

Univerza na Primorskem UP FAMNIT Študijsko leto 2021/2022

Algebra I

IZPIT

- 18. Avgust 2022 -

Čas pisanja: 135 minut. Maksimalno število točk: 100. Dovoljena je uporaba pisala in kalkulatorja. Pišite razločno in utemeljite vsak odgovor. Srečno!

- 1. (a) Zapišite definicijo skalarnega produkta. Dokažite, da za vektorja \overrightarrow{u} , $\overrightarrow{v} \in \mathbb{R}^3$, ki sta pravokotna, velja $|\overrightarrow{u} + \overrightarrow{v}|^2 = |\overrightarrow{u}|^2 + |\overrightarrow{v}|^2$. (Namig: Uporabite dejstvo, da je $|\overrightarrow{u}|^2 = \langle u, u \rangle$). (5 točk)
 - (b) Zapišite definicijo vektorskega produkta. Kako ga izračunamo z uporabo determinante? (5 točk)
 - (c) Dokažite naslednjo trditev: Za poljubne vektorje \overrightarrow{u} , \overrightarrow{v} in \overrightarrow{w} velja, da je $|\langle u \times v, w \rangle|$ prostornina paralelepipeda, ki ga določajo vektorji \overrightarrow{u} , \overrightarrow{v} in \overrightarrow{w} .
 - (d) Zapišite enačbo ravnine v vektorski, splošni in parametrično vektorski obliki. Izpeljite enačbo ravnine skozi 3 točke z uporabo determinante. (5 točk)
- 2. Naj bodo A, B, C in D zaporedna oglišča paralelograma. Točka E leži na diagonali AC tako, da velja |AE|:|EC|=1:3. Točka F leži na diagonali BD tako, da velja |BD|:|BF|=4:3. Označimo s S presečišče daljic AF in ED.
 - (a) Zapišite vektor \overrightarrow{AS} kot linearno kombinacijo vektorjev $\overrightarrow{e} = \overrightarrow{AC}$ in $\overrightarrow{f} = \overrightarrow{BD}$. (8 točk) Hint: $|AS| = \frac{2}{3}|AF|$.
 - (b) Če so A(1,-2,2), B(3,-1,4) in C(2,3,-3), poiščite kot med stranicama AB in BC ter določite ploščino paralelograma. (12 točk)

 Namig: Kot med dvema vektorjema lahko izračunamo s pomočjo enačbe $\cos \varphi = \frac{\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_2}{|\vec{v}_1| \cdot |\vec{v}_2|}$.
- 3. Naj bo U ravnina z enačbo x y + 2z = 0.
 - (a) Zapišite enačbo premice ℓ , ki vsebuje točko T(4,0,4) in je pravokotna na ravnino U. (3 točke)
 - (b) Poiščite presečišče premice ℓ in ravnine U.

(5 točk)

- (c) Določite koordinate točke A, ki leži na premici ℓ in je enako oddaljena od točke T in ravnine U. Kolikšna je ta razdalja? (12 točk)
- 4. Pokažite, da sistem linearnih enačb

$$3x + 4y + 5z = a$$
$$4x + 5y + 6z = b$$
$$5x + 6y + 7z = c$$

nima rešitve, razen če je a + c = 2b. V tem primeru rešitev tudi poiščite.

(20 točk)

5. Za katere vrednosti $x \in \mathbb{R}$, bo naslednja matrika

$$M = \left(\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & x & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & x & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & x & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{array}\right),$$

obrnljiva? (20 točk)



University of Primorska UP FAMNIT Academic year 2021/2022

Algebra I

Ехам

- August 18, 2022 -

Time: 135 minutes. Maximum number of points: 100. You are allowed to use a pen and a calculator. Write clearly, and justify all your answers. Good luck!

- 1. (a) Write the definition of the scalar (dot) product. In addition, for two orthogonal vectors \overrightarrow{u} , $\overrightarrow{v} \in \mathbb{R}^3$, prove that $|\overrightarrow{u} + \overrightarrow{v}|^2 = |\overrightarrow{u}|^2 + |\overrightarrow{v}|^2$. (Hint: Use the fact that $|\overrightarrow{u}|^2 = \langle u, u \rangle$). (5 points)
 - (b) Write the definition of the cross (vector) product. How do we compute it in terms of determinants? (5 points)
 - (c) Prove the following statement: For any vectors \overrightarrow{u} , \overrightarrow{v} and \overrightarrow{w} , it holds that $|\langle u \times v, w \rangle|$ is the volume of the parallelepiped determined by \overrightarrow{u} , \overrightarrow{v} and \overrightarrow{w} .
 - (d) Write the equation of a plane in vectorial, general and parametric vectorial form. Then, derive the equation of a plane through 3 non-collinear points in terms of determinants. (5 points)
- 2. Let A, B, C and D be consecutive points of a parallelogram. Point E divides the diagonal AC so that |AE|:|EC|=1:3. Point F divides the diagonal BD so that |BD|:|BF|=4:3. Let S be the point of intersection of line segments AF and ED.
 - (a) Write the vector \overrightarrow{AS} as a linear combination of vectors $\overrightarrow{e} = \overrightarrow{AC}$ and $\overrightarrow{f} = \overrightarrow{BD}$. (8 points) Hint: $|AS| = \frac{2}{3}|AF|$.
 - (b) If A(1,-2,2), B(3,-1,4) and C(2,3,-3), find the angle between line segments AB and BC and determine the area of the parallelogram. (12 points) Hint: The angle between two vectors can be obtained from the equation $\cos \varphi = \frac{\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_2}{|\vec{v}_1| \cdot |\vec{v}_2|}$.
- 3. Let *U* be the plane defined by x y + 2z = 0.
 - (a) Find the line ℓ , that contains point T(4,0,4) and is perpendicular to the plane U.
 - (b) Find the coordinates of the intersection of the line ℓ and the plane U. (5 points)
 - (c) Determine the coordinates of the point A, that lies on the line ℓ and is equidistant from T and U. Also, determine this distance. (12 points)
- 4. Show that the system of equations

$$3x + 4y + 5z = a$$
$$4x + 5y + 6z = b$$
$$5x + 6y + 7z = c$$

does not have a solution unless a + c = 2b. In that case, find the solution of the system.

(20 points)

5. For which values of $x \in \mathbb{R}$, will the matrix M given by

$$M = \left(egin{array}{ccccccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \ 1 & x & 1 & 2 & 1 \ 1 & 1 & x & 1 & 1 \ 1 & 2 & 1 & x & 1 \ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{array}
ight),$$

be invertible? (20 points)