# Project

March 9, 2020

```
[6]: import torch
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     import torchvision
     import scipy.io as scio
     import cv2 # version: 3.4.2
     import numpy as np
     from PIL import Image
     from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
     from collections import defaultdict
     import warnings
     warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
     np.random.seed(7)
     device = None
     if torch.cuda.device_count() == 0:
         device = torch.device('cpu')
     else:
         device = torch.device('cuda')
     print('Use device ', device)
```

Use device cuda

```
TRAIN_PATH='./train_32x32.mat'
TEST_PATH='./test_32x32.mat'
EXTRA_PATH='./extra_32x32.mat'

def loadData(path):
    res = scio.loadmat(path)
    return res['X'], res['y']
Xtr, Ytr = loadData(TRAIN_PATH)
Xte, Yte = loadData(TEST_PATH)
Xex, Yex = loadData(EXTRA_PATH)
print(Xtr.shape)
```

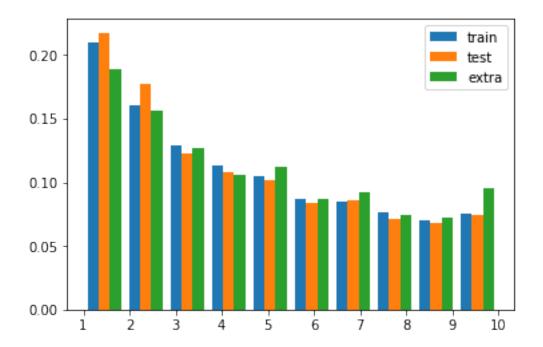
(32, 32, 3, 73257)

## 0.1 Data analysis

## 0.1.1 Class distribution

Train set: 73257 Test set: 26032, Extra: 531131

# [19]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f6fe1e88390>

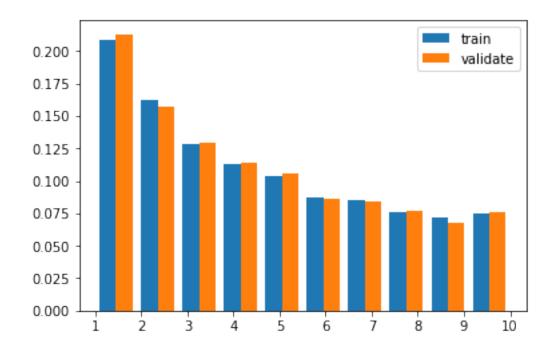


## 0.1.2 data preprocess

- 1. shuffle training set
- 2. split original training set into training and validation set: 7:3
- 3. grey image and RBG image z-score normalize

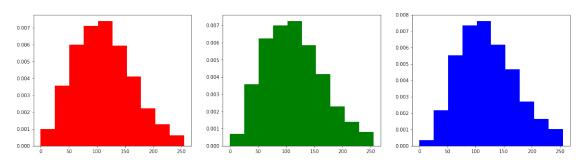
```
[3]: indice = np.random.permutation(len(Ytr))
valSize = int(len(Ytr) * 0.3)
finalX, finalY = Xtr, Ytr
Xtr, Ytr = Xtr[:,:,:,indice], Ytr[indice]
Xva, Yva = Xtr[:,:,:,valSize], Ytr[:valSize]
Xtr, Ytr = Xtr[:,:,:,valSize:], Ytr[valSize:]
```

Train set: 51280 Val set: 21977 (32, 32, 3, 51280)



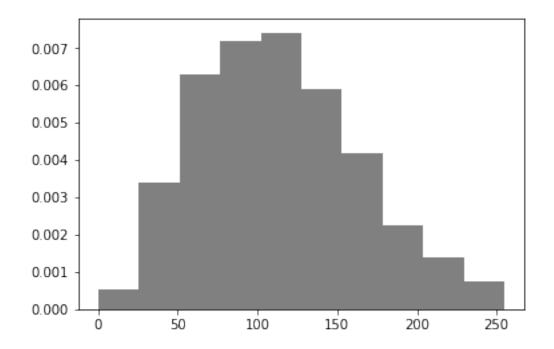
```
[21]: # data distribution by channel
def describeData(batch, **kwargs):
    batch = batch.flatten()
    m = batch.mean()
    s = batch.std()
    print("mean: {:.4f} std: {:.4f}".format(m, s))
    plt.hist(batch, density=True, **kwargs)
    return m, s
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
plt.subplot(131)
stat_red = describeData(Xtr[:,:,0], color='red')
plt.subplot(132)
stat_green = describeData(Xtr[:,:,1], color='green')
plt.subplot(133)
stat_blue = describeData(Xtr[:,:,2], color='blue')
```

mean: 111.4888 std: 50.5229 mean: 113.0466 std: 51.2343 mean: 120.4928 std: 50.2066



(51280, 32, 32)

mean: 113.4298 std: 50.2126



```
[23]: images_origin = []
for i in range(1, 11):
    idx = np.where(Ytr==i)[0][0]
    images_origin.append(grey_images[idx])
images_to_show = np.hstack(images_origin)
plt.figure()
plt.imshow(images_to_show,cmap='gray',interpolation='none')
plt.xticks([]); plt.yticks([])
```

[23]: ([], <a list of 0 Text yticklabel objects>)



#### 0.2 Handcraft Feature

```
[5]: # Feature extractor
def extract_features(image_array):
    '''image_array: numpy array(RBG)'''
    gray = cv2.cvtColor(image_array, cv2.COLOR_RGB2GRAY)
    sift = cv2.xfeatures2d.SIFT_create()
    keypoints, descriptor = sift.detectAndCompute(gray, None)
    return descriptor

print(extract_features(Xtr[:,:,:,0]).shape)
```

(7, 128)

## 0.3 Convolutional Network

```
[4]: import torchvision.transforms as transforms
    class SVHN(torch.utils.data.Dataset):
    def __init__(self, X, Y, transform=None):
        super(SVHN, self).__init__()
        X = np.transpose(X, (3, 2, 0, 1)) # [b, c, h, w]
        self.X = X
        self.Y = np.reshape(Y, (-1,))
        np.place(self.Y, self.Y == 10, 0)
        if transform is None:
            self.transform = transforms.ToTensor()
        else:
            self.transform = transform
        def __getitem__(self, idx):
```

```
x = Image.fromarray(np.transpose(self.X[idx], (1,2,0)))
        x = self.transform(x)
        return x, int(self.Y[idx])
    def __len__(self):
        return len(self.X)
class ConvNet(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, ncls=10, input_dim=3):
        super(ConvNet, self).__init__()
        self.ncls=ncls
        self.input_dim=input_dim
        self.model = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(input_dim, 6, 5), # 32*32 --> 28 * 28
            nn.ReLU(), nn.MaxPool2d(2),
            nn.Conv2d(6, 16, 5), # 14*14 --> 10 * 10
            nn.ReLU(), nn.MaxPool2d(2),
            nn.Flatten(),
            nn.Linear(16*5*5, 120), nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Linear(120, 84), nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Linear(84, ncls)
        )
    def forward(self, x):
        return self.model(x)
    dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(valSet, batch_size=batch_size,_
```

```
[5]: def test(model, valSet, batch_size=512, return_pred=False):
      ⇒shuffle=False, num_workers=4)
         model.train(False)
         correct = 0
         total = 0
         loss = 0
         if return_pred:
             preds = []
         for x, y in dataloader:
             total += len(y)
             x = x.to(device)
             y = y.to(device)
             output = model(x)
             loss += F.cross_entropy(output, y, reduction='sum').item()
             pred_y = torch.argmax(output,1)
             correct += torch.sum(pred_y == y).item()
             if return_pred:
                 preds.append(pred_y.cpu().numpy())
         if return_pred:
             preds = np.hstack(preds)
```

```
return correct/total, loss/total, preds
    return correct / total, loss/total
def train(epoch, model, trainSet, valSet, optimizer, batch size = 100, __
 →report_epoch=20, scheduler = None):
    dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainSet, batch size=batch size,
⇒shuffle=True, num workers=4)
    model.train()
    status = defaultdict(list)
    for e in range(epoch):
        for step, (x, y) in enumerate(dataloader):
            x = x.to(device)
            y = y.to(device)
            out = model(x)
            loss = F.cross_entropy(out, y)
            model.zero_grad()
            loss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
        if scheduler is not None:
            scheduler.step()
        if e % report_epoch == 0:
            accTr, lossTr = test(model, trainSet)
            accVa, lossVa = test(model, valSet)
            print('Epoch {}: accTr: {:.4f}, lossTr: {:.4f}, accVa: {:.4f}, __
\hookrightarrowlossVa: {:.4f}'\
                  .format(e, accTr, lossTr, accVa, lossVa))
            status['accTr'].append(accTr)
            status['lossTr'].append(lossTr)
            status['accVa'].append(accVa)
            status['lossVa'].append(lossVa)
            status['epoch'].append(e)
    return model, status
def plotStatus(stat, l=''):
    plt.subplot(1,2,1)
    plt.plot(stat['epoch'], stat['accTr'], label='train_'+1)
    plt.xlabel('nEpoch')
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
    plt.subplot(1,2,2)
    plt.plot(stat['epoch'], stat['lossTr'], label='train_'+1)
    plt.xlabel('nEpoch')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.subplot(1,2,1)
    plt.plot(stat['epoch'], stat['accVa'], label='val_'+1)
    plt.legend()
```

```
plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plt.plot(stat['epoch'], stat['lossVa'], label='val_'+1)
plt.legend()
```

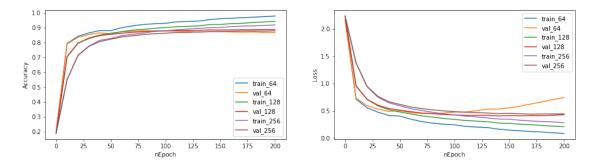
```
[26]: EPOCH=200
LEARNING_RATE = 0.0001
BATCH_SIZE=128
```

#### 0.3.1 Batch size

```
[57]: bsize = [64, 128, 256]
    transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.Grayscale(), transforms.ToTensor()])
    trainset = SVHN(Xtr, Ytr, transform)
    valset = SVHN(Xva, Yva, transform)
    status = []
    for b in bsize:
        net = ConvNet(input_dim=1).to(device)
        opt = torch.optim.Adam(net.parameters(),lr=LEARNING_RATE)
        _, a = train(EPOCH+1, net, trainset, valset, opt, b)
        status.append(a)
```

```
Epoch 0: accTr: 0.1964, lossTr: 2.1624, accVa: 0.1993, lossVa: 2.1605
Epoch 10: accTr: 0.7937, lossTr: 0.7131, accVa: 0.7901, lossVa: 0.7301
Epoch 20: accTr: 0.8425, lossTr: 0.5540, accVa: 0.8349, lossVa: 0.5914
Epoch 30: accTr: 0.8647, lossTr: 0.4728, accVa: 0.8538, lossVa: 0.5281
Epoch 40: accTr: 0.8811, lossTr: 0.4110, accVa: 0.8656, lossVa: 0.4877
Epoch 50: accTr: 0.8804, lossTr: 0.4019, accVa: 0.8591, lossVa: 0.4992
Epoch 60: accTr: 0.9001, lossTr: 0.3443, accVa: 0.8728, lossVa: 0.4653
Epoch 70: accTr: 0.9125, lossTr: 0.3003, accVa: 0.8766, lossVa: 0.4499
Epoch 80: accTr: 0.9219, lossTr: 0.2713, accVa: 0.8790, lossVa: 0.4477
Epoch 90: accTr: 0.9265, lossTr: 0.2519, accVa: 0.8786, lossVa: 0.4550
Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9298, lossTr: 0.2402, accVa: 0.8768, lossVa: 0.4746
Epoch 110: accTr: 0.9392, lossTr: 0.2102, accVa: 0.8777, lossVa: 0.4760
Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9420, lossTr: 0.2000, accVa: 0.8752, lossVa: 0.5003
Epoch 130: accTr: 0.9442, lossTr: 0.1903, accVa: 0.8697, lossVa: 0.5282
Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9541, lossTr: 0.1612, accVa: 0.8743, lossVa: 0.5304
Epoch 150: accTr: 0.9607, lossTr: 0.1432, accVa: 0.8741, lossVa: 0.5529
Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9637, lossTr: 0.1304, accVa: 0.8711, lossVa: 0.5836
Epoch 170: accTr: 0.9676, lossTr: 0.1176, accVa: 0.8698, lossVa: 0.6235
Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9706, lossTr: 0.1086, accVa: 0.8716, lossVa: 0.6610
Epoch 190: accTr: 0.9745, lossTr: 0.0936, accVa: 0.8680, lossVa: 0.7042
Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9785, lossTr: 0.0823, accVa: 0.8673, lossVa: 0.7399
Epoch 0: accTr: 0.1881, lossTr: 2.2361, accVa: 0.1917, lossVa: 2.2336
Epoch 10: accTr: 0.7026, lossTr: 0.9577, accVa: 0.7054, lossVa: 0.9517
Epoch 20: accTr: 0.7961, lossTr: 0.7090, accVa: 0.7963, lossVa: 0.7108
Epoch 30: accTr: 0.8307, lossTr: 0.5882, accVa: 0.8275, lossVa: 0.6004
```

```
Epoch 40: accTr: 0.8509, lossTr: 0.5178, accVa: 0.8472, lossVa: 0.5403
     Epoch 50: accTr: 0.8622, lossTr: 0.4762, accVa: 0.8555, lossVa: 0.5087
     Epoch 60: accTr: 0.8737, lossTr: 0.4401, accVa: 0.8628, lossVa: 0.4819
     Epoch 70: accTr: 0.8837, lossTr: 0.4047, accVa: 0.8695, lossVa: 0.4563
     Epoch 80: accTr: 0.8890, lossTr: 0.3834, accVa: 0.8730, lossVa: 0.4445
     Epoch 90: accTr: 0.8953, lossTr: 0.3582, accVa: 0.8777, lossVa: 0.4300
     Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9012, lossTr: 0.3391, accVa: 0.8795, lossVa: 0.4215
     Epoch 110: accTr: 0.9062, lossTr: 0.3199, accVa: 0.8806, lossVa: 0.4148
     Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9093, lossTr: 0.3080, accVa: 0.8811, lossVa: 0.4145
     Epoch 130: accTr: 0.9118, lossTr: 0.2978, accVa: 0.8822, lossVa: 0.4162
     Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9210, lossTr: 0.2726, accVa: 0.8852, lossVa: 0.4037
     Epoch 150: accTr: 0.9213, lossTr: 0.2669, accVa: 0.8843, lossVa: 0.4109
     Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9277, lossTr: 0.2519, accVa: 0.8854, lossVa: 0.4056
     Epoch 170: accTr: 0.9295, lossTr: 0.2437, accVa: 0.8860, lossVa: 0.4114
     Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9349, lossTr: 0.2273, accVa: 0.8863, lossVa: 0.4097
     Epoch 190: accTr: 0.9388, lossTr: 0.2159, accVa: 0.8870, lossVa: 0.4158
     Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9427, lossTr: 0.2047, accVa: 0.8860, lossVa: 0.4254
     Epoch 0: accTr: 0.1881, lossTr: 2.2376, accVa: 0.1917, lossVa: 2.2358
     Epoch 10: accTr: 0.5496, lossTr: 1.3783, accVa: 0.5504, lossVa: 1.3767
     Epoch 20: accTr: 0.7145, lossTr: 0.9413, accVa: 0.7128, lossVa: 0.9479
     Epoch 30: accTr: 0.7763, lossTr: 0.7471, accVa: 0.7747, lossVa: 0.7634
     Epoch 40: accTr: 0.8148, lossTr: 0.6443, accVa: 0.8072, lossVa: 0.6642
     Epoch 50: accTr: 0.8282, lossTr: 0.5897, accVa: 0.8226, lossVa: 0.6148
     Epoch 60: accTr: 0.8467, lossTr: 0.5379, accVa: 0.8377, lossVa: 0.5687
     Epoch 70: accTr: 0.8555, lossTr: 0.5016, accVa: 0.8458, lossVa: 0.5379
     Epoch 80: accTr: 0.8646, lossTr: 0.4711, accVa: 0.8538, lossVa: 0.5153
     Epoch 90: accTr: 0.8745, lossTr: 0.4420, accVa: 0.8597, lossVa: 0.4971
     Epoch 100: accTr: 0.8790, lossTr: 0.4203, accVa: 0.8625, lossVa: 0.4827
     Epoch 110: accTr: 0.8864, lossTr: 0.4002, accVa: 0.8683, lossVa: 0.4728
     Epoch 120: accTr: 0.8903, lossTr: 0.3842, accVa: 0.8686, lossVa: 0.4650
     Epoch 130: accTr: 0.8953, lossTr: 0.3669, accVa: 0.8711, lossVa: 0.4571
     Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9010, lossTr: 0.3476, accVa: 0.8737, lossVa: 0.4459
     Epoch 150: accTr: 0.9013, lossTr: 0.3434, accVa: 0.8732, lossVa: 0.4509
     Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9077, lossTr: 0.3248, accVa: 0.8759, lossVa: 0.4430
     Epoch 170: accTr: 0.9105, lossTr: 0.3102, accVa: 0.8778, lossVa: 0.4364
     Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9126, lossTr: 0.3025, accVa: 0.8777, lossVa: 0.4401
     Epoch 190: accTr: 0.9143, lossTr: 0.2941, accVa: 0.8771, lossVa: 0.4404
     Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9190, lossTr: 0.2807, accVa: 0.8791, lossVa: 0.4406
[61]: batchSize_status = status
      plt.figure(figsize=(16,4))
      for b, stat in zip(bsize, batchSize_status):
          plotStatus(stat, str(b))
```



choose batch\_size=128

## 0.3.2 Learning rate

```
[66]: lrates = [0.001,0.0005, 0.0001]
  transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.Grayscale(), transforms.ToTensor()])
  trainset = SVHN(Xtr, Ytr, transform)
  valset = SVHN(Xva, Yva, transform)
  status = []
  for lr in lrates:
    net = ConvNet(input_dim=1).to(device)
    opt = torch.optim.Adam(net.parameters(),lr=lr)
    _, a = train(EPOCH+1, net, trainset, valset, opt, BATCH_SIZE)
    status.append(a)
```

```
Epoch 0: accTr: 0.6104, lossTr: 1.2116, accVa: 0.6120, lossVa: 1.2067
Epoch 20: accTr: 0.9323, lossTr: 0.2275, accVa: 0.8918, lossVa: 0.3877
Epoch 40: accTr: 0.9639, lossTr: 0.1172, accVa: 0.8866, lossVa: 0.5153
Epoch 60: accTr: 0.9811, lossTr: 0.0576, accVa: 0.8832, lossVa: 0.7548
Epoch 80: accTr: 0.9879, lossTr: 0.0363, accVa: 0.8811, lossVa: 0.9806
Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9931, lossTr: 0.0221, accVa: 0.8786, lossVa: 1.2107
Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9954, lossTr: 0.0147, accVa: 0.8785, lossVa: 1.3987
Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9948, lossTr: 0.0155, accVa: 0.8805, lossVa: 1.5421
Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9955, lossTr: 0.0142, accVa: 0.8773, lossVa: 1.6608
Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9942, lossTr: 0.0178, accVa: 0.8789, lossVa: 1.7543
Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9735, lossTr: 0.0950, accVa: 0.8659, lossVa: 1.8075
Epoch 0: accTr: 0.3587, lossTr: 1.8620, accVa: 0.3586, lossVa: 1.8578
Epoch 20: accTr: 0.8881, lossTr: 0.3719, accVa: 0.8696, lossVa: 0.4366
Epoch 40: accTr: 0.9245, lossTr: 0.2511, accVa: 0.8812, lossVa: 0.4177
Epoch 60: accTr: 0.9510, lossTr: 0.1644, accVa: 0.8826, lossVa: 0.4782
Epoch 80: accTr: 0.9610, lossTr: 0.1230, accVa: 0.8723, lossVa: 0.6318
Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9771, lossTr: 0.0743, accVa: 0.8743, lossVa: 0.7800
Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9854, lossTr: 0.0457, accVa: 0.8709, lossVa: 0.9805
Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9908, lossTr: 0.0304, accVa: 0.8683, lossVa: 1.1746
Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9968, lossTr: 0.0142, accVa: 0.8669, lossVa: 1.3361
Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9969, lossTr: 0.0124, accVa: 0.8685, lossVa: 1.5193
```

```
Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9990, lossTr: 0.0056, accVa: 0.8689, lossVa: 1.6440
     Epoch 0: accTr: 0.1881, lossTr: 2.2264, accVa: 0.1917, lossVa: 2.2245
     Epoch 20: accTr: 0.8065, lossTr: 0.6648, accVa: 0.7986, lossVa: 0.6851
     Epoch 40: accTr: 0.8571, lossTr: 0.5041, accVa: 0.8451, lossVa: 0.5439
     Epoch 60: accTr: 0.8800, lossTr: 0.4247, accVa: 0.8632, lossVa: 0.4877
     Epoch 80: accTr: 0.8928, lossTr: 0.3736, accVa: 0.8710, lossVa: 0.4639
     Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9059, lossTr: 0.3280, accVa: 0.8757, lossVa: 0.4488
     Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9150, lossTr: 0.2934, accVa: 0.8776, lossVa: 0.4440
     Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9225, lossTr: 0.2661, accVa: 0.8787, lossVa: 0.4471
     Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9335, lossTr: 0.2321, accVa: 0.8807, lossVa: 0.4545
     Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9389, lossTr: 0.2099, accVa: 0.8796, lossVa: 0.4688
     Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9488, lossTr: 0.1819, accVa: 0.8792, lossVa: 0.4875
[70]: net = ConvNet(input_dim=1).to(device)
      opt = torch.optim.Adam(net.parameters(),lr=0.001)
      scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.ExponentialLR(opt, 0.95)
      net, a = train(EPOCH+1, net, trainset, valset, opt, BATCH_SIZE, __
       ⇒scheduler=scheduler)
```

Epoch 0: accTr: 0.6338, lossTr: 1.1491, accVa: 0.6390, lossVa: 1.1477

Epoch 20: accTr: 0.9140, lossTr: 0.2881, accVa: 0.8819, lossVa: 0.4098

Epoch 40: accTr: 0.9378, lossTr: 0.2184, accVa: 0.8858, lossVa: 0.4112

Epoch 60: accTr: 0.9459, lossTr: 0.1963, accVa: 0.8867, lossVa: 0.4226

Epoch 80: accTr: 0.9480, lossTr: 0.1891, accVa: 0.8858, lossVa: 0.4289

Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9486, lossTr: 0.1868, accVa: 0.8859, lossVa: 0.4320

Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9488, lossTr: 0.1860, accVa: 0.8858, lossVa: 0.4322

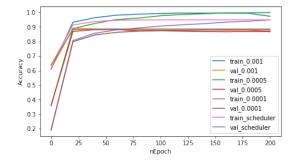
Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9489, lossTr: 0.1857, accVa: 0.8858, lossVa: 0.4327

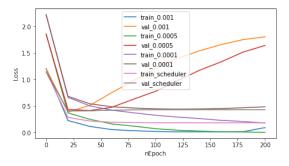
Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9489, lossTr: 0.1856, accVa: 0.8858, lossVa: 0.4328

Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9489, lossTr: 0.1856, accVa: 0.8858, lossVa: 0.4329

Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9489, lossTr: 0.1856, accVa: 0.8858, lossVa: 0.4329

```
[73]: LR_status = status
    plt.figure(figsize=(16,4))
    for 1, stat in zip(lrates, LR_status):
        plotStatus(stat, str(1))
    scheduler_status = a
    plotStatus(scheduler_status, 'scheduler')
```





choose lr=0.001 and exponential lr scheduler alpha=0.95

#### 0.3.3 Normalization

```
Epoch 0: accTr: 0.7917, lossTr: 0.7056, accVa: 0.7894, lossVa: 0.7228

Epoch 20: accTr: 0.9574, lossTr: 0.1532, accVa: 0.8907, lossVa: 0.4301

Epoch 40: accTr: 0.9818, lossTr: 0.0759, accVa: 0.8871, lossVa: 0.5799

Epoch 60: accTr: 0.9889, lossTr: 0.0525, accVa: 0.8837, lossVa: 0.6834

Epoch 80: accTr: 0.9912, lossTr: 0.0447, accVa: 0.8824, lossVa: 0.7317

Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9920, lossTr: 0.0419, accVa: 0.8819, lossVa: 0.7514

Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9922, lossTr: 0.0410, accVa: 0.8821, lossVa: 0.7589

Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9923, lossTr: 0.0406, accVa: 0.8820, lossVa: 0.7616

Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9924, lossTr: 0.0405, accVa: 0.8821, lossVa: 0.7627

Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9924, lossTr: 0.0405, accVa: 0.8821, lossVa: 0.7630
```

normalization doesn't provide much improvement

#### 0.3.4 Color information

```
Epoch 0: accTr: 0.6998, lossTr: 0.9899, accVa: 0.6956, lossVa: 0.9968

Epoch 20: accTr: 0.9235, lossTr: 0.2570, accVa: 0.8813, lossVa: 0.4155

Epoch 40: accTr: 0.9465, lossTr: 0.1884, accVa: 0.8835, lossVa: 0.4417

Epoch 60: accTr: 0.9551, lossTr: 0.1651, accVa: 0.8823, lossVa: 0.4604

Epoch 80: accTr: 0.9569, lossTr: 0.1578, accVa: 0.8819, lossVa: 0.4728

Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9579, lossTr: 0.1547, accVa: 0.8824, lossVa: 0.4763

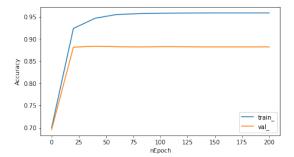
Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9582, lossTr: 0.1538, accVa: 0.8823, lossVa: 0.4781

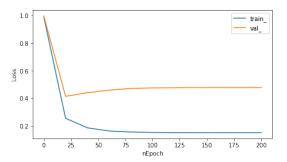
Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9584, lossTr: 0.1535, accVa: 0.8819, lossVa: 0.4788

Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9585, lossTr: 0.1534, accVa: 0.8819, lossVa: 0.4789
```

```
Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9584, lossTr: 0.1533, accVa: 0.8819, lossVa: 0.4790 Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9584, lossTr: 0.1533, accVa: 0.8820, lossVa: 0.4790
```

```
[31]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,4)) plotStatus(status1)
```





## 0.3.5 Dropout

```
[50]: class ConvNetDropout(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, ncls=10, input_dim=3):
              super(ConvNetDropout, self).__init__()
              self.ncls=ncls
              self.input_dim=input_dim
              self.model = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.Conv2d(input_dim, 6, 5), # 32*32 --> 28 * 28
                  nn.ReLU(), nn.MaxPool2d(2),
                  nn.Conv2d(6, 16, 5), # 14*14 --> 10 * 10
                  nn.ReLU(), nn.MaxPool2d(2),
                  nn.Flatten(),
                  nn.Linear(16*5*5, 120), nn.ReLU(),nn.Dropout(),
                  nn.Linear(120, 84), nn.ReLU(), nn.Dropout(),
                  nn.Linear(84, ncls)
              )
          def forward(self, x):
              return self.model(x)
```

```
[52]: transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.Grayscale(), transforms.ToTensor()])
    trainset = SVHN(Xtr, Ytr, transform)
    valset = SVHN(Xva, Yva, transform)
    net = ConvNetDropout(input_dim=1).to(device)
    opt = torch.optim.Adam(net.parameters(),lr=0.001)
    scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.ExponentialLR(opt, 0.95)
```

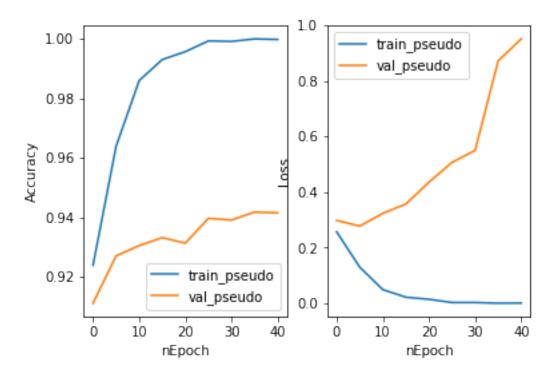
```
net_drop, a = train(201, net, trainset, valset, opt, BATCH_SIZE,__
       ⇒scheduler=scheduler)
     Epoch 0: accTr: 0.4042, lossTr: 1.7752, accVa: 0.4036, lossVa: 1.7818
     Epoch 20: accTr: 0.9259, lossTr: 0.2542, accVa: 0.8838, lossVa: 0.3981
     Epoch 40: accTr: 0.9461, lossTr: 0.1914, accVa: 0.8855, lossVa: 0.4272
     Epoch 60: accTr: 0.9550, lossTr: 0.1655, accVa: 0.8842, lossVa: 0.4408
     Epoch 80: accTr: 0.9576, lossTr: 0.1583, accVa: 0.8834, lossVa: 0.4504
     Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9584, lossTr: 0.1556, accVa: 0.8834, lossVa: 0.4538
     Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9586, lossTr: 0.1547, accVa: 0.8832, lossVa: 0.4552
     Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9588, lossTr: 0.1544, accVa: 0.8831, lossVa: 0.4555
     Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9588, lossTr: 0.1542, accVa: 0.8831, lossVa: 0.4557
     Epoch 180: accTr: 0.9588, lossTr: 0.1542, accVa: 0.8831, lossVa: 0.4557
     Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9588, lossTr: 0.1542, accVa: 0.8831, lossVa: 0.4557
     0.3.6 better architecture
 [7]: def get_resnet18():
          model ft = torchvision.models.resnet18(pretrained=True)
          model_ft.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1,_
       →bias=False)
          num_ftrs = model_ft.fc.in_features
          model_ft.fc = nn.Linear(num_ftrs, 10)
          model_ft = model_ft.to(device)
          return model ft
[17]: model_ft = get_resnet18()
      transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.ToTensor(),
                                     transforms.Normalize([0.485, 0.456, 0.406], [0.
      \rightarrow229, 0.224, 0.225])])
      trainset = SVHN(Xtr, Ytr, transform)
      valset = SVHN(Xva, Yva, transform)
      opt = torch.optim.Adam(model ft.parameters(),lr=0.001)
      scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.ExponentialLR(opt, 0.95)
      model ft, a = train(41, model ft, trainset, valset, opt, 128,
       ⇒scheduler=scheduler, report_epoch=5)
     Epoch 0: accTr: 0.9245, lossTr: 0.2558, accVa: 0.9108, lossVa: 0.2990
     Epoch 5: accTr: 0.9757, lossTr: 0.0934, accVa: 0.9329, lossVa: 0.2441
     Epoch 10: accTr: 0.9938, lossTr: 0.0225, accVa: 0.9377, lossVa: 0.2886
     Epoch 15: accTr: 0.9978, lossTr: 0.0081, accVa: 0.9387, lossVa: 0.3570
     Epoch 20: accTr: 0.9980, lossTr: 0.0069, accVa: 0.9382, lossVa: 0.4137
     Epoch 25: accTr: 0.9998, lossTr: 0.0008, accVa: 0.9419, lossVa: 0.4401
     Epoch 30: accTr: 0.9999, lossTr: 0.0001, accVa: 0.9443, lossVa: 0.5497
     Epoch 35: accTr: 1.0000, lossTr: 0.0000, accVa: 0.9438, lossVa: 0.6606
```

Epoch 40: accTr: 1.0000, lossTr: 0.0000, accVa: 0.9442, lossVa: 0.7420

#### 0.3.7 Semi-supervised learning

```
[8]: LEARNING RATE = 0.001
      MIN_LR = 1e-4
      EPOCH = 40
      update_params = {
          't1': 10, 't2': 60, 'af': 0.3, 'n_labels': 4000
 [9]: def unlabeled_weight(epoch, T1, T2, af):
          alpha = 0.0
          if epoch > T1:
              alpha = (epoch-T1) / (T2-T1)*af
              if epoch > T2:
                  alpha = af
          return alpha
[10]: def pseudo_label_train(epoch, model, trainSet, valSet, exSet, optimizer,
       ⇒scheduler = None, batch_size = 100, report_epoch=20):
          dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainSet, batch_size=batch_size,_u
       ⇒shuffle=True, num_workers=4)
          exloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(exSet, batch_size=2*batch_size,__
       ⇒shuffle=True, num_workers=4)
          model.train()
          status = defaultdict(list)
          exiter = iter(exloader)
          for e in range(epoch):
              for step, (x, y) in enumerate(dataloader):
                  x = x.to(device)
                  y = y.to(device)
                  out = model(x)
                  loss = F.cross_entropy(out, y)
                  try:
                      unlabeled, _ = next(exiter)
                  except StopIteration:
                      exiter = iter(exloader)
                      unlabeled, _ = next(exiter)
                  unlabeled = unlabeled.to(device)
                  out = model(unlabeled)
                  with torch.no_grad():
                      pseudo_labeled = out.max(1)[1]
                  w = unlabeled_weight(e, update_params['t1'], update_params['t2'],__
       →update_params['af'])
                  loss += w * F.cross_entropy(out, pseudo_labeled)
                  model.zero_grad()
                  loss.backward()
                  optimizer.step()
```

```
Epoch 0: accTr: 0.9239, lossTr: 0.2571, accVa: 0.9111, lossVa: 0.2981 Epoch 5: accTr: 0.9638, lossTr: 0.1299, accVa: 0.9270, lossVa: 0.2777 Epoch 10: accTr: 0.9859, lossTr: 0.0493, accVa: 0.9305, lossVa: 0.3235 Epoch 15: accTr: 0.9930, lossTr: 0.0220, accVa: 0.9332, lossVa: 0.3571 Epoch 20: accTr: 0.9956, lossTr: 0.0145, accVa: 0.9313, lossVa: 0.4357 Epoch 25: accTr: 0.9992, lossTr: 0.0029, accVa: 0.9397, lossVa: 0.5069 Epoch 30: accTr: 0.9991, lossTr: 0.0028, accVa: 0.9391, lossVa: 0.5502 Epoch 35: accTr: 0.9999, lossTr: 0.0004, accVa: 0.9418, lossVa: 0.8721 Epoch 40: accTr: 0.9997, lossTr: 0.0010, accVa: 0.9415, lossVa: 0.9509
```



# 1 model evaluation

## 1.1 simple model

```
[70]: transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.Grayscale(), transforms.ToTensor()])
    trainset = SVHN(finalX, finalY, transform)
    valset = SVHN(Xva, Yva, transform)
    net = ConvNet(input_dim=1).to(device)
    opt = torch.optim.Adam(net.parameters(),lr=0.001)
    scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.ExponentialLR(opt, 0.95)
    net1, a = train(201, net, trainset, valset, opt, BATCH_SIZE,□
    →scheduler=scheduler)
```

```
Epoch 0: accTr: 0.7175, lossTr: 0.9226, accVa: 0.7159, lossVa: 0.9262
Epoch 20: accTr: 0.9207, lossTr: 0.2715, accVa: 0.9206, lossVa: 0.2766
Epoch 40: accTr: 0.9393, lossTr: 0.2162, accVa: 0.9378, lossVa: 0.2203
Epoch 60: accTr: 0.9449, lossTr: 0.1981, accVa: 0.9440, lossVa: 0.2017
Epoch 80: accTr: 0.9473, lossTr: 0.1917, accVa: 0.9469, lossVa: 0.1951
Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9480, lossTr: 0.1896, accVa: 0.9477, lossVa: 0.1929
Epoch 120: accTr: 0.9481, lossTr: 0.1888, accVa: 0.9478, lossVa: 0.1920
Epoch 140: accTr: 0.9482, lossTr: 0.1885, accVa: 0.9478, lossVa: 0.1917
Epoch 160: accTr: 0.9483, lossTr: 0.1884, accVa: 0.9479, lossVa: 0.1916
Epoch 200: accTr: 0.9483, lossTr: 0.1884, accVa: 0.9479, lossVa: 0.1916
```

```
[71]: testset = SVHN(Xte, Yte, transform)
accuracy, _, preds = test(net1, testset, batch_size=512, return_pred=True)
print(accuracy)
```

0.884219422249539

# 1.2 Simple model with dropout

```
[73]: transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.Grayscale(), transforms.ToTensor()])
      trainset = SVHN(finalX, finalY, transform)
      valset = SVHN(Xva, Yva, transform)
      opt = torch.optim.Adam(net_drop.parameters(),lr=0.001)
      scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.ExponentialLR(opt, 0.95)
      net_drop, a = train(101, net_drop, trainset, valset, opt, BATCH_SIZE,_
       ⇒scheduler=scheduler)
     Epoch 0: accTr: 0.8819, lossTr: 0.3942, accVa: 0.8798, lossVa: 0.3989
     Epoch 20: accTr: 0.9650, lossTr: 0.1264, accVa: 0.9639, lossVa: 0.1264
     Epoch 40: accTr: 0.9812, lossTr: 0.0787, accVa: 0.9809, lossVa: 0.0771
     Epoch 60: accTr: 0.9860, lossTr: 0.0638, accVa: 0.9856, lossVa: 0.0619
     Epoch 80: accTr: 0.9878, lossTr: 0.0581, accVa: 0.9877, lossVa: 0.0562
     Epoch 100: accTr: 0.9884, lossTr: 0.0563, accVa: 0.9886, lossVa: 0.0542
[75]: accuracy_drop, _, preds_drop = test(net_drop, testset, batch_size=512,_
      →return_pred=True)
      print(accuracy_drop)
```

0.8725030731407498

# 1.3 resnet18

0.9442224953902889

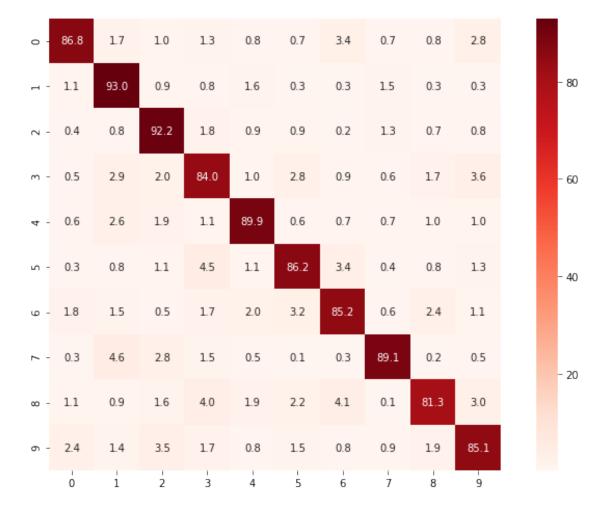
0.9405731407498463

## 1.4 result visualization

```
[21]: import seaborn as sns from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
```

```
[80]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
cm = confusion_matrix(y_true=Yte, y_pred=preds)
cm = cm.astype('float') / cm.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis] * 100.0
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, cmap='Reds', fmt='.1f', square=True)
```

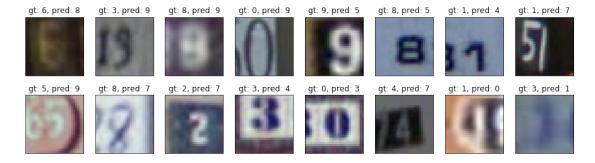
[80]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f6fe2b8d278>



```
[103]: mistake = np.where(Yte.flatten() != preds)[0][:19]
    print(mistake.shape)
    mistakeX = Xte[:,:,:,mistake]
    mistakeY = Yte[mistake]
    mistake_preds = preds[mistake]
```

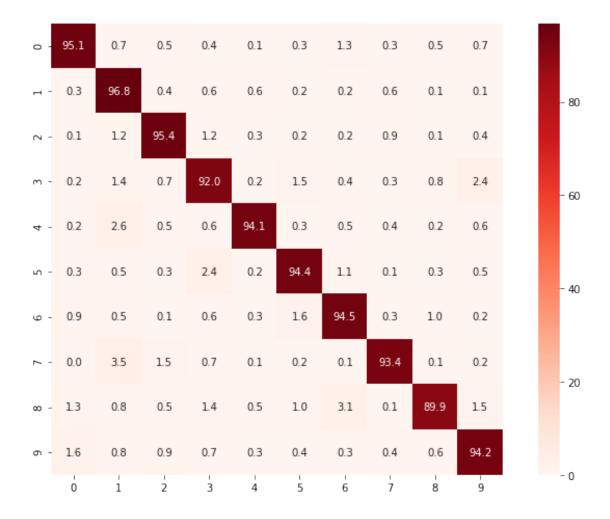
```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 8)
fig.set_size_inches((15,4))
for i, ax in enumerate(axes.flat):
   title = "gt: {}, pred: {}".format(mistakeY[i][0], mistake_preds[i])
   ax.imshow(mistakeX[:,:,:, i])
   ax.set_title(title)
   ax.set_xticks([])
   ax.set_yticks([])
```

(19,)



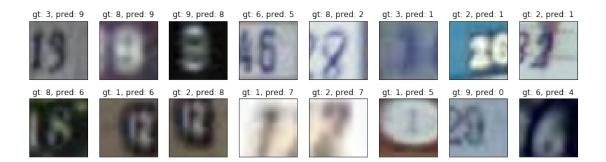
```
[22]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
    cm = confusion_matrix(y_true=Yte, y_pred=preds_res)
    cm = cm.astype('float') / cm.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis] * 100.0
    sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, cmap='Reds', fmt='.1f', square=True)
```

[22]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7feaae0f1128>



```
mistake = np.where(Yte.flatten() != preds_res)[0][:19]
print(mistake.shape)
mistakeX = Xte[:,:,:,mistake]
mistakeY = Yte[mistake]
mistake_preds = preds_res[mistake]
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 8)
fig.set_size_inches((15,4))
for i, ax in enumerate(axes.flat):
    title = "gt: {}, pred: {}".format(mistakeY[i][0], mistake_preds[i])
    ax.imshow(mistakeX[:,:,:, i])
    ax.set_title(title)
    ax.set_xticks([])
    ax.set_yticks([])
```

(19,)



# 2 Summary

- 1. Influence of batch size
- 2. Influence of learning rate
- 3. Influence of normalization
- 4. Influence of color information
- 5. Influence of dropout
- 6. Influence of auxiliary data without labels (semi-supervised learning)
- 7. Influence of better architecture

[]: