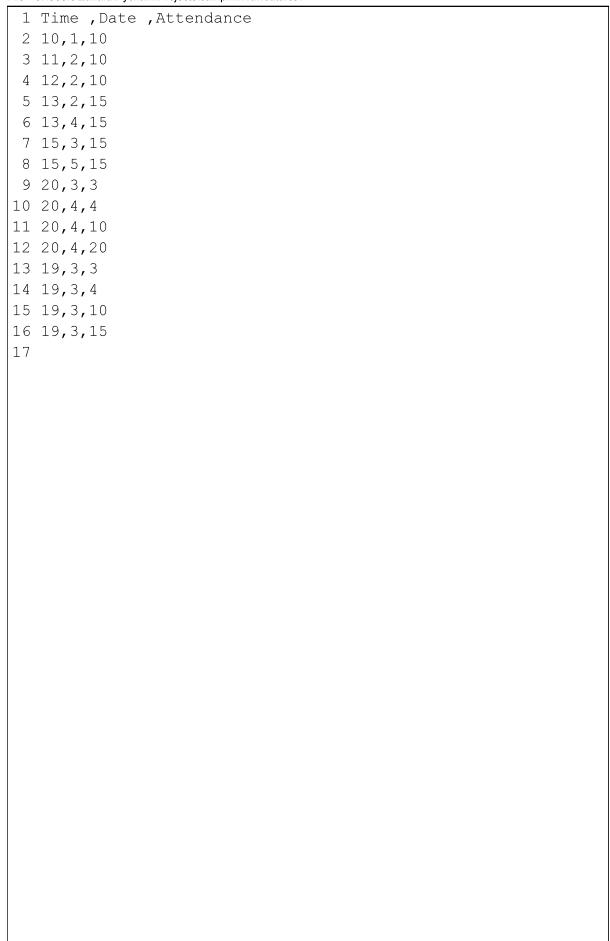
```
1 ## Zahara Kazmi
 2 ## Campus Ministry AI
 3 ## MLP
 4
5 import numpy
 6 import sklearn.decomposition
7 import sklearn.neural network
8
9
10 def read data():
11
       """Read all of the data from disk."""
12
       # Read each data file,
13
       d1 = numpy.loadtxt('datacleaned.csv', delimiter=',')
14
       return d1
15
16 def main():
17
       # Change these
18
       activation = 'logistic'
19
       learning rate = 'adaptive'
20
       hidden layer sizes = (10,)
21
       early stopping = False
22
       num runs = 1
23
       myArray=[25]
24
25
       # Read the data from disk
26
       data = read data()
27
       # Normalize the data
28
       normalized = sklearn.preprocessing.normalize(data)
29
30
       # Run PCA and transform the data
31
       pca = sklearn.decomposition.PCA(svd solver='full',
32
               n components='mle')
33
       pca.fit(normalized)
34
       transformed = pca.transform(normalized)
35
       # Split the data into training (90%) and testing (10
36
   %) data
37
       split point = int(len(data) * .9)
38
39
       train = transformed[:split point, :2]
40
       train target = data[:split point, 2]
41
42
       test = transformed[split point:, :2]
       test target = data[split_point:, 2]
43
44
```

```
45
       # Used to calculate the average accuracy
46
       total accuracy = 0
47
48
       for i in range(num runs):
49
           # Run the MLP and calculate its accuracy
50
           mlp = sklearn.neural network.MLPClassifier(
51
               activation=activation,
52
               learning rate=learning rate,
53
               hidden layer sizes=hidden layer sizes,
54
               early stopping=early stopping)
55
56
           net = mlp.fit(train, train target)
57
           predictions = net.predict(test)
58
           score = net.score(test, test target)
59
           # Add the accuracy to the total
60
61
           total accuracy += score
62
63
       # Calculate and print the average accuracy
64
       average accuracy = total accuracy / num runs
65
66
       resultY=mlp.predict(myArray)
67
       print('Accuracy: ', average_accuracy)
       print('Result for Prediction: ', resultY)
68
69
70
71 if
     name == ' main ':
72
       main()
73
```

```
11 11 11
 1
 2 This script runs PCA on campusmin data.
 3 """
 4 import numpy
 5 import sklearn.decomposition
 6 import sklearn.preprocessing
 7
8
 9 def read data():
       """Read all of the data from disk."""
10
       # Read each data file, skipping the first 3 weeks of
11
   data
12
       d1 = numpy.loadtxt('datacleaned.csv', delimiter=',')
13
       return numpy.concatenate(d1)
14
15 def main():
16
       # Change these
17
       svd solver = 'randomized'
18
       iterated power = 0
19
       n components = None
20
       num runs = 1
21
       print(read data())
22
       # Read the data from disk, ignoring the targets, and
   normalize it
23
       data = sklearn.preprocessing.normalize(read data())
24
25
       # Used to calculate the average eigenvalues
26
       total eigenvalues = 0
27
28
       for i in range(num runs):
29
           # Run PCA and add the eigenvalues to the total
30
           pca = sklearn.decomposition.PCA(
               svd solver=svd solver,
31
32
               iterated power=iterated power,
33
               n components=n components)
34
35
           pca.fit(data)
36
           total eigenvalues += pca.explained variance
37
38
       # Calculate and print the average eigenvalues
39
       average eigenvalues = total eigenvalues / num runs
40
41
       print('Eigenvalues: ', average eigenvalues)
42
43 if
                     main
        name
```



```
1 #!/usr/bin/python
3 import numpy
 4 hostname = 'localhost'
 5 username = 'root'
 6 password = ''
7 database = 'campusmin'
9 # Simple routine to run a query on a database and print
   the results:
10 def doQuery( conn ) :
11
      cur = conn.cursor()
12
13
       cur.execute( "SELECT * FROM program" )
14
15
       for pdate,ptime,patten in cur.fetchall() :
16
           a=numpy.array(pdate, ptime, patten)
17
           numpy.savetxt("rawdata.csv", a, delimiter=',')
18
19
20 print("Using mysql.connector...")
21 import mysql.connector
22 myConnection = mysql.connector.connect( host=hostname,
  user=username, passwd=password, db=database )
23 doQuery( myConnection )
24 myConnection.close()
```

```
1 10,1,10
 3 11,2,10
5 12,2,10
 6
7 13,2,15
8
9 13,4,15
10
11 15,3,15
12
13 15,5,15
14
15 20,3,3
16
17 20,4,4
18
19 20,4,10
20
21 20,4,20
22
23 19,3,3
24
25 19,3,4
26
27 19,3,10
28
29 19,3,15
30
31
```

```
1 ## Zahara Kazmi
 2 ## Campus Ministry AI
 3 ## MLP
 4 #
 5 "This script first cleans and then feature-engineers the
   data."
 6
7
8
9 import collections
10 import csv
11
12
13
14
15 def is numeric(value):
       """Check whether a value is numeric."""
16
17
       try:
18
           float(value)
19
           return True
20
       except ValueError:
21
           # An exception will be thrown if the value is non-
  numeric.
22
          return False
23
24 def clean_data(rows):
       """Clean the data by keeping rows that are numeric."""
25
26
       # Cleaned rows.
27
       new rows = []
28
       for row in rows:
29
           # Keep the row if it contains valid team names,
   valid
30
           # statistics, and a valid winning team.
31
           if (is numeric(row[0])
32
                   and is numeric(row[1]))\
                   and is numeric(row[2]):
33
34
               new rows.append(row)
35
       return new_rows
36
37
38
39
40 def write csv(filename, rows):
41
       """Write rows of data to a CSV file."""
42
       with open(filename, 'w') as f:
```

File - C:\Users\Zahara\PycharmProjects\campmin\dataprocessing.py

```
43
           writer = csv.writer(f)
44
45
           writer.writerows(rows)
46
47
48 def main():
49
           in filename = 'rawdata.csv'.format()
50
51
          out filename1 = 'datacleaned.csv'.format()
52
53
           with open(in filename, 'r') as f:
54
               reader = csv.reader(f)
55
56
               # Skip the header.
57
               next(reader)
58
59
               # Clean the data.
60
               cleaned rows = clean_data(list(reader))
61
62
               # Engineer the features
63
64
           # Write the cleaned data to a file.
65
           write csv(out filename1, cleaned rows)
66
67
68 if __name__ == '__main__':
69
      main()
```