M12-L1-P1

November 30, 2024

1 M12-L1 Problem 1

This problem is intended to demonstrate PCA on a small 2D dataset. This will emphasize how PCs are computed and what they mean.

1.1 Computing the Principal Components

First, compute the principal components of the dataset by following these steps: 1. Compute M (1×2) , the mean of each dimension in X 2. Compute S (2×2) , the covariance matrix of X (see np.cov) 3. Report w, the 2 eigenvalues of S (see np.linalg.eig) 4. Get e1 and e2, the eigenvectors corresponding to the elements of w

The principal components in this problem are then e1 and e2.

```
[23]: print('X:\n', X)

# YOUR CODE GOES HERE: Compute M

M = np.mean(X ,axis = 0)
print('\nMean of each dimension:\n', M)

# YOUR CODE GOES HERE: Compute S
S = np.cov(X.T)
print('\nCovariance Matrix:\n', S)

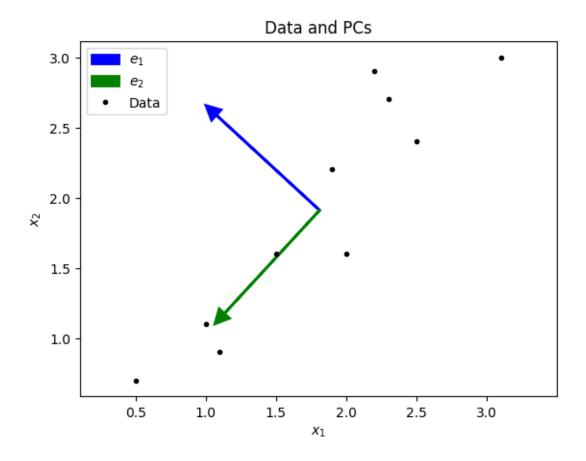
# YOUR CODE GOES HERE: Compute w
w,e = np.linalg.eig(S)
print('\nEigenvalues of covariance matrix:\n',w)

# YOUR CODE GOES HERE: Compute e1, e2
e1,e2 = e.T
print('\nPrincipal Components:')
print('e1:',e1)
```

```
print('e2:',e2)
Х:
 [[2.5 \ 2.4]]
 [0.5 \ 0.7]
 [2.2 \ 2.9]
 [1.9 \ 2.2]
 [3.1 3.]
 [2.3 \ 2.7]
 [2. 1.6]
 [1. 1.1]
 [1.5 1.6]
 [1.1 0.9]]
Mean of each dimension:
 [1.81 1.91]
Covariance Matrix:
 [[0.61655556 0.61544444]
 [0.61544444 0.71655556]]
Eigenvalues of covariance matrix:
 [0.0490834 1.28402771]
Principal Components:
e1: [-0.73517866 0.6778734]
e2: [-0.6778734 -0.73517866]
```

1.2 Plotting data with principal components

Complete the code below to plot the original data with principal components represented as unit vector arrows.



1.3 Plotting transformed data

Now, transform the data with the formula $a_i = (x - \mu) \bullet e_i$.

Print the transformed data matrix columns a1 and a2.

Then plot the transformed data on e_1-e_2 axes.

```
[25]: # YOUR CODE GOES HERE: Compute a1, a2

a1 = np.dot((X - M),e1)
a2 = np.dot((X - M),e2)

print("a_1 = ",a1)
print("a_2 = ",a2)

plt.figure()
plt.title("Transformed data")

e1, e2 = e1.flatten(), e2.flatten()
# YOUR CODE GOES HERE: Plot transformed data
```

```
plt.plot(a1,a2,'.',color="black", label="Data")
plt.xlabel("$e_1$")
plt.ylabel("$e_2$")
plt.axis("equal")
plt.show()
```

- $a_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.17511531 & 0.14285723 & 0.38437499 & 0.13041721 & -0.20949846 & 0.17528244 \\ -0.3498247 & 0.04641726 & 0.01776463 & -0.16267529 \end{bmatrix}$
- $a_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.82797019 & 1.77758033 & -0.99219749 & -0.27421042 & -1.67580142 & -0.9129491 \\ 0.09910944 & 1.14457216 & 0.43804614 & 1.22382056 \end{bmatrix}$

Transformed data

