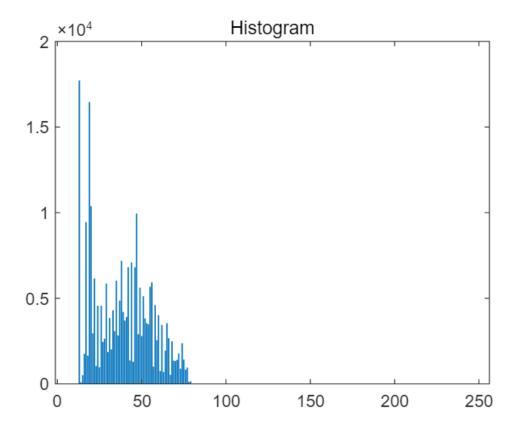
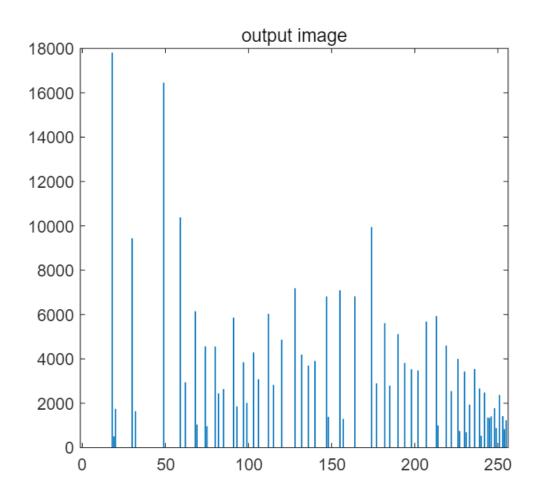
```
load Q3\original_img.mat;
source=imread("Q3\source.jpg");
target=imread("Q3\target.jpg");
[n,m]=size(original_img);
cnt=zeros(256,1);
bin=zeros(256,1);
for i=[1:256]
    bin(i,1)=i-1;
end
for i=[1:n]
    cnt(original_img(i,j)+1,1)=cnt(original_img(i,j)+1,1)+1;
    end
end
bar(bin,cnt);title("Histogram");
```



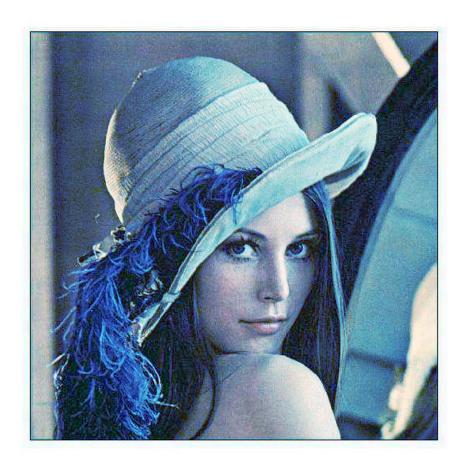
output image



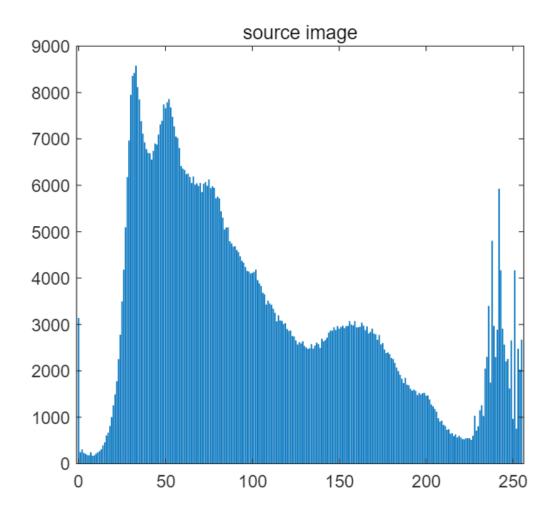
[counts,binLocations]=imhist(output);
bar(binLocations,counts);title("output image");



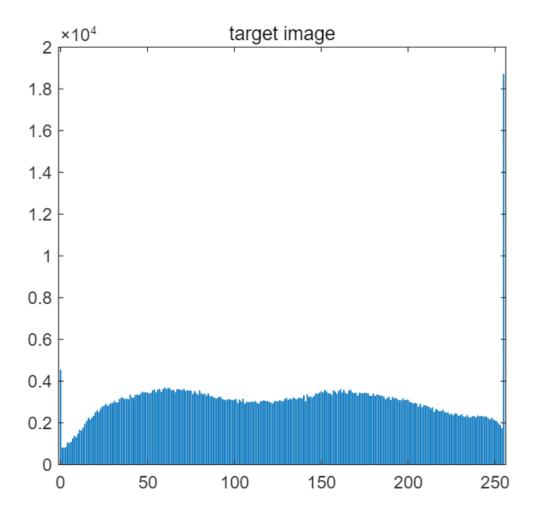
```
[source_m,dim]=size(source);
[target_n,target_m,dim]=size(target);
x=uint8(zeros(source_n,source_m,3));
for k=[1:3]
   source_x=source(:,:,k);%获取原图像 k 通道
   source_hist=imhist(source_x);%获取原图像 k 通道直方图
   target_x=target(:,:,k);%获取匹配图像 k 通道
   target hist=imhist(target x);%获取匹配图像 k 通道直方图
   %x(:,:,k)=histeq(source_x,target_hist);%R 通道直方图匹配,系统自带,可惜不让用
   source_p=cumsum(source_hist)/(source_n*source_m);
   target_p=cumsum(target_hist)/(target_n*target_m);
   map=zeros(1,256);%从 0 到 255 分别的映射
   %help min
   for i=[1:256]
       [val,pos]=min(abs(source_p(i)-target_p));%找到 target_p 中与 source(i)最接近的位置
       map(i)=pos-1;
   end
   x(:,:,k)=map(double(source_x)+1);
result=cat(3,x(:,:,1),x(:,:,2),x(:,:,3));
imshow(result);
```



[counts,binLocations]=imhist(source);
bar(binLocations,counts);title("source image");



```
[counts,binLocations]=imhist(target);
bar(binLocations,counts);title("target image");
```



```
[counts,binLocations]=imhist(result);
bar(binLocations,counts);title("output image");
```

