APPLIED CATEGORY THEORY: PROBLEMS

Exercise 1.21 A partition on a set A can be understood in terms of surjective functions out of A. Given a surjective function $f:A \to P$ where P is any other set, the preimages $f^{-1}(p) \subseteq A$, one for each element $p \in P$, form a partition of A. Consider the following partition of $S := \{11, 12, 13, 21, 22, 23\}$:

Let P := a, b, c, d. Define f such that f models the partitions above.

$$f(11) = f(12) = a$$

$$f(13) = b$$

$$f(21) = c$$

$$f(22) = f(23) = d$$