

Problem 1:

P_i	1	2	3	4	5
	0.5	2	3	9.8	10.75
Price	0.5	1	1	2.45	2.35

with rod length $n=5$.

In this case, the Greedy strategy select {4 and 1}. the price is 10.3, However, it is better to sell the rod with $n=5$, which price is 11.75.

Problem 2: I think this question can't be solved by dynamic-programming. Because it does not obey sub-optimality property.

For example, ^{21 characters}
 Input is [BB...B, This, line, ends, in, the].
 Suppose $M=2$.
 then, the solution should be:

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{BB} \dots \text{B} \\ \text{This line ends in the} \end{array} \right.$
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \text{ empty space.} \\ 0 \text{ empty space.} \end{array} \right.$

Optimal solution is 0

However if input is [BB...B, This, line, ends, in, the], the word, is, astronomical]

Case: A one is:

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{BB} \dots \text{B} \\ \text{This line ends in the} \\ \text{The word is astronomical} \end{array} \right.$

Optimal solution is 1000.

However Case: B

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{BB} \dots \text{B} \\ \text{This line ends in} \\ \text{the the word is} \\ \text{Astronomical} \end{array} \right.$

The optimal is $4^3 + 6^3 = 280$.

it is a more optimal solution ~~but the~~

☆☆ B case is optimal than A case, but ~~it is not~~

A case should be the optimal solution. it is contradict with sub optimality property.

P3.

		Q	A	G	G	T	A	B
Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	0	↖	↖1	↖1	←1	←1	←1	
X	0	↑0	↑1	↑1	↑1	↑1	↑1	
T	0	↑0	↑1	↑1	↖2	←2	←2	
X	0	↑0	↑1	↑1	↑2	↑2	↑2	
A	0	↖1	↑1	↑1	↑2	↖3	←3	
Y	0	↑1	↑1	↑1	↑2	↑3	↑3	
B	0	↑1	↑1	↑1	↑2	↑3	↖4	

Trace back, B, → A → T → G.