Week 1 – Intro to SE and SDLC

CSC 317 / INF 307 – SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

2022/2023 Academic Year Semester 1

Recommended Reading

 Chapter 1 of "Software Engineering at Google" by Winters, T., Wright, H. and Manshreck, T.

 Chapter 1 & 2 of "Software Engineering: a practitioner's approach" by Pressman and Maxim

Today

- Important Questions
 - What is Software Engineering
 - Programming vs SE
 - Why is SE difficult?
- The Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC)

In-Class Discussion

• What is Software Engineering?

In-Class Discussion

 What is the difference between Software Engineering and Programming?

What is software engineering?

Definition 1

"Software Engineering is the systematic approach to development, maintenance, organization of software systems" – Definition by IEEE

Definition 2

"The process of solving customers' problems by the systematic development and evolution of large, high-quality software systems within cost, time and other constraints"

Definition 3

"Software engineering is about understanding business problems, inventing solutions, evaluating alternatives, and making design tradeoffs and choices." – Marsic I. (2012)

What is software engineering?

Main goal of SE
Requires effective communication
between stakeholders

Systematic, evolutionary

Multi-person, 1000's to millions LoC, Requires teamwork

"The process of solving customers' problems by the systematic development and evolution of large, high-quality software systems within cost, time and other constraints"

Limited resources

Benefit vs cost trade-offs
Inaccurate estimations lead to
failures

Correctness, reliable, efficient, etc.

SE vs. Programming

Programming is just a small part of SE!

<u>SE</u>

- Focuses on understanding the business problem
- Identify a solution
- Design the blueprint of the solution

Programming

Focuses on implementing the blueprint

Skills of a Software Engineer

- Programming skills
 - Data structures and algorithms
 - Programming languages
 - Tools compilers, debuggers, editors
- Communication skills
 - Spoken, written, presentation
 - Teamwork
 - Communicating with external people (customers)
- Design skills
 - Application domain jargon and modeling
 - Architectural designs
 - Shifting between several levels of abstraction

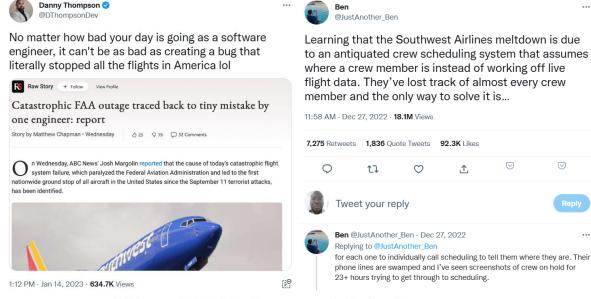
SE is HARD

- SE = knowledge of software domain + problem domain
 - Discussion: What knowledge is required in the design of an ATM system
- SE aims to model the physical world through abstractions
 - The physical world has many parts
 - Physical world is constantly changing
 - Physical world is not well understood/explained
 - Abstractions are approximations at best on a few variables of the physical world

SE is HARD

- We often only see or hear about the successes
- A lot of major issues happen during software engineering:
 - Wrong requirements
 - Cost overruns
 - Late delivery
 - Delivered product not accepted by customers
- Software FAILS A LOT
 - Read this article: <u>https://www.bugraptors.com/blog/top-software-</u> failures-due-to-lack-of-testing

Software Fails A Lot



Tesla to recall 135,000 vehicles over computer memory failure

Airbus A400M plane crash linked to software fault

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Software bug in New Jersey hospital's vaccine scheduling system causes thousands of duplicate appointments

Staff - Monday, February 15th, 2021



Marlton, N.J.-based Virtua Health last month discovered and fixed a bug in its vaccination self-scheduling system that caused between 10,000 and 11,000 appointments to be duplicates, according to a Feb. 12 *TapInto Camden* report.

"In some extreme cases, a single person had 20 or more vaccine appointments," Virtua Health Access Center Director Malik Bahar told the publication. "Clearly, this was a big problem and we needed to find a solution fast."

A team of 200 staff made more than 10,400 phone calls to remedy the issue, and it opened up about 5,000 appointments. Many of the people affected by the duplicate appointments were seniors.

SE is HARD

Bottom Line

- Writing code is very easy
- But engineering good software is HARD

- So how do we make software engineering work?
 - By following a process

The SDLC

The phases of a **software development cycle**:

- Feasibility study
- Requirements Analysis & Specification
- Design
- Implementation
- Testing
- Delivery
- Maintenance

The SDLC

- Feasibility study: WHY? Cost benefit analysis (is it worth doing the project)
- Requirement analysis + specification: WHAT? What should the software do, produce a document.
- Design: How? How should the software do it. Architectural design (overall structures + organization of objects/modules, choice of data structures, etc.
- Coding/Implementation: Realize components. Code modules, products: software,
- Testing: Verify! Test individual modules, test whether several modules work together, test system as a whole, document test results.
- Deliver: Release to production!
- Maintenance : Evolve!

References

- Winters, T., Wright, H. and Manshreck, T. (2020). Software Engineering at Google: Lessons Learned from Programming over Time. 1st Edition. O'Reilly Media
- Pressman, R. S. and Maxim, B. R. (2014). Software Engineering: a practitioner's approach, 8th edition: McGraw-Hill
- Winston R. Royce (1970). "Managing the Development of Large Software Systems", in Proc. of IEEE WESCON, pp. 1-9.