

Q4: Part I:  $T(n) = 9T(\frac{n}{3}) + n \lg n$        $a=9, b=3, \lg_b a = \lg_3 9 = 2$ .

$f(n) = n \lg n = O(n^{1.5})$        $\leftarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n \lg n}{n^{1.5}} = 0$

$C_1 = \lg_b a = 2, C = 1.5$

$C < C_1$

So, we can use master  $T(n) = \Theta(n^2)$

Part II:  $T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{5}) + n$

Assume  $T(n) \leq C \cdot n$  for all  $n < k$ .

Prove  $T(n) \leq cn$  when  $n=k$ .

$$\begin{aligned} T(k) &= 2T(\frac{k}{5}) + k \\ &\leq 2C \frac{k}{5} + k \leq Ck \\ k &\leq \frac{4}{5} Ck \\ 1 &\leq \frac{4}{5} C \\ \frac{5}{4} &\leq C. \end{aligned}$$

So, there exist  $C$  that can make the inequality correct.