

hw4

March 19, 2021

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[1]: %config IPCompleter.use_jedi = False
import numpy as np
from scipy import stats
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cvxpy as cp
import pandas as pd
np.set_printoptions(precision=4)

from pathlib import Path
fig_path = str(Path().absolute())+'/figures/hw4/'
print(fig_path)
data_path = str(Path().absolute())+'/hw4/data/'
print(data_path)
```

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/home/zpyang/grad_courses/2021_spring/ece595_ml/figures/hw4/
/home/zpyang/grad_courses/2021_spring/ece595_ml/hw4/data/
```

1 Exercise 3

3 a)

$$\begin{aligned} J(\theta) &= -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N [y_n \cdot \log h_{\theta}(x_n) + (1 - y_n) \cdot \log(1 - h_{\theta}(x_n))] \\ &= -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N [y_n \cdot \log\left(\frac{h_{\theta}(x_n)}{1 - h_{\theta}(x_n)}\right) + \log(1 - h_{\theta}(x_n))] \\ &= -\frac{1}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=1}^N [y_n \cdot \log\left(\frac{h_{\theta}(x_n)}{1 - h_{\theta}(x_n)}\right)] + \sum_{n=1}^N \log(1 - h_{\theta}(x_n)) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

where $h_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp\{-\theta^T x_n\}}$

Subbing $h_{\theta}(x)$ back into the loss function, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} J(\theta) &= -\frac{1}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=1}^N \left[y_n \cdot \log\left(\frac{\frac{1}{1 + \exp\{-\theta^T x_n\}}}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + \exp\{-\theta^T x_n\}}}\right) \right] + \sum_{n=1}^N \log\left(1 - \frac{1}{1 + \exp\{-\theta^T x_n\}}\right) \right\} \\ &= -\frac{1}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=1}^N y_n \log(e^{-\theta^T x_n}) + \sum_{n=1}^N \log\left(1 - \frac{e^{\theta^T x_n}}{1 + e^{\theta^T x_n}}\right) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{1}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=1}^N -y_n \theta^T x_n - \sum_{n=1}^N \log(1 + e^{\theta^T x_n}) \right\} \\
&= -\frac{1}{N} \left\{ \left(\sum_{n=1}^N -y_n x_n \right)^T \theta - \sum_{n=1}^N \log(1 + e^{\theta^T x_n}) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

[2]: # 3 b)

```

c0 = pd.read_csv(data_path+"class0.txt", delimiter='\s+', header=None).
    ↳to_numpy()
c1 = pd.read_csv(data_path+"class1.txt", delimiter='\s+', header=None).
    ↳to_numpy()

n0 = c0.shape[0]
n1 = c1.shape[0]
N = n0 + n1
x = np.vstack([c0,c1])
y = np.hstack([np.zeros(n0), np.ones(n1)]).reshape(-1,1)
X = np.hstack([x, np.ones((N,1))])

lamdb = 0.0001

theta = cp.Variable((3,1))
loss = -cp.sum(cp.multiply(y, X @ theta)) \
      + cp.sum(cp.log_sum_exp(cp.hstack([np.zeros((N,1)), X @ theta]),
    ↳axis=1))
reg = cp.sum_squares(theta)
prob = cp.Problem(cp.Minimize(loss/N + lamdb*reg))
prob.solve()
omega = theta.value

omega

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[2]: array([[2.3786],
[1.4975],
[-10.4365]])

[3]: # 3 c)

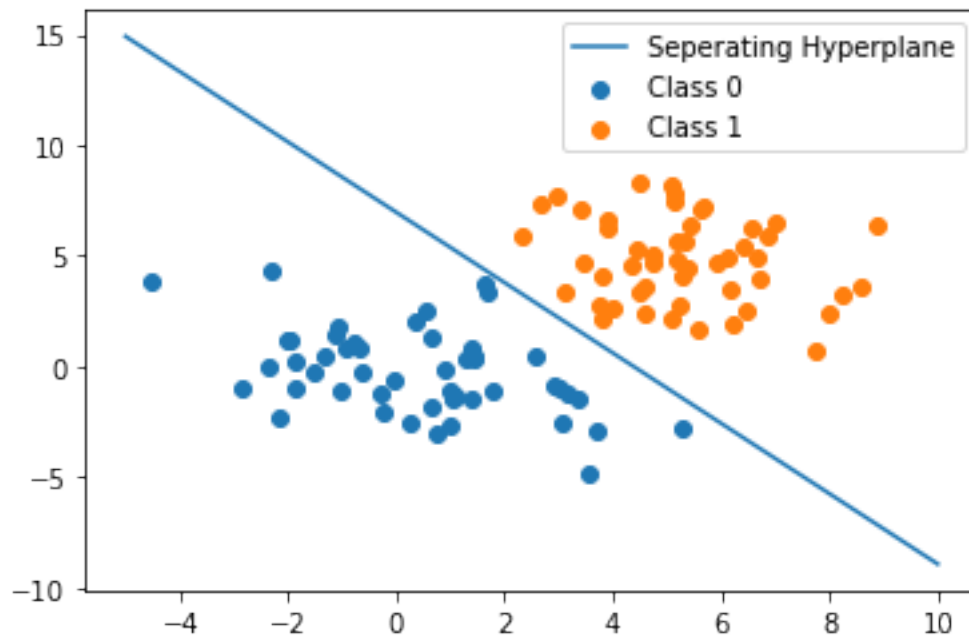
```

x1 = np.linspace(-5,10,2)
x2 = -omega[0]/omega[1] * x1 - omega[2]/omega[1]

plt.figure
plt.scatter(c0[:,0], c0[:,1], label='Class 0')
plt.scatter(c1[:,0], c1[:,1], label='Class 1')
plt.plot(x1,x2, label='Seperating Hyperplane')
plt.legend()

```

[3]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f262525cf10>



```
[4]: # 3 d)
mu0 = c0.mean(0)
mu1 = c1.mean(0)

SIG0 = np.cov(c0.T)
SIG1 = np.cov(c1.T)

invSIG1 = np.linalg.inv(SIG1)
invSIG0 = np.linalg.inv(SIG0)
detSIG1 = np.linalg.det(SIG1)
detSIG0 = np.linalg.det(SIG0)

LOG0 = -0.5*np.log(detSIG0)
LOG1 = -0.5*np.log(detSIG1)
```

```
[5]: from tqdm.notebook import tqdm

x1 = np.linspace(-5,10,N)
x2 = np.linspace(-5,10,N)
X1,X2 = np.meshgrid(x1,x2)

grid = np.zeros((N,N))

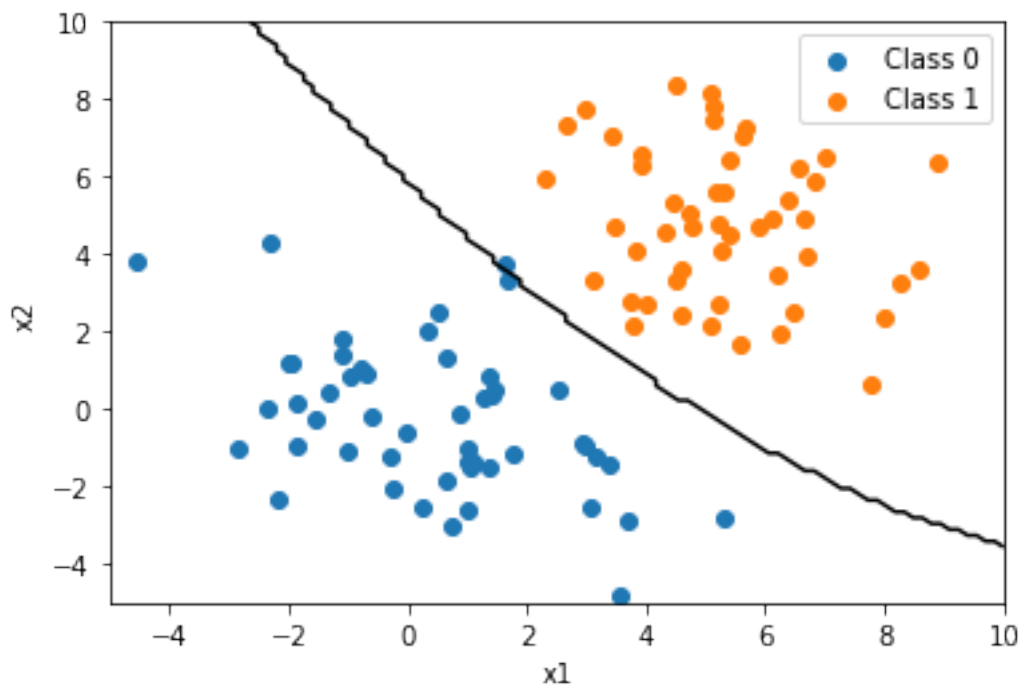
for i in range(N):
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for j in range(N):
    xi = np.array([X1[i,j], X2[i,j]]).T
    k0 = -0.5*(xi - mu0).T @ invSIG0 @ (xi - mu0) + LOG0
    k1 = -0.5*(xi - mu1).T @ invSIG1 @ (xi - mu1) + LOG1
    if k1 > k0:
        grid[i,j] = 1
plt.figure()
plt.contour(X1,X2,grid, levels=[0.5], cmap='gray')
plt.scatter(c0[:,0], c0[:,1], label='Class 0')
plt.scatter(c1[:,0], c1[:,1], label='Class 1')
plt.xlabel('x1')
plt.ylabel('x2')
plt.legend()

```

[5]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f262304c8b0>



2 Exercise 4

```

[6]: # 4 a)

h = 1
K = np.zeros((N,N))
for i in range(N):

```

```

for j in range(N):
    K[i,j] = np.exp(-np.sum((X[i,:]-X[j,:])**2)/h)

print('The 47th to 52th elements of the Kernel Matrix: \n', K[47:52, 47:52])

```

The 47th to 52th elements of the Kernel Matrix:

```

[[1.0000e+00 5.0531e-25 6.0654e-20 4.6547e-29 4.0689e-17]
 [5.0531e-25 1.0000e+00 3.9593e-13 2.6936e-33 5.3878e-12]
 [6.0654e-20 3.9593e-13 1.0000e+00 2.3035e-65 3.7842e-34]
 [4.6547e-29 2.6936e-33 2.3035e-65 1.0000e+00 2.1628e-06]
 [4.0689e-17 5.3878e-12 3.7842e-34 2.1628e-06 1.0000e+00]]

```

```

[7]: # 4 b)

alpha = cp.Variable((N,1))
loss = -cp.sum(cp.multiply(y, K @ alpha)) \
      + cp.sum(cp.log_sum_exp(cp.hstack([np.zeros((N,1)), K @ alpha]),
      ↪axis=1))
reg = cp.quad_form(alpha, K)
prob = cp.Problem(cp.Minimize(loss/N + lambd*reg))
prob.solve()
a = alpha.value
print('The first 2 elements of alpha: ', a[0:2].T)

```

The first 2 elements of alpha: $\begin{bmatrix} -0.9525 & -1.2105 \end{bmatrix}$

```

[8]: from numpy.matlib import repmat
out = np.zeros((N,N))
for i in range(N):
    for j in range(N):
        data = repmat(np.array([x1[j], x2[i], 1]).reshape((1,3)), N, 1)
        phi = np.exp(-np.sum((X-data)**2, axis=1)/h)
        out[i,j] = np.dot(phi.T, a)

plt.figure()
plt.scatter(c0[:,0], c0[:,1], label='class 0')
plt.scatter(c1[:,0], c1[:,1], label='class 1')
plt.contour(x1, x2, out>0.5, levels=[0.5], cmap='gray')
plt.xlabel('x1')
plt.ylabel('x2')
plt.legend()

```

[8]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f2620d97130>

