Setting

Consider the model:

$$Y_i = X_i \beta_X + Z_i \beta_Z + \epsilon_i$$

where $\{(Y_i, X_i, Z_i)\}$ are IID, and $\mathbb{V}(\epsilon) = \mathbb{V}(Y|X, Z) = \sigma^2$. Suppose X, Y, Z have each been centered to have mean zero. Interest lies in testing the hypothesis $H_0: \beta_X = 0$. Here we derive the power of the corresponding Wald test.

Model Components

Let $W_i = (X_i \ Z_i)$ and $\beta = (\beta_X, \beta_Z)$ such that:

$$Y_i = W_i \beta + \epsilon_i$$
.

The score equation for β is:

$$\mathcal{U}_{eta} = rac{1}{\sigma^2} oldsymbol{W}' (oldsymbol{y} - oldsymbol{W} oldsymbol{eta})$$

The information matrix for β is:

$$\mathcal{I}_{\beta\beta'} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \mathbf{W}' \mathbf{W} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^n W_i \otimes W_i.$$

Since X, Z have mean zero:

$$\frac{1}{n}\mathcal{I}_{\beta\beta'} \xrightarrow{p} \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \mathbb{V}(W_i) = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \left(\begin{array}{cc} \mathbb{V}(X_i) & \mathbb{C}(X_i, Z_i) \\ \mathbb{C}(Z_i, X_i) & \mathbb{V}(Z_i) \end{array} \right) \equiv i_{\beta\beta'}.$$

Here $i_{\beta\beta'}$ denotes the probability limit of $n^{-1}\mathcal{I}_{\beta\beta'}$. The efficient information for β_X is:

$$i_{X|Zs} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \{ \mathbb{V}(X_i) - \mathbb{C}(X_i, Z_i) \mathbb{V}(Z_i)^{-1} \mathbb{C}(Z_i, X_i) \}.$$

Wald Test

The Wald test of $H_0: \beta_X = 0$ is:

$$T_W = n \cdot \hat{\beta}_X' i_{X|Z} \hat{\beta}_X.$$

The expected value of the Wald statistic is:

$$\mathbb{E}(T_W) = n \cdot \mathbb{E}\left\{\operatorname{tr}(\hat{\beta}_X' i_{X|Z} \hat{\beta}_X)\right\} = n \cdot \operatorname{tr}\left\{i_{X|Z} \mathbb{E}(\hat{\beta}_X \otimes \hat{\beta}_X)\right\}$$
$$= n \cdot \operatorname{tr}\left\{i_{X|Z}(n^{-1} i_{X|Z}^{-1} + \beta_X \otimes \beta_X)\right\} = \dim(\beta_X) + n \cdot \beta_X' i_{X|Z} \beta_X.$$

Observe that under $H_0: \beta_X = 0$, the expectation of T_W is $\dim(\beta_X)$, which is the number of degrees of freedom. When $\beta_X \neq 0$, the expectation is increased by $n \cdot \beta_X' i_{X|Z} \beta_X$, which is the non-centrality parameter.

Power

The power of the Wald test at type I error level α is:

$$\gamma_{\alpha}(n) = \mathbb{P}\left\{\chi_k^2(\Delta) > \chi_{k,1-\alpha}^2(0)\right\},\,$$

where:

$$\Delta = n \cdot \beta_X' i_{X|Z} \beta_X = n \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \big\{ \mathbb{V}(X_i) - \mathbb{C}(X_i, Z_i) \mathbb{V}(Z_i)^{-1} \mathbb{C}(Z_i, X_i) \big\}.$$

The sample size needed to obtain a specified power π is:

$$\min \{n : \gamma_{\alpha}(n) \ge \pi \}.$$

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