SI 206 Discussion 3 Classes, Git

Files > SI 206 WN 001 > Discussions > Discussion 3

Today

- 1. Object oriented programing
 - a. Create a Dice Class and Methods to roll the Dice, Store the value, etc.
 - b. Create Dice instances, and call the methods
- 2. Git: Commit code after each method and push to GitHub in the end

Basic Terminal / Command Prompt Commands

Will make your life easier....

- 1. up arrow: Bash history search
- 2. Tab: Autocomplete the filename. Super helpful with long filenames!

(quick demo)

Delete Pass!!

```
# import turtle module
from turtle import *
def draw_rectangle(turtle, xpos, ypos, width, height, color):
   Write a function to draw a rectangle on the screen
   with the specified parameters.
    pass
def draw_triangle(turtle, xpos, ypos, length, color):
   Write a function to draw a triangle on the screen
   with the specified parameters.
    pass
```

Once you write something in a function / class, don't forget to delete "pass"

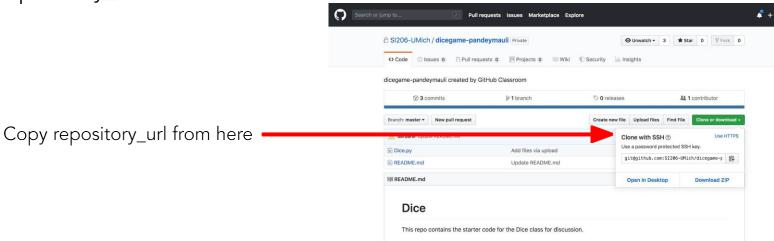
Git

Starter code is here: See Modules > Discussion3 - Assignment

You may have to join the github classroom for SI206. Please do so.

Clone the discussion 3 repository using this command:

git clone <repository_url>



Problems 1 and 2 (Instructions also in starter code)

A dice is an example of an object we can simulate with a Python class. Actually, die is singular and dice is plural, but we will just call one die a dice in this assignment. Our *Dice* class will have a constructor (__init___method) along with additional methods to track our rolls and get data on them. For this exercise, you will be making a *Dice* class with the following:

- Constructor (__init__) method: the constructor will initialize a new dice object that
 has not yet been rolled. When you create the *Dice* object you will set how
 many sides the dice has. By default, it will have 6 sides. In the constructor,
 initialize instance variables for:
 - The number of sides
 - A list keeping track of all of the values this dice has rolled
- <u>str</u>_method: create a string method so that printing an instance of the dice class outputs the value of the last roll. For example: Last roll: 6

Problems 3 (Instructions also in starter code)

 roll method: Rolls the dice to get a random integer between 1 and the number of sides (hint: use the random module and include both 1 and the number of sides). Save the value at the end of a list that tracks all the values rolled.
 Returns the number rolled. For example:



Problems 4 (Instructions also in starter code)

num_rolls method: Takes in user input to quantify the amount of rolls. It asks
the users, "How many times do you want to roll?" It the prints out each roll.
(hint: use the input function to handle user input). For example:

```
How many times do you want to roll? 10
6
2
5
2
3
1
5
2
3
1
```

Bonus Method (Instructions also in starter code)

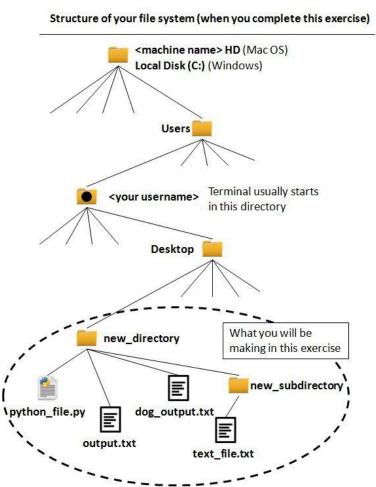
print_count_for_num method: Takes in a parameter num which specifies which roll value to look for. Loop through the roll history list and count how many times that num was rolled. Print the number of times that value was rolled, for example:

2 was rolled 4 times

Appendix

References for today

Review: Absolute path and relative path



1. Absolute path

Path from root directory

/Users/[Username]/Desktop/new_directory/
output.txt

Path from home directory

~/Desktop/new_directory/output.txt

1. Relative path

If you are in "new_directory"

output.txt

If you are in "Desktop"

new directory/output.txt

If you are in "new_subdirectory"
../output.txt

W10. Class and Instance



class vehicle():

body color

tire

type

owner



A = vehicle(...): body color: Red

tire: 4

type: Sedan owner: Mary



B = vehicle(...)

body color: Blue

tire: 2

type: bicycle

owner: Tom



Class

C = vehicle(...) body color: Green

tire: 2

type: Scooter owner: John

Instance

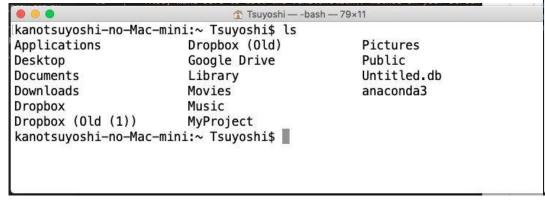
Appendix: Basic Linux / MS-DOS commands 1

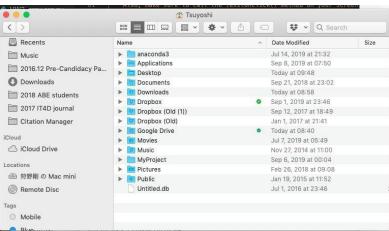
1. pwd (Mac) / chdir (Win) : Display your location in the file system

```
Tsuyoshi—-bash—46×5

[kanotsuyoshi—no-Mac-mini:~ Tsuyoshi$ pwd
/Users/Tsuyoshi
kanotsuyoshi—no-Mac-mini:~ Tsuyoshi$
```

1. Is (Mac) / dir (Win) : Lists files





Appendix: Basic Linux / MS-DOS commands 2

1. cd pathname: Changes directories

```
Tsuyoshi—-bash—79×9

|kanotsuyoshi-no-Mac-mini:~ Tsuyoshi$ pwd

/Users/Tsuyoshi
|kanotsuyoshi-no-Mac-mini:~ Tsuyoshi$ cd Desktop/
|kanotsuyoshi-no-Mac-mini:Desktop Tsuyoshi$ pwd

/Users/Tsuyoshi/Desktop
|kanotsuyoshi-no-Mac-mini:~ Tsuyoshi$ cd ...
|kanotsuyoshi-no-Mac-mini:~ Tsuyoshi$ pwd

/Users/Tsuyoshi
|kanotsuyoshi-no-Mac-mini:~ Tsuyoshi$ |
```

1. python filename.py / python3 finename.py: Run a python file

Command's Purpose	MS-DOS	Linux	Basic Linux Example
Copies files	сору	ср	cp thisfile.txt /home/thisdirectory
Moves files	move	mv	mv thisfile.txt /home/thisdirectory
Lists files	dir	ls	ls
Clears screen	cls	clear	clear
Closes shell prompt	exit	exit	exit
Displays or sets date	date	date	date
Deletes files	del	rm	rm thisfile.txt
"Echoes" output to the screen	echo	echo	echo this message
Edits text files	edit	gedit([a])	gedit thisfile.txt
Compares the contents of files	fc	diff	diff file1 file2
Finds a string of text in a file	find	grep	grep word or phrase thisfile.txt

Command's Purpose	MS-DOS	Linux	Basic Linux Example
Formats a diskette	format a: (if diskette is in A:)	mke2fs	/sbin/mke2fs /dev/fd0 (/dev/fd0 is the Linux equivalent of A:)
Displays command help	command /?	man Or info	man command
Creates a directory	mkdir	mkdir	mkdir directory
Views contents of a file	more	less([<u>b</u>])	less thisfile.txt
Renames a file	ren	mv([<u>c</u>])	mv thisfile.txt thatfile.txt
Displays your location in the file system	chdir	pwd	pwd
Changes directories with a specified path (absolute path)	cd pathname	cd pathname	cd /directory/directory
Changes directories with a relative path	cd	cd	cd
Displays the time	time	date	date
Shows amount of RAM in use	mem	free	free