1

In all cases we assume that the result it t.

a)

 $[Darth\ Vader]_e\ [is\ [[the\ father\ of]_{(e,(t,e))}\ Luke_e]]_{(e,t)}$

father(dw, l)

b)

 $[[Every]_e \ Jedi_{(e,t)}] \ [has [a \ lightsaber]_e]_{(e,t)}$

$$\forall x : \mathrm{jedi}(x) \to \mathrm{has}(x, l)$$

c)

 $[Padm\'e \ Amidala]_e \ [is \ [the \ [[most_{(((e,t),(e,t)),((e,t),(e,t)))} \ beautiful_{((e,t),(e,t))}] \ woman_{(e,t)}]] \ on \ Naboo_e]_{(e,t)}$

 $\operatorname{woman}(pa) \wedge \operatorname{is_on}(pa, nb) \wedge \forall w : (\operatorname{woman}(w) \wedge \operatorname{is_on}(w, nb)) \to \operatorname{more_same_beautiful}(pa, w)$

2

2.1

a)

$$V_M(\text{anakin}) = e_1, \ V_M(\text{yoda}) = e_2, \ V_M(\text{padme}) = e_3,$$

b)

$$V_M(\text{jedi}) = [e_1 \to 1, e_2 \to 1, e_3 \to 0]$$

 $\mathbf{c})$

$$\begin{split} V_{M}(\text{help}) &= [\\ e_{1} \rightarrow [e_{1} \rightarrow 0, e_{2} \rightarrow 1, e_{3} \rightarrow 1],\\ e_{2} \rightarrow [e_{1} \rightarrow 1, e_{2} \rightarrow 0, e_{3} \rightarrow 1],\\ e_{3} \rightarrow [e_{1} \rightarrow 0, e_{2} \rightarrow 0, e_{3} \rightarrow 1] \end{split}$$

2.2

a)

$$[\![\operatorname{help}(\operatorname{padme})]\!]^{M,g} = [\![\operatorname{help}]\!]^{M,g} ([\![\operatorname{padme}]\!]^{M,g}) = [e_1 \to 1, e_2 \to 1, e_3 \to 1]$$

b)

$$\llbracket \forall x \text{help}(x)(x) \rightarrow \neg \text{jedi}(x) \rrbracket^{M,g} = 1$$

 $\mathbf{c})$

$$\llbracket \forall F \exists x : F(x) \rrbracket^{M,g} = 1$$