## Machine Learning, 2024 Spring Assignment 2

## 2024.3.18

Consider multi-class softmax regression and maximum likelihood estimation (MLE). Denote the samples as  $(\mathbf{x}^{(1)}, y^{(1)}), (\mathbf{x}^{(2)}, y^{(2)}), ..., (\mathbf{x}^{(M)}, y^{(M)})$ , where  $y \in \{1, 2, ..., K\}$ , and the weights in softmax regression as  $\mathbf{w} = [\mathbf{w}_1, \mathbf{w}_2, ..., \mathbf{w}_K]^T$ .

**Problem 1.** Assume K=3. For example, we are building a model to classify a number of people into 3 groups based on their smoking rate, where the labels are 'no smoking', 'light smoking', and 'heavy smoking'. Derive the log-likelihood. (6 pts)

**Solution**: Denote the probability of the *i*-th sample as  $P_{i,1}$ : no smoking,  $P_{i,2}$ : light smoking, and  $P_{i,3}$ : heavy smoking, then for any i,

$$P_{i,1} + P_{i,2} + P_{i,3} = 1.$$

Let  $T_{i,k} = 1$  if  $y^{(i)} = k$  and 0 otherwise be the indicator function. Then

$$P(y^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)}, \mathbf{w}) = \prod_{k=1}^{3} P_{i,k}^{T_{i,k}}.$$

The likelihood function is

$$L(\mathbf{w}) = \prod_{i=1}^{M} P(y^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)}, \mathbf{w}).$$

So the log-likelihood is

$$\log L(\mathbf{w}) = \sum_{i=1}^{M} \log P(y^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)}, \mathbf{w})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{M} \sum_{k=1}^{3} T_{i,k} \log P_{i,k}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{M} (T_{i,1} \log P_{i,1} + T_{i,2} \log P_{i,2} + T_{i,3} \log (1 - P_{i,1} - P_{i,2})).$$

(Also acceptable to assume the samples are i.i.d., i.e. no need to distinguish between  $P_{i,1}$ ,  $P_{i,2}$ ,  $P_{i,3}$  for different i and directly setting  $p_1$ ,  $p_2$ ,  $p_3$ .)

**Problem 2.** For general K, derive the loss function / objective. (7 pts)

**Solution**: In general, softmax regression gives

$$P(y = k \mid \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{w}) = \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_k^T \mathbf{x})}{\sum_{j=1}^K \exp(\mathbf{w}_j^T \mathbf{x})}.$$

Let  $T_{i,k} = 1$  if  $y^{(i)} = k$  and 0 otherwise be the indicator function, then

$$P(y^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)}, \mathbf{w}) = \prod_{k=1}^{K} \left[ \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_k^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_j^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)})} \right]^{T_{i,k}}.$$

The likelihood is

$$L(\mathbf{w}) = \prod_{i=1}^{M} P(y^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)}, \mathbf{w}).$$

So the log-likelihood is

$$\log L(\mathbf{w}) = \sum_{i=1}^{M} \log P(y^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)}, \mathbf{w})$$
$$= \sum_{i=1}^{M} \sum_{k=1}^{K} T_{i,k} \log \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_k^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_j^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}.$$

The objective is to maximize  $\log L(\mathbf{w})$ .

(Or, the loss function is the negative log-likelihood,

$$J(\mathbf{w}) = -\log L(\mathbf{w}) = \dots$$

The objective is to minimize  $J(\mathbf{w})$ .)

**Problem 3.** Based on Problem 2, we set  $\mathbf{w}_K = 0$ . You need to set another  $\mathbf{w}_t = 0$  (choose t randomly by yourself) and derive the loss function. (7 pts)

**Solution**: Setting  $\mathbf{w}_K = 0$  gives

$$\begin{split} J(\mathbf{w}) &= -\left[ \sum_{i=1}^{M} T_{i,K} \log \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_{K}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_{j}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})} + \sum_{i=1}^{M} \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} T_{i,k} \log \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_{k}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_{j}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})} \right] \\ &= -\left[ \sum_{i=1}^{M} T_{i,K} \log \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_{j}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})} + \sum_{i=1}^{M} \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} T_{i,k} \log \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_{k}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_{j}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})} \right]. \end{split}$$

Further setting  $\mathbf{w}_1 = 0$  gives

$$J(\mathbf{w}) = -\left[\sum_{i=1}^{M} (T_{i,K} + T_{i,1}) \log \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_{j}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})} + \sum_{i=1}^{M} \sum_{k=2}^{K-1} T_{i,k} \log \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_{k}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_{j}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}\right].$$

(In general, setting  $\mathbf{w}_t = 0$ , random  $t \in \{1, 2, ..., K-1\}$  gives

$$J(\mathbf{w}) = -\left[\sum_{i=1}^{M} (T_{i,K} + T_{i,t}) \log \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_{j}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})} + \sum_{i=1}^{M} \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} \mathbb{I}_{k \neq t} T_{i,k} \log \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_{k}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp(\mathbf{w}_{j}^{T} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})}\right],$$

where  $\mathbb{I}_{k\neq t}$  is the indicator function which equals 0 when k=t and 1 otherwise.) (Can also write in the form of log-likelihood, i.e. omitting '-'.)