Correct
 Yes. As seen in lecture, the number of layers is counted as the number of hidden layers + 1. The input and output layers are not counted as hidden layers.
 During forward propagation, in the forward function for a layer *l* you need to know what is the activation function in a layer (Sigmoid, tanh, ReLU, etc.). During backpropagation, the corresponding backward function also needs to know what is the activation function for layer *l*, since the gradient depends on it. True/False?

 True
 False

Yes, as you've seen in the week 3 each activation has a different derivative. Thus, during backpropagation you need to know which activation was used in the forward propagation to be able to compute the correct derivative.

8. There are certain functions with the following properties:

(i) To compute the function using a shallow network circuit, you will need a large network (where we measure size by the

1 / 1 point

1 / 1 point

Correct

smaller network. True/False?

● True
False
✓ Correct

number of logic gates in the network), but (ii) To compute it using a deep network circuit, you need only an exponentially

 $x_{2}^{(i)}$   $x_{2}^{(i)}$   $x_{3}^{(i)}$   $x_{4}^{(i)}$   $x_{5}^{(i)}$   $x_{5}^{(i)}$ 

 $igwedge W^{[1]}$  will have shape (4, 4)

9. Consider the following 2 hidden layer neural network:

Yes. More generally, the shape of  $W^{[l]}$  is  $(n^{[l]}, n^{[l-1]})$ .  $b^{[1]}$  will have shape (4, 1)  $\checkmark$  Correct

Yes. More generally, the shape of  $b^{[l]}$  is  $(n^{[l]}, 1)$ .  $W^{[1]}$  will have shape (3, 4)  $b^{[1]}$  will have shape (3, 1)  $W^{[2]}$  will have shape (3, 4)

Correct Yes. More generally, the shape of  $W^{[l]}$  is  $(n^{[l]}, n^{[l-1]})$ .  $b^{[2]}$  will have shape (1, 1)

Yes. More generally, the shape of  $b^{[i]}$  is  $(n^{[i]},1)$ .  $W^{[3]}$  will have shape (1, 3)

Correct

Yes. More generally, the shape of  $W^{[l]}$  is  $(n^{[l]},n^{[l-1]})$ .  $b^{[3]}$  will have shape (3, 1)

matrix associated with layer l?  $W^{[l]} \text{ has shape } (n^{[l-1]}, n^{[l]})$   $W^{[l]} \text{ has shape } (n^{[l+1]}, n^{[l]})$   $W^{[l]} \text{ has shape } (n^{[l]}, n^{[l-1]})$   $W^{[l]} \text{ has shape } (n^{[l]}, n^{[l+1]})$ 

✓ Correct True

10. Whereas the previous question used a specific network, in the general case what is the dimension of W^{[l]}, the weight