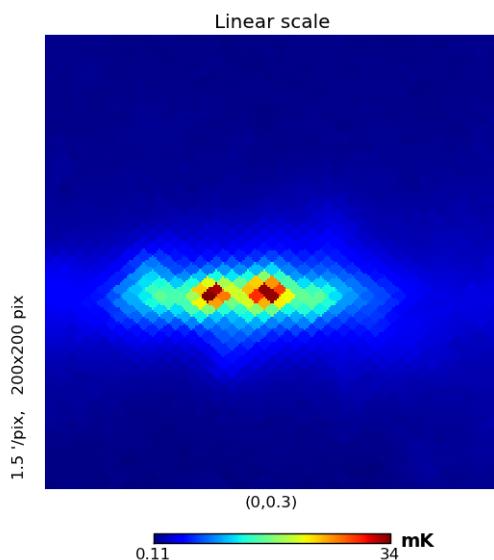
```
280 m = healpy.read_map(filename, nest=True) #keeps nested  
281  
282 healpy.mollview(m, coord=['G', 'E'], title='Linear scale', unit='mK', nest=True,  
min=-1,max=1, xsize=2000) #xsize increases resolution  
283  
284 healpy.graticule()
```

0.0 180.0 -180.0 180.0  
The interval between parallels is 30 deg -0.00'.  
The interval between meridians is 30 deg -0.00'.

```
282 show()
```



```
284  
285 healpy.gnomview(m, rot=[0,0.3], title='Linear scale', unit='mK', format='%.2g',  
nest=True)  
286 show()
```



```
288
289 print(healpy.fit_dipole(m, gal_cut=20)) # degrees
      (0.01858625016436204, array([-0.00071935,  0.00231184,  0.00520954]))
```

## Smoothing

```
292
293 m_smoothed = healpy.smoothing(m, fwhm=60, arcmin=True)
294 healpy.mollview(m_smoothed, min=-1, max=1, title='Map smoothed 1 deg')
```

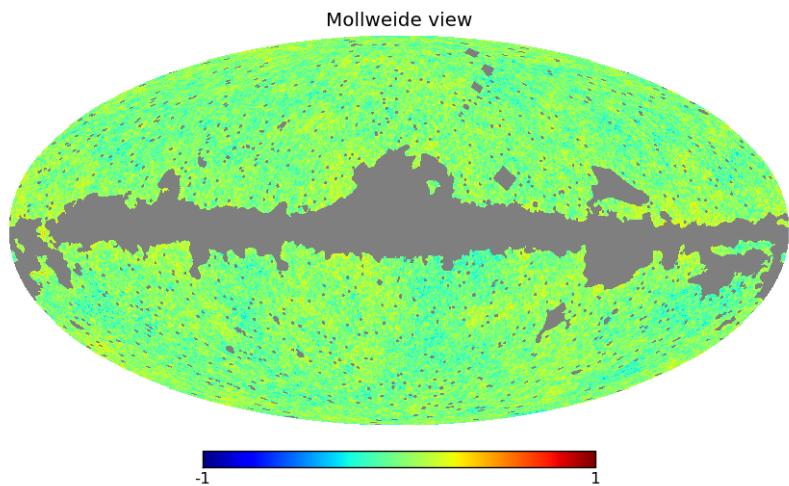
## Rotator

```
298
299 rot = healpy.Rotator(coord=['G', 'E'])
300 theta_gal, phi_gal = np.pi/2., 0.
301 theta_ecl, phi_ecl = rot(theta_gal, phi_gal)
302 print(theta_ecl, phi_ecl)
      (1.6674228671489519, -1.625964003063237)
```

## Masking

[http://lambda.gsfc.nasa.gov/data/map/dr4/ancillary/masks/wmap\\_temperature\\_analysis\\_mask\\_r9\\_7yr\\_v4.fits](http://lambda.gsfc.nasa.gov/data/map/dr4/ancillary/masks/wmap_temperature_analysis_mask_r9_7yr_v4.fits)

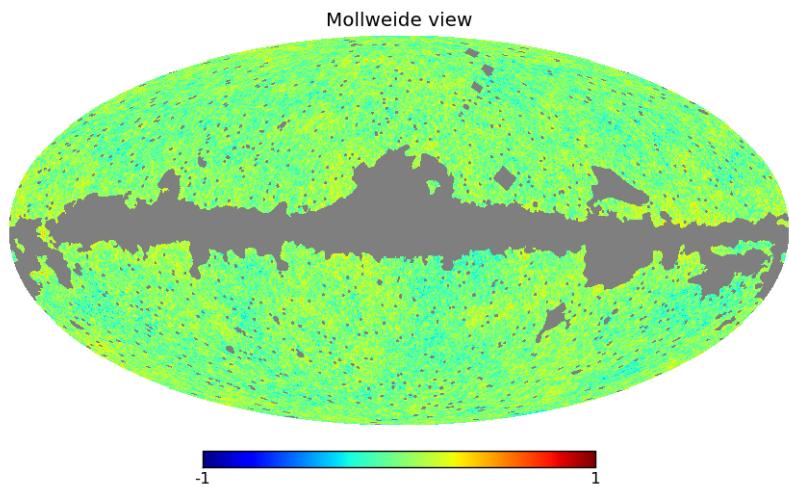
```
307
308 mask_filename = 'wmap_band_imap_r9_7yr_W_v4.fits'
309 #mask_filename = '/global/scratch/sd/planck/user/zonca/healpytut/
310     wmap_band_imap_r9_7yr_W_v4.fits'
311 mask = healpy.read_map(mask_filename).astype(np.bool)
312 m = healpy.read_map(filename)
313
314 #method 1: multiply arrays
315 m_masked = m.copy()
316 m_masked[np.logical_not(mask)] = healpy.UNSEEN
317 healpy.mollview(m_masked, min=-1, max=1)
318 show()
```



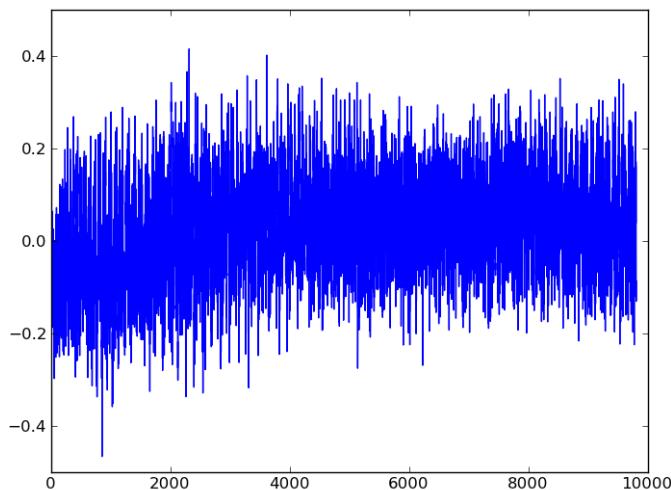
```
318
319 #method 2: numpy masked arrays
320 m_masked = healpy.ma(m)
321 print(m_masked)

[-0.12779275 -0.08507241  0.08297058 ...,  0.0255827  0.09494673
 0.03039758]

322 m_masked.mask = np.logical_not(mask)
323 healpy.mollview(m_masked.filled(), min=-1, max=1)
324 show()
```



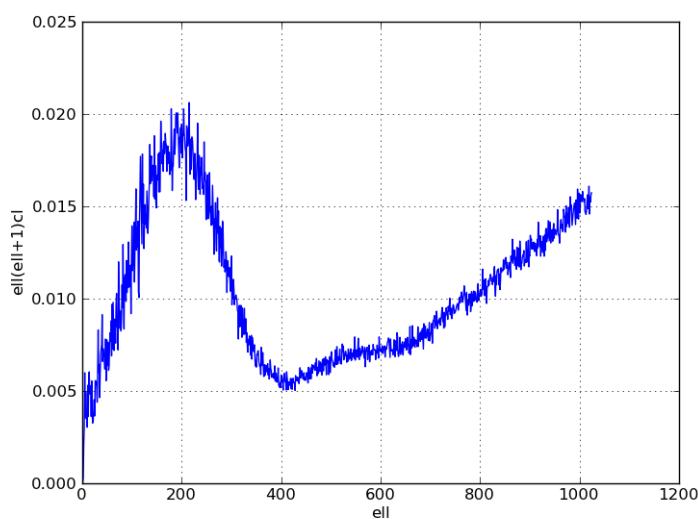
```
325 figure()
326 plot(m_masked[:10000].compressed())
327 show()
```



```
329
330 healpy.write_map('wmap_masked.fits', m_masked.filled(), coord='G')
Overwriting existing file 'wmap_masked.fits'.
```

## Spectra

```
334
335 cl = healpy.anafast(m_masked.filled(), lmax=1024)
336 ell = np.arange(len(cl))
337 plt.figure()
338 plt.plot(ell, ell * (ell+1) * cl)
339 plt.xlabel('ell'); plt.ylabel('ell*(ell+1)*cl'); plt.grid()
340 show()
```



```
341
342 healpy.write_cl('cl.fits', cl)
Overwriting existing file 'cl.fits'.
```

```
344
345 from glob import glob #bash like file pattern matching
346
347 print(glob('*.fits'))
```

```
[ 'wmap_masked.fits', 'wmap_band_imap_r9_7yr_W_v4.fits', 'cl.fits', '  
wmap_temperature_analysis_mask_r9_7yr_v4.fits' ]
```