

# Dr. Akhilesh Das Gupta Institute of Technology and Management, New Delhi

# WORKSHOP ON BASIC ELECTRONICS AND ARDUINO INTERFACING ORGANIZED BY ECE DEPARTMENT

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7th -9th March, 2019

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# DAY 1

# OVERVIEW

- Resistance
- Capacitance
- Microprocessor vs Microcontroller
- Arduino Basics
- LED interfacing
- Buzzer
- Digital Switch

# RESISTANCE

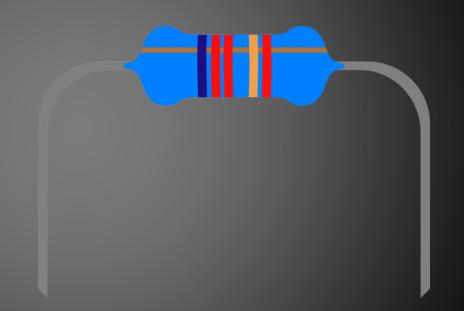
- Resistors are used as safety devices to avoid breakdown.
- Used for Voltage dropping
- Used to form Voltage Dividing circuits
- Colour codes are used to rate resistances

## Colour Code

Color	1st	2nd	Multiplier	Tolerance
Black	0	0	1	
Brown	1	1	10	±1%
Red	2	2	100	±2%
Orange	3	3	1,000	
Yellow	4	4	10,000	
Green	5	5	100,000	±0.5%
Blue	6	6	1,000,000	±0.25%
Violet	7	7	10,000,000	±0.1%
Gray	8	8	100,000,000	±0.05%
White	9	9	1,000,000,000	
Gold			0.10	±5%
Silver			0.01	±10%
None				±20%

# Things to consider while buying a Resistor

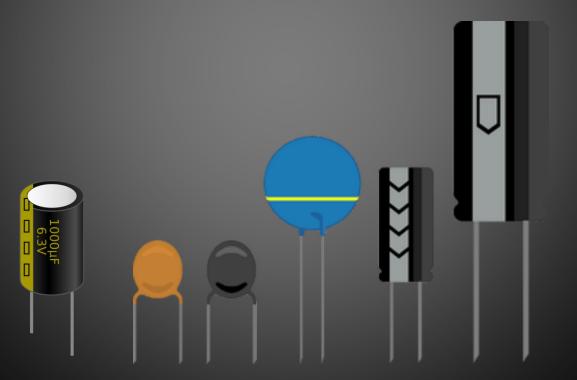
- Application
- Tolerance
- Wattage



Proceed with VOLTAGE DROPPING

#### CAPACITANCE

$$X_c = \frac{1}{2\pi Fc}$$



#### Usage

- Since we work on DC, the value of f<sub>c</sub> is 0.
- Since fc is 0, Xc is ∞
- Therefore, capacitors block DC current.
- Capacitors are used to avoid jittering and voltage spikes
- Also used for noise reduction
- Also used if DC motors with high current specifications are used

# **Types of Capacitors**

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS	CERAMIC CAPACITORS
These are polar in nature	These are non polar in nature
They are of the order of 10 <sup>-6</sup> F	They are of the order of 10 <sup>-12</sup> F
Used for voltage filtration	Used for high frequency circuits
Can store large amounts of charge and are a little big in size	Can store small amounts of charge and are flat, spherical and small in size

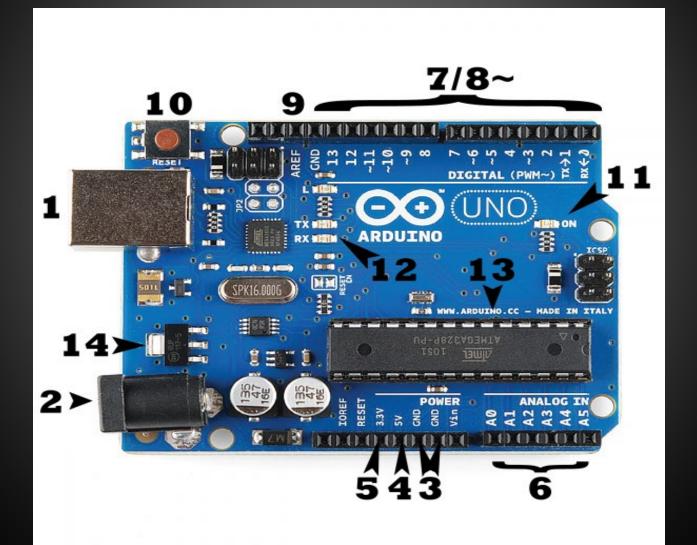
## Microprocessor vs Microcontroller

MICROPROCESSOR	MICROCONTROLLER
Used for processing	Used for controlling or a dedicated function
It has higher RAM varying in GBs	It has very low RAM varying up to a few KBs
It has a working OS	It has a firmware
Operating frequency is in GHz	Operating frequency is a few MHz

#### Arduino

- Open source platform
- IDE freely available
- The pricing is sweet
- Analog and Digital GPIO pins
- User friendly coding
- A gigantic User base for you to get inspired from

## Layout



## Topics covered using the IDE

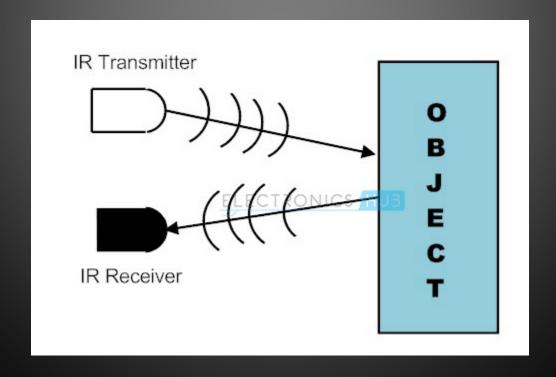
- Void Setup()
- Void Loop()
- Pin Declaration methods
- pinMode
- digitalWrite/Read
- analogWrite
- Global Variables

#### **Activities**

- Interface an LED that glows for 3 seconds and then stops.
- Design a multi LED system where the first LED glows, then it stops, followed by glowing the second LED, it stops too and finally both the LEDs glow.
- Blink Sketch
- Try LED interfacing with analogWrite.

#### IR sensor

 It sends an IR ray and once it strikes an object, the reflected ray collides with a Photodiode and produces an output.



# DAY 2

#### Serial Monitor

- Used for Serial Communication with the Arduino
- Works as a terminal, can be used for feedback
- Initialized with Serial.begin()
- Baud rate can be manually set in BPS
- Serial.print("Message");
- S = Serial.readString();

#### **Ultrasonic Sensor HC-SR04**

- Uses sonar to determine the distance to an object
- The Transmitter sends a high frequency sound
- When the signal finds an object, it reflects and the Receiver receives it

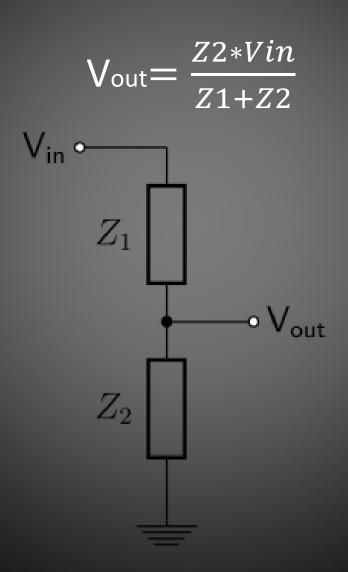


## Relay Switch

- Electromechanical devices shifts between NO and NC
- Used for switching between High and Low Power circuits, ideal for home automation

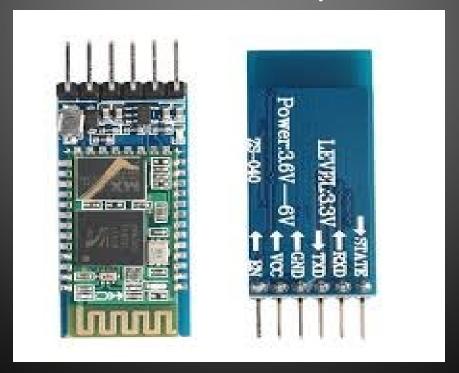


## **Voltage Divider**



## HC05 (Bluetooth)

- 10 mtr range
- Can work with the Master Slave configuration
- Has application with Smartphone Connectivity



#### **LDR**

- Light Dependent Resistor
- The resistance value changes with light intensity on the resistor.
- Realize the circuit using analogRead.



# DAY 3

#### **ACTIVITY**

- Using all the concepts taught, make a mini project and explain its application in various domains.
- The topic will be provided by the educators, please get your circuits and codes checked before simulating them.

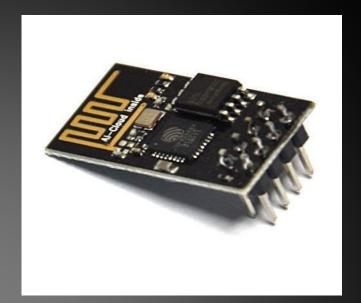
#### COMMUNICATION

- Arduino Nano and Pro Mini can be programmed by using Arduino UNO.
- We serially connect the two devices to communicate with each other.
- An alternate method can be using the FPGA converters.

#### NodeMCU vs ESP8266

- NodeMCU is a microcontroller which can directly be programmed to connect to the Wi-Fi networks.
- ESP8266 is a module that can be connected to the Arduino for WEB CONNECTIVITY.
- Ethernet shields also exist.



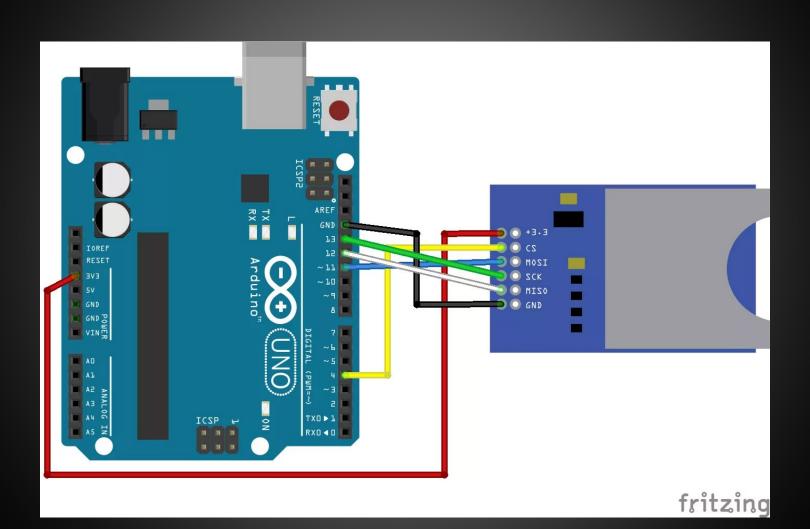




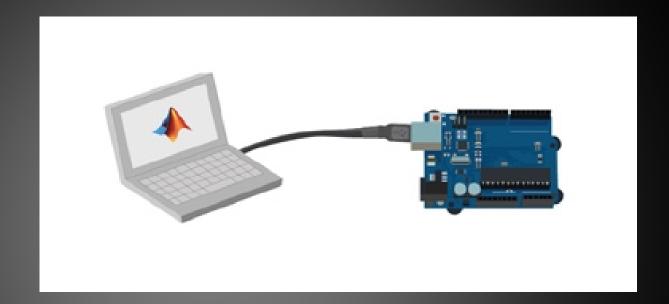
#### **BOOTING VIA INTERNET**

- Connect your Arduino to the Wi-Fi network.
- Connect your programming device to the same Wi-Fi network.
- Choose Arduino UNO Wi-Fi under boards.
- Upload the code and boom!

# DATABASE (SD CARD)



#### **MATLAB**





# MATLAB

#### **GOOGLE SHEETS**





Google Apps Script





#### Microsoft Excel

Yes, data can be stored to MS Excel as well.



#### APP DEVELOPMENT

- What if you could design an App without programing?
- MIT App Inventor is a great way to develop Apps to submit complete projects.





- FIREBASE a Google product that has no limits.
- It's a database system we often use.
- Applications
  - App Notifications
  - Cloud Linkage
  - Real time Management

#### AWS and Microsoft Azure





# Thank You