## Problem3

(d)

iteration	Number of mistakes M	Log-likelihood L
0	175	-0.95809
1	56	-0.49592
2	43	-0.40822
4	42	-0.36461
8	44	-0.34750
16	40	-0.33462
32	37	-0.32258
64	37	-0.31483
128	36	-0.31116
256	36	-0.31016

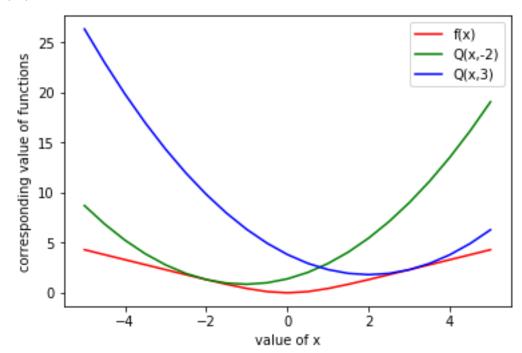
## Sourcecode:

```
from math import log
from math import pow
#import the data
X value=[]
with open('hw6 spectX.txt') as inputfile:
  for line in inputfile:
    X_value.append(line.strip().split(' '))
X value = [list(map(int,x)) for x in X value]
Y_value=[]
with open('hw6 spectY.txt') as inputfile:
  Y value = inputfile.readlines()
Y_value = [int(x.strip()) for x in Y_value]
def posterior(X): #calculate P(Y(t)=0 | X(t))
  result = 1
  for i in range(len(X)):
    result *= pow(1-parameter[i],X[i])
  return result
def likelihood():
  L=0
  for i in range(len(X_value)):
    if Y value[i]==1:
       L += log(1-posterior(X value[i]))
    else:
       L += log(posterior(X_value[i]))
  L = L/len(X value)
  print('likelihood = ',L)
```

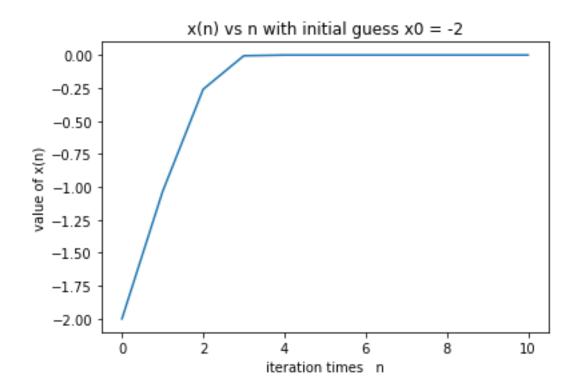
```
return L
  def mistake():
    wrong_num = 0
    for i in range(len(X value)):
      prob = 1-posterior(X value[i])
      if Y_value[i]==0 and prob >= 0.5:
        wrong num +=1
      if Y_value[i]==1 and prob <=0.5:
        wrong num +=1
    print('number of mistakes M = ',wrong num)
    return wrong_num
def posterior update(index,parameter): #calculate sigma P(zi=1,xi=1 | x=x(t),y=y(t))
  result = 0
  T=0
  for i in range(len(X value)):
    if X_value[i][index]==1:
      T = T+1
    if Y value[i]==1:
      result += X_value[i][index]*parameter[index]/(1-posterior(X_value[i]))
  p index = result/T
  return p_index
def update(parameter):
  parameter new=[0.0]*23
  for i in range(len(parameter)):
    parameter new[i]=posterior update(i,parameter)
  return parameter new
parameter = [0.05]*23
likelihood()
mistake()
iteration = 256 #time of iteration
for i in range(iteration):
  parameter = update(parameter)
  print('iteration:',i+1)
  mistake()
  likelihood()
```

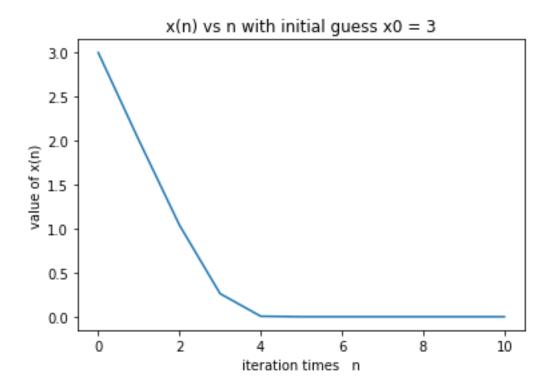
## Problem4

(c)

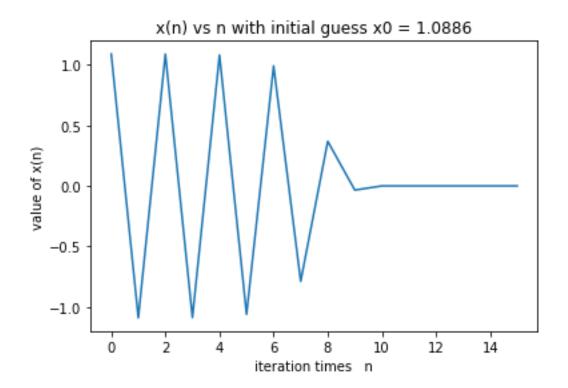


(f)

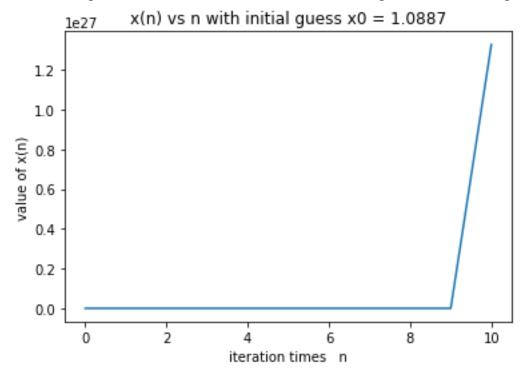


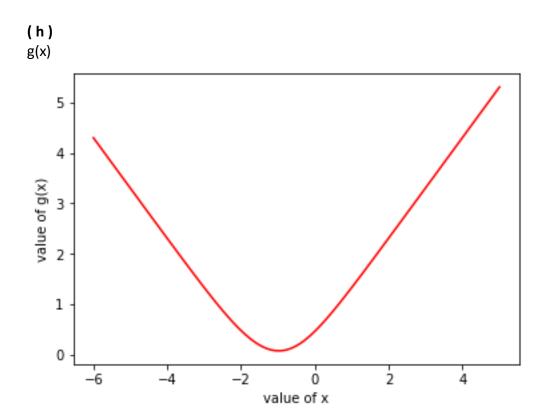


(g) I find the upper bound is 1.0886. and I draw the plot of x(n) versus n

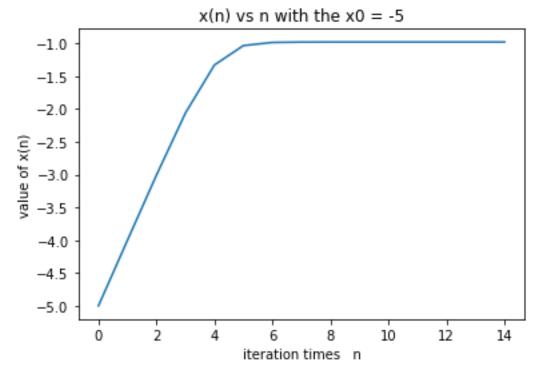


When I change the value to 1.0887, the results is following. It doesn't converge.





( K ) random choose a start point x0 = -5, minimum value is at x = -0.9800



## Sourcecode:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from numpy import cosh
from math import log
from math import exp
#part (c)
def function(t):
    return np.log(cosh(t))
def order1(x):
    return (np.exp(x)-np.exp(-x))/(np.exp(x)+np.exp(-x))
def order2(x):
    return 4/(np.exp(x)+np.exp(-x))**2
def Q(x,y):
    return function(y)+order1(y)*(x-y)+0.5*(x-y)**2
t = np.arange(-5,5.1,0.5)
```

```
plt.plot(t,function(t).astype(np),'r',label='f(x)')
plt.plot(t,Q(t,-2).astype(np),'g',label='Q(x,-2)')
plt.plot(t,Q(t,3).astype(np),'b',label='Q(x,3)')
plt.legend(loc='upper right')
plt.xlabel('value of x')
plt.ylabel('corresponding value of functions')
plt.show()
#part (f)
x_begin = -2 #generate a random x0 to begin
def update(x):
  x new = x-order1(x)
  return x new
iteration time = 10
xval=[x begin]
for i in range(iteration time):
  x begin = update(x begin)
  xval.append(x begin)
n=list(range(iteration_time+1))
plt.plot(n,xval)
plt.xlabel('iteration times n')
plt.ylabel('value of x(n)')
plt.title('x(n) vs n with initial guess x0 = -2')
plt.show()
x begin = 3 #generate a random x0 to begin
def update(x):
  x new = x-order1(x)
  return x new
iteration time = 10
xval=[x begin]
for i in range(iteration time):
  x begin = update(x begin)
  xval.append(x_begin)
n=list(range(iteration time+1))
plt.plot(n,xval)
plt.xlabel('iteration times n')
plt.ylabel('value of x(n)')
plt.title('x(n) vs n with initial guess x0 = 3')
plt.show()
#(g)
t = np.arange(1.0875, 1.09, 0.0001)
plt.plot(t,(abs(order1(t)/order2(t))/abs(t)).astype(np),'r',label='f(x)')
plt.show()
```

```
x_begin = 1.0886 #generate a random x0 to begin
def update(x):
  x_new = x-order1(x)/order2(x)
  return x_new
iteration time = 15
xval=[x begin]
for i in range(iteration time):
  x begin = update(x begin)
  xval.append(x_begin)
n=list(range(iteration time+1))
plt.plot(n,xval)
plt.xlabel('iteration times n')
plt.ylabel('value of x(n)')
plt.title('x(n) vs n with initial guess x0 = 1.0886')
plt.show()
x begin = 1.0887 #generate a random x0 to begin
def update(x):
  x_new = x-order1(x)/order2(x)
  return x new
iteration time = 15
xval=[x begin]
for i in range(iteration time):
  x begin = update(x begin)
  xval.append(x_begin)
n=list(range(iteration time+1))
plt.plot(n,xval)
plt.xlabel('iteration times n')
plt.ylabel('value of x(n)')
plt.title('x(n) vs n with initial guess x0 = 1.0887')
plt.show()
#(h)
def g(x):
  result=0
  for i in range(10):
    k=i+1
    result += np.log(cosh(x+2/k**(1/2.0)))
  result = result/10
  return result
t = np.arange(-6,5.1,0.1)
plt.plot(t,g(t).astype(np),'r')
plt.xlabel('value of x')
plt.ylabel('value of g(x)')
plt.show()
```

```
#(K)
def g1(x):
  result = 0
  for i in range(10):
    k=i+1
    result += (np.exp(x+2/k**(1/2.0))-np.exp(-x-
2/k**(1/2.0))/(np.exp(x+2/k**(1/2.0))+np.exp(-x-2/k**(1/2.0)))
  result = result/10
  return result
x_begin = -5 #generate a random x0 to begin
def update(x):
  x_new = x-g1(x)
  return x new
iteration_time = 14
xval=[x_begin]
for i in range(iteration time):
  x_begin = update(x_begin)
  #print(x_begin)
  xval.append(x_begin)
n=list(range(iteration_time+1))
plt.plot(n,xval)
plt.xlabel('iteration times n')
plt.ylabel('value of x(n)')
plt.title('x(n) vs n with the x0 = -5')
plt.show()
```