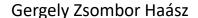
#### A Practical Introduction to Data Science

#### Part 8

# Machine Learning Operations







# Course Agenda

1.	Introduction to Data Science
II.	Business and Data Understanding
III.	Introduction to Supervised Learning
IV.	Advanced Supervised Learning
V.	Unsupervised Learning
VI.	Time Series Analysis
VII.	Deep Learning
VIII.	Machine Learning Operations

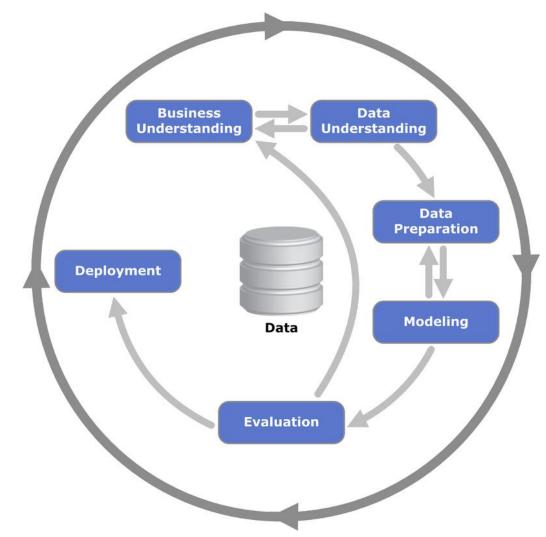
# Review of the ML Lifecycle

#### Ways of working

- Business Collaboration
- Experimentation
- Iterative Process

#### **Key Considerations**

- Data Quality
- Generalization
- Data Leakage
- Business Impact

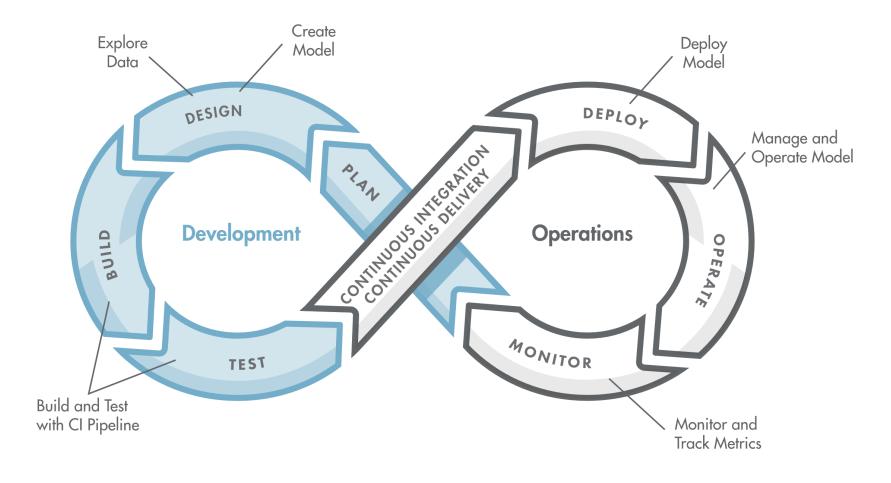


Source: Cross-industry standard process for data mining - Wikipedia

### Machine Learning Operations

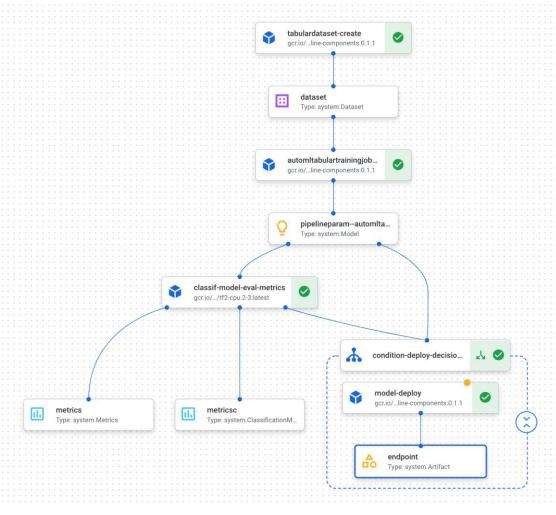
#### **Phases:**

- 1. Pre-deployment
- 2. Deployment
- 3. Post-deployment



### Pre-Deployment

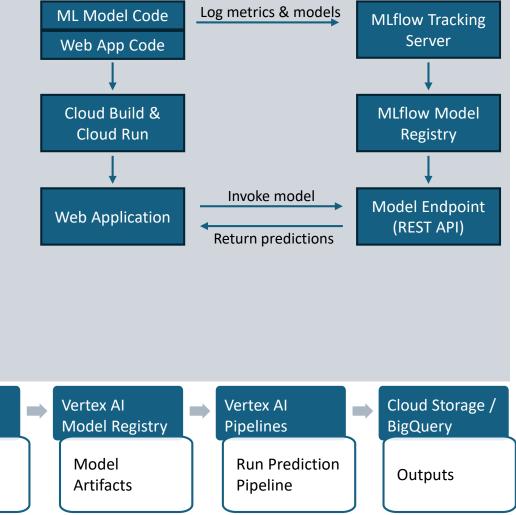
- 1. Data Engineering Pipeline
  - Reliable Data Ingestion
- 2. Model Development
  - A. Experimentation
    - Notebooks
    - Experimentation Tracking (e.g. MLflow)
    - Version Control (Git)
  - B. Machine Learning Pipeline
    - Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG)
    - Clean and Modular Code
    - Containerization
    - Automation
    - Reproducibility
    - Scalability



Source: Intro to Vertex Pipelines

### Deployment

- 1. Rollout Strategy
- 2. Machine Learning Pipeline
- 3. Model Serving
  - Model Registry
  - Endpoints
- 4. Continuous Deployment
  - Environments: dev, test, prod
  - Stages: build, test, deploy



Local / Vertex
Al Workbench

ML Pipeline Development Gitlab CI/CD

Run Deployment Pipeline Google Artifact Registry

Containerized ML Pipeline

Vertex Al Pipelines

> Run Training Pipeline

- 1. Model-based decisions (actions)
- 2. Monitoring
  - ML Pipeline
  - Business
  - Model Performance Backtesting
  - Concept Drift and Data Drift
  - Business Impact
- 3. Retraining
  - Regular or performance driven

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- Failures
- Runtime
- Input data
  - Availability and Format
  - Quality (missing values, duplicates)
  - Volume
- Output Volume and Quality

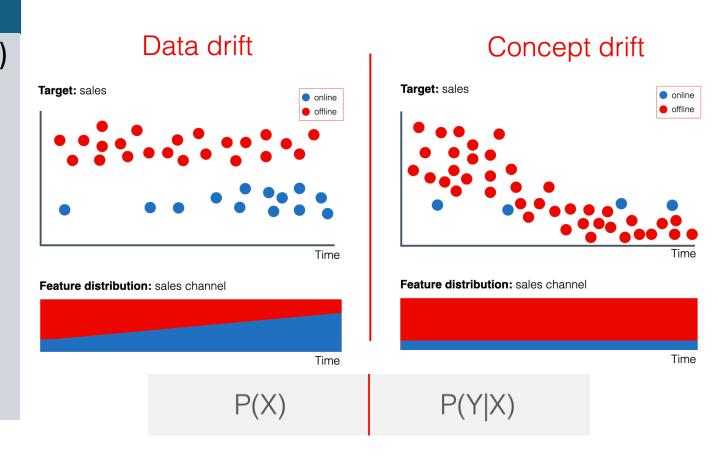
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- Portfolio Size
- Business Targets
- Profit and Loss

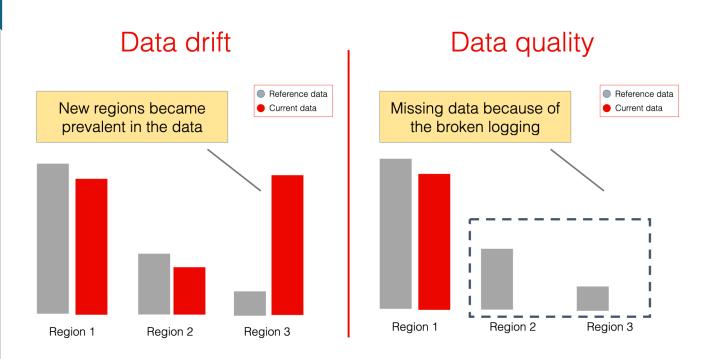
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- Stability and Drop in Performance
- Model Calibration
- Underperforming Segments
- Bias and Fairness

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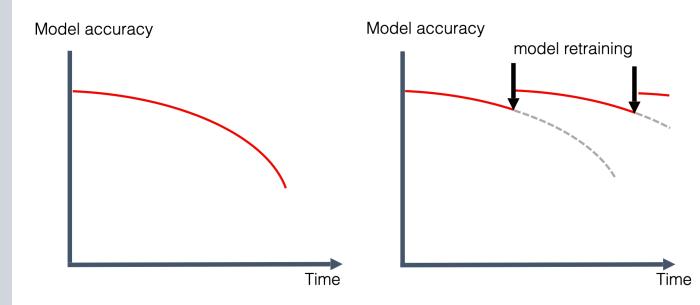
- A good model is not enough
  - Business decision, timing, target group
  - A/B testing
- Feedback Loops:
  - Predictions/actions may influence results and future samples
  - Backtesting and future modelling may be affected
    - Healed customers
    - Self-fulfilling prophecies
    - Altered distributions (e.g. excluded segments)
  - Action tracking
- External Factors
  - Environment, competitors etc.

#### Steps

- 1. Model-based decisions (actions)
- 2. Monitoring
  - ML Pipeline
  - Business
  - Model Performance Backtesting
  - Concept Drift and Data Drift
  - Business Impact

#### 3. Retraining

Regular or performance driven



# **MLOps Tools**

Tracking	<b>Model Registry</b>	ML Pipeline	CI/CD	Other
☐ MLflow	■ MLflow	☐ Airflow	☐ Gitlab CI/CD	□ Docker
□ W&B	□ Vertex AI	☐ Kubeflow	☐ Github Actions	☐ Kubernetes
	☐ SageMaker	□ Vertex AI	☐ Jenkins	☐ FastAPI

#### Read more about MLOps:

- ML Ops: Machine Learning Operations
- The Post Deployment Data Science Blog by nannyML

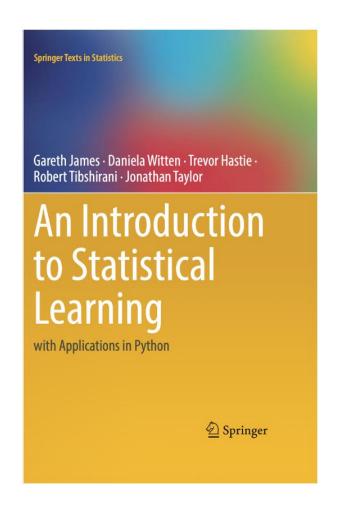
### What we have covered

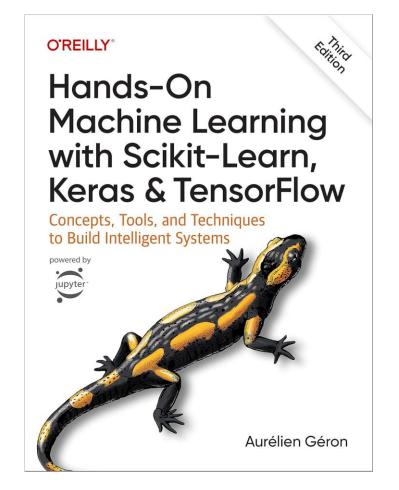
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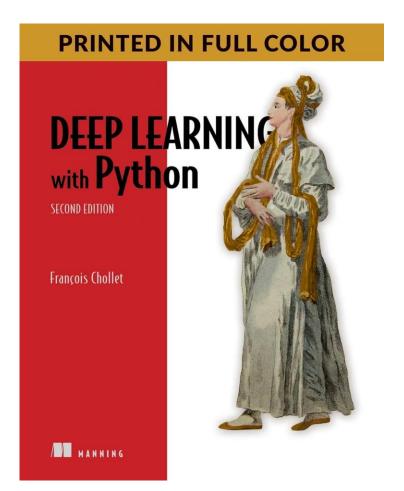
#### Free Online Resources

- Making Friends with Machine Learning: The Entire Course
- StatQuest with Josh Starmer
- User Guides and Tutorials e.g. <u>scikit-learn</u>
- 3Blue1Brown Neural networks
- Andrej Karpathy Deep Dive into LLMs like ChatGPT
- Lecture series from top universities and other tutorials on YouTube
  - Stanford CS229 I Machine Learning I Building Large Language Models (LLMs)
  - MIT Deep Learning

#### Books







# Thank you for your attention!

Your feedback would be much appreciated:



Any Questions?



