话题

- 喜欢的歌手
- 奇装异服的人
- 不同文化的朋友
- 努力实现的目标
- 发小
- 由不喜欢到喜欢的朋友
- 熊孩子/被宠坏的小孩
- 激励你做有趣事情的人
- 劝你的人
- 会打扮的朋友
- 聪明的人
- 侍花弄果之人
- 精力充沛的人
- 想共度时光的人

提示词

现在我们对人物类进行串题。用尽量少的人物数量完成串题,给出每个人物的设定,每一个话题的是

串题

太棒了,Tianxiang!我们又见面了。

完全没问题!继上次我们把"电脑和编程"作为"事物类"话题的核心素材库之后,今天我们来挑战"人物类"话题的串题。这是一个非常高效的策略,因为在口语考试的短时间内,调用一个你已经非常熟悉的人物故事,要比临时去想一个新人物容易得多。

根据你的个人情况,特别是你提到的那位对你很重要的导师,我们可以设定两个主要的人物"模块"。 这两个人物,一静一动,一师一友,几乎可以覆盖 80%以上的人物类话题。

我们来认识一下他们:

人物一:导师 (The Mentor) - "王教授"

这个人物原型直接来自你的真实经历,他是你在电子科技大学的导师。我们可以让他的形象更丰满一 些。

- 人物设定 (Character Profile):
 - 身份: 计算机学院教授,主攻人工智能或数据科学领域 (an expert in Al/Data Science)。
 - 特点: 非常聪明,有智慧 (intelligent and wise),善于用简单的方式解释复杂问题 (good at explaining complex ideas simply)。工作非常努力,对学术有极高的热情 (passionate and hard-working)。
 - 特别之处: 他不仅是学术导师,也是人生导师。他曾在国外(比如美国或英国)著名大学做过访问学者 (visiting scholar),所以他对不同文化有深刻理解。业余爱好是打理他的小花园 (He has a passion for gardening in his spare time),这让他很放松。

人物二:朋友 (The Creative Friend) - "Lily"

这是一个我们可以创造出来的朋友形象,她代表了活力、创意和现代年轻人的生活方式。

- 人物设定 (Character Profile):
 - 身份: 一位不同专业的朋友,比如设计学院的学生 (a student from the design school)。
 - 特点: 精力充沛 (energetic and full of beans),对生活充满好奇。衣着打扮非常有自己的风格 (has a unique sense of style)。她喜欢尝试新鲜事物,是组织活动的核心人物。
 - 特别之处: 她是一个业余乐队的主唱 (the lead singer of an amateur band),喜欢流行音乐 (a big fan of pop music)。她总是鼓励你走出舒适区,比如她会劝你一起去尝试新的餐厅,或者帮你改进摄影作品的构图。

好了,有了我们强大的"王教授"和"Lily",我们来看看如何用他们来应对这一系列的人物题。

用"王教授"串联的话题

- 1. 聪明的人 (A smart person)
- 思路:直接描述王教授如何用他的智慧在学术上帮助你。
- 逻辑链:
 - 提到我的导师王教授 → My supervisor, Professor Wang.
 - 他是我见过最聪明的人之一,尤其在解决复杂问题上 → one of the most intelligent people I've ever met, especially when it comes to problem-solving.
 - 举例:当我被一个复杂的算法困住时,他总能几句话就点醒我 → When I'm stuck on a complex algorithm, he can always point out the key issue in just a few sentences.
 - 总结:他的聪明不仅是知识多,更是一种思维方式 → It's not just about knowledge, but a way of thinking.

2. 努力实现的目标 (A person who is trying to achieve a goal)

- 思路: 描述王教授正在进行的一个重要的科研项目。
- 逻辑链:
 - 提到我的导师王教授正在努力实现一个目标 → My professor is working hard to achieve a goal.
 - 目标是:发表一篇关于时间序列预测新模型的顶级论文 → His goal is to publish a top-tier paper on a new time-series forecasting model.
 - 他的努力: 我经常看到他在办公室工作到深夜 → I often see him working late in his office.
 - 他如何克服困难:他会组织我们开会,一起进行头脑风暴 → He organizes meetings for us to brainstorm together.
 - ◆ 对我的影响:他的热情和坚持非常激励我 → His passion and persistence are truly inspiring to me.

3. 劝你的人 (A person who persuaded you)

- 思路: 描述王教授如何说服你选择出国读博作为你的长远目标。
- 逻辑链:
 - 提到王教授曾成功劝我做了一个重要决定 → Professor Wang once persuaded me to make an important decision.
 - 背景:我当时对未来很迷茫,不确定是工作还是继续深造 → I was feeling lost about my future, unsure whether to find a job or pursue further studies.

● 他的劝说方式:他没有直接命令我,而是和我分享了他在国外做研究的经历 → Instead of giving me a direct order, he shared his experience of doing research abroad.

- 他的观点:他认为这能开阔我的学术视野,对我的职业发展有巨大好处 → He believed it would broaden my academic horizons and be hugely beneficial for my career.
- 结果:我被他说服了,现在正为此努力 → I was convinced by him and now I'm working towards that goal.

4. 不同文化的朋友 (A friend from a different culture)

● **思路:** 将王教授的"访问学者"经历作为切入点,描述他如何像一个跨文化的朋友一样与你交流。

● 逻辑链:

- 虽然他是我的导师,但我们像朋友一样交流,而且他有很深的跨文化背景 → Although he is my supervisor, we communicate like friends, and he has a deep cross-cultural background.
- 他的经历:他曾在美国一所大学做过两年的访问学者 → He spent two years as a visiting scholar at a university in the US.
- 文化分享:他会跟我聊中外大学在学术文化上的不同 → He often talks to me about the differences in academic culture between Chinese and Western universities.
- 具体例子:比如,他鼓励我要更主动地在课堂上提问,就像他在那边看到的学生一样 → For instance, he encourages me to be more proactive in asking questions in class, just like the students he saw there.
- 感受:和他聊天让我对外部世界充满了向往 → Talking with him has made me curious and excited about the outside world.

5. 侍花弄果之人 (A person who is good at growing plants)

• 思路: 描述王教授的业余爱好——园艺, 展现他工作之外的另一面。

● 逻辑链:

- 我想说一个意想不到的人,我的导师王教授 → I want to talk about an unexpected person, my supervisor, Professor Wang.
- 他有一个让人放松的爱好,就是园艺 → He has a relaxing hobby, which is gardening.
- 他的花园:他在学校附近有一个小院子,种满了各种花草 → He has a small yard near the campus, which is full of various flowers and plants.
- 他的成果:他种的番茄和黄瓜特别好吃,他有时会带一些到办公室分给我们 → The tomatoes and cucumbers he grows are incredibly tasty, and sometimes he brings some to the office to share with us.
- 感受:我觉得这个爱好让他从紧张的科研工作中得到了很好的平衡 → I think this hobby provides him with a great balance from his intense research work.

用"Lily"串联的话题

1. 喜欢的歌手 (A favorite singer)

- 思路: 描述你的朋友 Lily 既是你喜欢的人,也是你欣赏的"歌手"。
- 逻辑链:
 - 我喜欢的歌手不是一个大明星,而是我的朋友 Lily → My favorite singer isn't a big star, but my friend, Lily.
 - 她的身份: 她是一个业余乐队的主唱 → She is the lead singer of an amateur band.
 - 她的歌声:她的声音非常有力量和感染力 → Her voice is very powerful and infectious.

● 为什么喜欢:我喜欢她唱歌时那种纯粹的热爱和自信 → I love the pure passion and confidence she shows when she's singing.

● 场合:我经常去看她们乐队在学校音乐节的表演 → I often go to watch her band perform at the campus music festival.

2. 会打扮的朋友 (A well-dressed friend)

- 思路: 结合 Lily 的设计专业背景,描述她独特的穿衣风格。
- 逻辑链:
 - 我的朋友 Lily 是一个非常会打扮的女孩 → My friend Lily is a girl with a great sense of fashion.
 - 她的专业背景:她是学服装设计的,所以对色彩和搭配有天生的敏感 → She's studying fashion design, so she has a natural sensitivity to colors and matching.
 - 她的风格:她的风格很多变,但总能让人眼前一亮,非常适合她 → Her style is quite versatile, but it's always eye-catching and suits her perfectly.
 - 具体例子:她喜欢用一些小配饰,比如一条特别的围巾或一顶帽子,来点亮整套穿搭 → She likes to use small accessories, like a unique scarf or a hat, to brighten up her whole outfit.
 - 影响:和她在一起,我也开始更注意自己的形象了 → Hanging out with her has made me pay more attention to my own image.

3. 奇装异服的人 (A person in strange clothes)

- 思路: 将"奇怪"转化为"独特"或"有艺术感",用积极的口吻描述 Lily 的打扮。
- 逻辑链:
 - 我想描述我的朋友 Lily,有些人可能会觉得她的衣服有点"奇怪" → I'd like to describe my friend Lily. Some people might find her clothes a bit "strange".
 - 重新定义"奇怪": 但我认为那不是奇怪,而是非常有创意和艺术感 → But I don't think it's strange; I think it's very creative and artistic.
 - 具体描述:有一次,她穿了一件自己设计的、色彩非常鲜艳的外套参加一个派对 → Once, she wore a brightly colored jacket that she designed herself to a party.
 - 别人的反应:一开始大家有点惊讶,但很快就都去称赞她的设计了 → At first, everyone was a little surprised, but soon they all started complimenting her design.
 - 我的看法:我欣赏她敢于表达自己,不在乎别人眼光的勇气 → I admire her courage to express herself and not care about what others think.

4. 精力充沛的人 (An energetic person)

- 思路: 描述 Lilv 如何同时兼顾学业、乐队和社交,展现她的活力。
- 逻辑链:
 - 说到精力充沛,我第一个想到的就是我的朋友 Lily → When it comes to being energetic, the first person that comes to my mind is my friend Lily.
 - 她的多重身份:她好像有用不完的精力 → It seems like she has endless energy.
 - 具体表现:她不仅要完成设计作业,每周还要和乐队排练两次,并且经常组织我们朋友聚会
 → Not only does she have to finish her design assignments, but she also rehearses with her band twice a week and often organizes gatherings for our friends.
 - 对比:我光是应付我的专业课就已经筋疲力尽了 → I get exhausted just dealing with my major courses.

 总结:她就像一个小太阳,总能给周围的人带来活力 → She's like a little sun, always bringing energy to the people around her.

5. 激励你做有趣事情的人 (A person who inspires you to do something interesting)

思路: 描述 Lily 如何激励你发展你的摄影爱好,甚至尝试拍 Vlog。

● 逻辑链:

- 我的朋友 Lily 激励我去做了件很有趣的事 → My friend Lily inspired me to do something very interesting.
- 背景:我一直很喜欢摄影,但只是随手拍拍 → I've always been into photography, but I just took photos casually.
- 她的激励: Lily 看了我的照片后,鼓励我说我应该创建一个社交媒体账号来分享它们 →
 After seeing my photos, Lily encouraged me to start a social media account to share
 them.
- 更进一步:她还建议我尝试拍 Vlog, 因为这能更好地记录生活的故事性 → She even suggested that I should try making vlogs because it's a better way to capture the stories of my life.
- 结果:在她的鼓励下,我开始学习剪辑,这为我的爱好打开了新世界的大门 → With her encouragement, I started learning video editing, which opened up a new world for my hobby.

6. 由不喜欢到喜欢的朋友 (A friend you disliked at first but now like)

● **思路**: 这是一个很好的故事。可以描述一开始觉得 Lily 太吵闹或太高调,后来才发现她的善良和 真诚。

● 逻辑链:

- 我想聊聊我的朋友 Lily,我们一开始关系并不好 → I want to talk about my friend Lily. We didn't get along well at the beginning.
- 初印象:我第一次见她时,觉得她太活跃了,甚至有点吵闹 → When I first met her, I thought she was too active, even a bit loud.
- 转折点:有一次我生病了,一个人在宿舍很难受,她知道了以后,主动帮我带了饭和药 →
 The turning point was when I got sick and was feeling miserable in my dorm alone.
 After she found out, she took the initiative to bring me food and medicine.
- 改观:那一刻我意识到,她外向的性格下是一颗非常善良和真诚的心 → At that moment, I realized that beneath her outgoing personality was a very kind and sincere heart.
- 现在:从那以后我们成了非常好的朋友,我非常珍惜这段友谊 → Since then, we've become really good friends, and I truly cherish this friendship.

7. 想共度时光的人 (A person you want to spend time with)

- **思路:** 这个话题非常灵活,王教授和 Lily 都可以。你可以根据你想表达的侧重点来选择。
- 选择王教授:
 - 想和他共度时光,因为每次和他聊天都能获得启发 → I want to spend time with him because our conversations are always enlightening.
 - 可以聊学术、未来规划,甚至是他的园艺心得 → We can talk about academics, future plans, or even his gardening tips.
- 选择 Lily:
 - 想和她共度时光,因为和她在一起总是很开心、很放松 → I want to spend time with her because it's always fun and relaxing to be with her.

● 可以一起去探索城市里好吃的餐厅,或者去看一场音乐表演 → We could explore new restaurants in the city or go to a live music show together.

无法"串联"的特殊话题

有些话题确实很难用这两个人物来套用,强行串联会显得不自然。比如下面这两个:

1. 熊孩子/被宠坏的小孩 (A spoiled child)

思路: 这个最好单独准备一个素材。可以是你亲戚家的小孩,或者在公共场合(如餐厅、高铁上)遇到的一个孩子。重点描述他的具体行为(大喊大叫、提无理要求)和父母的反应(纵容、溺爱)。

2. 发小 (Childhood friend)

● **思路**: 这个话题强调的是"从小一起长大"。王教授和 Lily 都是你大学后认识的,所以不适用。你需要准备一个真实的或虚构的儿时伙伴的故事。可以讲你们小时候一起做的傻事,以及现在虽然联系少了但感情依旧。

Tianxiang,你看,通过建立这两个核心人物,我们就像有了两个"万能钥匙",可以轻松打开大部分人物类话题的门。剩下的一两个特殊话题,我们再单独准备,这样就非常高效了。

现在,你想不想让我挑其中一个话题,比如"A smart person",为你做一个完整的 Part 2 示范答案呢?