

lab14_miniProj

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Data import

```
metadata <- read.csv("GSE37704_metadata.csv", row.names = 1)
countdata <- read.csv("GSE37704_featurecounts.csv", row.names = 1)
```

```
head(metadata)
```

```
          condition
SRR493366 control_sirna
SRR493367 control_sirna
SRR493368 control_sirna
SRR493369      hoxa1_kd
SRR493370      hoxa1_kd
SRR493371      hoxa1_kd
```

DESeq setup

Q. Complete the code below to remove the troublesome first column from count-Data

```
if (ncol(countdata) > 6) {
  countdata <- as.matrix(countdata[,-1])
}
head(countdata)
```

	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
ENSG00000186092	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279928	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46

ENSG00000278566	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000273547	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258

Q. Complete the code below to filter countData to exclude genes (i.e. rows) where we have 0 read count across all samples (i.e. columns).

```
countdata <- countdata[rowSums(countdata) != 0 ,]
head(countdata)
```

	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258
ENSG00000188976	1637	1831	2383	1226	1326	1504
ENSG00000187961	120	153	180	236	255	357
ENSG00000187583	24	48	65	44	48	64
ENSG00000187642	4	9	16	14	16	16

DEseq Analysis

```
library(DESeq2)
```

Warning: package 'DESeq2' was built under R version 4.3.3

Warning: package 'GenomeInfoDb' was built under R version 4.3.3

Warning: package 'matrixStats' was built under R version 4.3.3

```
dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData = countdata,
                              colData = metadata,
                              design = ~condition)
```

Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in design formula are characters, converting to factors

```
dds = DESeq(dds)
```

estimating size factors

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates

mean-dispersion relationship

final dispersion estimates

fitting model and testing

```
resultsNames(dds)
```

```
[1] "Intercept" "condition_hoxa1_kd_vs_control_sirna"
```

get results for the HoxA1 knockdown versus control siRNA

```
res <- results(dds, contrast = c("condition", "hoxa1_kd", "control_sirna"))
```

Q. Call the `summary()` function on your results to get a sense of how many genes are up or down-regulated at the default 0.1 p-value cutoff.

```
summary(res)
```

out of 15975 with nonzero total read count

adjusted p-value < 0.1

LFC > 0 (up) : 4349, 27%

LFC < 0 (down) : 4396, 28%

outliers [1] : 0, 0%

low counts [2] : 1237, 7.7%

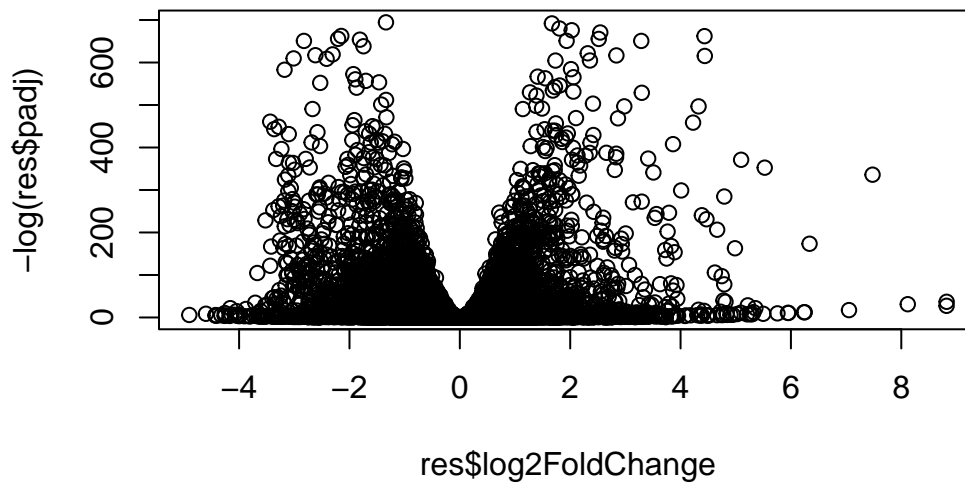
(mean count < 0)

[1] see 'cooksCutoff' argument of ?results

[2] see 'independentFiltering' argument of ?results

Result Visualization

```
plot(res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj))
```



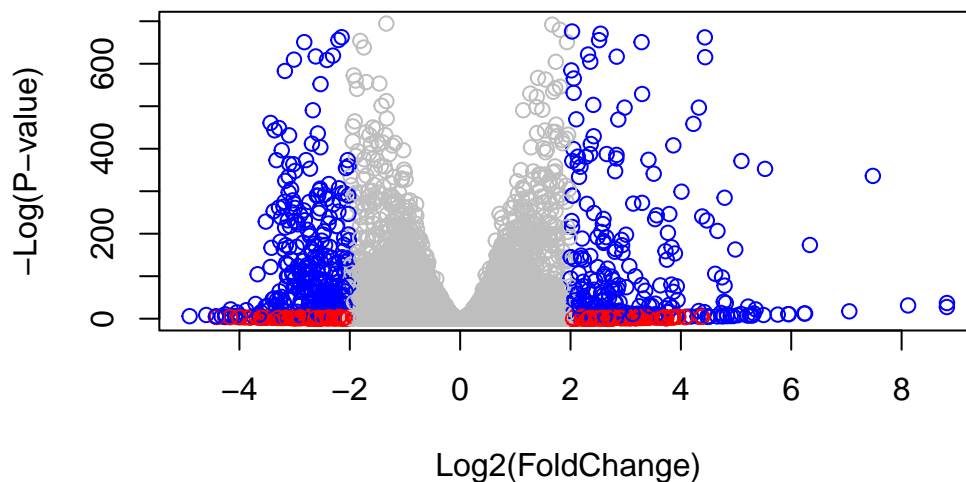
Q. Improve this plot by completing the below code, which adds color and axis labels

```
# Make a color vector for all genes
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res) )

# Color red the genes with absolute fold change above 2
mycols[ abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 ] <- "red"

# Color blue those with adjusted p-value less than 0.01
# and absolute fold change more than 2
inds <- (res$padj<0.01) & (abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 )
mycols[ inds ] <- "blue"

plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj), col=mycols, xlab="Log2(FoldChange)", ylab="-Log(P-"
```



Add annotation

Q. Use the `mapIds()` function multiple times to add SYMBOL, ENTREZID and GENENAME annotation to our results by completing the code below.

```
library(AnnotationDbi)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

```
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

```
[1] "ACCNUM"      "ALIAS"       "ENSEMBL"     "ENSEMBLPROT" "ENSEMBLTRANS"
[6] "ENTREZID"    "ENZYME"      "EVIDENCE"    "EVIDENCEALL"  "GENENAME"
[11] "GENETYPE"    "GO"          "GOALL"       "IPI"          "MAP"
[16] "OMIM"        "ONTOLOGY"    "ONTOLOGYALL" "PATH"         "PFAM"
[21] "PMID"        "PROSITE"     "REFSEQ"      "SYMBOL"       "UCSCKG"
[26] "UNIPROT"
```

```
res$symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                     keys = row.names(res),
                     keytype = "ENSEMBL",
                     column = "SYMBOL",
                     multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
res$entrez <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                     keys = row.names(res),
                     keytype = "ENSEMBL",
                     column = "ENTREZID",
                     multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
res$name = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                  keys=row.names(res),
                  keytype="ENSEMBL",
                  column="GENENAME",
                  multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
head(res, 10)
```

log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1_kd vs control_sirna

Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna

DataFrame with 10 rows and 9 columns

	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>
ENSG00000279457	29.913579	0.1792571	0.3248216	0.551863	5.81042e-01
ENSG00000187634	183.229650	0.4264571	0.1402658	3.040350	2.36304e-03
ENSG00000188976	1651.188076	-0.6927205	0.0548465	-12.630158	1.43989e-36
ENSG00000187961	209.637938	0.7297556	0.1318599	5.534326	3.12428e-08
ENSG00000187583	47.255123	0.0405765	0.2718928	0.149237	8.81366e-01
ENSG00000187642	11.979750	0.5428105	0.5215599	1.040744	2.97994e-01
ENSG00000188290	108.922128	2.0570638	0.1969053	10.446970	1.51282e-25
ENSG00000187608	350.716868	0.2573837	0.1027266	2.505522	1.22271e-02
ENSG00000188157	9128.439422	0.3899088	0.0467163	8.346304	7.04321e-17
ENSG00000237330	0.158192	0.7859552	4.0804729	0.192614	8.47261e-01
	padj	symbol	entrez	name	
	<numeric>	<character>	<character>	<character>	
ENSG00000279457	6.86555e-01	NA	NA	NA	
ENSG00000187634	5.15718e-03	SAMD11	148398	sterile alpha motif ..	
ENSG00000188976	1.76549e-35	NOC2L	26155	NOC2 like nucleolar ..	
ENSG00000187961	1.13413e-07	KLHL17	339451	kelch like family me..	
ENSG00000187583	9.19031e-01	PLEKHN1	84069	pleckstrin homology ..	

ENSG00000187642	4.03379e-01	PERM1	84808	PPARGC1 and ESRR ind..
ENSG00000188290	1.30538e-24	HES4	57801	hes family bHLH tran..
ENSG00000187608	2.37452e-02	ISG15	9636	ISG15 ubiquitin like..
ENSG00000188157	4.21963e-16	AGRN	375790	agrin
ENSG00000237330	NA	RNF223	401934	ring finger protein ..

Q. Finally for this section let's reorder these results by adjusted p-value and save them to a CSV file in your current project directory.

```
res = res[order(res$pvalue),]
write.csv(res, file="deseq_results.csv")
```

Pathway Analysis

```
library(pathview)
```

```
#####
Pathview is an open source software package distributed under GNU General
Public License version 3 (GPLv3). Details of GPLv3 is available at
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html. Particullary, users are required to
formally cite the original Pathview paper (not just mention it) in publications
or products. For details, do citation("pathview") within R.
```

The pathview downloads and uses KEGG data. Non-academic uses may require a KEGG license agreement (details at <http://www.kegg.jp/kegg/legal.html>).

```
#####
```

```
library(gage)
```

```
library(gageData)

data(kegg.sets.hs)
data(sigmet.idx.hs)

kegg.sets.hs = kegg.sets.hs[sigmet.idx.hs]
#signaling and metabolic pathways only
```

```
# examine the first 3 pathways
head(kegg.sets.hs, 3)
```

```
$`hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism`
```

```
[1] "10" "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"
```

```
$`hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes`
```

```
[1] "10" "1066" "10720" "10941" "151531" "1548" "1549" "1551"
[9] "1553" "1576" "1577" "1806" "1807" "1890" "221223" "2990"
[17] "3251" "3614" "3615" "3704" "51733" "54490" "54575" "54576"
[25] "54577" "54578" "54579" "54600" "54657" "54658" "54659" "54963"
[33] "574537" "64816" "7083" "7084" "7172" "7363" "7364" "7365"
[41] "7366" "7367" "7371" "7372" "7378" "7498" "79799" "83549"
[49] "8824" "8833" "9" "978"
```

```
$`hsa00230 Purine metabolism`
```

```
[1] "100" "10201" "10606" "10621" "10622" "10623" "107" "10714"
[9] "108" "10846" "109" "111" "11128" "11164" "112" "113"
[17] "114" "115" "122481" "122622" "124583" "132" "158" "159"
[25] "1633" "171568" "1716" "196883" "203" "204" "205" "221823"
[33] "2272" "22978" "23649" "246721" "25885" "2618" "26289" "270"
[41] "271" "27115" "272" "2766" "2977" "2982" "2983" "2984"
[49] "2986" "2987" "29922" "3000" "30833" "30834" "318" "3251"
[57] "353" "3614" "3615" "3704" "377841" "471" "4830" "4831"
[65] "4832" "4833" "4860" "4881" "4882" "4907" "50484" "50940"
[73] "51082" "51251" "51292" "5136" "5137" "5138" "5139" "5140"
[81] "5141" "5142" "5143" "5144" "5145" "5146" "5147" "5148"
[89] "5149" "5150" "5151" "5152" "5153" "5158" "5167" "5169"
[97] "51728" "5198" "5236" "5313" "5315" "53343" "54107" "5422"
[105] "5424" "5425" "5426" "5427" "5430" "5431" "5432" "5433"
[113] "5434" "5435" "5436" "5437" "5438" "5439" "5440" "5441"
[121] "5471" "548644" "55276" "5557" "5558" "55703" "55811" "55821"
[129] "5631" "5634" "56655" "56953" "56985" "57804" "58497" "6240"
[137] "6241" "64425" "646625" "654364" "661" "7498" "8382" "84172"
[145] "84265" "84284" "84618" "8622" "8654" "87178" "8833" "9060"
[153] "9061" "93034" "953" "9533" "954" "955" "956" "957"
[161] "9583" "9615"
```

```
# need to create a named vector of fold change with ENTREZ id
```

```
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
```



```
# Get the results
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)
```

```
attributes(keggres)
```

```
$names
[1] "greater" "less"    "stats"
```

```
# look at the down regulated pathways
head(keggres$less)
```

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
hsa04110 Cell cycle	8.995727e-06	-4.378644	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	9.424076e-05	-3.951803	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	1.375901e-03	-3.028500	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	3.066756e-03	-2.852899	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	3.784520e-03	-2.698128	3.784520e-03
hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	8.961413e-03	-2.405398	8.961413e-03

	q.val	set.size	exp1
hsa04110 Cell cycle	0.001448312	121	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	0.007586381	36	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	0.073840037	144	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	0.121861535	28	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	0.121861535	102	3.784520e-03
hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	0.212222694	53	8.961413e-03

```
#visualize the first down regulated pathway
```

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.pdf

Visualize the top 5 up regulated pathway. Get the KEGG pathway ID

```
## Focus on top 5 upregulated pathways
keggrespathways <- rownames(keggres$greater)[1:5]

# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids = substr(keggrespathways, start=1, stop=8)
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids, species="hsa")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa04640.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa04630.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa00140.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa04142.pathview.png

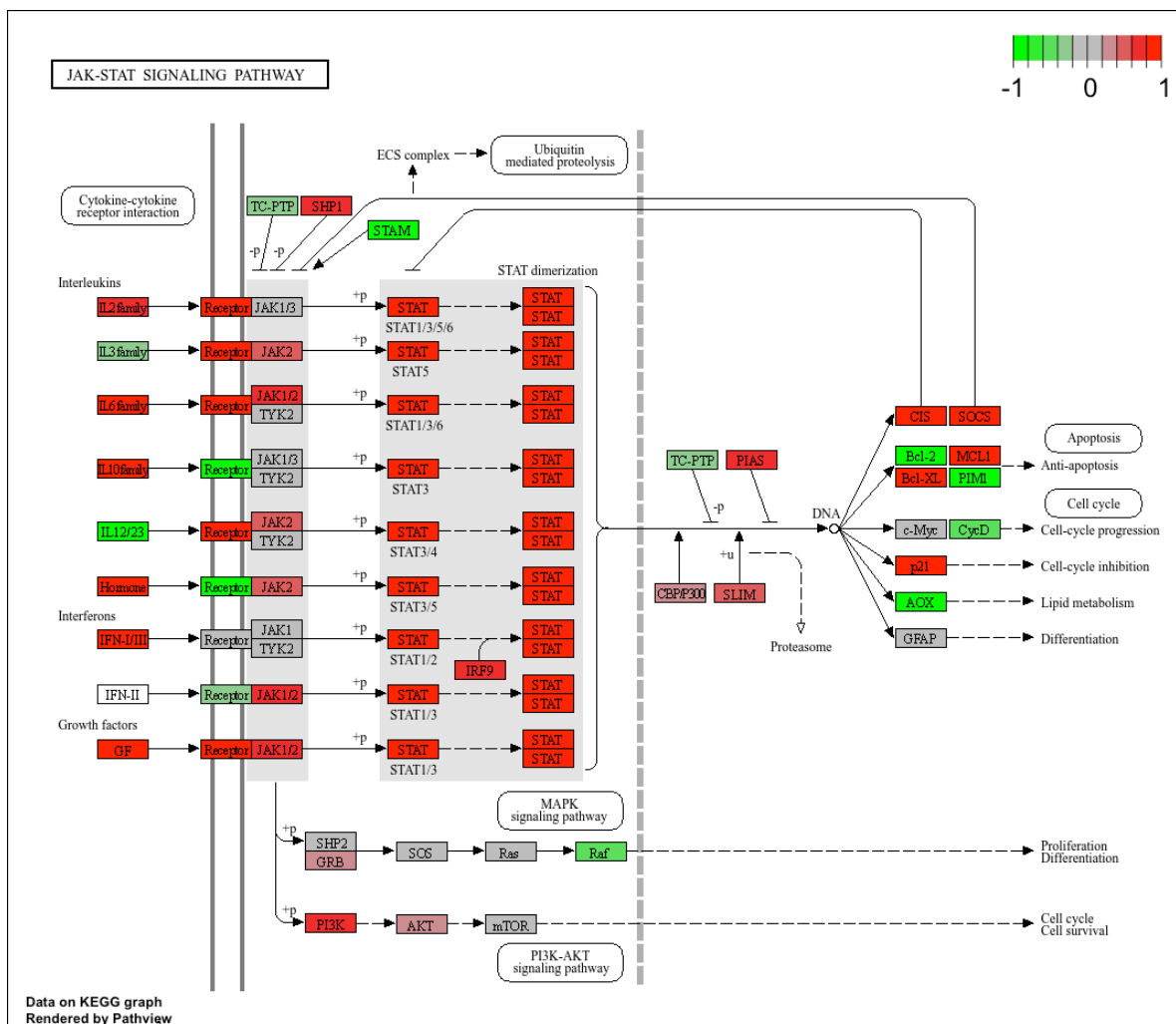
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa04330.pathview.png

keggrespathways

- [1] "hsa04640 Hematopoietic cell lineage"
- [2] "hsa04630 Jak-STAT signaling pathway"
- [3] "hsa00140 Steroid hormone biosynthesis"
- [4] "hsa04142 Lysosome"
- [5] "hsa04330 Notch signaling pathway"



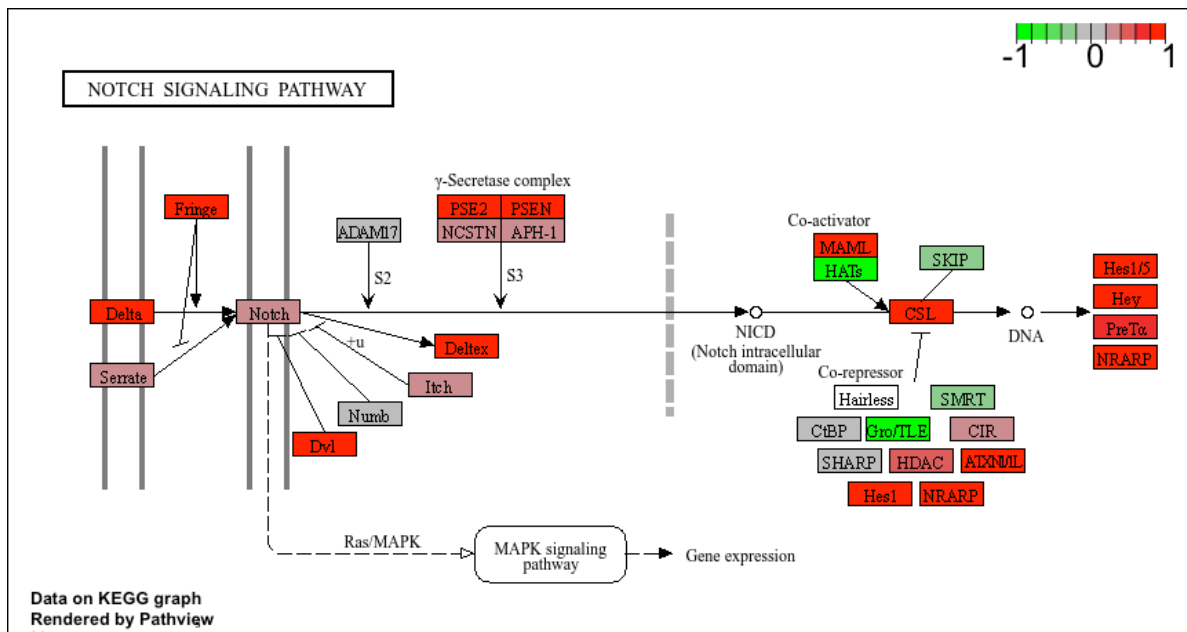


Figure 3: Notch signaling pathwa

Q. Can you do the same procedure as above to plot the pathview figures for the top 5 down-regulated pathways?

```
downkegg <- row.names(keggres$less[1:5,])
downids <- substr(downkegg, start = 1, stop = 8)
pathview(gene.data = foldchanges, pathway.id = downids, species = "hsa")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa03030.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa03013.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa03440.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/longmeizhang/Desktop/BIMM143/lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa04114.pathview.png

[downkregg](#)

[1] "hsa04110 Cell cycle"	"hsa03030 DNA replication"
[3] "hsa03013 RNA transport"	"hsa03440 Homologous recombination"
[5] "hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis"	

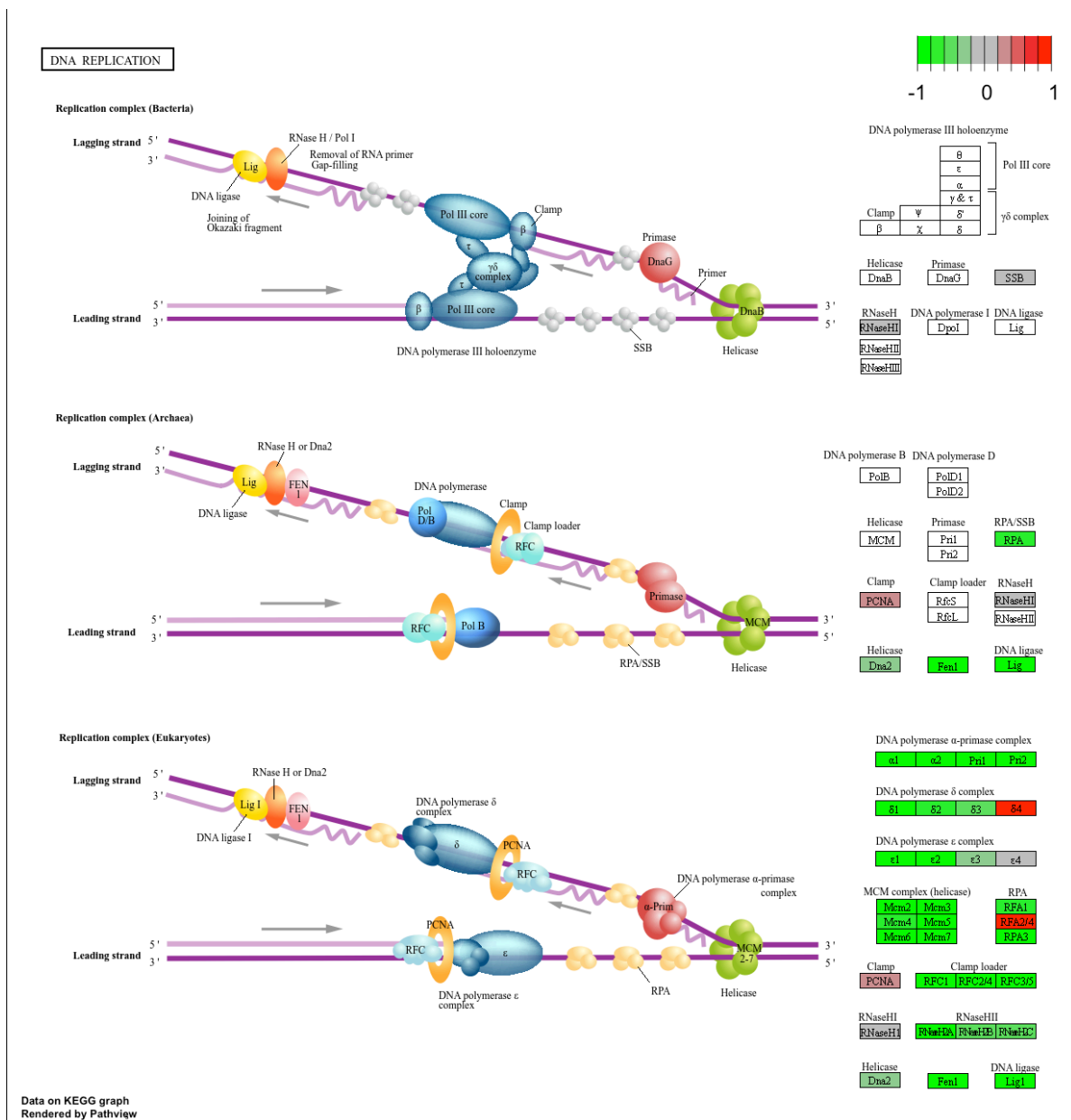


Figure 4: DNA replication

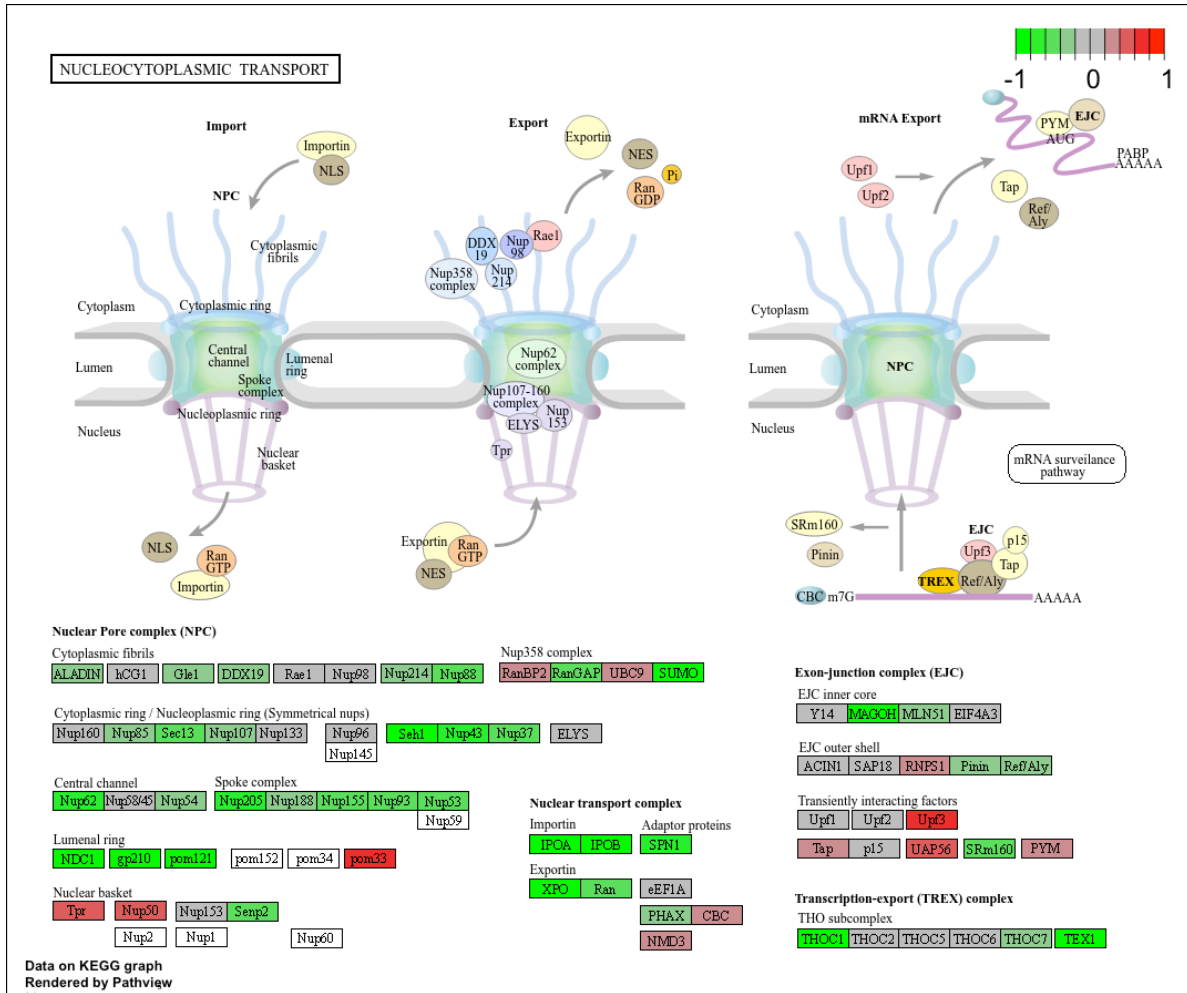


Figure 5: RNA transport

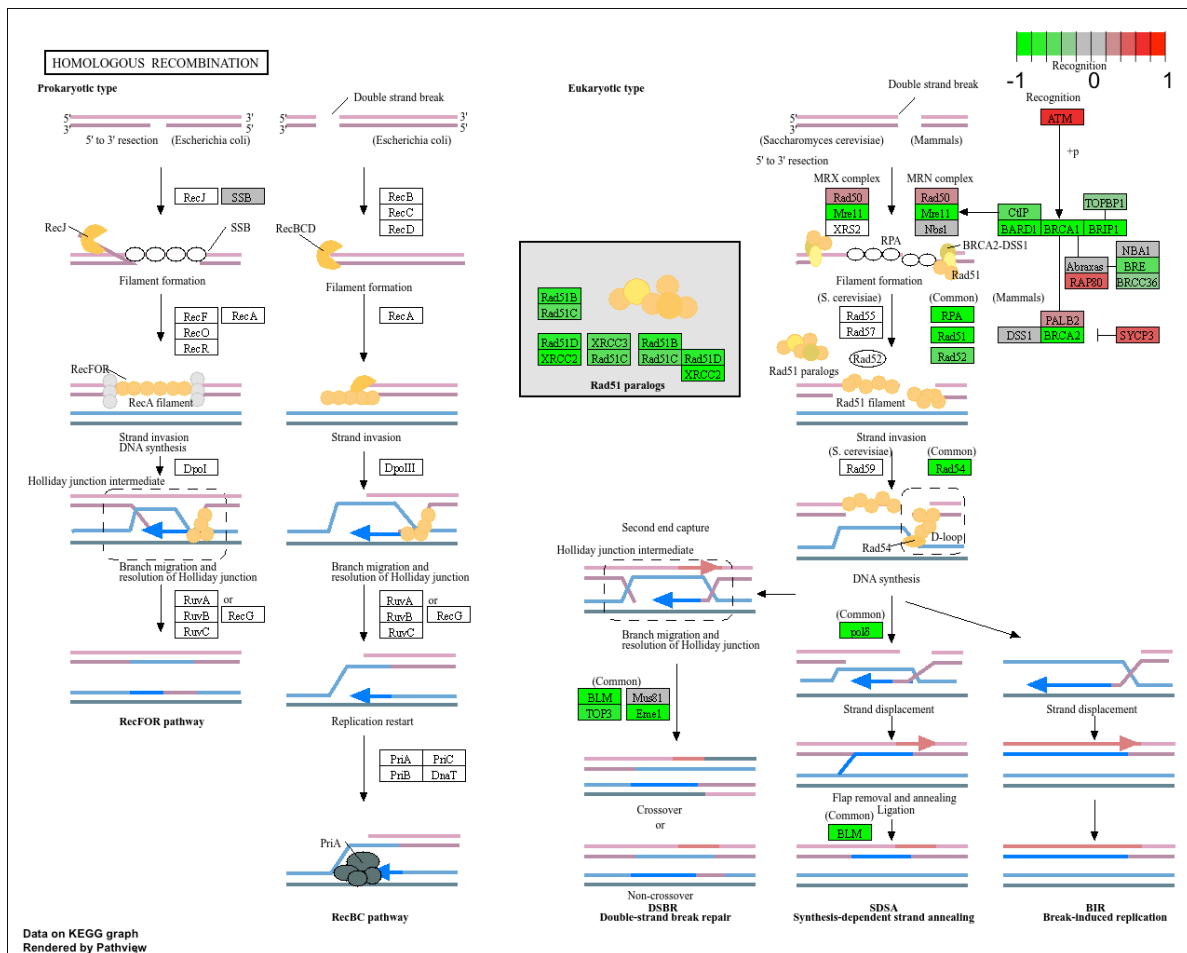


Figure 6: Homologous recombination

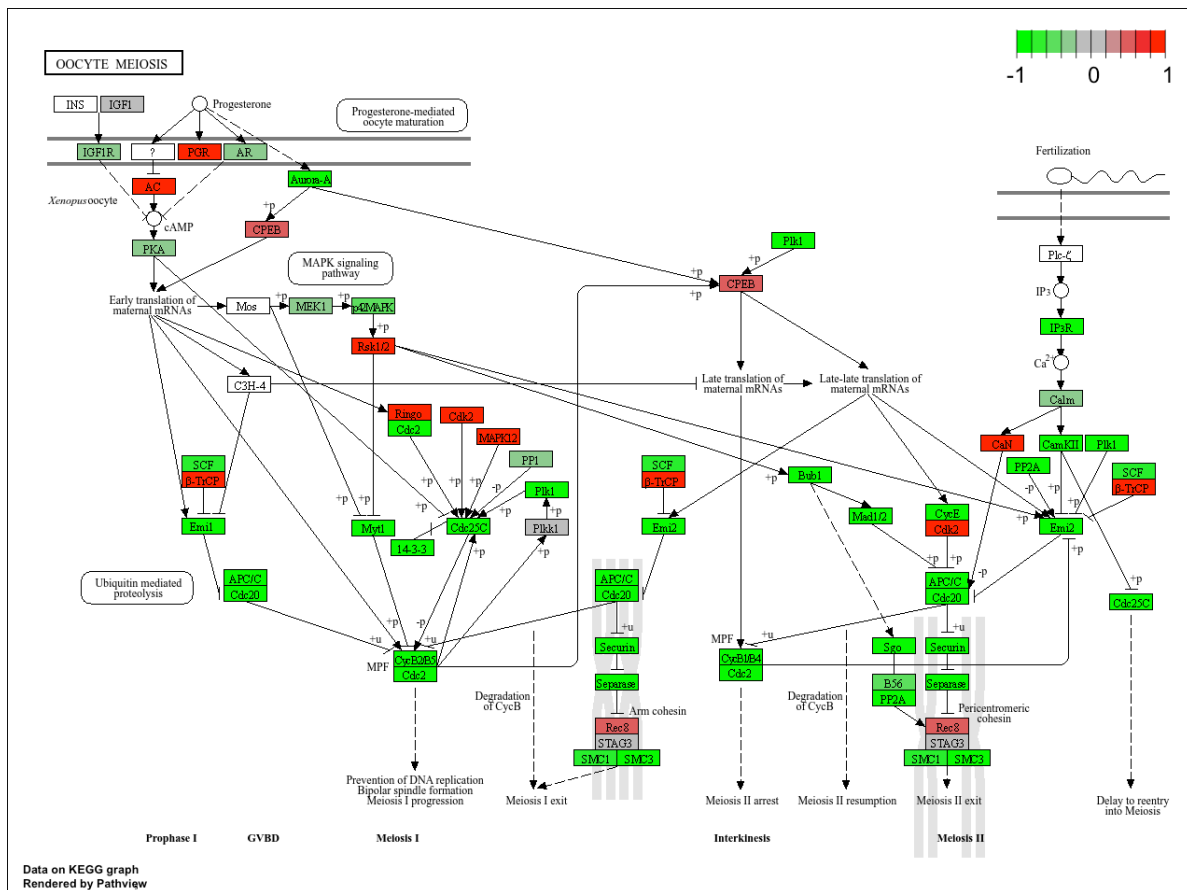


Figure 7: Oocyte meiosis

##Gene Ontology Gene ontology is use to compare the differentially expressed genes against the entire gene dataset to identify which GO (ie. biological processes, molecular functions, and cellular component) are overrepresented. can be used to find processes affected in diseased vs. healthy conditions. go.subs.hs has all GO terms and is a named list containing indexes for the BP, CC, and MF ontologies. Let's focus on BP (a.k.a Biological Process) here.

```
data(go.sets.hs)
data(go.subs.hs)

# Focus on Biological Process subset of GO
gobpsets = go.sets.hs[go.subs.hs$BP]

gobpres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=gobpsets, same.dir=TRUE)

lapply(gobpres, head)
```

\$greater

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
G0:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion	8.519724e-05	3.824205	8.519724e-05
G0:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium	1.396681e-04	3.653886	1.396681e-04
G0:0048729 tissue morphogenesis	1.432451e-04	3.643242	1.432451e-04
G0:0007610 behavior	1.925222e-04	3.565432	1.925222e-04
G0:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis	5.932837e-04	3.261376	5.932837e-04
G0:0035295 tube development	5.953254e-04	3.253665	5.953254e-04

	q.val	set.size	exp1
G0:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion	0.1952430	113	8.519724e-05
G0:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium	0.1952430	339	1.396681e-04
G0:0048729 tissue morphogenesis	0.1952430	424	1.432451e-04
G0:0007610 behavior	0.1968058	426	1.925222e-04
G0:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis	0.3566193	257	5.932837e-04
G0:0035295 tube development	0.3566193	391	5.953254e-04

\$less

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
G0:0048285 organelle fission	1.536227e-15	-8.063910	1.536227e-15
G0:0000280 nuclear division	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
G0:0007067 mitosis	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
G0:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.169934e-14	-7.797496	1.169934e-14
G0:0007059 chromosome segregation	2.028624e-11	-6.878340	2.028624e-11
G0:0000236 mitotic prometaphase	1.729553e-10	-6.695966	1.729553e-10

	q.val	set.size	exp1
G0:0048285 organelle fission	5.843127e-12	376	1.536227e-15
G0:0000280 nuclear division	5.843127e-12	352	4.286961e-15
G0:0007067 mitosis	5.843127e-12	352	4.286961e-15
G0:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.195965e-11	362	1.169934e-14
G0:0007059 chromosome segregation	1.659009e-08	142	2.028624e-11
G0:0000236 mitotic prometaphase	1.178690e-07	84	1.729553e-10

\$stats

	stat.mean	exp1
G0:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion	3.824205	3.824205
G0:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium	3.653886	3.653886
G0:0048729 tissue morphogenesis	3.643242	3.643242
G0:0007610 behavior	3.565432	3.565432
G0:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis	3.261376	3.261376
G0:0035295 tube development	3.253665	3.253665

##Reactome Analysis

Reactome is database consisting of biological molecules and their relation to pathways and processes. Let's now conduct over-representation enrichment analysis and pathway-topology analysis with Reactome using the previous list of significant genes generated from our differential expression results above.

```
#list the number of significant genes
```

```
sig_genes <- res[res$padj <= 0.05 & !is.na(res$padj), "symbol"]
print(paste("Total number of significant genes:", length(sig_genes)))
```

```
[1] "Total number of significant genes: 8147"
```

```
write.table(sig_genes, file="significant_genes.txt", row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, quote=
```

Q: What pathway has the most significant “Entities p-value”? Do the most significant pathways listed match your previous KEGG results? What factors could cause differences between the two methods?

The pathway with the most significant Entities p-value is Cell Cycle mitosis. The most significant pathway listed in the KEGG result is cell cycle, which matches with the result from reactome. The difference in statistic values might be cause by differences in the database and differences in the model used to calculate the statistics.

```
head(keggres$less, 5)
```

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
hsa04110 Cell cycle	8.995727e-06	-4.378644	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	9.424076e-05	-3.951803	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	1.375901e-03	-3.028500	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	3.066756e-03	-2.852899	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	3.784520e-03	-2.698128	3.784520e-03

	q.val	set.size	exp1
hsa04110 Cell cycle	0.001448312	121	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	0.007586381	36	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	0.073840037	144	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	0.121861535	28	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	0.121861535	102	3.784520e-03

Save Results