

# Class 6 System Architecture Part-1

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WHAT a system is;  
WHO its users and stakeholders are;  
WHY it exists and HOW it benefits its users and stakeholders;  
HOW it is structured; and HOW it operates, is supported, and disposed.

## An Analytical view

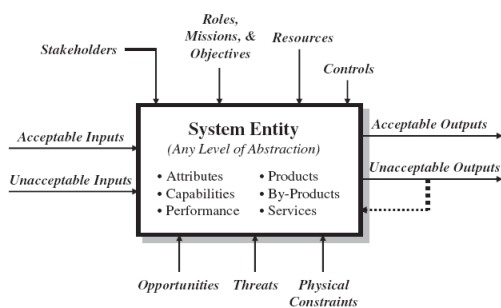


Figure 3.2 Analytical System Entity Construct

## System Architecture

- System of Interest
- Operating Environment

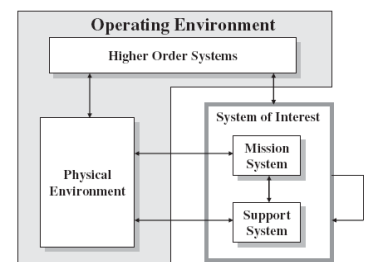


Figure 8.2 Top Level System Environment Construct

## Systems Engineering Engine/Cycle

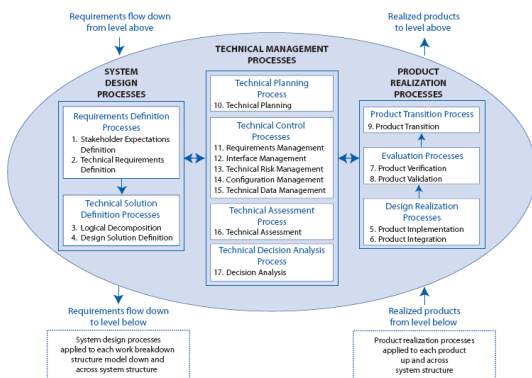


Figure 2.1-1 The systems engineering engine

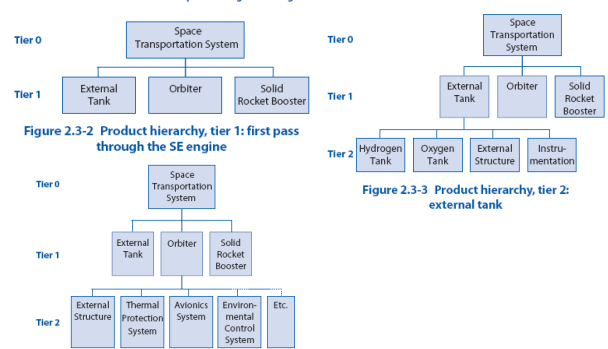


Figure 2.3-4 Product hierarchy, tier 2: orbiter

## Hierarchy

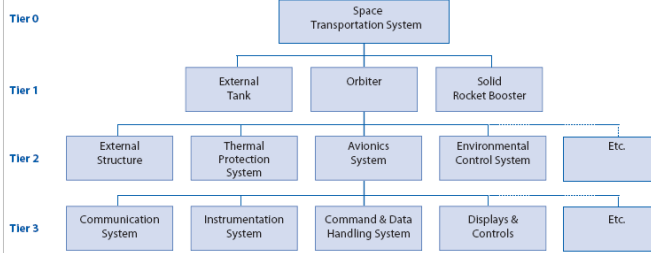


Figure 2.3-5 Product hierarchy, tier 3: avionics system

## Complete Hierarchy

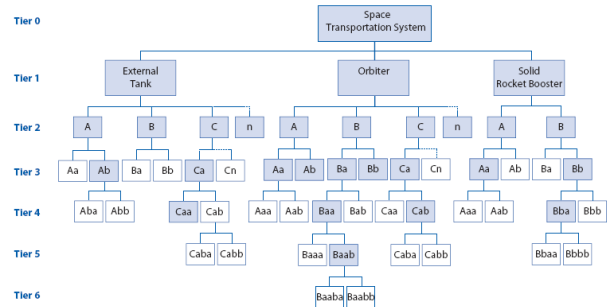


Figure 2.3-6 Product hierarchy: complete pass through system design processes side of the SE engine  
Note: The unshaded boxes represent bottom-level phase products.

## Full Cycle

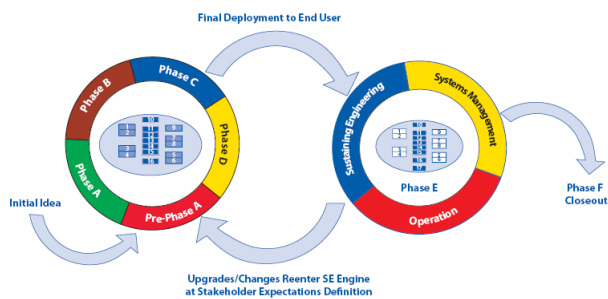


Figure 2.3-8 New products or upgrades reentering the SE engine

## Interactions level

- Hierarchical Interactions  
[ System of Systems ]
- Peer Level Interactions

## System Elements

- What is and What is not part of the System
- Logical and Physical parts of the Systems
- Decomposing the larger, Complex system

## Room Lighting as an Example

“What Logical Association Exists Between Two System Entities”



## Room Lighting as an Example

“What Logical Association Exists Between Two System Entities”

**Step 1**  
Identify Logical Associations



**Step 2**  
Identify Logical Entities and their Interactions

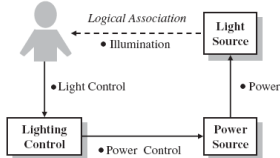


Figure 8.3 Logical Architecture Example

## Logical and Physical Elements

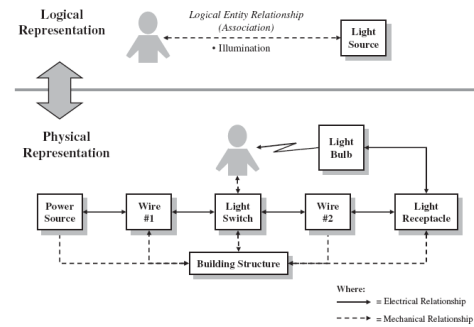


Figure 8.4 Logical-Physical Representations

## Level of Abstractions

- Context
- Semantics (frame of reference)
- Users view
- Acquirers view
- Developers view

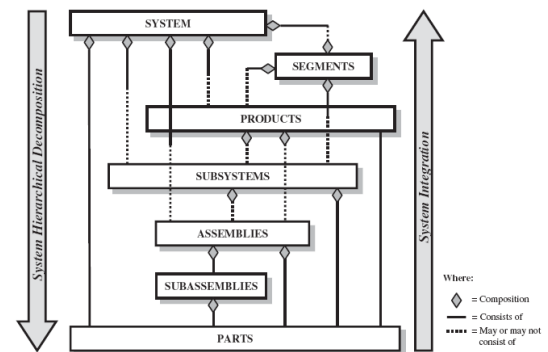


Figure 9.4 System Decomposition/Integration Rules

## Components of the Architecture

- System of Interest Architecture
- Architecture of Operating Environment
- System Interfaces
- Organization Roles, Missions and System Applications
- Problem, Opportunity and Solution Spaces
- System Interaction with Operating Environment

## SOI Architecture

- System Element Architecture (SEA)
  - Decomposition and definition of Elements
  - Behaviour

Table 10.1 System elements common to MISSION SYSTEM and SUPPORT SYSTEM roles

| System Element    | MISSION SYSTEM Role | SUPPORT SYSTEM Role |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| PERSONNEL         | •                   | •                   |
| EQUIPMENT         | •                   | •                   |
| MISSION RESOURCES | •                   | •                   |
| PROCEDURAL DATA   | •                   | •                   |
| SYSTEM RESPONSES  | •                   | •                   |
| FACILITIES        |                     | •                   |

## SOI Architecture

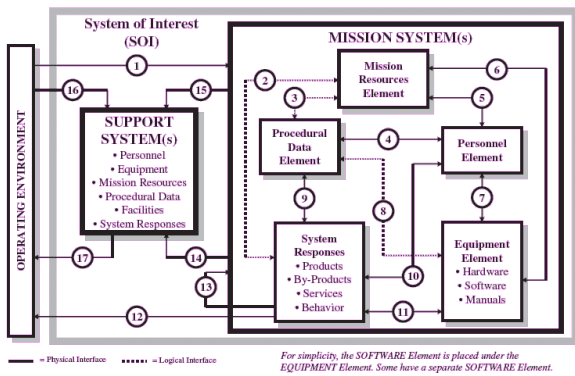


Figure 10.1 The System of Interest (SOI) Architecture and its System Elements

## Equipment

### Performance Measures

- reliability,
- availability,
- maintainability,
- vulnerability,
- survivability,
- safety,
- human factors
- others

### Broad Categories of Equipment

1. Common Support Equipment
2. Peculiar Support Equipment

*What capabilities should be implemented in HARDWARE versus those implemented in SOFTWARE?*

## Support System Environment

- Decision Support Operations
- System Maintenance Operations
- Manpower and Personnel Operations
- Supply Support
- Training and Trng Support
- Technical data operations
- Packaging, Handling, Storage, and Transportation (PHST) Operations.
- Computer resources
- Publication resouces

## System Interfaces

- **Objective 1:** Physically link or bind two or more system elements or entities.
- **Objective 2:** Adapt one or more incompatible system elements or entities.
- **Objective 3:** Buffer the effects of incompatible system elements.
- **Objective 4:** Leverage human capabilities.
- **Objective 5:** Restrain system element or its usage.

**Interoperability- the Ultimate Interface Challenge**

## Types of Interfaces

- Active Interfaces
- Passive Interfaces
- Combined Passive/Active Interfaces
- Logical
- Physical – Mech, Elect, Optical, Acoustic, Natural, Chemical, Biological, etc
- **Caution:** Engineers have a strong tendency to jump to defining the *physical interface* BEFORE anyone has decided WHAT the interface is to accomplish.

## Understanding Interfaces

- **What Constitutes an Interface Failure?**
- **Consequences of an Interface Failure**
- **Interface Failures**
  - 1) *disruption*, 2) *intrusion*, 3) *stress loading*, and 4) *physical destruction*.
- **Interface Vulnerabilities**
- **Interface Latency**
- **Interface Failure Mitigation and Prevention**