# **Crypto lab fat**

# 1.Fermet prime\_test:

```
import java.util.*;
class fermet_primetest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number\n");
        int p=scan.nextInt();
        int flag=1;
        for(int a=1;a<p;a++) //1<=a<p</pre>
            long x=(long)Math.pow(a,p)-a;
            if(x%p!=0)
                flag=0;
                break;
        }
        if(flag==1)
            System.out.println(p+" is a prime number");
        }
        else{
            System.out.println(p+" is not a prime number");
        }
```

```
Output

iava -cp /tmp/cAosZxiqaD/fermet_primetes
Enter the number

9
9 is not a prime number

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

# 2.Gcd using extended eucledian

```
import java.util.*;
public class Eucledian{
 public static void main(String args[])
 Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.println("Reg No: 21BCT0402\n");
 System.out.println("Enter the numbers :\n");
 int a=scan.nextInt();
 int b=scan.nextInt();
 //initialization
 int s1=1;
 int s2=0;
 int t1=0;
 int t2=1;
 int r1=a;
 int r2=b;
 int s=0,t=0,q=0,r=0;
 while(r2!=0)
 q=r1/r2;
 r=r1%r2;
 s=s1-s2*q;
 t=t1-t2*q;
 r1=r2;
 r2=r;
 s1=s2;
 s2=s;
 t1=t2;
 t2=t;
 System.out.println("GCD of "+a+" and "+b+" is "+r1);
 System.out.println("\nVerification :\n");
 int d=(a*s1)+(b*t1);
 System.out.println("d= "+d);
 if(d==r1) //d==gcd
 System.out.println("Hence verified.");
```

```
Output

java -cp /tmp/91gc3GJANO/Eucledian
Reg No: 21BCT0402

Enter the numbers :

161
28
GCD of 161 and 28 is 7

Verification :

d= 7
Hence verified.
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

# 3. Multiplicative inverse using extended eucledian algorithm;

```
import java.util.*;
public class Multiplicative_inverse{
 public static int extended_eucledian(int a,int b)
 {
 //initialization
 int t1=0;
 int t2=1;
 int r1=b;
 int r2=a;
 int t=0,q=0,r=0;
 while(r2!=0)
 q=r1/r2;
 r=r1%r2;
 t=t1-t2*q;
 r1=r2;
 r2=r;
 t1=t2;
```

```
t2=t;
if(r1==1) //if gcd is 1
if(t1<0)
t1=t1+b;
return t1;
else{
return -1;
public static void main(String args[])
Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Reg No: 21BCT0402\n");
System.out.println("Enter the numbers :\n");
int a=scan.nextInt();
int b=scan.nextInt();
int ans=extended_eucledian(a,b);
if(ans!=-1)
System.out.println("Multiplicative inverse of "+a+" modulo "+b+" is "+ans);
else{
System.out.println("Gcd of "+a+" and "+b+" must be 1");
}
```

```
Enter the numbers :

11 26
Multiplicative inverse of 11 modulo 26 is 19

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

## 4.RC4 ALGORITHM;

```
import java.util.*;
class rc4 {
public static void main(String[] args) {
 Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.println("Reg No:21BCT0402\n");
 int s[]=new int[8];
 int pt[]=new int[4];
 int cipher[]=new int[4];
 System.out.println("Enter the S array: \n");
 for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
 s[i]=scan.nextInt();
 System.out.println("Enter the pt array: \n");
 for(int i=0;i<4;i++)
 pt[i]=scan.nextInt();
int i=0, j=0;
for(int x=0;x<4; x++)
 i=(i+1)\%8;
j=(j+s[i])%8;
 //swapping s[i] and s[j]
 int temp=s[i];
 s[i]=s[j];
 s[j]=temp;
 int a=(s[i]+s[j])%8;
 int k=s[a];
 cipher[x]=k^pt[x];
 System.out.println("Cipher text : \n");
 for(int x=0;x<4;x++)
 System.out.print(cipher[x]+" ");
```

```
Enter the S array:

1 2 3 4 6 5 0 7
Enter the pt array:

6 9 7 8
Cipher text:

3 8 2 12
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

# 5. Vernam cipher

```
if(val>25)
temp[i]=val-26;
else
temp[i]=val;
}
//Cipher text
String ct="";
System.out.println("Cipher text : \n");
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
ct+=alph.charAt(temp[i]);
System.out.println(ct);
//Decryption
String ctd="";
int temp2[]=new int[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
int val=alph.indexOf(ct.charAt(i))-alph.indexOf(key.charAt(i));
if(val<0)
temp2[i]=val+26;
else
temp2[i]=val;
System.out.println("\n Decryption :\n");
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
ctd+=alph.charAt(temp2[i]);
System.out.println(ctd);
```

```
Enter the plain text:

meetmenow
Enter the key:

mbmbmbmbm
Cipher text :

yfquyfzpi

Decryption :

meetmenow

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

# 6.Ceaser cipher:

```
import java.util.*;
class ceaser_cipher{
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);

    String alph="abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz";

    System.out.println("Enter the plain_text:\n");

    String plain_text=scan.nextLine();

    System.out.println("Enter the no of shift:\n");

    int shift=scan.nextInt();

    char pt[]=plain_text.toCharArray();

    for(int i=0;i<pt.length;i++)</pre>
```

```
{
    pt[i]= alph.charAt(((alph.indexOf(pt[i])+shift)%26));
}
String cipher="";
for(int i=0;i<pt.length;i++)</pre>
{
    cipher+=pt[i];
System.out.println(cipher);
System.out.println("Decryption:\n");
for(int i=0;i<pt.length;i++)</pre>
    pt[i]= alph.charAt(((alph.indexOf(pt[i])-shift)%26));
}
String d_cipher="";
for(int i=0;i<pt.length;i++)</pre>
{
    d_cipher+=pt[i];
System.out.println(d_cipher);
```

```
Enter the plain_text:

abc
Enter the no of shift:

3
def
Decryption:

abc
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

### 7.Hill cipher:

```
import java.util.*;
class ceaser_cipher{
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the plain_text :");
    String plain_text=scan.nextLine();
    String alph="abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz";
    int n=plain_text.length();
    int pt[]=new int[n];
    int key[][]=new int[n][n];
    int ct[]=new int[n];
    System.out.println("Enter the key matrix :");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
            key[i][j]=scan.nextInt();
        }
    }
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
        pt[i]=alph.indexOf(plain_text.charAt(i));
    }
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
        int k=0;
        int sum=0;
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
            sum+=key[i][j]*pt[k];
            k++;
```

```
}
    ct[i]=sum;
}
String cipher="";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    cipher+=alph.charAt(ct[i]%26);
}
System.out.println("Cipher_text :" +cipher);
}
</pre>
```

```
java -cp /tmp/xAVlvY4exS/ceaser_cipher
Enter the plain_text :
war
Enter the key matrix :
6 0 9
6 6 9
1 1 6
Cipher_text :zzu
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

### 8. Diffie helman key exchange:

```
import java.util.*;
class Diffie helman {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the n value:");
        int n=scan.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the g value(primitive root of n):");
        int g=scan.nextInt();
        if(g<n){</pre>
        System.out.println("Enter the x value");
        int x=scan.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the y value");
        int y=scan.nextInt();
        int A=(int)Math.pow(g,x)%n;
        int B=(int)Math.pow(g,y)%n;
        int k1=(int)Math.pow(B,x)%n;
        int k2=(int)Math.pow(A,y)%n;
        System.out.println("k1 ="+k1+" k2 ="+k2);
        }
        else{
            System.out.println("g must be less than n");
```

```
Enter the n value:

11

Enter the g value(primitive root of n):

7

Enter the x value

3

Enter the y value

6

2

k1 =9 k2 =9

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

### 9.RSA Algorithm:

```
import java.util.*;
class rsa {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the p and q value: ");
        int p=scan.nextInt();
        int q=scan.nextInt();
        int n=p*q;
        int pie_n=(p-1)*(q-1);
        System.out.println("Enter the e value: ");
        int e=scan.nextInt();
        if(e>1 && e<pie_n){
        int d=mulinv(e,pie_n);
        System.out.println("Enter the m value: ");
    }
}</pre>
```

```
int m=scan.nextInt();
 if(m<n){</pre>
 int ct=fast_exp(m,e,n); //m^e mod n;
 int pt=fast_exp(ct,d,n); //ct^d mod n;
System.out.println("Cipher text :"+ct);
 System.out.println("plain text :"+pt);
 }
 else{
     System.out.println(" m must be less than n");
 }
 }
 else{
     System.out.println("e must be 1<e<pie_n");</pre>
 }
}
public static int mulinv(int a,int b)
{
    int r1=b;
    int r2=a;
    int t1=0,t2=1;
    int q=0,r=0,t=0;
    while(r2!=0)
        q=r1/r2;
        r=r1%r2;
        t=t1-t2*q;
        r1=r2;
        r2=r;
        t1=t2;
        t2=t;
    }
  if(t1<0){
      t1=t1+b;
  return t1;
```

```
public static int fast_exp(int a,int b,int n)
    Stack<Integer> s=new Stack<Integer>();
   while(b>=1)
    {
        int rem=b%2;
        b=b/2;
        s.push(rem);
    }
   if(!s.isEmpty())
      s.pop();
                      //removing first element;
   int res=a;
  while(!s.isEmpty())
   {
       if(s.peek()==0)
       {
           res=(int)Math.pow(res,2)%n;
       else{
           res=(int)Math.pow(res,2)%n;
           res=(res*a)%n;
       s.pop();
   return res;
```

```
Enter the p and q value:

17

11

Enter the e value:

7

Enter the m value:

88

Cipher text :11

plain text :88

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

## 10.point doubling ecc:

```
import java.util.*;
class pointdoubling {
public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Reg No:21BCT0402");
System.out.println("\nEnter the P value :");
int p=scan.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the point a and b value");
int a=scan.nextInt();
int b=scan.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the point g");
int x1=scan.nextInt();
int y1=scan.nextInt();
int x2=x1;
int y2=y1;
int inv=multiplicative_inverse((2*y1),p);
int lambda=((3*(int)Math.pow(x1,2)+a)*inv)%p;
int x3=((int)Math.pow(lambda,2)-x1-x2);
```

```
if(x3<0)
 x3=p-((x3*-1) \%p);
 else{
     x3=x3\%p;
 }
int y3=(lambda*(x1-x3)-y1);
if(y3<0)
 y3=p-((y3*-1) %p);
 else{
    y3=y3%p;
 }
System.out.println("x3= "+x3);
System.out.println("y3= "+y3);
System.out.println("2G= ("+x3 +" , "+y3+")");
public static int multiplicative_inverse(int a,int b)
//initialization
int t1=0;
int t2=1;
int r1=b;
int r2=a;
int t=0,q=0,r=0;
while(r2!=0)
q=r1/r2;
r=r1%r2;
t=t1-t2*q;
r1=r2;
r2=r;
t1=t2;
t2=t;
if(t1<0)
t1=t1+b;
return t1;
```

```
Enter the P value :

11
Enter the point a and b value
1 6
Enter the point g
2 7
x3= 5
y3= 2
2G= (5 , 2)
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

### 11. Negative point:

```
Enter the the point P;
5 8
Enter the q value :
17
-P =(5,9)
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

### 12. Elgamal Cryptography:

```
import java.util.*;
class Elgamal{
public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Reg No:21BCT0402");
System.out.println("Enter a prime number:");
int q=scan.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the value of alpha:");
int alpha=scan.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the private key Xa :");
int Xa=scan.nextInt();
if(Xa>1 && Xa<q-1)
int Ya=mod func(alpha, Xa, q);
System.out.println("1.Key Generation :\n");
System.out.println("Ya = "+Ya);
System.out.println("2.Encryption :\n");
System.out.println("Enter the value for M:");
int M=scan.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the value for K:");
int K=scan.nextInt();
int k=mod func(Ya,K,q);
System.out.println("k = "+k);
int c1=mod_func(alpha,K,q);
int c2=(k*M)%q;
System.out.println("(c1,c2)=> ("+c1+","+c2+")");
System.out.println("Decryption :\n");
int k d=mod_func(c1,Xa,q);
int inv=multiplicative inverse(k,q);
int M d=c2*inv %a;
```

```
System.out.println("k= "+k_d);
System.out.println("M= "+M d);
else{
System.out.println(" Xa must be in the range 1<Xa<q-1");
//fast exponential method to find mod;
public static int mod_func(int a, int b,int N){
Stack<Integer> s = new Stack<Integer>();
int res=a;
while(b >= 1){
int rem = b % 2;
b = b / 2;
s.push(rem);
if (!s.isEmpty()) {
s.pop();
while(!s.isEmpty()){
if(s.peek() == 0){
res = (int) Math.pow(res,2) % N;
else{
res= (int) Math.pow(res,2) % N;
res= (res * a) % N;
s.pop();
return res;
//function to find multiplicative inverse
public static int multiplicative_inverse(int a,int b)
//initialization
int t1=0;
int t2=1;
int r1=b;
int r2=a;
int t=0,q=0,r=0;
while(r2!=0)
q=r1/r2;
r=r1%r2;
t=t1-t2*q;
r1=r2;
r2=r;
```

```
t1=t2;
t2=t;
}
if(r1==1) //if gcd is 1
{
    if(t1<0)
{
    t1=t1+b;
}
return t1;
}
else{
return -1;
}
}</pre>
```

```
Enter a prime number:

19
Enter the value of alpha:

10
Enter the private key Xa :

5
1.Key Generation :

Ya = 3
2.Encryption :

Enter the value for M:

17
Enter the value for K:

6
j = 7
(c1,c2)=> (11,5)
Decryption :

k= 7
M= 17
```

#### 13.RailFence:

```
import java.util.*;
class railfence{
    public static void main(String args[])
        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the plain text :\n");
        String pt=scan.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Enter the depth :\n");
        int depth=scan.nextInt();
        int r=depth;
        int c=pt.length()/depth;
        if(pt.length()%depth!=0)
          c=c+1;
        char mat[][]=new char[r][c];
        int k=0;
        for(int i=0;i<c;i++)</pre>
            for(int j=0;j<r;j++)</pre>
                if(k!=pt.length())
                  mat[j][i]=pt.charAt(k++);
        }
        String ct="";
        for(int i=0;i<r;i++)</pre>
            for(int j=0;j<c;j++)</pre>
                 ct+=mat[i][j];
        }
        System.out.println("cipher text :"+ct);
```

```
System.out.println("Decryption :\n");
     int rd=depth;
    int cd=ct.length()/depth;
    if(pt.length()%depth!=0)
      c=c+1;
    char matd[][]=new char[rd][cd];
    int kd=0;
    for(int i=0;i<rd;i++)</pre>
        for(int j=0;j<cd;j++)</pre>
           if(k!=pt.length())
             matd[i][j]=ct.charAt(kd++);
    }
    String ptd="";
    for(int i=0;i<c;i++)</pre>
        for(int j=0;j<r;j++)</pre>
            ptd+=mat[j][i];
     System.out.println("plain text :"+ptd);
}
```

**Output:** 

```
Output

java -cp /tmp/CTLaShZKOc/railfence
Enter the plain text :

callmetomorrow
Enter the depth :

2

cipher text :clmtmroaleoorw
Decryption :

plain text :callmetomorrow

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

### 14.Eulers theorem("3 cases"):

```
import java.util.*;
class HelloWorld {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the base :");
        int a = scan.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the exponent :");
        int b = scan.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the modlulo :");
        int n = scan.nextInt();
        int pie_n = 0;
        int p = 0, q = 0, e=0;
        //CASE 1
        if (isPrime(n)) {
            pie_n = n - 1;
        }
        //CASE 3
         else if (!isPrime(n) ) {
                for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
                    for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {
                        if ((int)Math.pow(i, j) == n) {
```

```
p= i;
                        e = j;
                   }
               }
            pie_n = (int)Math.pow(p,e) - (int)Math.pow(p, e- 1);
        else if(p==0 \&\& e==0) {
      //CASE2
        for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
            for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {
                if (i * j == n) {
                    if (isPrime(i) && isPrime(j)) {
                        p = i;
                        q = j;
                    }
                }
           }
       pie_n = (p - 1) * (q - 1);
   }
   int pow = b % pie_n;
   int ans =1*(int)Math.pow(a, pow) % n;
   System.out.println("ANS: "+ans);
}
public static boolean isPrime(int n) {
   if (n <= 1) {
        return false;
   for (int i = 2; i < n; i++) {
       if (n % i == 0) {
           return false;
       }
   return true;
```

```
Output

java -cp /tmp/ozlhSWcrEi/HelloWorld
Enter the base :
3
Enter the exponent :
169
Enter the modlulo :
5
ANS: 3
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

## **15.Initial permutation in des:**

```
import java.util.*;
class InitialPermutationDES {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
    int ip_table []= {
        58, 50, 42, 34, 26, 18, 10, 2,
        60, 52, 44, 36, 28, 20, 12, 4,
        62, 54, 46, 38, 30, 22, 14, 6,
        64, 56, 48, 40, 32, 24, 16, 8,
        57, 49, 41, 33, 25, 17, 9, <u>1</u>,
        59, 51, 43, 35, 27, 19, 11, 3,
        61, 53, 45, 37, 29, 21, 13, 5,
        63, 55, 47, 39, 31, 23, 15, 7
    };
    System.out.println("Enter the input :");
    String input_user=scan.nextLine();
    long input=Long.parseLong(input user,16);
    long output = 0;
    for(int i=0;i<64;i++)
    {
        int srcbitind=ip_table[i]-1;// IP table is 1-based index
        int srcbit=(int)((input >>(64-srcbitind))&1);//get the bit from input
        output = (long)srcbit << (63-i); //set the bit in output;</pre>
```

```
}
System.out.println("Initial permutation: "+Long.toHexString(output));
}
```

#### **Output:**

```
Output

java -cp /tmp/Q0xBcquMJF/InitialPermutationDES
Enter the input :
123456789abcdef
Initial permutation: f0aaf0aaffcc00cc

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

#### 16.Diffie-Helman with attack:

```
int x=scan.nextInt();
   System.out.println("Enter the y value");
    int y=scan.nextInt();
   System.out.println("Enter the x* value");
    int x_1=scan.nextInt();
   System.out.println("Enter the y* value");
    int y_1=scan.nextInt();
   int A=(int)Math.pow(g,x)%n;
    int A_1=(int)Math.pow(g,x_1)%n;
    int B=(int)Math.pow(g,y)%n;
   int B_1=(int)Math.pow(g,y_1)%n;
   int k1_1=(int)Math.pow(B,x_1)%n;
   int k2_1=(int)Math.pow(A,y_1)%n;
   int k1=(int)Math.pow(B_1,x)%n;
    int k2=(int)Math.pow(A_1,y)%n;
    System.out.println("*k1 ="+k1_1+" k2 ="+k2);
    System.out.println("*k2 ="+k2_1+" k1 ="+k1);
   else{
        System.out.println("g must be less than n");
}
```

# Output

```
java -cp /tmp/jOHyHwDhtT/Diffie_helman
Enter the n value:

11
Enter the g value(primitive root of n):

7
Enter the x value
3
Enter the y value
9
Enter the x* value
8
Enter the y* value
6
*k1 =5 k2 =5
*k2 =9 k1 =9
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```