

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Homework 3

1. Which of the following numbers would be tested as true?
  - A. 1
  - B. 66
  - C. 0.1
  - D. -1
  - E. All of the above
2. Which of the following is the Boolean operator for logical AND?
  - A. &
  - B. &&
  - C. |
  - D. |&
3. Evaluate `!(1 && !(0 || 1))`.
  - A. True
  - B. False
  - C. Unevaluatable
4. Which of the following shows the correct syntax for an if statement?
  - A. `if expression`
  - B. `if { expression`
  - C. `if ( expression )`
  - D. `expression if`
5. If `x=5` and `y=3` will this condition execute? `if(x > y)`
  - A. yes
  - B. no
6. What do conditions do for programs?
  - A. faster processing
  - B. adds versatility
  - C. crashes them
7. What does an else statement do?
  - A. gives an alternative to the test conditions
  - B. always executes
  - C. nothing
8. When does `if(x==y)` execute?
  - A. when x is equal to y
  - B. when x does not equal y
  - C. never, it is just a check to see if x is equal to y
9. When creating an `if()` statement, when are curly braces required?
  - A. when there is only one statement line related to the test condition
  - B. when there are two or more statement lines related to the test condition
  - C. never
  - D. always
10. When does `if(x!=y)` execute?
  - A. when x doesn't equal y
  - B. when x does equal y
  - C. when x is greater than y
11. If `x = 5` and `y = 7`, will statement `if(x!=y)` execute?
  - A. yes
  - B. no

12. When does `if(x>=y)` execute?  
A. when x is greater than y  
B. when x is equal to y  
C. when x is greater than or equal to y
13. If `x = 8` and `y = 8` will `if(x>=y)` execute?  
A. yes  
B. no
14. When evaluating an AND operator, what is necessary for execution?  
A. Only one condition can be true  
B. Only one condition must be true  
C. Both conditions must be true
15. Will `if((x > 4) && (y < 8))` execute when `x = 5` and `y = 7`?  
A. yes  
B. no
16. When evaluating an OR operator, what is necessary for execution.  
A. Only one condition can be true  
B. One condition must be true  
C. Both conditions must be true
17. Will `if((x > 7) || (y >= 15))` execute? When `x = 7` and `y = 15`?  
A. yes  
B. no
18. Analyze the program below and write on the blank lines the exact statements displayed on the screen after the program executes.

```
void main(void)
{
    int result;
    result = (0 && 1) || (1 && 0);
    printf("(0 && 1) || (1 && 0) = %d\n", result);
    result = (0 || 1) && (0 || 0);
    printf("\n(0 || 1) && (0 || 0) = %d\n", result);
}
```

Statement - \_\_\_\_\_

Statement - \_\_\_\_\_

Statement - \_\_\_\_\_

Statement - \_\_\_\_\_

19. Circle each number assignment that will cause the "if" statement given below to execute:

`number = 0.999999;`      `number = 9.999999;`      `number = 100.000;`      `number = 90.000;`

```
if (((number >= 1.0) && (number < 10.0)) || ((number > 90.0) && (number <= 100.0)))
    {printf("This if statement executed.");}
```