

## 1 Fontsepc

### 1.1 normal font

Hello world

### 1.2 switch font

Use `\newfontfamily{cmd}{font}` to declare a new font family, and use `{\cmd text}` to switch font. Hello world

## 2 Unicodemath

### 2.1 Math font selection

$$\int x \, dx = \frac{x^2}{2} + C \tag{1}$$

$$\sum i = \frac{i(i+1)}{2} \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbb{R} = \mathcal{R} + \mathbf{R} \tag{3}$$

### 2.2 unicode input

Input can be unicode instead of  $\text{\LaTeX}$  command:

$$\mathbf{J} = \nabla \times \mathbf{H} \quad \mathbf{B} = \mu_0(\mathbf{M} + \mathbf{H})$$

$$\int_0^3 x^n \varphi_{12}(x) \, dx$$

### 2.3 unimath-erewhon

There are some predefined symbols in manual of **unimath-erewhon**, each command behaves slightly different in different math font:

- L: Latin Modern Math (latinmodern-math.otf)
- X: XITS Math (XITSMath-Regular.otf)
- S: STIX Math Two (STIXTwoMath-Regular.otf)
- P: TeX Gyre Pagella Math (texgyrepagella-math.otf)
- D: DejaVu Math TeX Gyre (texgyrejavu-math.otf)
- F: Fira Math (FiraMath-Regular.otf)
- N: NCM Math (NewCMMath-Book.otf)
- H: GFS Neohellenic Math (GFSNeohellenicMath.otf)

E: Erewhon Math (Erewhon-Math.otf)

C: XCharter Math (XCharter-Math.otf)

R: Concrete Math (Concrete-Math.otf)

Loading form, take “T<sub>E</sub>X Gyre Pagella” for an example, see below:

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{unicode-math}
\setmathfont{texgyrepagella-math.otf}
```

```
\begin{document}
\[
  \mscrG
\]
\end{document}
```

The output like:

$$\begin{array}{l} G\ell \\ K_j \end{array} \tag{4}$$