

# Text messages

## 题目

1. How often do you send text messages?
2. Is sending messages popular in your country?
3. Did you send more messages when you were younger?
4. Do you reply to messages as soon as you receive them?

给出一个小学生都能说的简单答案，不超过4句话。

## 答案

哈喽 Tianxiang! 我们又见面了。今天我们来聊一个你我每天都在做的事情: "Text Messages" (发信息)。

这是一个非常现代和生活化的话题，我们可以很自然地把它和你作为一名“大学生”的日常生活，比如和同学、导师的交流联系起来。这样的答案会非常真实，也能展现出你使用科技进行沟通的日常。

我们开始吧!

## 示范问题 1

(Alan as Examiner): How often do you send text messages?

(Alan as Student Tianxiang): "I send text messages every single day; it's probably my main way to communicate. As a university student, I'm constantly messaging my classmates about group projects and homework. I also use apps like WeChat to chat with my family and friends to stay in touch."

## 答案为什么好?

- **思路与结构:**
  1. **直接回答频率:** `every single day`，非常直接，语气也很肯定。
  2. **点明主要角色:** `my main way to communicate`，说明了发信息对你的重要性。
  3. **结合身份举例:** `As a university student...`，立刻与你的学生身份挂钩，提到和同学交流“小组项目”和“作业”，非常真实。
  4. **补充其他用途:** `I also use...`，补充了和家人朋友的联系，让答案更完整。
- **亮点词汇/短语:**
  - `every single day`: “每一天”，比 `every day` 语气更强调。
  - `main way to communicate`: “主要的沟通方式”。
  - `constantly messaging`: “不停地在发信息”。
  - `group projects`: “小组项目”，学生常用词。
  - `stay in touch`: “保持联系”，非常地道的短语。
- **实用句型:**
  - `It's probably my main way to...` (这可能是我...的主要方式。)
  - `As a [你的身份], I'm constantly [doing something].` (作为一名..., 我总是在做...)
- **连接词的使用:**

- **also**: 简单有效地添加了另一个平行的观点（除了同学，还联系家人朋友），让内容更丰满。

## 示范问题 2

(Alan as Examiner): Is sending messages popular in your country?

(Alan as Student Tianxiang): "Yes, it's incredibly popular, I'd say it's essential for almost everyone. People use messaging apps like WeChat for everything, not just for chatting. For example, we use it to share photos, make mobile payments, and even for work communication. It has become a fundamental part of daily life."

### 答案为什么好？

- **思路与结构：**
  1. **强烈肯定：** **incredibly popular**，语气非常强烈。
  2. **拔高重要性：** **it's essential**，说明了它“必不可少”的地位。
  3. **拓展功能：** **not just for chatting**，接着用 **For example** 列举了聊天之外的功能（分享照片、移动支付、工作沟通）。
  4. **总结评论：** 最后一句总结说它已成为“日常生活的基础部分”。
- **亮点词汇/短语：**
  - **incredibly popular**: “极其流行”。
  - **essential for**: “对...来说是必不可少的”。
  - **messaging apps**: “即时通讯应用”。
  - **mobile payments**: “移动支付”。
  - **fundamental part**: “基础部分”。
- **实用句型：**
  - **I'd say it's...** (我想说它是...), 非常自然的口语表达。
  - **People use... for everything, not just for [A], but also for [B] and [C].** (人们用...做任何事, 不只是为了A, 也为了B和C。)
- **连接词的使用：**
  - **For example**: 在这里，它清晰地引出了一系列例子来支撑“不仅仅是聊天”这个观点，非常有说服力。

## 示范问题 3

(Alan as Examiner): Did you send more messages when you were younger?

(Alan as Student Tianxiang): "That's a good question. Actually, I think I send far more messages now as a university student. When I was younger, say in middle school, I didn't even have a smartphone, so I barely sent any messages. But now, both my studies and my social life heavily rely on instant messaging."

### 答案为什么好？

- **思路与结构：**
  1. **缓冲思考：** **That's a good question.** 给予礼貌回应。
  2. **直接对比：** **I send far more messages now**，清晰地给出了对比结果。
  3. **解释过去：** **When I was younger...**，解释了过去为什么发得少（没有智能手机）。

- 4. **解释现在:** `But now...`, 用转折词引出现在为什么发得多 (学习和社交生活都依赖它)。
- **亮点词汇/短语:**
  - `far more`: “多得多”, 加强比较的语气。
  - `say, in middle school`: “比如说, 在中学时”, 非常地道的插入语, 用来举例。
  - `barely sent any`: “几乎不发任何信息”。
  - `heavily rely on`: “非常依赖”。
  - `instant messaging`: “即时通讯”。
- **实用句型:**
  - `When I was younger, ..., so I...` (当我年轻时, ..., 所以我...)
  - `But now, ...heavily rely on...` (但是现在, ...非常依赖...)
- **连接词的使用:**
  - `But`: 在这里是构建答案逻辑的核心, 清晰地划分了“过去”和“现在”的对比。

## 示范问题 4

(Alan as Examiner): Do you reply to messages as soon as you receive them?

(Alan as Student Tianxiang): "Well, it really depends. If it's an urgent message, for example from my supervisor or my family, I'll reply immediately. However, if I'm busy with my studies or I'm in a class, I might wait until I have a break. I try not to let messages distract me too much from my work."

### 答案为什么好?

- **思路与结构:**
  1. **分类讨论:** `it really depends`, 这是回答这类问题的最佳开头, 表明你考虑问题很周全。
  2. **第一种情况:** `If it's an urgent message...`, 说明了会“立即回复”的情况, 并结合你的背景提到了导师。
  3. **第二种情况:** `However, if I'm busy...`, 说明了会“稍后回复”的情况。
  4. **解释原则:** 最后一句解释了你这么做的原因 (不想被过多打扰), 展现了你的自律。
- **亮点词汇/短语:**
  - `it really depends`: “这得看情况”。
  - `urgent message`: “紧急信息”。
  - `reply immediately`: “立刻回复”。
  - `have a break`: “有空休息时”。
  - `distract me from`: “让我从...中分心”。
- **实用句型:**
  - `If it's..., I'll...` (如果是..., 我就会...)
  - `However, if I'm..., I might...` (然而, 如果我..., 我或许会...)
- **连接词的使用:**
  - `If` 和 `However`: 这两个词完美地构建了分类讨论的逻辑框架, 让你的答案条理分明, 非常清晰。

怎么样, Tianxiang? 这个话题是不是很贴近你的生活? 下次再聊!

## 话题词汇

好的, 没问题! 我们来给你关于 "Text Messages" 的“弹药库”补充点新装备。

掌握了这些核心词汇，你就可以把“发信息”这个日常行为聊得更具体、更生动，让考官觉得你的表达既地道又准确。

## "Text Messages" 话题词汇库 (Vocabulary List)

### 1. 信息的种类和相关名词 (Types of Messages & Nouns)

- Text message / Message (短信 / 信息)

*I received a **message** from my friend.*

- Messaging app (通讯应用)

*WeChat is the most popular **messaging app** in China.*

- Group chat (群聊)

*My classmates and I have a **group chat** for our project.*

- Voice message (语音信息)

*Sometimes it's faster to send a **voice message**.*

- Emoji /ɪˈməʊdʒi/ (表情符号) & Sticker /ˈstɪkə(r)/ (表情包)

*I love using funny **stickers** in my chats.*

- Notification /ˌnəʊtɪfɪˈkeɪʃn/ (通知)

*My phone screen is full of **notifications**.*

### 2. 与发信息相关的动作 (Actions / Verbs)

- to send / receive / reply (发送 / 接收 / 回复)

*I need **to reply** to my supervisor's email.*

- to text someone (给某人发短信)

*I'll **text you** the address later.*

- to type /taɪp/ (打字)

*It takes me a while **to type** a long message in English.*

- to check messages (查信息)

*I have a habit of **checking my messages** first thing in the morning.*

- to stay in touch (保持联系)

*Messaging apps help us **stay in touch** with friends who live far away.*

### 3. 形容“发信息”的词 (Adjectives to Describe Messaging)

- Convenient /kən'vi:nɪənt/ (方便的)

*It's very **convenient** to pay with your phone.*

- Instant /'ɪnstənt/ / Immediate /ɪ'mi:diət/ (即时的)

*I like instant messaging because the communication is **immediate**.*

- Efficient /ɪ'fɪʃnt/ (高效的)

*For simple questions, sending a message is more **efficient** than calling.*

- Essential /ɪ'senʃl/ (必不可少的)

*My smartphone has become an **essential** tool in my life.*

- **Distracting** /dɪ'stræktɪŋ/ (令人分心的)

*The constant notifications can be very **distracting** when I'm studying.*

#### 4. 相关的功能和概念 (Related Functions & Concepts)

- **Communication** /kə'mjuːnɪ'keɪʃn/ (沟通)

*Good **communication** is important for teamwork.*

- **Social life** (社交生活)

*Messaging is a big part of my **social life**.*

- **To share photos / files** (分享照片 / 文件)

*We can easily **share files** in our group chat.*

- **Mobile payment** (移动支付)

***Mobile payment** is incredibly common in China.*

这些词汇和短语是不是非常贴近生活？把它们用到你的答案里，你的表达会立刻“活”起来。

接下来我们做什么呢？要不要用这些词汇来造几个句子，还是你想挑战一个新话题？随时告诉我！

## 常见搭配

好的，我们继续！你已经有了“单词”和“短语”这些零件，现在我们来学习怎么把它们组装成“句子”这个更大的部件。

这些“句子搭配”非常实用，记住它们，你在考场上就能像说话一样自然地表达，而不是像在翻译。

## "Text Messages" 话题高频句子搭配 (Common Sentences & Collocations)

### 1. 如何陈述你发信息的频率和习惯

- I send messages every single day; it's probably my main way of... (我每天都发信息; 这可能是我...的主要方式。)

*...it's probably my main way of communicating with people.*

- I'm constantly checking my phone for... (我总是在看我的手机有没有...)

*I'm constantly checking my phone for new messages and notifications.*

- The first thing I do when I wake up is... (我早上醒来做的第一件事就是...)

*The first thing I do when I wake up is check my group chats.*

## 2. 如何描述发信息的普及度和重要性

- It has become an essential part of... (它已经成为...必不可少的一部分。)

*Messaging apps have become an essential part of our daily lives.*

- I would say it's more than just [a simple tool]; it's... (我想说它不仅仅是...; 它还...)

*I would say WeChat is more than just a messaging tool; it's a platform for social life and business.*

- Almost everyone I know uses... to... (我认识的几乎每个人都用...来...)

*Almost everyone I know uses messaging apps to stay in touch.*

## 3. 如何解释你发信息的原因和目的

- I use it mainly to... (我主要用它来...)

*I use it mainly to coordinate with my classmates on group projects.*

- It's a very efficient way to... (这是一个非常高效的方式来...)

*It's a very efficient way to ask a quick question without having to make a call.*

- For me, it's the easiest way to... (对我来说, 这是...最简单的方式。)

*For me, it's the easiest way to make plans with my friends.*

#### 4. 如何表达你处理信息的方式

- When it comes to replying, it really depends on... (当谈到回复信息时, 这真的取决于...)

*When it comes to replying, it really depends on how urgent the message is.*

- If I get a message from [someone important], I usually... (如果我收到...的信息, 我通常会...)

*If I get a message from my supervisor, I usually reply immediately.*

- I try not to let messages distract me when I'm... (当我...的时候, 我尽量不让信息分散我的注意力。)

*I try not to let messages distract me when I'm studying or in a lecture.*

怎么样? 这些句子搭配是不是很实用? 它们就像是你口语中的“快捷键”, 能让你在表达时更快、更准、更地道。

多练习几遍, 把它们变成你自己的话! 接下来我们想做什么呢?