# Linux and Bash Command Cheat Sheet: The Basics

### **Getting information**

#return your user name

- 1. 1
- 1. whoami

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# return your user and group id

- 1. 1
- 1. id

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# return operating system name, username, and other info

- 1. 1
- 1. uname -a

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# display reference manual for a command

- 1. 1
- 1. man top

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# get help on a command

- 1. 1
- 1. curl --help

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# return the current date and time

- 1. 1
- 1. date

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### Monitoring performance and status

# list selection of or all running processes and their PIDs

1. 1

- 2. 2
- 1. ps
- 2. ps -e

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# display resource usage

- 1. 1
- 1. top

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# list mounted file systems and usage

- 1. 1
- 1. df

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## Working with files

# copy a file

- 1. 1
- 1. cp file.txt new\_path/new\_name.txt

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# change file name or path

- 1. 1
- mv this\_file.txt that\_path/that\_file.txt

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# remove a file verbosely

- 1. 1
- rm this\_old\_file.txt -v

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# create an empty file, or update existing file's timestamp

- 1. 1
- touch a\_new\_file.txt

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# change/modify file permissions to 'execute' for all users

- 1. 1
- 1. chmod +x my\_script.sh

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# get count of lines, words, or characters in file

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- 3.3
- wc -l table\_of\_data.csv
- 2. wc -w my\_essay.txt
- wc -m some\_document.txt

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# return lines matching a pattern from files matching a filename pattern - case insensitive and whole words only

- 1. 1
- grep -iw hello \\*.txt

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#return file names with lines matching the pattern 'hello' from files matching a filename pattern

- 1. 1
- 1. grep -l hello \\*.txt

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### Navigating and working with directories

# list files and directories by date, newest last

- 1. 1
- 1. ls -lrt

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# find files in directory tree with suffix 'sh'

- 1. 1
- 1. find -name '\\*.sh'

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# return present working directory

- 1. 1
- 1. pwd

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# make a new directory

1. 1

mkdir new\_folder

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# change the current directory: up one level, home, or some other path

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- 3. 3
- 4.4
- 5. 5
- 6.6
- 1. cd ../
- 2.  $cd \sim or cd$
- cd another\_directory
- 4
- 5. `\# remove directory, verbosely`
- 6. rmdir temp\_directory -v

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#### Printing file and string contents

# print file contents

- 1. 1
- 1. cat my shell script.sh

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# print file contents page-by-page

- 1. 1
- more ReadMe.txt

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# print first N lines of file

- 1. 1
- 1. head -10 data\_table.csv

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# print last N lines of file

- 1. 1
- 1. tail -10 data\_table.csv

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# print string or variable value

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- 1. echo "I am not a robot"
- 2. echo "I am \$USERNAME"

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```

### Compression and archiving

# archive a set of files

- 1. 1
- 1. tar -cvf my archive.tar.gz file1 file2 file3

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```

# compress a set of files

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- 1. zip my\_zipped\_files.zip file1 file2
- 2. zip my\_zipped\_folders.zip directory1 directory2

```
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```

# extract files from a compressed zip archive

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- unzip my\_zipped\_file.zip
- 2. unzip my\_zipped\_file.zip -d extract\_to\_this\_direcory

```
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```

## Performing network operations

# print hostname

- 1. 1
- 1. hostname

```
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```

# send packets to URL and print response

- 1. 1
- 1. ping www.google.com

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```

# display or configure system network interfaces

- 1. 1
- 2.2
- 1. ifconfig
- 2. ip

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# display contents of file at a URL

- 1. 1
- 1. curl <url>

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# download file from a URL

- 1. 1
- 1. wget <url>

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### Bash shebang

#!/bin/bash

### Pipes and Filters

# chain filter commands using the pipe operator

- 1. 1
- 1. ls | sort -r

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# pipe the output of manual page for Is to head to display the first 20 lines

- 1. 1
- 1. man ls | head -20

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#### Shell and Environment Variables

# list all shell variables

- 1. 1
- 1. set

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# define a shell variable called my\_planet and assign value Earth to it

- 1. 1
- 1. my\_planet=Earth

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# display shell variable

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- 1. 1
- echo \$my\_planet

Copied! Executed!

# list all environment variables

- 1. 1
- 1. env

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# environment vars: define/extend variable scope to child processes

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- export my\_planet
- 2. export my\_galaxy='Milky Way'

Copied! | Executed!

#### **Metacharacters**

# comments

# The shell will not respond to this message

# command separator

- 1. 1
- 1. echo 'here are some files and folders'; ls

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# file name expansion wildcard

- 1. 1
- 1. ls \*.json

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# single character wildcard

- 1. 1
- 1. ls file\_2021-06-??.json

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#### Quoting

# single quotes - interpret literally

- 1. 1
- 1. echo 'My home directory can be accessed by entering: echo \$HOME'

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# double quotes - interpret literally, but evaluate metacharacters

- 1. 1
- 1. echo "My home directory is \$HOME"

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# backslash - escape metacharacter interpretation

- 1. 1
- echo "This dollar sign should render: \\$"

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#### I/O Redirection

# redirect output to file

- 1. 1
- 1. echo 'Write this text to file x' > x

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# append output to file

- 1. 1
- 1. echo 'Add this line to file x' >> x

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# redirect standard error to file

- 1. 1
- 1. bad\_command\_1 2> error.log

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# append standard error to file

- 1. 1
- 1. bad\_command\_2 2>> error.log

Copied! Executed!

# redirect file contents to standard input

- 1. 1
- 1. \$ tr "[a-z]" "[A-Z]" < a\_text\_file.txt

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# the input redirection above is equivalent to

- 1. 1
- 1. \$cat a\_text\_file.txt | tr "[a-z]" "[A-Z]"

Copied! Executed!

#### **Command Substitution**

# capture output of a command and echo its value

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- THE PRESENT=\$(date)
- 2. echo "There is no time like \$THE PRESENT"

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### Command line arguments

- 1. 1
- 1. ./My\_Bash\_Script.sh arg1 arg2 arg3

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#### Batch vs. concurrent modes

# run commands sequentially

- 1. 1
- 1. start=\$(date); ./MyBigScript.sh ; end=\$(date)

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# run commands in parallel

- 1. 1
- 1. ./ETL\_chunk\_one\_on\_these\_nodes.sh & ./ETL\_chunk\_two\_on\_those\_nodes.sh

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# Scheduling jobs with Cron

# open crontab editor

- 1. 1
- 1. crontab -e

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# job scheduling syntax

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- 1. 1
- 1. m h dom mon dow command

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minute, hour, day of month, month, day of week

\* means any

# append the date/time to file every Sunday at 6:15 pm

- 1. 1
- 1. 15 18 \* \* 0 date >> sundays.txt

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#run a shell script on the first minute of the first day of each month

- 1. 1
- 1. 1 0 1 \* \* ./My\_Shell\_Script.sh

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# back up your home directory every Monday at 3 am

- 1. 1
- 1. 0 3 \* \* 1 tar -cvf my\_backup\_path\my\_archive.tar.gz \$HOME\

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# deploy your cron job

Close the crontab editor and save the file

# list all cron jobs

- 1. 1
- 1. crontab -l

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