Homework 7

Exercise 7.6

Let $X \sim \mathbf{Beta}(\alpha, \beta)$. Find Var[X]. From a) we know that $E[X] = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta}$, and we have two hints available: $B(x, y) = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta}$ $\int_0^1 t^{x-1} (1-t)^{y-1} dt$ and ${\bf B}(x+1,y) = {\bf B}(x,y) \frac{x}{x+y}$

$$Var[X] = E[X^2] - E[X]^2 = \frac{\alpha(\alpha+1)(\alpha+\beta) - \alpha^2(\alpha+\beta+1)}{(\alpha+\beta+1)(\alpha+\beta)^2} = \frac{\alpha\beta}{(\alpha+\beta+1)(\alpha+\beta)^2}$$

$$\begin{split} E[X^2] &= \int_0^1 x^2 \frac{x^{\alpha - 1} (1 - x)^{\beta - 1}}{\mathrm{B}(\alpha, \beta)} dx = \frac{1}{\mathrm{B}(\alpha, \beta)} \int_0^1 x^{\alpha + 1} (1 - x)^{\beta - 1} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{\mathrm{B}(\alpha, \beta)} \mathrm{B}(\alpha + 2, \beta) = \frac{1}{\mathrm{B}(\alpha, \beta)} \mathrm{B}(\alpha + 1, \beta) \frac{\alpha + 1}{\alpha + 1 + \beta} \\ &= \frac{1}{\mathrm{B}(\alpha, \beta)} \mathrm{B}(\alpha, \beta) \frac{\alpha + 1}{\alpha + 1 + \beta} \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta} = \frac{\alpha + 1}{\alpha + \beta + 1} \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta} \end{split}$$

Exercise 7.9

Let X follow a normal distribution with mean μ and variance σ^2 .

- a) Find E[2X + 4]. $E[2X + 4] = 2E[X] + 4 = 2\mu + 4$, because E is linear.
- b) Find $E[X^2]$. $Var[X] = E[X^2] E[X]^2$, so $E[X^2] = Var[X] + E[X]^2 = \sigma^2 + \mu^2$.
- d) Check your results numerically for $\mu = 0.4$ and $\sigma^2 = 0.25$ and plot the densities of all four distributions. In R script $HW7-ex7_9.R$.

Exercise 7.10

R: Take n = 5, 10, 100, 1000 samples from the N(2, 6) distribution 10000 times. Plot the theoretical density and the densities of X statistic for each n. Intuitively, are the results in correspondence with your calculations? Check them numerically.

In R script $HW7-ex7_10.R$.