MT Summer Term 2021 Ex14: Attention is all you need

1. In your own words, please explain the following pictorial representation of the transformer NMT system (source: Vaswani et al. 2017):

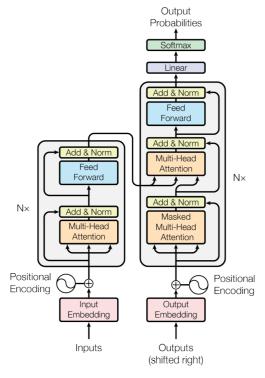
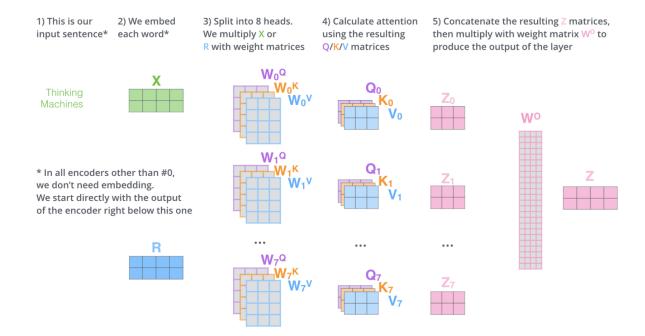


Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

In your discussion, please cover

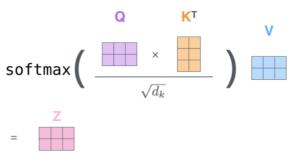
- Encoder-decoder stacks
- Self-attention
- Cross-attention
- Masked-attention
- Multi-head attention
- Query, key and values in attention computation
- Positional encoding
- Residual connections and layer normalisation
- Static embeddings and contextualised embeddings
- Autoregressive decoding
- 2. Are parameters shared between encoder blocks in the Transformer? Are parameters shared between decoder blocks in the Transformer? How does this compare to RNNs?
- 3. Comparing Transformer with simple (!) RNN based encoder-decoder systems, what are their computational complexities?
- 4. Why do you need the guery-, key- and value-projection matrices in the picture below:



5. In your own words please explain:

$$\operatorname{Attention}(Q,K,V) = \operatorname{softmax}(\frac{QK^T}{\sqrt{d_k}})V$$

$$\begin{split} \text{MultiHead}(Q, K, V) &= \text{Concat}(\text{head}_1, ..., \text{head}_{\text{h}}) W^O \\ \text{where head}_{\text{i}} &= \text{Attention}(QW_i^Q, KW_i^K, VW_i^V) \end{split}$$



The self-attention calculation in matrix form

- 6. Which parts of the Transformer make up BERT? Which parts of the Transformer make up GPT-X?
- 7. Please read the "Attention is all you need" paper.