

Delayed On The Ground ...

(Part 1)

ASEN 6519 – Guest Lecture

Max Z. Li
University of Michigan, Ann Arbor



Delta 2222

DAL2222 / DL2222

[Upgrade account to see tail number](#)

ARRIVED OVER A DAY AGO

Gate A9



BOS
BOSTON, MA

left **GATE A19**

[Boston Logan Intl - BOS](#)

SATURDAY 05-AUG-2023

01:16PM EDT (on time)

DTW
DETROIT, MI

arrived at **GATE A9**

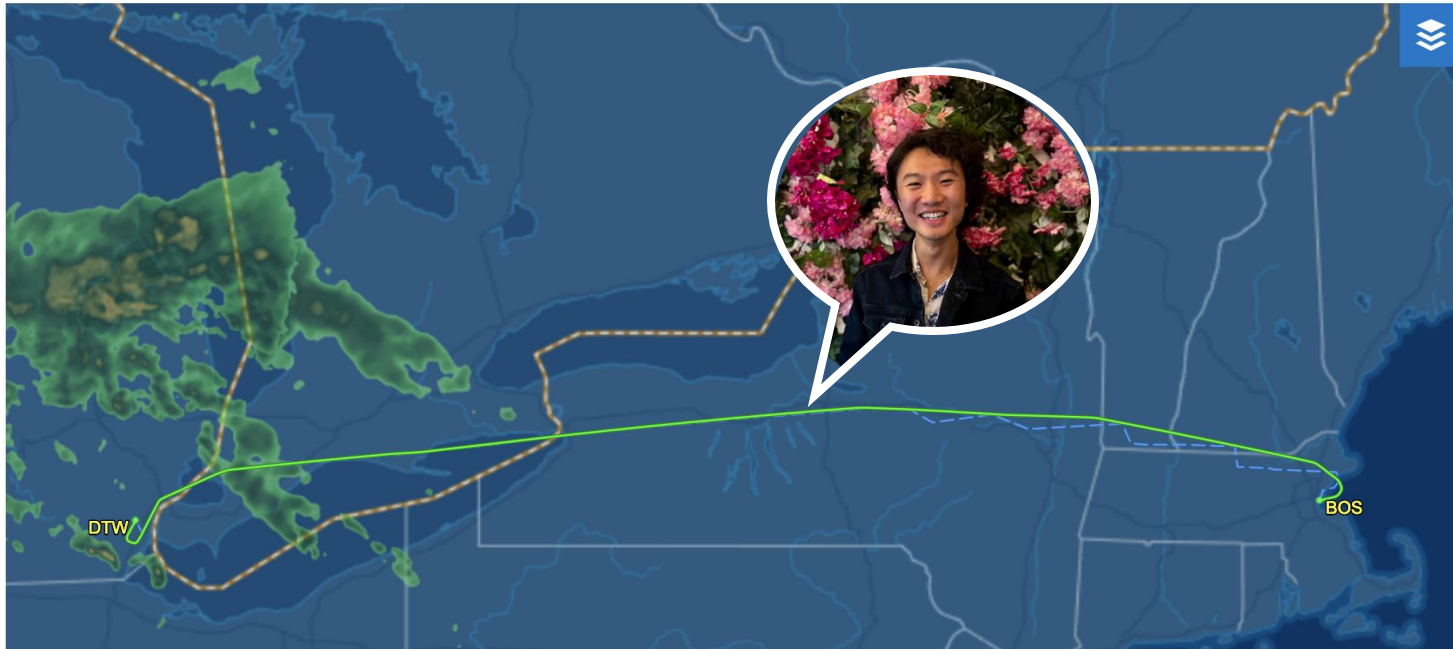
[Detroit Metro Wayne Co - DTW](#)

SATURDAY 05-AUG-2023

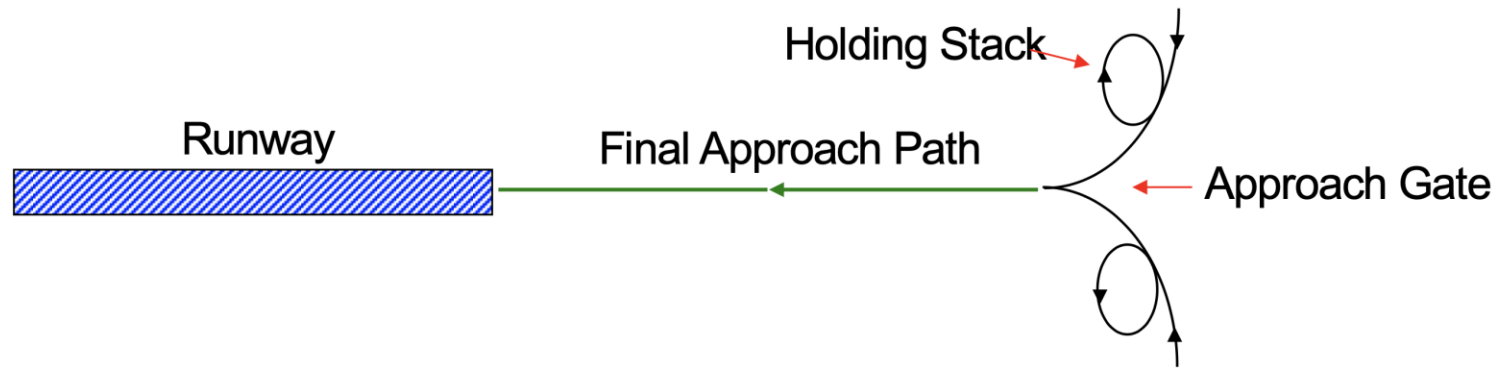
(2 minutes early) **03:18PM EDT**

2h 2m total travel time

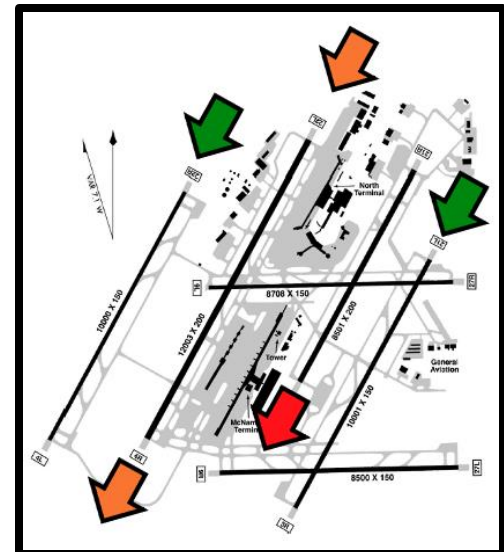
NOT YOUR FLIGHT? [DAL2222 flight schedule](#)



Supply-Side



- Runway as principal bottlenecks
- **Predict:**
 - Runway *configurations*
 - Runway *assignments*



FlightAware Foresight



Collins Aerospace
An **RTX** Business

FlightAware

The logo graphic for FlightAware, showing a blue airplane flying along a dashed blue line that curves upwards and to the right, passing through the letter 'A'.

Completed or en route flights?

☐ completed

☒ en route

Flight Number

DAL2222

7/15

Origin

Choose an option

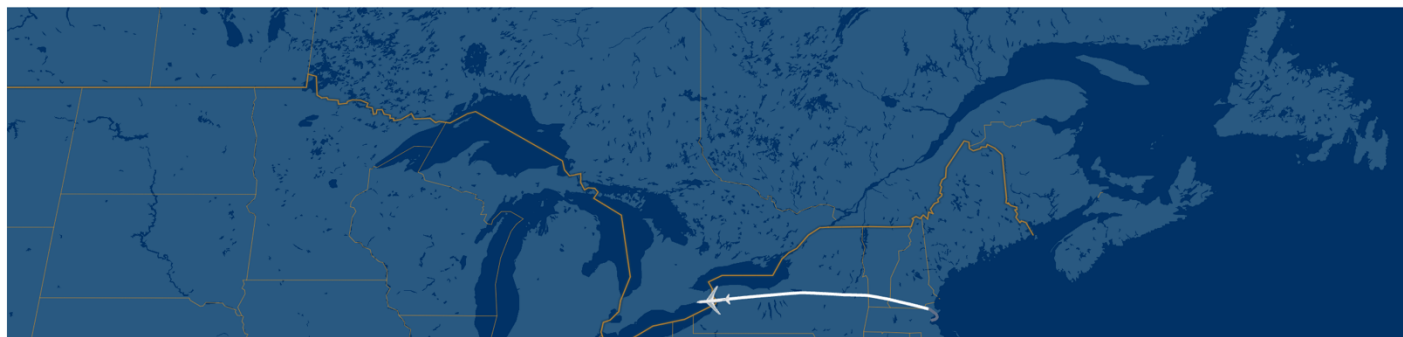
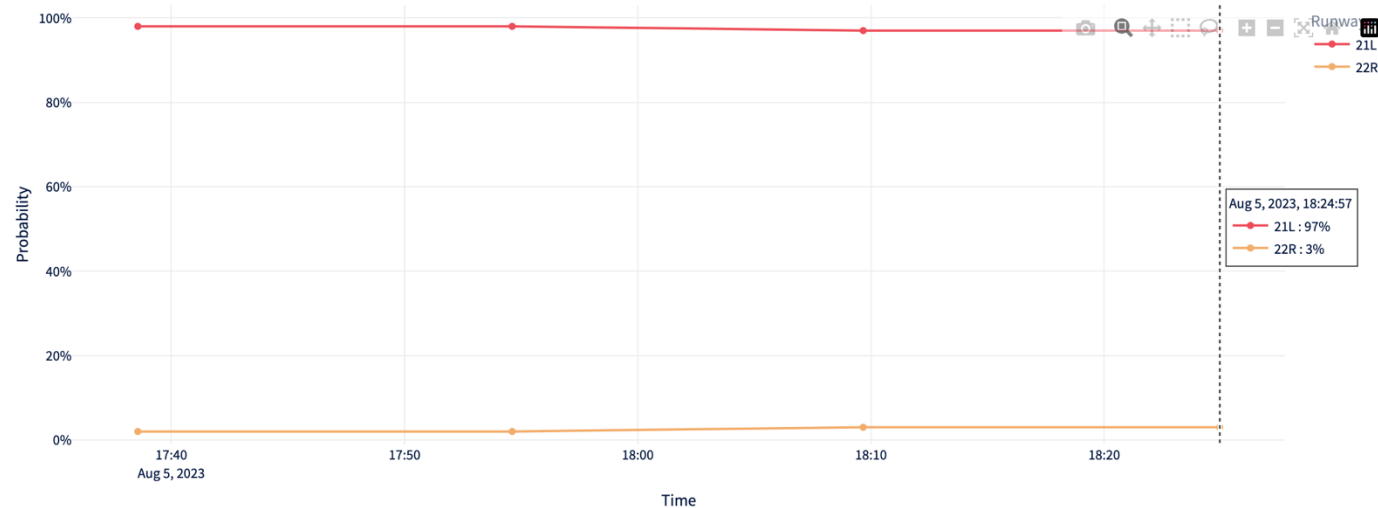
Destination

Choose an option

Random Flight Search

Submit Feedback

Results [Probabilities Over Time](#) Flight Metadata



Completed or en route flights?

☐ completed

☒ en route

Flight Number

DAL2222

7/15

Origin

Choose an option

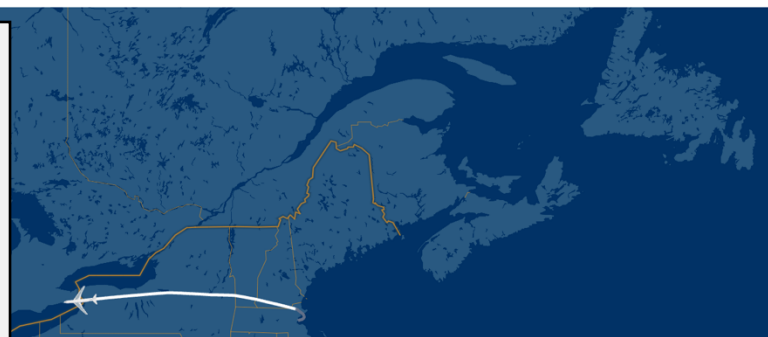
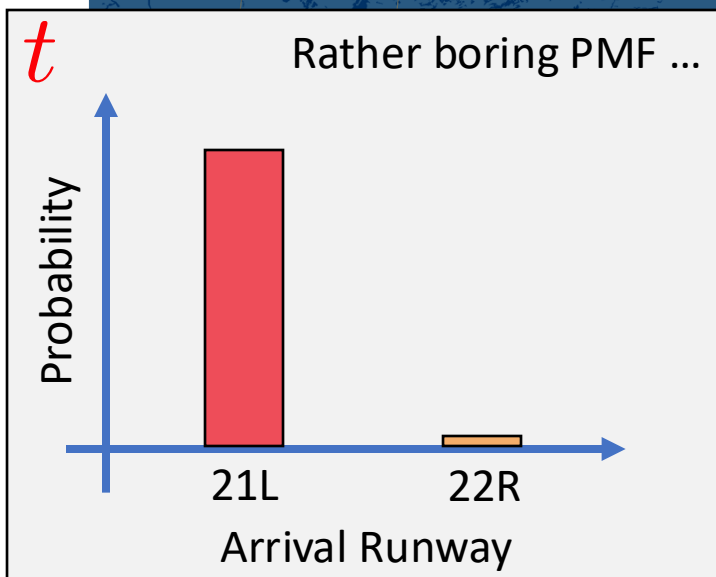
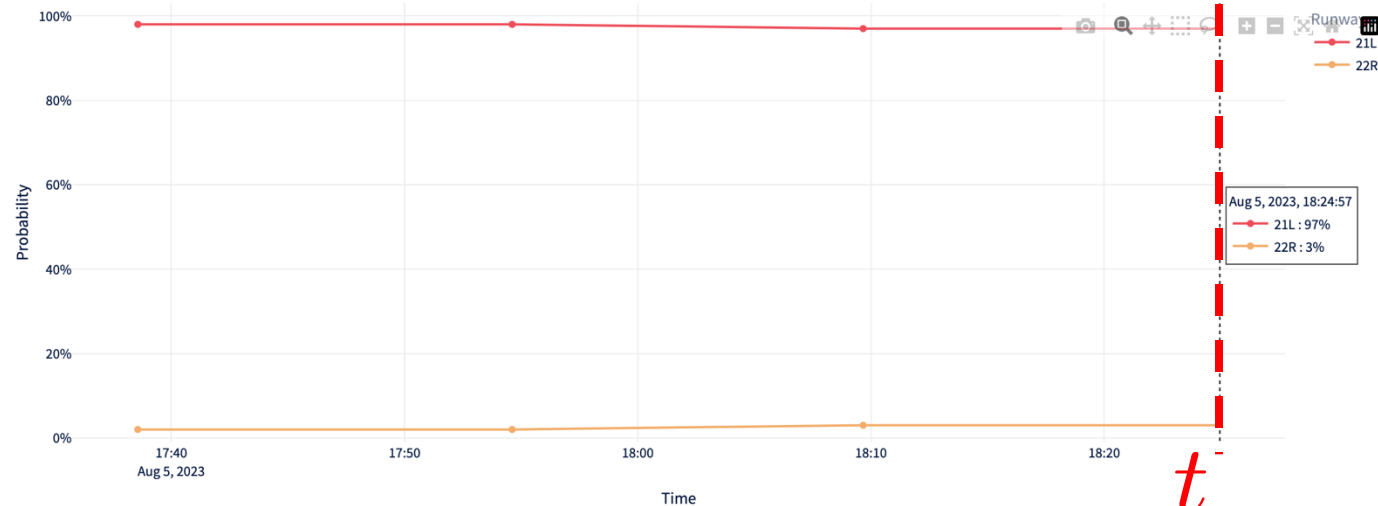
Destination

Choose an option

Random Flight Search

Submit Feedback

Results **Probabilities Over Time** Flight Metadata



Completed or en route flights?

- ☐ completed
- ☒ en route

Flight Number

DAL2222

Origin

Choose an option

Destination

Choose an option

Random Flight Search

Submit Feedback



Completed or en route flights?

☐ completed

☒ en route

Flight Number

0/15

Origin

Choose an option

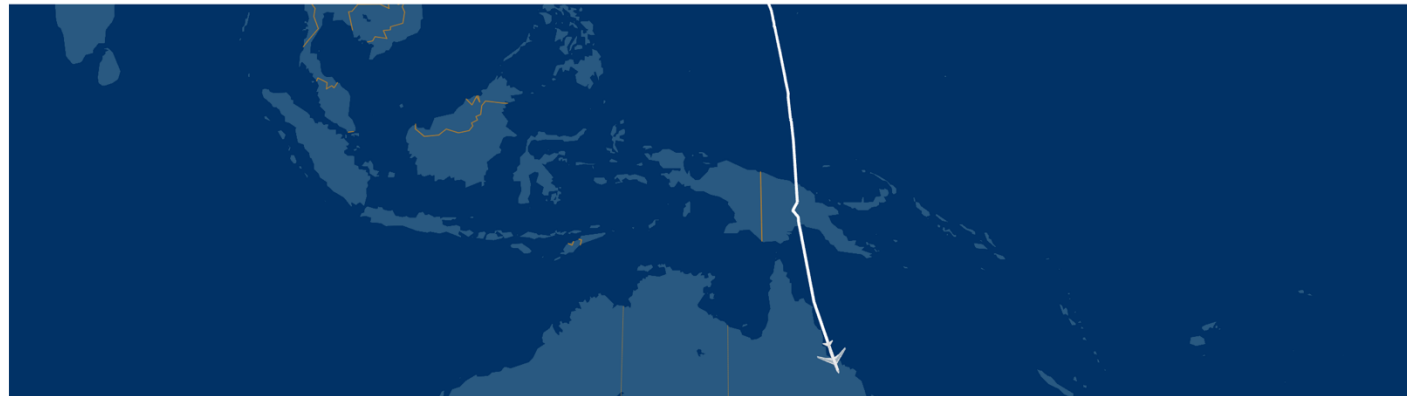
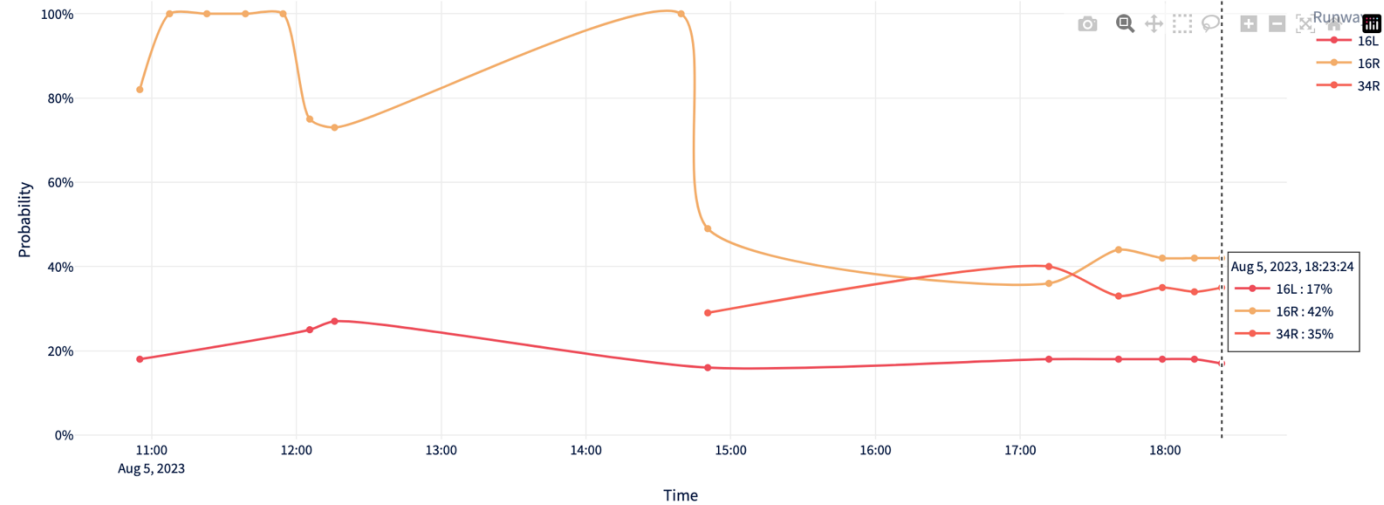
Destination

Choose an option

Random Flight Search

Submit Feedback

Results **Probabilities Over Time** Flight Metadata



Korean Air 401

KAL401 / KE401

Seoul → Sydney

Completed or en route flights?

☐ completed

☒ en route

Flight Number

Origin

Choose an option

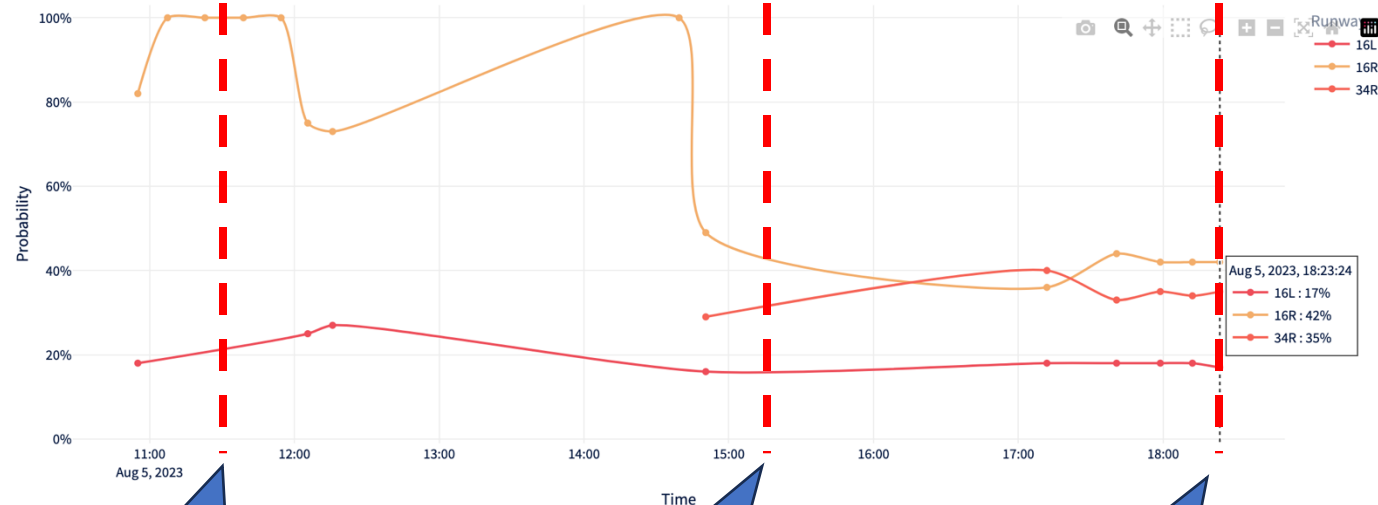
Destination

Choose an option

Random Flight Search

Submit Feedback

Results Probabilities Over Time Flight Metadata



We're probably landing 16R!

Hmm ... a tossup between 16L, 16R, and 34R

Still a tossup!

Significant distribution shifts



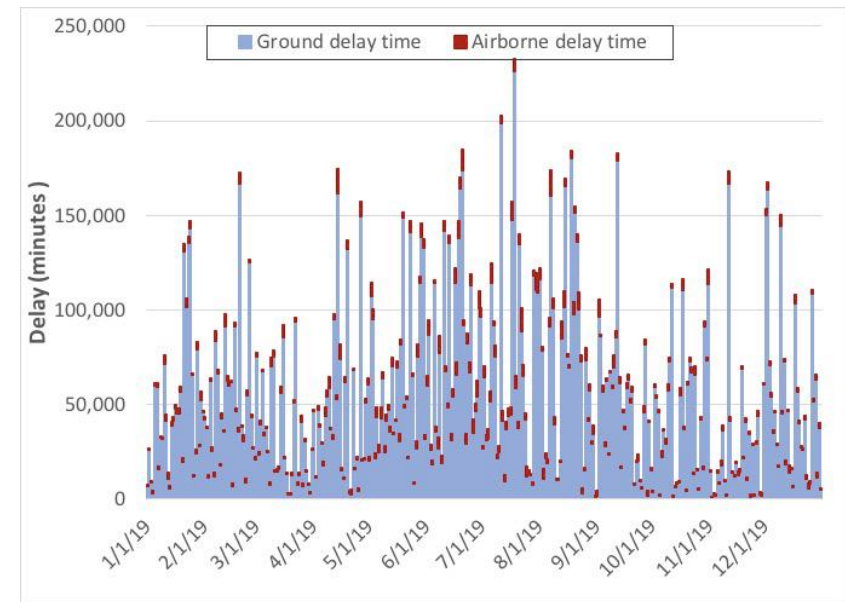
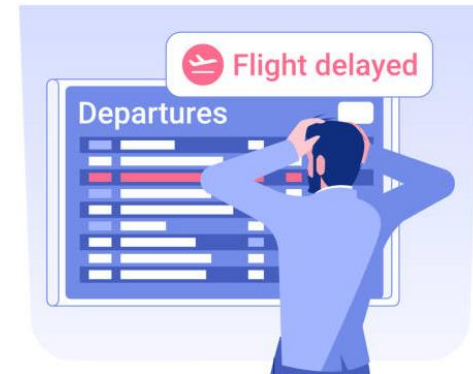
Korean Air 401

KAL401 / KE401

Seoul → Sydney

Air Traffic Flow Management

- Demand-capacity imbalance
- One strategy: **Ground holds and ground delays**
 - Rationale: Ground delays are safer and less costly than airborne delays
- Popular strategy ...



Ground Delay Programs (GDPs)

(Note: This page will refresh every 5 minutes. Last updated **Fri, 01 Feb 2019 23:03:11 UTC**. Provided by the FAA's Air Traffic Control System Command Center.)

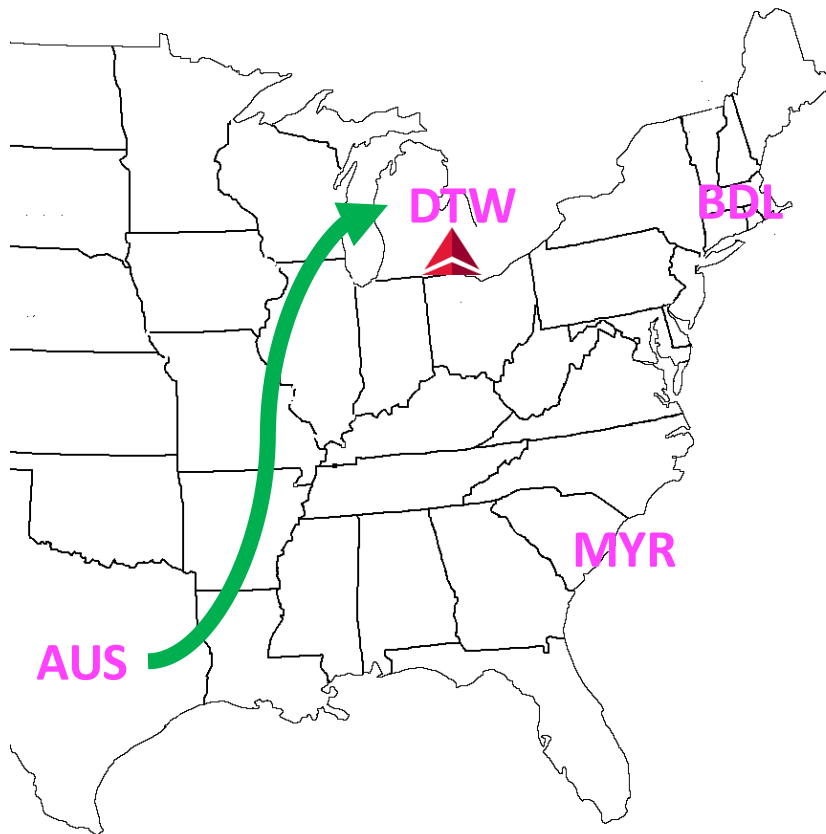
NATIONAL PROGRAMS Help										
PROGRAM NAME	START	END	SCOPE	REASON	AVG	AAR	PR	ADVZY	DA	
DCA	2128	0159	1000 MILES + CZY	WEATHER / SNOW-ICE	66	28	28	063	DA	
SFO	1808	0759	ALL+CZV_AP	WEATHER / WIND	175	28	28	053	DA	

- **All domestic and Canadian** inbound flights to **SFO** will be held at their origin for an average of **175 minutes (~ 3 hr)** due to unfavorable winds at **SFO** reducing arrival capacity to **28 aircraft per hour** (SFO's nominal arrival capacity is 60 aircraft per hour). This GDP is in effect from **1808Z (1:08 PM EST)** to **0758Z (2:58 AM EST next day)**.

- (Be a more informed air traveler! <https://www.fly.faa.gov/ois/>)

Ground Delay Programs (GDPs)

A “Live” Example ...

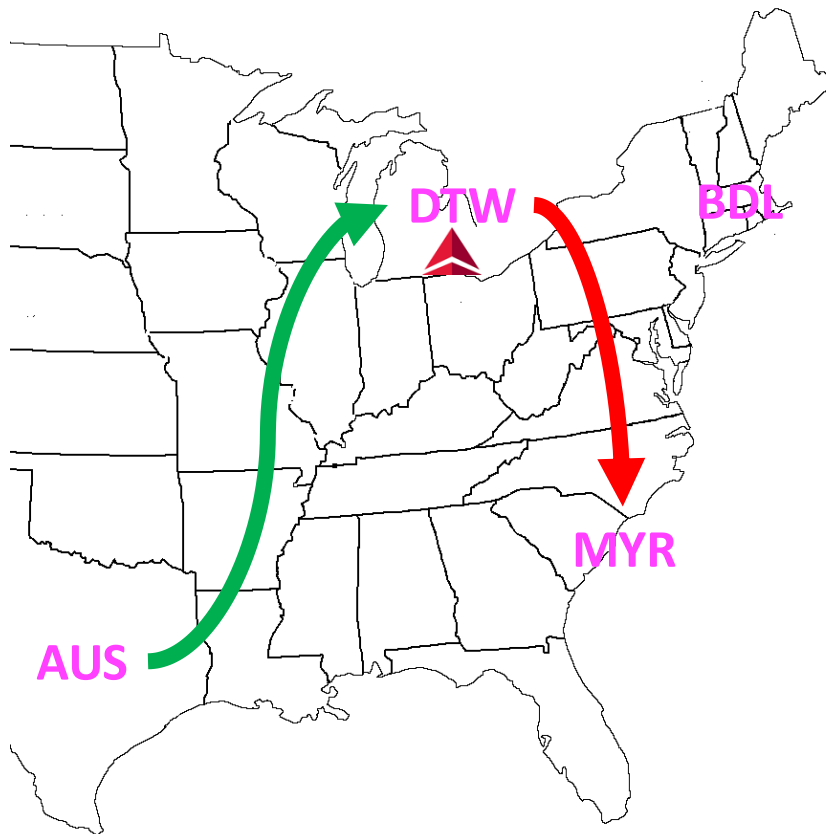


AUS ➤			3h 3m			DTW		
Austin · Fri, Aug 11						Detroit · Fri, Aug 11		
Scheduled departure	Terminal	Gate	Scheduled arrival			Terminal	Gate	
5:25 AM	-	4	9:28 AM			EM	A29	

DAL 1040
AUS → MYR

Ground Delay Programs (GDPs)

A “Live” Example ...

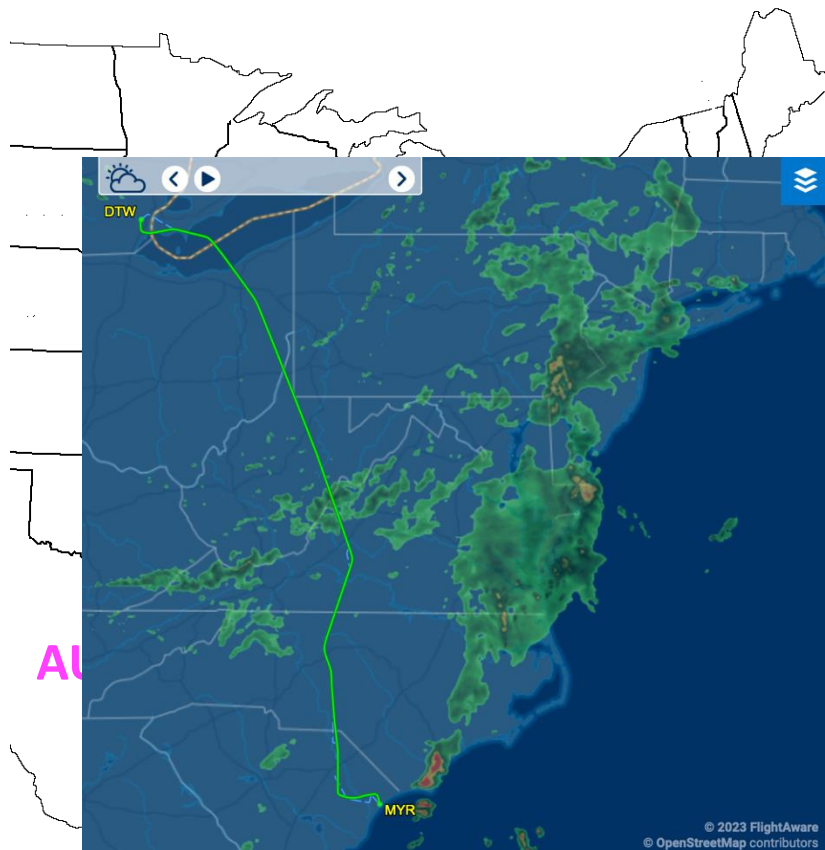


DTW			2h 1m	→	MYR		
Detroit · Thu, Aug 10							Myrtle Beach · Thu, Aug 10
Departed	Terminal	Gate			Arrived	Terminal	Gate
10:05 AM	EM	A29			12:06 PM	-	B2
8:25 AM					10:15 AM		

DAL 2057
DTW → MYR


Ground Delay Programs (GDPs)

A “Live” Example ...



DTW

2h 1m

MYR

Detroit · Thu, Aug 10

Departed

10:05 AM

8:25 AM

Terminal

EM

Gate

A29

Myrtle Beach · Thu, Aug 10

Arrived

12:06 PM

10:15 AM

Terminal

-

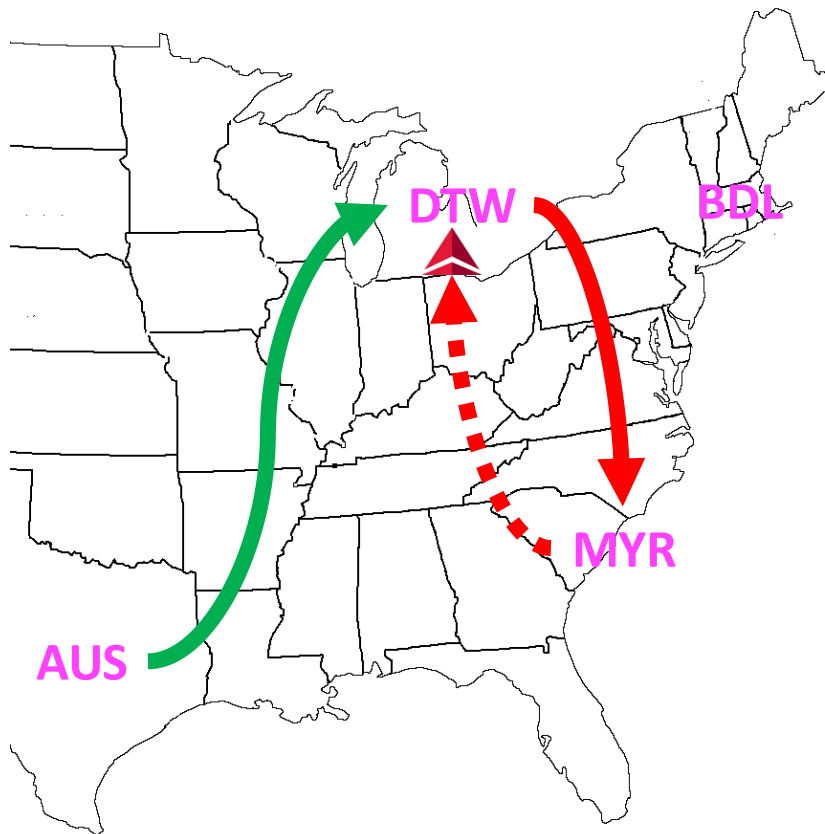
Gate

B2

DAL 2057
DTW → MYR

Ground Delay Programs (GDPs)

A “Live” Example ...

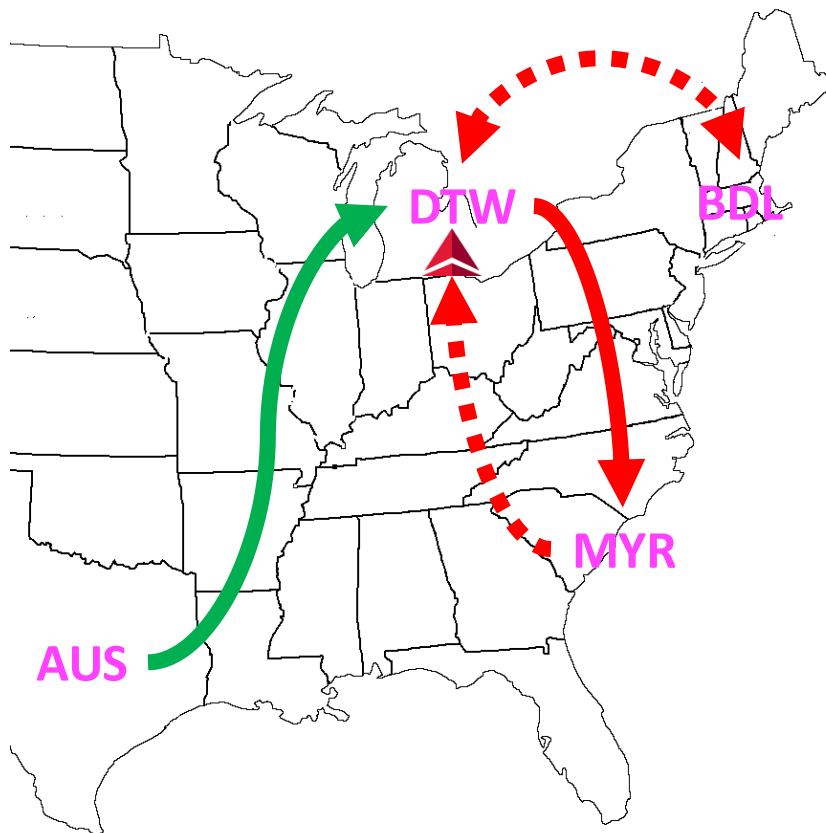


MYR			DTW		
Myrtle Beach · Thu, Aug 10			Detroit · Thu, Aug 10		
Departed	Terminal	Gate	Estimated arrival	Terminal	Gate
1:00 PM	-	B2	2:50 PM	M	A29
11:15 AM			1:12 PM		

DAL 2057
MYR → DTW

Ground Delay Programs (GDPs)

A “Live” Example ...



DTW →			1h 42m	BDL		
Detroit · Thu, Aug 10				Hartford · Thu, Aug 10		
Estimated departure	Terminal	Gate		Estimated arrival	Terminal	Gate
3:40 PM	M	A29		5:08 PM	A	11
2:18 PM				4:00 PM		

BDL →			1h 52m	DTW		
Hartford · Thu, Aug 10				Detroit · Thu, Aug 10		
Estimated departure	Terminal	Gate		Estimated arrival	Terminal	Gate
5:55 PM	-	A11		7:47 PM	EM	A5
5:00 PM				6:52 PM		

DAL 2234 (delayed)
DTW → BDL → DTW

Ground Holding Problems (GHPs)

- Decision variable:

$$x_{it} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if aircraft } i \text{ is assigned to land in time period } t, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Formulation:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{t=t(i)}^{T+1} G_{it} x_{it} \\ \text{subject to} & \sum_{i=1}^N x_{it} \leq M_t, \quad t = 1, \dots, T+1 \\ & \sum_{t=t(i)}^{T+1} x_{it} = 1, \quad i = 1, \dots, N \\ & x_{it} \in \{0, 1\}, \quad \forall i, t \end{array}$$

Ground Holding Problems (GHPs)

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*ML model → Prediction
of airport capacity
distribution ...*

*... uncertain of your
predicted capacity
distributions*

t = 1, ..., T, T + 1

→
increasing uncertainty

Ground Holding Problems (GHPs)

- Decision variable: *Robustify decisions against distributional uncertainty ...*

$$x_{it} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if aircraft } i \text{ is assigned to land in time period } t, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Formulation:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{minimize} && \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{t=t(i)}^{T+1} G_{it} x_{it} \\ & \text{subject to} && \sum_{i=1}^N x_{it} \leq M_t, && t = 1, \dots, T+1 \\ & && \sum_{t=t(i)}^{T+1} x_{it} = 1, && i = 1, \dots, N \\ & && x_{it} \in \{0, 1\}, && \forall i, t \end{aligned}$$

ML model → Prediction of airport capacity distribution ...

*... uncertain of your predicted capacity distributions
t = 1, ..., T, T + 1*

→
increasing uncertainty

Ground Holding Problems (GHPs)

- Decision variable: *Robustify decisions against distributional uncertainty ...*

$$x_{it} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if aircraft } i \text{ is assigned to land in time period } t, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Formulation:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{minimize} && \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{t=t(i)}^{T+1} G_{it} x_{it} \\ &\text{subject to} && \sum_{i=1}^N x_{it} \leq M_t, && t = 1, \dots, T+1 \\ &&& \sum_{t=t(i)}^{T+1} x_{it} = 1, && i = 1, \dots, N \\ &&& x_{it} \in \{0, 1\}, && \forall i, t \end{aligned}$$

ML model → Prediction of airport capacity distribution ...

... uncertain of your predicted capacity distributions

t = 1, ..., T, T + 1

Assurance? Or at least ... cautious optimism?

→
increasing uncertainty

Wasserstein Ambiguity Sets

- Probability distribution \mathbb{Q} with support Ξ
- Space of probability distributions $M(\Xi) \ni \mathbb{Q}$
- Wasserstein distance d_w

$$d_w(\mathbb{Q}_1, \mathbb{Q}_2) = \inf_{\Pi \in \mathcal{D}_{\Pi}(\xi_1, \xi_2)} \int_{\Xi^2} \|\xi_1 - \xi_2\| \Pi(d\xi_1, d\xi_2)$$

Wasserstein Ambiguity Sets

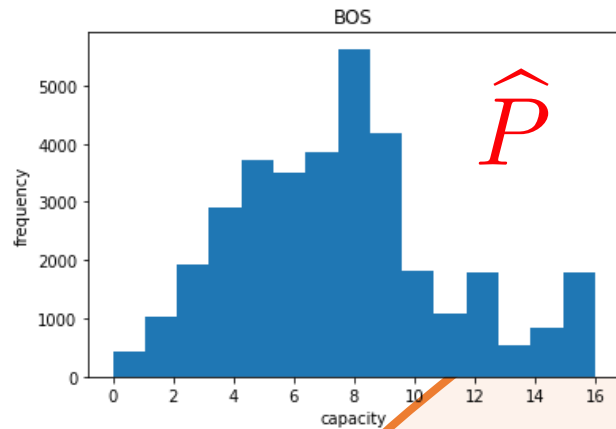
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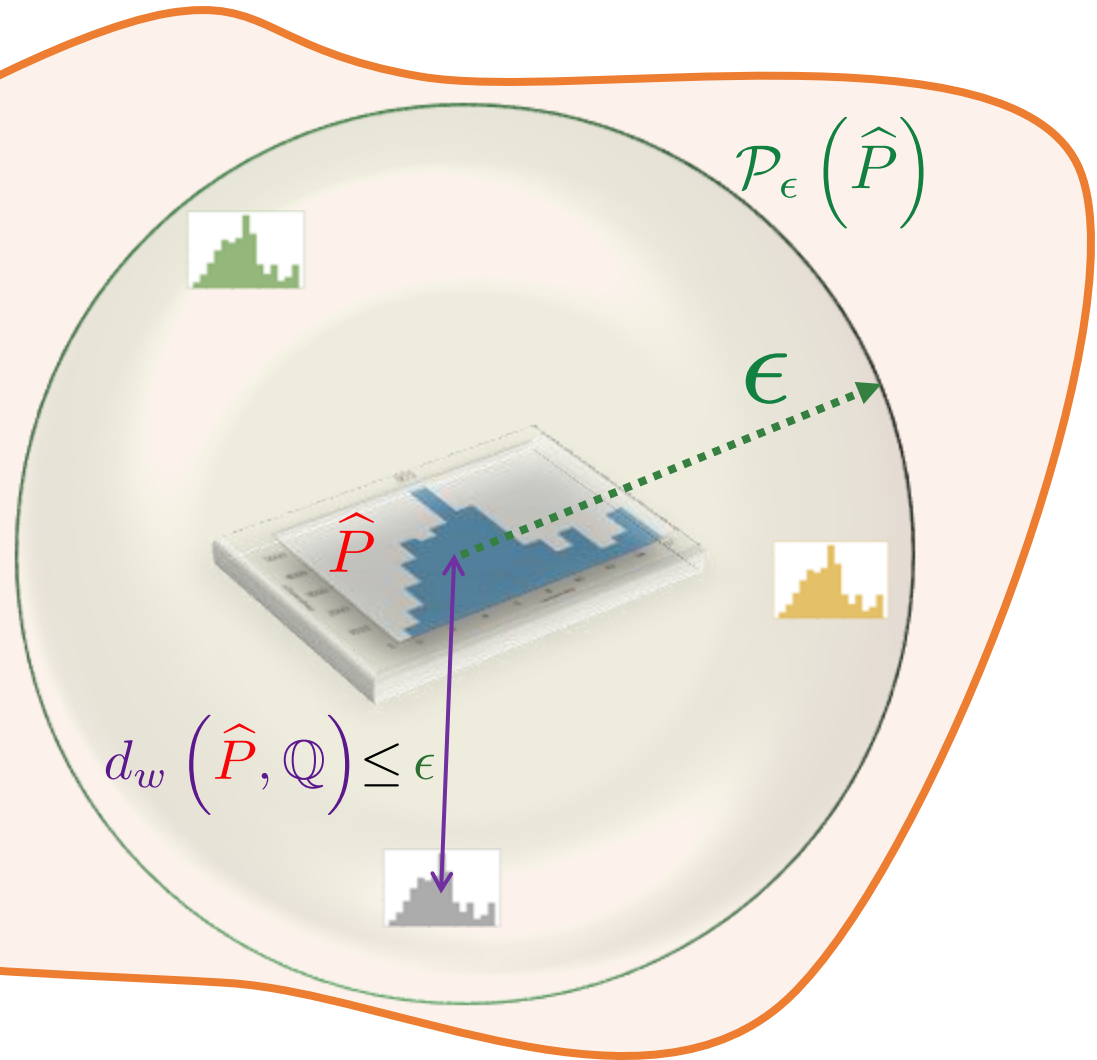
- Ambiguity set of size ϵ around empirical distribution \hat{P}

$$\mathcal{P}_{\epsilon}(\hat{P}) := \left\{ \mathbb{Q} \in M(\Xi) : d_w(\hat{P}, \mathbb{Q}) \leq \epsilon \right\}$$

Wasserstein Ambiguity Sets

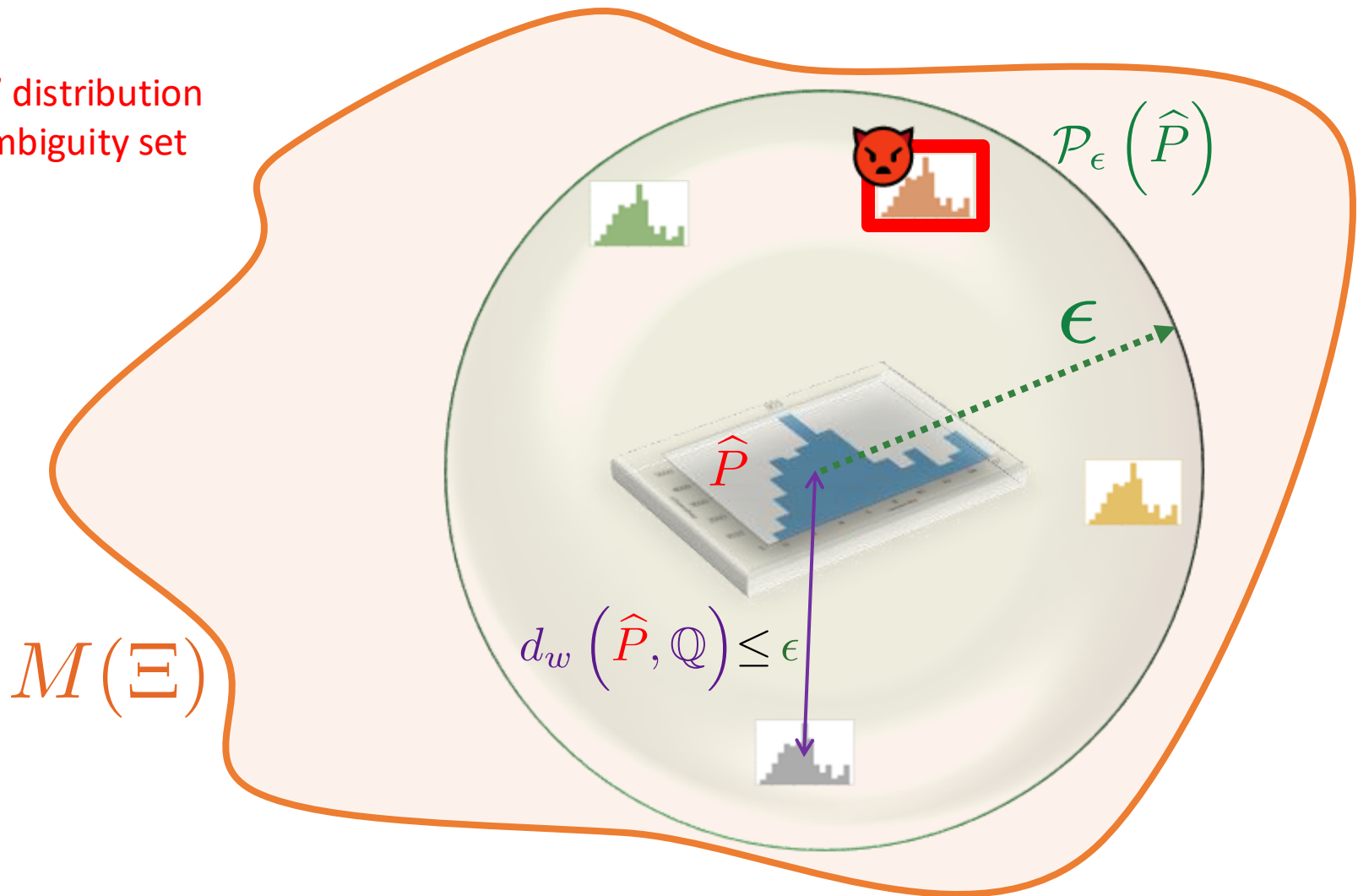


$M(\Xi)$



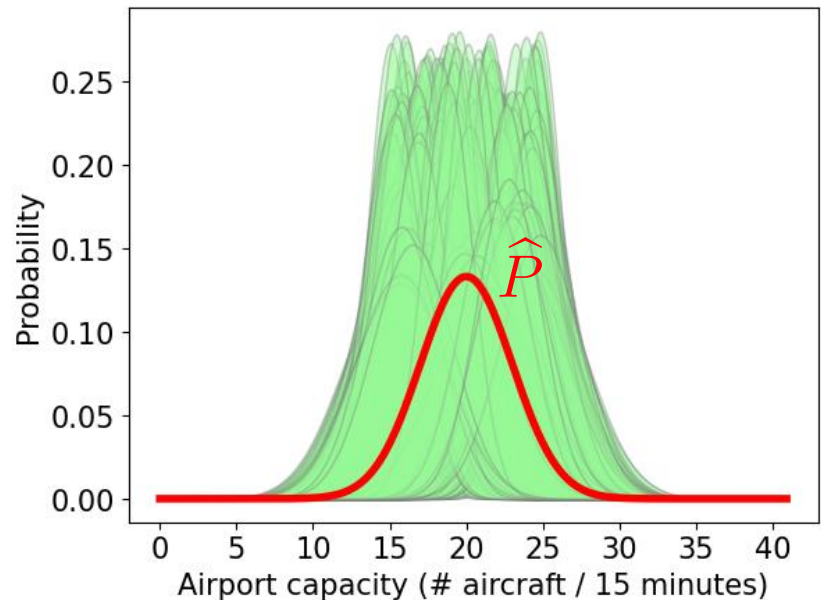
Wasserstein Ambiguity Sets

“Worst-case” distribution
within the ambiguity set



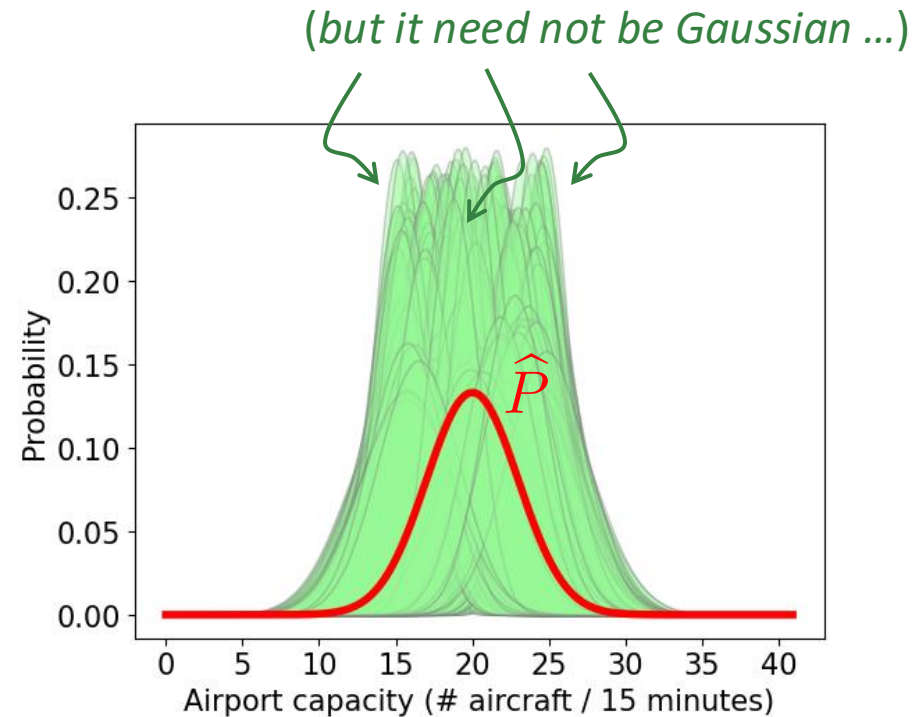
Example Ambiguity Set (Gaussian)

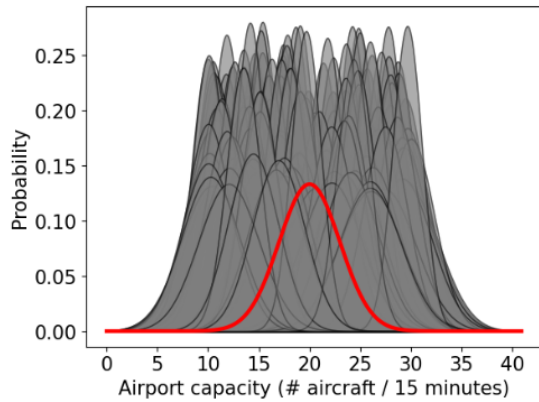
- Empirical distribution is Gaussian
- Sampled Gaussian subset of full ambiguity set $\mathcal{P}_\epsilon(\hat{P})$
- Accept/reject criteria with $\epsilon = 0.005$



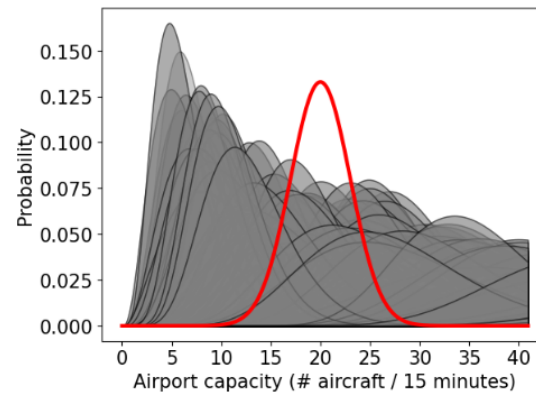
Example Ambiguity Set (Gaussian)

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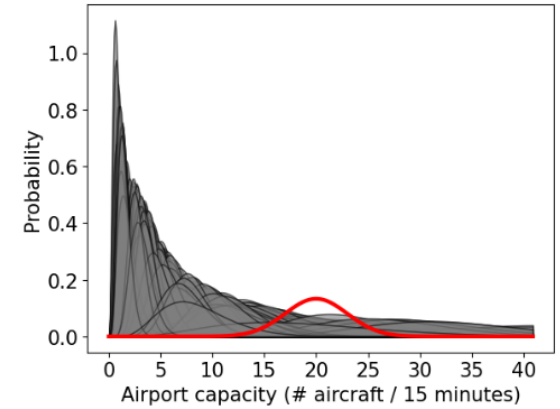




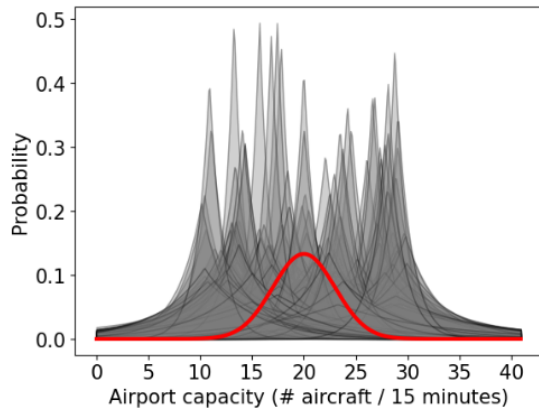
(a) Gaussian



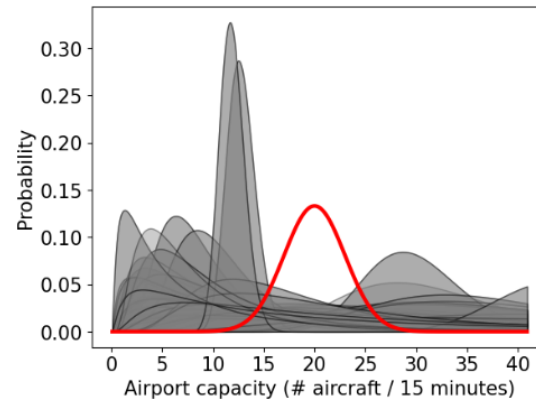
(b) Gamma



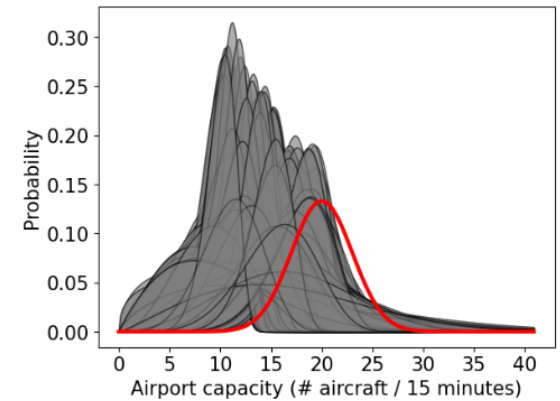
(c) Erlang



(d) Laplace



(e) Lognorm

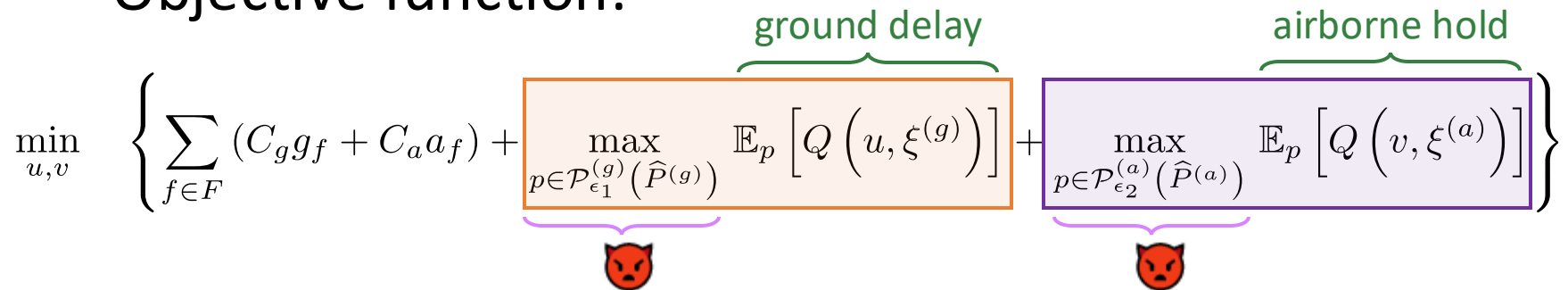


(f) Weibull

$$\epsilon = 0.005$$

Distributionally Robust Multi-Airport Ground Holding Problem (**dr-MAGHP**)

- Objective function:

$$\min_{u,v} \left\{ \sum_{f \in F} (C_g g_f + C_a a_f) + \underbrace{\max_{p \in \mathcal{P}_{\epsilon_1}^{(g)}(\hat{P}^{(g)})} \mathbb{E}_p \left[Q(u, \xi^{(g)}) \right]}_{\text{ground delay}} + \underbrace{\max_{p \in \mathcal{P}_{\epsilon_2}^{(a)}(\hat{P}^{(a)})} \mathbb{E}_p \left[Q(v, \xi^{(a)}) \right]}_{\text{airborne hold}} \right\}$$


- ... with capacity, connectivity, coverage, integrality constraints
- Departure capacity distribution (+ ambiguity set)
- Arrival capacity distribution (+ ambiguity set)
- Two-stage problem, optimize by **minimizing expected wait times** ...
- ... across **worst-case** distribution

dr-MAGHP Deterministic Equivalent Formulation (idea)

- Use Lagrangian dual to transform inner maximization problems to minimization problems

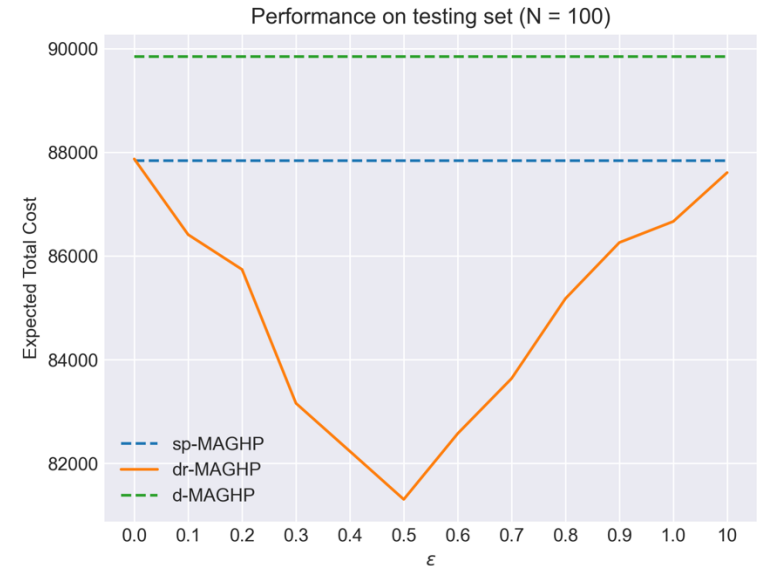
$$\max_{p \in \mathcal{P}_{\epsilon_1}^{(g)}(\hat{P}^{(g)})} \mathbb{E}_p \left[Q(u, \xi^{(g)}) \right]$$

$$\max_{p \in \mathcal{P}_{\epsilon_2}^{(a)}(\hat{P}^{(a)})} \mathbb{E}_p \left[Q(v, \xi^{(a)}) \right]$$

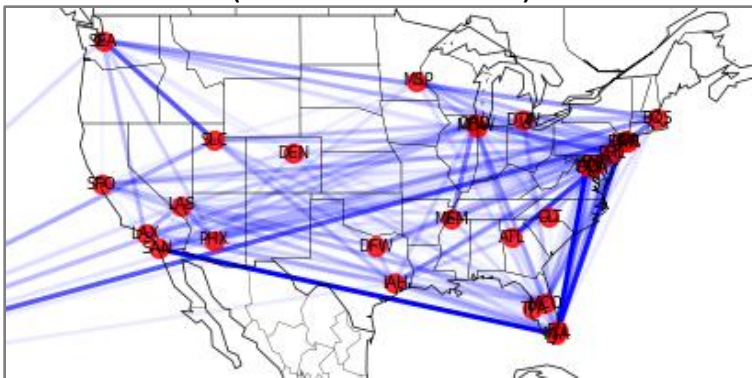
- Reformulation to semi-infinite linear program (Esfahani & Kuhn, 2017)
- Rigorously discretize (finite reducibility, weak discretization, solvability) (López & Still, 2007)

Evaluate + Compare

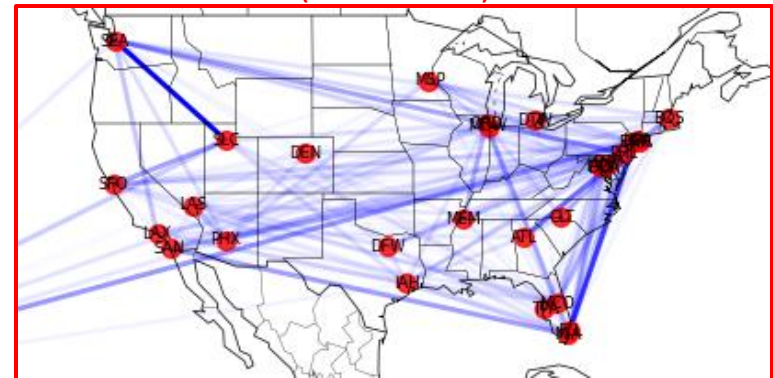
- Comparison against a deterministic policy and stochastic policy
- ϵ choice??



Ground Holding Policy
(Stochastic MAGHP)



Ground Holding Policy
(DR MAGHP)



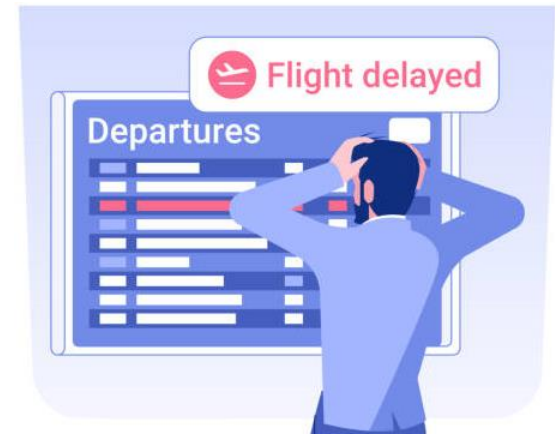
Open Questions

- Data-driven optimization of ambiguity set size
 - What ϵ (or ϵ_t) to use?
- Geometric characterizations of the ambiguity set for discrete, non-negative distributions
- Adaptive discretization schemes

Concluding Remarks

- For the future, Information-Centric National Airspace System, AI/ML will play key roles in strategic traffic management and ensuring efficiency
- Given such predictions have heavy uncertainty, how can we be robust to such uncertainty?
- Predictive (ML) + Prescriptive (DRO)





Thank You! (Now Part 2...)

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