## SOLVED

# Sample Question Paper-2

Time Allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

### **General Instructions:**

(a) Foreign key

- (i) Please check this question paper contains 37 questions.
- (ii) All questions are compulsory. However, internal choices have been provided in some questions. Attempt only one of the choices in such questions.
- (iii) The paper is divided into 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- (iv) Section A consists of 21 questions (1 to 21). Each question carries 1 Mark.
- (v) Section B consists of 7 questions (22 to 28). Each question carries 2 Marks.
- (vi) Section C consists of 4 questions (29 to 32). Each question carries 3 Marks.
- (vii) Section D consists of 2 case study type questions (33 to 34). Each question carries 4 Marks.
- (viii) Section E consists of 3 questions (35 to 37). Each question carries 5 Marks.
- (ix) All programming questions are to be answered using Python Language only.
- (x) In case of MCQ, text of the correct answer should also be written.

(b) Alternate key

## **SECTION-A**

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	to 16 are multiple choice questic ad write the correct choice as we	2 2		
1.	State whether the following	statement is True or False:			
	The axis=1 argument in the	drop() method is used to dro	op columns in a DataFrame.		[M] [1]
2.	What will be the output of the	he following SQL query?			
	SELECT ROUND(12.789, 1); (a) 12.7	<b>(b)</b> 12.8	(c) 12.78	(d) 13.0	[M] [1]
3.	An online attacker accessed vulnerability. This act is kno (a) Cyber Bullying		outer without her permission (c) Plagiarism	on by exploiting a n  (d) Phishing	etwork [E] [1]
4.	Which function is used to di (a) df.tail()	isplay the first 5 rows of a Par (b) df.show()	ndas DataFrame by default? (c) df.head()	(d) df.top()	(E) [1]
5.	Which device is used to contain (a) Switch	nect different networks and 1 (b) Router	route data between them? (c) Hub	(d) Repeater	(E) [1]
6.	Which SQL function is used depending on the decimal p (a) ROUND()		led to the nearest integer v  (c) CEIL()	alue (either higher or (d) TRUNC()	r lower [ <b>M]</b> [1]
7.	Priya created a logo for her l	nandmade soap business. Wh	nat type of IPR protects her	logo from being copie	
	( ) P ( )	(1) C : 1 (	( ) T 1 1	(I) D :	[H] [1]
_	(a) Patent	(b) Copyright	(c) Trademark	(d) Design	
8.	Which of the following can late (a) List	be used as data when creatin (b) Dictionary	g a Pandas Series? (c) Numpy array	(d) All of the above	[M] [1]
9.	Which of the following keys	uniquely identifies each reco	ord in a table?		[E] [1]

(c) Primary key

(d) Composite key

[H] [2]

10.	Which of the following technologies:	nologies allows users to sto	re, access, and manage data	a online instead of	on a local [M][1]
	(a) VoIP	(b) Cloud Computing	(c) Circuit Switching	(d) Bluetooth	[141] [±]
11.	Which function is used to calc (a) MAX()	culate the total sum of value (b) SUM()	es in a numeric column? (c) COUNT()	(d) TOTAL()	[E] [1]
12.	What will be the result of add (a) The scalar is added only to (c) The scalar is added to all	to the first element	as Series? (b) The scalar is added onl (d) Error occurs	ly to the last eleme	[H] [1] nt
13.	Which of the following is not (a) Data theft	considered a cybercrime ur (b) Cyberstalking	nder the IT Act, 2000? (c) Physical assault	(d) Phishing	<b>福</b> [E] [1]
14.	What is the default sorting or (a) Descending	der when using the ORDEI (b) Alphabetical	R BY clause in SQL? (c) Random	(d) Ascending	[M] [1]
<b>15</b> .	Which method is used to accordate discourse (a) df.loc[]	ess rows by their integer pos (b) df.iloc[]	sition rather than labels? (c) df.index()	(d) df.select()	[M] [1]
16.	Which network topology requ (a) Star	ires the maximum number o (b) Mesh	f cables and network interfactors (c) Ring	ces? (d) Bus	[M][1]
17.	Which SQL function is used to (a) LOWER()	to convert all characters in a (b) LWCASE()	string to lowercase? (c) TO_LOWER()	(d) downcase()	[M][1]
18.	Which of the following stater (a) df.head()	ments is used to view the fir (b) df.top()	st 5 rows of a DataFrame na (c) df.first(5)	med <i>df</i> ? <b>(d)</b> df.peek()	₩[E][1]
19.	What does the COUNT(*) fur (a) Number of columns in th (c) Number of NULL values	ne table	<ul><li>(b) Number of rows in the</li><li>(d) Number of primary ke</li></ul>		<b>₩</b> [[E][1]
20.	Assertion (A): The df.head()	function in Pandas returns t	he last 5 rows of a DataFran	ne.	
	Reason (R): The head() meth (a) Both A and R are True, ar (b) Both A and R are True, bu (c) A is True, but R is False. (d) A is False, but R is True.	nd R correctly explains A.			[E][1]
21.	<b>Assertion (A):</b> The GROUP I more columns.	BY clause in SQL is used wi	ith aggregate functions to g	roup the result-set	by one or
	<ul><li>Reason (R): Aggregate functi</li><li>(a) Both A and R are True, ar</li><li>(b) Both A and R are True, bu</li><li>(c) A is True, but R is False.</li><li>(d) A is False, but R is True.</li></ul>	nd R correctly explains A.		grouped data.	∰[D] [1]
		SECTIO	N-B		
22.	(a) Highlight any two key dif	ferences between a Series at O	•	Pandas library.	11 [E] [2]
	(b) Given the Series name as Student Raj Simran Ali Maya	S_marks			[E M]
	<ul><li>(i) Display marks of stu</li><li>(ii) Set the Series name t</li></ul>	dents who scored above 70. to "Exam Scores".			<b>[H]</b> [E]
23.	Ravi, an IT professional work and shared the data with a th				

(ii) Suggest any two preventive measures an organiszation can implement to avoid such misuse.

(i) Which cyber law is violated in this scenario?

[E] [3]

(	Assume the string "Class 12 I (i) Display the position of th (ii) Count the total number of	ne word 'IP' in the str	ing.	∰[M] [2]
<b>25.</b> (	(a) What is the difference bet	ween Static static and	d dynamic webpage?	[E] [2]
			OR	
(	(b) Difference between WWV	W and Internet.		[E] [2]
`	What are aggregate function		two	[E] [2]
	Explain Plagiarism with an e	•	two.	
	•	-		[E] [2]
20. (		ted. Help her by rew	g to create a Series of integers. She writing the corrected version and und	
			OR	
(	<b>(b)</b> Complete the Python cod	le to display the follo ITEM 0 Pen 1 Pencil 2 Eraser	wing output using a DataFrame:  PRICE  10  5  7	
i	mport as pd			
	data = [{'ITEM':'Pen','PRICE'	·10}		
	{'ITEM':'Pencil','PRIC			
		E.J,		
	{}}]			
	df = pd.DataFrame()			
1	print()			រាំរៀ[E] [2]
		SEC	CTION-C )	
1 1 1 f (	media, and subscribes to sevogin credentials. She also recensive subscribes with the comes with the comes of	reral educational plateraliszes that her persoverried about how her by digital privacy? Vions Ritika should ta	ke while sharing personal data online	cious email asking for her oublic forums without her elp Ritika by answering the
<b>30.</b> (	(a) Write a Python program t	o create a Series as sl	hown below using a dictionary. Note	
	the indices and the right of Fiction Non Fiction	column displays the o F NF	data.	
	Drama	D		r=1 r=1
	Poetry	Р	OR	[E] [3]
(	(b) Write a Python program	to generate the follow	wing DataFrame using a Dictionary of	f Series:
		Brand	Type	
		0 Nike	Shoes	
		<ul><li>1 Samsung</li><li>2 Dell</li></ul>	Phone Laptop	
		3 Titan	Watch	[E] [3]

**31.** (i) Write the SQL statement to create a table, Employee, with the following specifications:

Data Type Key Column Name

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EID Int Primary Key

EName Varchar (40)
Department Varchar (30)
Salary Int

(ii) Write the SQL query to display the EName and Salary of all employees working in the 'IT' department, in descending order of Salary.

**32.** Given the following tables:

Table: BOOKS

BOOK_ID	TITLE	AUTHOR_ID	PRICE
1	The Great Novel	1	25.00
2	Coding Basics	2	30.00
3	Mystery Solved	1	22.50
4	Data Structures	3	35.00
5	Epic Journey	2	28.00

Table: AUTHORS

AUTHOR_ID	AUTHOR_NAME	COUNTRY
1	A.B. Writer	USA
2	C.D. Coder	India
3	E.F. Expert	UK

Write SQL queries for the following:

- (i) To display the number of books written by each author.
- (ii) To find the average price of all books.
- (iii) To list the titles of books and the names of their respective authors.

[M] [3]

## SECTION-D

**33.** Ravi wants to create a line plot to represent the sales (in thousands) for five months. The table below shows the

Month	Sales (in '000)
January	15
February	18
March	21
April	19
May	22

He writes the following Python program but misses a few statements. Fill in the blanks to complete it:

import \_\_\_\_\_ as plt # Statement-1 months = ['Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May']

sales = [15, 18, 21, 19, 22]

plt.\_\_\_\_(months, sales) # Statement-2

plt.xlabel('\_\_\_\_\_') # Statement-3

plt.ylabel('Sales (in 000)')

plt.title(' ') # Statement-4

plt.show()

Write the missing statements according to the given specifications:

- (i) Write the suitable code to import the required module in the blank space in the line marked as Statement-1.
- (ii) Fill in the blank in Statement-2 with a suitable Python function name to create a line plot.
- (iii) Refer to the graph shown and fill in the blank in Statement-3 to display the appropriate label for the x-axis.
- (iv) Refer to the graph shown and fill in the blank in Statement-4 to display the suitable chart title.
- **34.** (a) An online store maintains a database of products. The database includes a table PRODUCTS with the following attributes:
  - **P\_ID**: Stores the unique product ID.
  - P NAME: Stores the name of the product.
  - **CATEGORY**: Stores the category of the product.
  - **PRICE**: Stores the price of the product.

Table: PRODUCTS

P_ID	P_NAME	CATEGORY	PRICE
P101	Headphones	Electronics	1500
P102	Running Shoes	Footwear	2500
P103	Backpack	Accessories	1200
P104	LED Bulb	Electronics	500
P105	T-shirt	Clothing	800

### Write *SQL* queries for the following:

- (i) Add a new product with:
  - P ID: P106
  - P\_NAME: Smart Watch
  - CATEGORY: Electronics
  - PRICE: 3500
- (ii) Display all products in the "Electronics" category.
- (iii) Find the total number of products in the "Footwear" category.
- (iv) Display all product names in uppercase.

**福**[M] [4]

- (b) An institution maintains a table named STUDENT for student records with the following structure:
  - SID: Unique student ID
  - **S\_NAME:** Name of the student
  - CLASS: Class enrolled in
  - FEES: Annual fees
  - ADM\_DATE: Date of admission

Table: STUDENT

SID	S_NAME	CLASS	FEES	ADM_DATE
S01	RIA MEHRA	12-COM	42000	2020-06-15
S02	ADITYA RAO	11-SCI	45000	2021-08-10
S03	NISHA JAIN	12-ARTS	40000	2022-04-20
S04	VIKAS SINGH	11-COM	43000	2021-06-05
S05	ALI KHAN	12-SCI	47000	2019-07-25

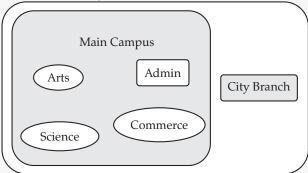
Write the output of the following SQL queries:

- (i) SELECT UPPER(S\_NAME) FROM STUDENT WHERE CLASS = '12-COM';
- (ii) SELECT S\_NAME FROM STUDENT WHERE MONTH(ADM\_DATE) = 6;
- (iii) SELECT S NAME FROM STUDENT WHERE FEES > 43000;
- (iv) SELECT COUNT(CLASS) FROM STUDENT;

**流**[M] [4]

## **SECTION-E**

**35.** "Great Achievers College" has its main campus in a suburban area and its branch is situated in the township. The buildings at these places are shown in the diagram.



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Distance between the blocks are given below:

Admin to science	85 m
Admin to commerce	120 m
Admin to Arts	75 m
Science to commerce	80 m
Science to Arts	70 m
Commerce to Arts	60 m
township to main campus	6 kg

Numbers of Computers in the blocks given are as

Admin	100
Science	80
Commerce	50
Arts	20
City branch	60

- (i) Name the device that will be to protect the network from unwanted and unauthorised accesses from outside the network.
- (ii) Which Topology is suggested in your layout scheme for the main campus?
- (iii) Which block will be appropriate for the server in teh main campus, and given reason.
- (iv) Suggest most reliable and low-maintenance connection for the campus with its city branch in the township.
- (v) Suggest the placement of the following devices with justification if the company wants to minimised network traffic.
- Repeater
- Hub/Switch



### **36.** Consider the following DataFrame **Student**.

	RollNo	Name	Class	Marks
0	201	Ria Mehra	12A	88
1	202	Aditya Rao	12B	92
2	203	Nisha Jain	12A	79
3	204	Vikas Shah	12C	85
4	205	Ali Khan	12B	90

### Write suitable Python statements for the following:

- (i) To display the first three rows of the DataFrame **Student**.
- (ii) To display the values under the Name column.
- (iii) To add a new column, **Grade**, with the value 'A' for all students.
- (iv) To display rows with index 1 and 4.
- (v) To remove the column Class.

**福**[H] [5]

## **37.** (a) Write SQL queries for the following based on the table *EMPLOYEES*:

- (i) To find the average salary from the SALARY column.
- (ii) To display the first 4 letters of the EMP NAME column.
- (iii) To display the EMP NAME values after converting them to lowercase.
- (iv) To retrieve the maximum salary from the SALARY column.
- (v) To increase the BONUS column value by 500 for all employees.

[H] [5]

- (b) Write SQL queries for the following: (i) To find the cube of 8.
  - (ii) To extract the month from the date '2025-02-15'.
  - (iii) To find the length of the string 'Digital Learning'.
  - (iv) To extract the year from '2023-12-10'.
  - (v) To display the current system date.

**福**[H] [5]

