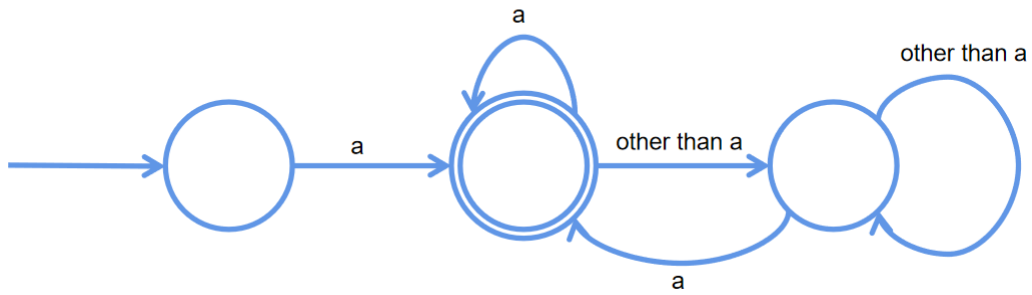


2.8 Draw DFAs for each of the sets in Exercise 2.1, or state why no DFA exists

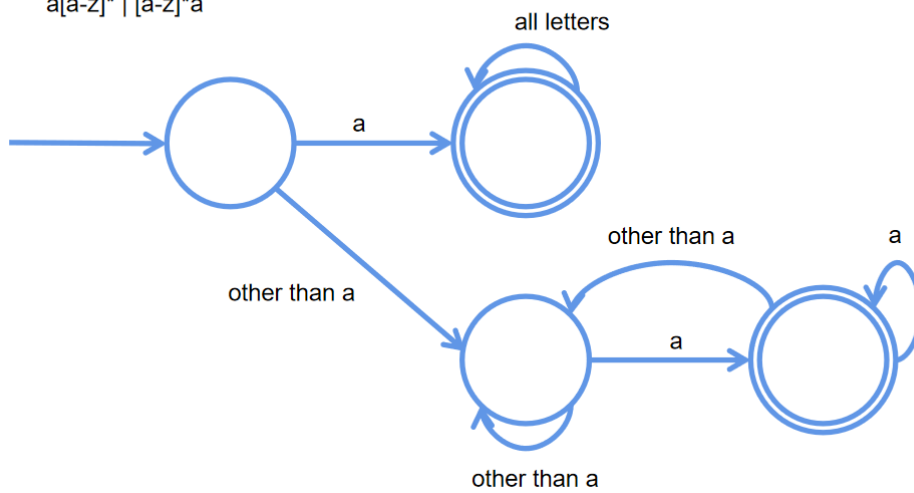
a.

$a \mid a[a-z]^*a$



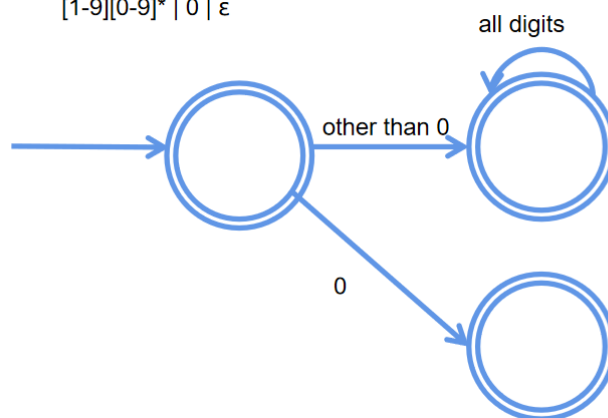
b.

$a[a-z]^* \mid [a-z]^*a$



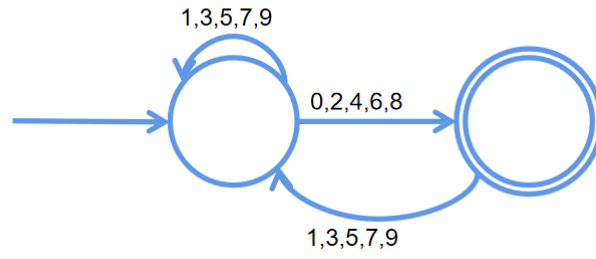
c.

$[1-9][0-9]^* \mid 0 \mid \epsilon$



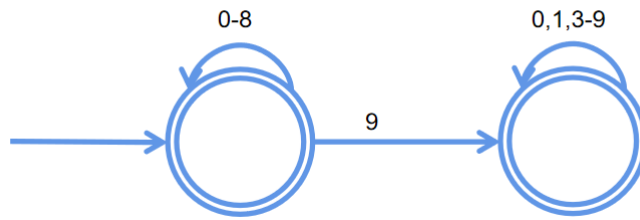
d.

$[0-9]^*[02468]$



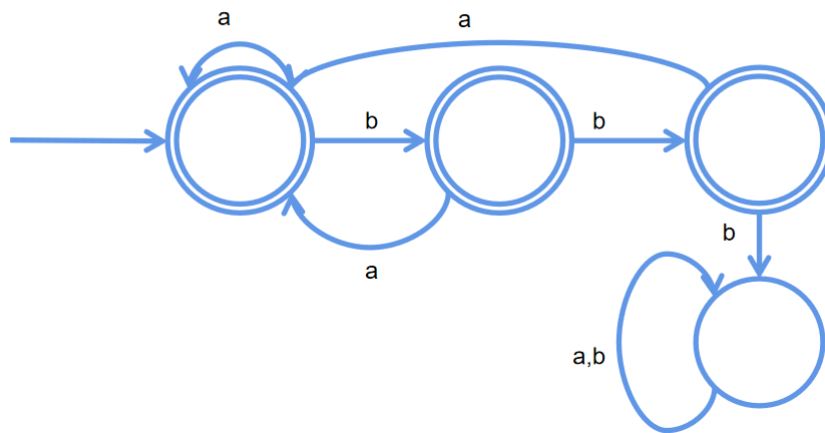
e.

$[0-8]^*([01] \mid [3-9])^*$



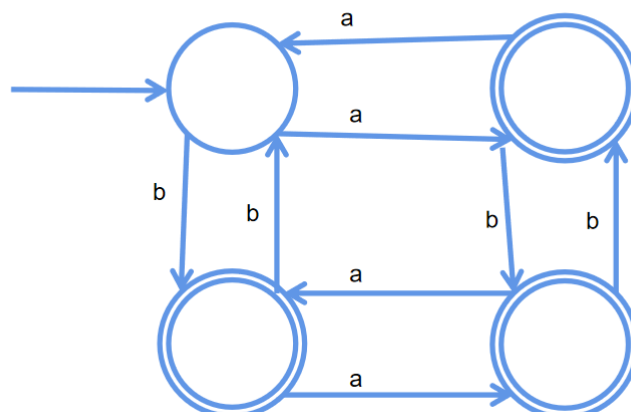
f.

$(a \mid ba \mid bba)^*(e \mid b \mid bb)$

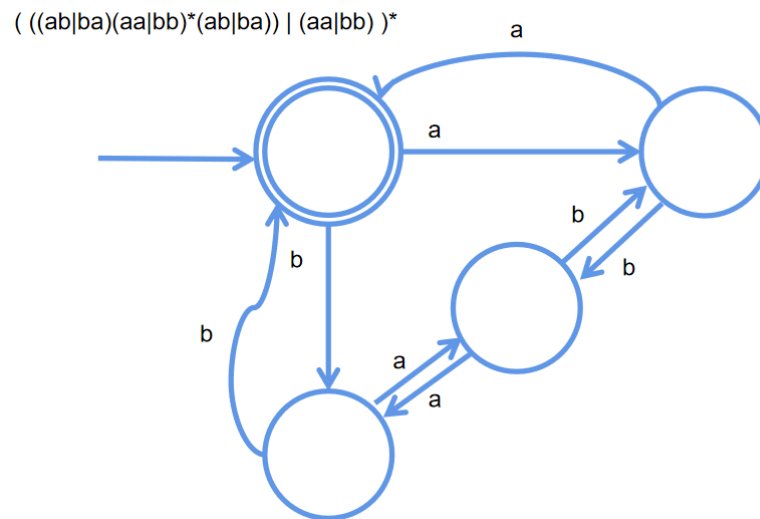


g.

$b^*ab^*(ab^*ab^*)^* \mid a^*ba^*(ba^*ba^*)^*$



h.

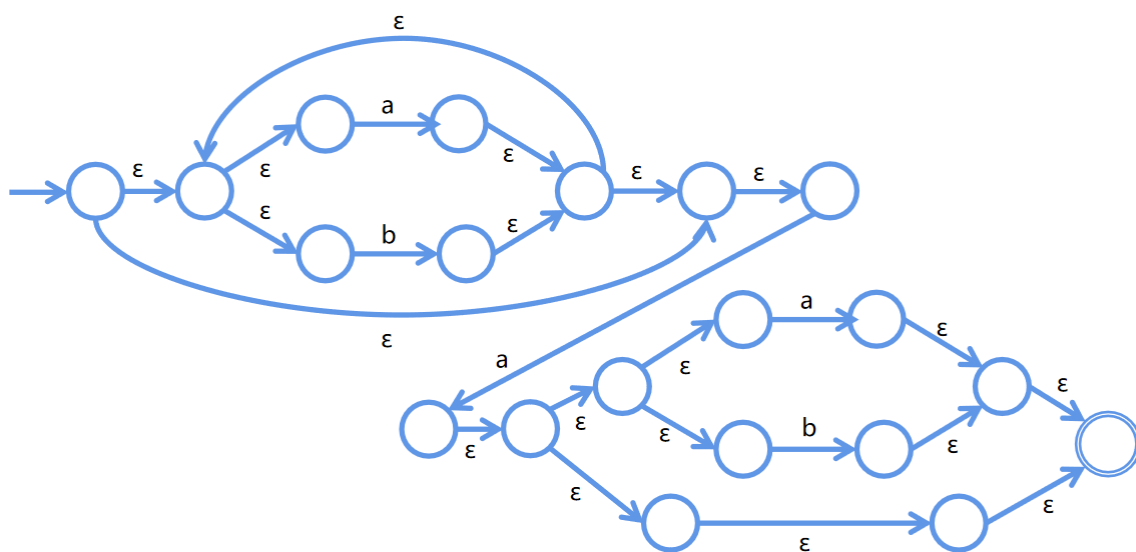


i.

The DFA does not exist since the set is not regular.

2.12

a. Use Thompson's construction to convert the regular expression $(a|b)^*a(a|b|e)$ into an NFA



b. Convert the NFA of part(a) into a DFA using the subset construction.

