

Beowulf

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3:12 PM

- Broken into 12 sections
 - Danish Nation
 - Skim over this
 - Heorot is Attacked
 - Start taking notes when the monster shows up
 - 90-95
 - Grendel Shows up after the kings thanes gathered in Gladness
 - Grendel lived in the land of the loathsome
 - 96
 - Grendel is kindred of Cain
 - ◆ Manny Scops made the connection of any bad guys to be kin of Cain, as a way of explaining where these monsters came from.
 - 105-110
 - Grendel kidnaps 30 thanes asleep on couches and takes them back to his lair where he kills them.
 - 115-120
 - The king weeps and cries out in anger/sorrow at the murdering of the thanes. Grendel comes back and murders once more.
 - 125-147
 - Grendel comes back and kills for 12 years
 - 168-180
 - Athane of Hygelac heard of Grendel's deeds
 - Set sail with 15 sailors to help those in need down the river
 - 190
 - On the second day, they see Heorot
 - 206-225
 - Hrothgar'sthane ask where are they from? What do they want?
 - 232
 - We see Beowulf's fathers name mentioned, Ecgtheow
 - 251-260

- The guard agrees to take them to the king and their, the guards, lords will protect their ship.
 - 280-283
 - The guard goes back to the ship after taking the crew to the king.
 - 290-293
 - The war party lays their shields and spears down as they enter the throne room.
- Coming of Beowulf
 - 305
 - Beowulf introduces himself
 - ◆ Is met by an armored sentry who is distrustful of the party
 - 344-245
 - The chief grants visitation to the party
 - ◆ Is seemingly strange because no one knows the party
 - 363-375
 - Beowulf boast of his accomplishments
 - 379-403
 - Beowulf offers to kill Grendel, unarmored/armed, in turn for the right to feast in his hall.
 - ◆ Does this to ensure his Lof
 - ◆ His Lof is more important than his life.
- Feast at Heorot
 - 405-415
 - Beowulf mentions he is the son of Ecgtheow. Before Beowulf was born Ecgtheow killed a man fairly in battle, and at the time if you killed a member of one's family they would come after the individual. The one exception is to pay a fee, much like a ransom. Hrothgar took in Ecgtheow, this proved that Hrothgar was a benevolent king.
 - ◆ The ransom is called WERGELD
 - ◇ Man Gold / Wer=Man Geld=gold
 - ◇ Hrothgar paid the Wergold and allowed Beowulf to be born. Thus Beowulf owes Hrothgar two deaths.
 - 436-442
 - The Geats feast in the hall

- 443-469
 - Jealous Unferth tells Beowulf that he doesn't think he will live through the fight
 - ◆ Ask why they don't have Brecca, the one who beat Beowulf in a swimming competition.
 - ◇ Beowulf tells he lost because he had to fight 9 Nixies.
 - ▶ Nixies are believed to be Walruses
- 470-515
 - Beowulf defends his honor by telling stories of his victories
- 543-546
 - The king is happy to hear Beowulf's bolster
- 548-560
 - The queen, Wealhtheow, gives the king a beer first, then a bowl of mead to Beowulf last.
- 591-595
 - Hrothgar and his princes departed the hall
- 603
 - Beowulf boast that he can fight Grendel and win using only his hands.
- 612-620
 - Beowulf sleeps unarmored and his men question if they will ever see home again.
- Fight
 - 636
 - Grendel shows up
 - 647
 - Grendel breaks open the door entering the hall
 - 650-660
 - Grendel laughs at the sleeping men thinking he will kill them all
 - 670
 - Grendel faces Beowulf for the first time
 - 705-735
 - The greats surround Grendel while Beowulf grasp Grendel's hand, not allowing him to escape like the coward he is. The greats weapons have no affect on Grendel as he is immune to man made weapons.
 - 810-820

- 1222-1234
 - Beowulf accepts the challenge
- 1247-1255
 - Beowulf and the greats ride through unknown regions filled with monsters. They find Aeschere's head at the foot of the lake.
- 1260-1280
 - Beowulf and the greats are attacked by Wave Piercers
- 1285-1293
 - Unferth offers Beowulf his sword Hrunting.
 - ◆ Hrunting never loses
- 1317-1335
 - Beowulf dives into the lake and is grabbed by Grendel's mother
- 1340-1348
 - Beowulf swings the sword given by Unferth but it bounces against Grendel's mother.
- 1249-1384
 - Beowulf wrestles Grendel's mother to the ground and ultimately finds a blessed sword he uses to kill her. The Sword then melts away. Leaving behind a decadent hilt
- 1395-1400
 - Beowulf cuts off Grendel's head.
- 1445-1450
 - Beowulf and the greats return with Grendel's head
- New Celebration
 - 1452-1474
 - Beowulf shares the tales of his adventure
 - 1475-1477
 - Beowulf gives the magical hilt to Hrothgar.
 - 1485-1490
 - The giants were killed by the great flood, perhaps reminiscing the great flood from biblical times.
 - 1607-1625
 - Beowulf tells Hrothgar that if they need aid, the Geats will come.
 - 1639
 - Beowulf is referred to as bringer of peace

- 1648-1660
 - Beowulf is given even more treasure
- 1678
 - The boat-guard is given a golden hilted sword.
- 1706
 - Modthryth is introduced
- Beowulf returns home
 - 1743-1774
 - Beowulf returns to his lord who ask if they failed on their endeavors. Beowulf tells of his success and how he was say amongst Hrothgar's sons.
 - 1823-1847
 - Beowulf tells how he bested Grendel
 - 1859-1891
 - Beowulf tells how he tracked down Grendel's mother and bester her in combat. Also tells of the rewards he received. Gives them to his King, his kind then gives him a portion
- Dragon
 - 1939
 - Beowulf comes to rule the broad realm for 50 years
 - 1947
 - A person steals a single piece of treasure form the dragon's hoard.
 - 1955
 - The person who stole the treasure was a slave who's father was a warrior
 - 2005-2008
 - The dragon held the horde for 300 years
 - 2019-2033
 - The dragon wakes up and looks for the thief.
 - 2034-2040
 - The dragon burns villages leaving no man alive.
 - 2045-2050
 - Beowulf's stronghold is attacked
 - 2071-2073
 - king Hygelac fell while fighting the Frisian's In hand to hand combat.
 - 2084-2092
 - Lost

- 2014-2015
 - The thief who stole the gauntleted is forced to return to the lair leaving 12 warriors to go to the cave.
- 2148-2154
 - Hathcyn unintentionally killed his brother (Herebald)
- 2200-2205
 - Beowulf kills daeghaefn
- 2216-2237
 - Beowulf gives a speech about how unsure he is of this battle but he is prepared to die.
- 2285-2294
 - All but one of the princelings fled except for Wiglaf who stayed
- 2365-2370
 - Beowulf's sword, Naegling, breaks while fighting the dragon.
- 2389-2400
 - Wiglaf hits the dragon's underbelly while Beowulf fights the front of the beast, Wiglaf is able to kill the Dragon but not before it poisons Beowulf.
- 2412
 - Beowulf ruled for 50 years
- 2465-2470
 - Beowulf passes lead to Wiglaf
- 2486-2490
 - Beowulf dies
- 2534-2539
 - Wiglaf banishes the soldiers who deserted battle
- 2758-2775
 - Beowulf is set to rest just as he requested.

- Beowulf vs. Dragon

- Funeral

- Beowulf's Father = Ecgtheow

- Mead Hall= Heorot

Beowulf serves as a sudo-Christ, he served as a way to bring Christianity into Anglo-Saxon culture.

