

# Homework 1 (Due on 1/17)

**Question 1** Let

$$\mathbf{A} = [\vec{a}_1 \quad \dots \quad \vec{a}_k] \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} \vec{b}_1^\top \\ \vdots \\ \vec{b}_k^\top \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times p}.$$

Show that

$$\mathbf{AB} = \vec{a}_1 \vec{b}_1^\top + \vec{a}_2 \vec{b}_2^\top + \dots + \vec{a}_k \vec{b}_k^\top.$$

**Question 2** Let

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & c_n \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}, \quad \mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} d_1 & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & d_p \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{p \times p}$$

and

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1p} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2p} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & a_{n2} & \dots & a_{np} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}.$$

Calculate  $\mathbf{CAD}$ .

**Question 3** Let  $\vec{q}_1, \dots, \vec{q}_k \in \mathbb{R}^k$  be  $k$  unit and pairwise perpendicular vectors. Show that

$$\vec{q}_1 \vec{q}_1^\top + \vec{q}_2 \vec{q}_2^\top + \dots + \vec{q}_k \vec{q}_k^\top = \mathbf{I}.$$

**Question 4** Let  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ -3 & 5 \\ 5 & -3 \\ -4 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(a) Calculate  $\mathbf{A}^\top \mathbf{A}$  and find its spectral decomposition.

(b) Find  $(\mathbf{A}^\top \mathbf{A})^{-1}$  and  $(\mathbf{A}^\top \mathbf{A})^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ .

**Question 5**

(a) Let  $\mathbf{S}$ ,  $\mathbf{D}$  and  $\mathbf{C}$  be  $k \times k$  invertible matrices. Moreover, let  $\vec{x}$  and  $\vec{y}$  be  $k$ -dimensional vectors. Show the following equality

$$(\mathbf{D}\vec{x})^\top (\mathbf{CSD}^\top)^{-1} (\mathbf{C}\vec{y}) = \vec{x}^\top \mathbf{S}^{-1} \vec{y}.$$

(b) Set

$$\mathbf{S} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Calculate  $(\mathbf{C}\vec{x})^\top (\mathbf{CSC}^\top)^{-1} (\mathbf{C}\vec{x})$  and  $\vec{x}^\top \mathbf{S}^{-1} \vec{x}$ . Does your answer contradict the claim in part (a)? Explain.