**9.2-7** 8.449 <  $\chi^2_{0.05}(4) = 9.488$  do not reject the null hypothesis; 0.05 < p -value < 0.10; p -value = 0.076

9.2-11 23.78 > 21.03, reject hypothesis of independence.

**9.2-12** 
$$q = 8.792 > 7.378 = \chi^2_{0.025}(2)$$
, reject  $H_0$ .  $(p-\text{value} = 0.012.)$ 

# 9.3-2

Source	SS	DF	MS	F	<i>p</i> -value
Treatment	388.2805	3	129.4268	4.9078	0.0188
Error	316.4597	12	26.3716		
Total	704.7402	15			

 $F = 4.9078 > 3.49 = F_{0.05}(3, 12)$ . Reject  $H_0$ .

## 9.3-5

(a)

Source	SS	DF	MS	F	<i>p</i> -value
Treatment	31.112	2	15.556	22.33	0.000
Error	29.261	42	0.697		
Total	60.372	44			

(b) The respective means are 23.114, 22.556, and 21.120, with the eggs of the shortest lengths in the nests of the smallest bird.

# 9.3 - 9

(a)  $F \ge 4.07$ .

Source	SS	DF	MS	F	p-value
Treatment	3214.9	3	1071.6	4.1059	0.0489
Error	2088.0	8	261.0		
Total	5302.9	11			

(b) F = 4.1059 > 4.07. Reject  $H_0$ 

- (c) F = 4.1059 < 5.42, do not reject  $H_0$ .
- (d) 0.025 < p -value < 0.05, p -value  $\approx 0.05$

#### 9.3 - 10

(a) 
$$t = \frac{92.143 - 103.009}{\sqrt{\frac{6(69.139) + 6(57.669)}{12} \left(\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7}\right)}} = -2.55 < -2.179, \text{ reject } H_0$$

F and the t tests give the same results since  $t^2 = F$ 

(b) 
$$F = \frac{86.3336}{114.8889} = 0.7515 < 3.55$$
, do not reject  $H_0$ .

#### 9.4 - 2

$$\alpha_1 = -2, \alpha_2 = 2, \alpha_3 = 0$$
 and  $\beta_1 = 0, \beta_2 = -3, \beta_3 = 1, \beta_4 = 2$ 

#### 9.4 - 3

- (a) 7.624 > 4.46, reject  $H_A$ .
- (b) 15.539 > 3.84, reject  $H_B$ .

### 9.4-4

$$\sum_{i=1}^{a} \sum_{j=1}^{b} (\overline{X}_{i}, -\overline{X}_{..}) (X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{i.} - \overline{X}_{.j} + \overline{X}_{..})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{a} (\overline{X}_{i.} - \overline{X}_{..}) \sum_{j=1}^{b} [(X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{i.}) - (\overline{X}_{.j} - \overline{X}_{..})]$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{a} (\overline{X}_{i.} - \overline{X}_{..}) \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{b} (X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{i.}) - \sum_{j=1}^{b} (\overline{X}_{.j} - \overline{X}_{..}) \right\}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{a} (\overline{X}_{i.} - \overline{X}_{..}) (0 - 0) = 0$$

 $\sum_{i=1}^{a} \sum_{j=1}^{b} \left( \overline{X}_{\cdot j} - \overline{X}_{\cdot \cdot} \right) \left( X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{i \cdot} - \overline{X}_{\cdot j} + \overline{X}_{\cdot \cdot} \right) = 0,, \text{ similarly;}$ 

$$\sum_{i=1}^{a} \sum_{j=1}^{b} \left( \overline{X}_{i}. - \overline{X}_{..} \right) \left( \overline{X}_{.j} - \overline{X}_{..} \right) = \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^{a} \left( \overline{X}_{i}. - \overline{X}_{..} \right) \right\} \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{b} \left( \overline{X}_{.j} - \overline{X}_{..} \right) \right\} = (0)(0) = 0$$

.

## 9.4-6

So  $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = 0$  and  $\beta_1 = 0, \beta_2 = -3, \beta_3 = 1, \beta_4 = 2$  as in Exercise 9.4 – 2. However,  $\gamma_{11} = -2$  because 8 + 0 + 0 + (-2) = 6. Similarly we obtain the other  $\gamma_{ij}$  s:

## 9.4-7

- (a) 1.727 < 2.36, do not reject  $H_{AB}$ .
- (b) 2.238 < 3.26, do not reject  $H_A$ .
- (c) 2.063 < 2.87, do not reject  $H_B$ .

# 9.4-8

- (a)  $F = 0.892 < F_{0.05}(1, 24) = 4.26$ , do not reject  $H_{AB}$ .
- (b)  $F = 4.307 > F_{0.05}(1, 24) = 4.26$ , reject  $H_A$ .
- (c)  $F = 5.167 > F_{0.05}(1, 24) = 4.26$ , reject  $H_B$ .