

# Physics 115A - Homework 9

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December 4, 2021

**Question 1.**

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Commutator distributive identity.

$$\begin{aligned}[AB, C] &= ABC - CAB \\ &= ABC - ACB + ACB - CAB \\ &= A(BC - CB) + (AC - CA)B \\ &= \boxed{A[B, C] + [A, C]B}\end{aligned}$$

Exponentiated position and momentum commutator.

$$\begin{aligned}[x^n, p] &= x^n p - p x^n \\ &= -x^n i\hbar \frac{d}{dx} + i\hbar \frac{d}{dx} x^n \\ &= -i\hbar x^n \frac{d}{dx} + i\hbar n x^{n-1} + i\hbar x^n \frac{d}{dx} \\ &= \boxed{i\hbar n x^{n-1}}\end{aligned}$$

Function and momentum commutator.

$$\begin{aligned}[f(x), p] &= f(x)p - pf(x) \\ &= -f(x)i\hbar \frac{d}{dx} + i\hbar \frac{d}{dx} f(x) \\ &= -i\hbar f(x) \frac{d}{dx} + i\hbar f'(x) + i\hbar f(x) \frac{d}{dx} \\ &= \boxed{i\hbar \frac{df}{dx}}\end{aligned}$$

**Question 2.**

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Uncertainty in position vs energy.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma_x \sigma_H &= \frac{1}{2i} |\langle [A, B] \rangle| \\
 &= \frac{1}{2i} |\langle [x, \frac{p^2}{2m} + V] \rangle| \\
 &= \frac{1}{2i} |\langle \frac{1}{2m} [x, p^2] + [x, V] \rangle| \\
 &= \frac{1}{2i} |\langle \frac{1}{2m} (xp^2 - p^2x) \rangle| \\
 &= \frac{1}{2i} |\langle \frac{1}{2m} ((xp - px)p + p(xp - px)) \rangle| \\
 &= \frac{1}{2i} |\langle \frac{1}{2m} (2i\hbar p) \rangle| \\
 &= \boxed{\frac{\hbar}{2m} |\langle p \rangle|}
 \end{aligned}$$

In stationary states, uncertainty in energy is 0, as is expected value of momentum on the other side of the inequality, so it doesn't give us information on uncertainty in position.

**Question 3.**

Normalising with A.

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left| \frac{A}{x^2 + a^2} \right|^2 dx \\
 \frac{1}{A^2} &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(x^2 + a^2)^2} dx \\
 \frac{1}{A^2} &= \frac{\pi}{2a^3} \\
 A &= \boxed{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} a^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Expectation values of position.

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(x) &= \frac{2a^3}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x}{(x^2 + a^2)^2} dx \\
 &= \boxed{0} \\
 E(x^2) &= \frac{2a^3}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(x^2 + a^2)^2} dx \\
 &= \frac{2a^3}{\pi} \frac{\pi}{2a} \\
 &= \boxed{a^2} \\
 \sigma_x &= \sqrt{E(x^2) - E(x)^2} \\
 &= \boxed{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

Momentum space wavefunction.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi(p, 0) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ipx/\hbar} \Psi(x, 0) dx \\
 &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} a^{3/2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-ipx/\hbar}}{x^2 + a^2} dx \\
 &= \frac{2a^{3/2}}{\pi\sqrt{\hbar}} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos(px/\hbar) - i \sin(px/\hbar)}{x^2 + a^2} dx \\
 &= \frac{2a^{3/2}}{\pi\sqrt{\hbar}} \frac{\pi}{2a} e^{-|p|a/\hbar} \\
 &= \boxed{\sqrt{\frac{a}{\hbar}} e^{-|p|a/\hbar}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Expectation values of momentum.

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(p) &= \frac{a}{\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p e^{-2|p|a/\hbar} dp \\
 &= \boxed{0} \\
 E(p^2) &= \frac{a}{\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p^2 e^{-2|p|a/\hbar} dp \\
 &= \frac{2a}{\hbar} \int_0^{\infty} p^2 e^{-2pa/\hbar} dp \\
 &= \frac{2a}{\hbar} \frac{\hbar^3}{4a^3} \\
 &= \boxed{\frac{\hbar^2}{2a^2}} \\
 \sigma_p &= \sqrt{E(p^2) - E(p)^2} \\
 &= \frac{\hbar}{a\sqrt{2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Uncertainty principle check.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma_x \sigma_p &= a \frac{\hbar}{a\sqrt{2}} \\
 &= \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} \\
 &> \frac{\hbar}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$