Предмет	Управление и автоматизация БД
Курс	4
Семестр	1
Работа	Практическое занятие № 37
Группа	494
Фамилия	Зубкова
Имя	Валерия
Отчество	Геннадьевна

Отчёт

```
Terminal - valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml (on zubkova494)

File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml$ python3 -m venv env

valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml$ source env/bin/activate

(env) valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 1 - Создание папки ml и виртуальной среды env, а ее активация

```
Terminal - valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml (on zubkova494)

File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml$ python3 -m venv env

valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml$ source env/bin/activate

(env) valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml$ python3 -m pip install -r requirements.txt

Collecting mlflow

Downloading mlflow-2.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (16.5 MB)

| 573 kB 587 kB/s eta 0:00:28
```

Рисунок 2 - Установка пакетов из файла requirements.txt

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ git clone https://github.com/redis/redis.git
Cloning into 'redis'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 85905, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (142/142), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (125/125), done.
remote: Total 85905 (delta 71), reused 51 (delta 17), pack-reused 85763
Receiving objects: 100% (85905/85905), 122.88 MiB | 8.53 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (62373/62373), done.
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ git clone --recursive https://github.com/RedisAI/RedisA
I.git
Cloning into 'RedisAI'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 13590, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (272/272), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (272/272), done.
remote: Total 13590 (delta 79), reused 133 (delta 54), pack-reused 13318
Receiving objects: 100% (13590/13590), 7.87 MiB | 1.47 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (8960/8960), done.
Submodule 'opt/readies' (https://github.com/RedisLabsModules/readies.git) registered for path
'opt/readies'
Cloning into '/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/opt/readies'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 100% (1397/1397), done.
remote: Countring objects: 100% (3691/3691), 587.46 KiB | 2.68 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (2499/2499), done.
Submodule path 'opt/readies': checked out '34b3d18f8b45e92814c5fcefc51af143d5ce69ef'
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 3 – скачиваем redis и redisai из репозиториев

```
localtime.o
lolwut.o
lolwut5.o
          acl.o
tracking.o
socket.o
tls.o
sha256.o
timeout.o
setcpuaffinity.o
monotonic.o
mt19937-64.o
resp_parser.o
call_reply.o
script_lua.o
script.o
functions.o
function_lua.o
N commands.c
sing ison files
Processing json files...
Linking container command to subcommands...
Checking all commands...
Generating commands.c...
All done, exiting.
      LINK redis-server
      INSTALL redis-sentinel
      LINK redis-cli
      LINK redis-benchmark
      INSTALL redis-check-rdb
INSTALL redis-check-aof
Hint: It's a good idea to run 'make test' ;)
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/redis/src'
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/redis$
```

Рисунок 4 – Установка Redis

```
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/redis/src'
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/redis$ cd ..
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ cd RedisAI
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export CPU=1
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export VERBOSE=1
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export WITH_TF=0
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export WITH_TFLITE=0
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export WITH_PT=0
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ bash get_deps.sh cpu
```

Рисунок 5 – Установка RedisAl

```
linux == linux ]]
  PT_0S=linux
  [[0 == 1]]
[[x64 == x64]]
  PT ARCH=x86 64
  LIBTORCH ARCHIVE=libtorch-cxx11-abi-shared-with-deps-1.11.0%2Bcpu.zip
  LIBTORCH URL=https://download.pytorch.org/libtorch/cpu/libtorch-cxx11-abi-shared-with-deps-1
.11.0%2Bcpu.zip
  [[ 0 != 0 ]]
  echo 'Skipping libtorch.'
Skipping libtorch.
  ORT URL BASE=https://s3.amazonaws.com/redismodules/onnxruntime
  ORT_BUILD=
[[ linux == linux ]]
  ORT OS=linux
  [[ 0 == 1 ]]
[[ x64 == x64 ]]
  ORT ARCH=x64
  ORT_ARCHIVE=o
[['' != 0 ]]
       ARCHIVE=onnxruntime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz
  clean and fetch onnxruntime onnxruntime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz https://s3.amazonaws.com/redism
odules/onnxruntime/onnxruntime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz
  product=onnxruntime
  archive=onnxruntime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz
  src url=https://s3.amazonaws.com/redismodules/onnxruntime/onnxruntime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz
 no_fetch=
[[ '' == 1 ]]
[[ '' != 1 ]]
  [[ -d onnxruntime ]]
++ pwd
+ echo 'Installing onnxruntime from https://s3.amazonaws.com/redismodules/onnxruntime/onnxrunt
ime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz in /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/deps/linux-x64-cpu...'
Installing onnxruntime from https://s3.amazonaws.com/redismodules/onnxruntime/onnxruntime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz in /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/deps/linux-x64-cpu...
  [[ ! -e onnxruntime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz ]]
  wget -q https://s3.amazonaws.com/redismodules/onnxruntime/onnxruntime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz
  rm -rf onnxruntime.x
  mkdir onnxruntime.x
  tar xzf onnxruntime-linux-x64-1.11.1.tgz --no-same-owner --strip-components=1 -C onnxruntime
 mv onnxruntime.x onnxruntime
  echo Done.
Done.
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$
```

Рисунок 6 – Успешное завершение установки RedisAl

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ make -C opt
make: Entering directory '/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/opt'
+ PS4='$LINENO: '
38: [[ -z '' ]]
38: PIP=1
196: check_variants
64: [[ -n '' ]]
770: command -v python
70: PYTHON=/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/env/bin/python
771: command -v python3
71: PYTHON3=/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/env/bin/python3
73: MYPY=
74: PYTHON_VER=
76: [[ ! -z /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/env/bin/python ]]
777: cut -d. -f1
777: awk '{print $2}'
777: python --version
77: PYTHON_VER=3
78: [[ 3 == 3 ]]
78: MYPY=/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/env/bin/python
81: [[ ! -z /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/env/bin/python3 ]]
81: MYPY=/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/env/bin/python3
883: cut -d. -f2
883: awk '{print $2}'
883: /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/env/bin/python3 --version
83: export MINOR=9
83: MINOR=9
85: (( MINOR <= 5 ))

87: [[ ! -z '' ]]

198: [[ ! -z /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/env/bin/python3 ]]

198: [[ 1 == 0 ]]

199: [[ 1 == 1 ]]
200: /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/env/bin/python3 -m pip --version 200: exit 0
Re-run cmake no build system arguments
-- The C compiler identification is GNU 10.2.1
-- The CXX compiler identification is GNU 10.2.1
    Detecting C compiler ABI info

Detecting C compiler ABI info - done

Check for working C compiler: /usr/bin/cc - skipped

Detecting C compile features
    Detecting C compile features - done
Detecting CXX compiler ABI info
     Detecting CXX compiler ABI info - done
     Check for working CXX compiler: /usr/bin/c++ - skipped
```

Рисунок 7 – Сборка модуля RedisAl

```
[ 94%] Built target redisai_obj
make -f CMakeFiles/redisai.dir/build.make CMakeFiles/redisai.dir/depend
cd /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/src && /usr/bin/cmake -E cmake_depen
ds "Unix Makefiles" /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/src /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/src /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/src/CMakeFiles/redisai.
dir/DependInfo.cmake --color=
make -f CMakeFiles/redisai.dir/build.make CMakeFiles/redisai.dir/build
make[3]: Nothing to be done for 'CMakeFiles/redisai.dir/build'.
[ 95%] Built target redisai
         -f tests/module/CMakeFiles/testmod.dir/build.make tests/module/CMakeFiles/testmod.dir/de
make
pend
cd /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/src && /usr/bin/cmake -E cmake_depen ds "Unix Makefiles" /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/tests/mo
dule /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/src /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/Redis
AI/bin/linux-x64-release/src/tests/module /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/src/tests/module/CMakeFiles/testmod.dir/DependInfo.cmake --color=
         -f tests/module/CMakeFiles/testmod.dir/build.make tests/module/CMakeFiles/testmod.dir/bu
make
ild
make[3]: Nothing to be done for 'tests/module/CMakeFiles/testmod.dir/build'.
[100%] Built target testmod
/usr/bin/cmake -Ē cmake progress start /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/
src/CMakeFiles 0
make -f CMakeFiles/Makefile2 preinstall make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'preinstall'.
Install the projec
/usr/bin/cmake -P cmake_install.cmake
-- Install configuration: "Release"
    Installing: /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/install-cpu/./redisai.so
-- Set runtime path of "/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/install-cpu/./redisai.so" to "$ORIGIN/lib"
 - Installing: /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/install-cpu/backends/red
isai_onnxruntime/redisai_onnxruntime.so
-- Set runtime path of "/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/install-cpu/bac
kends/redisai onnxruntime/redisai_onnxruntime.so" to "$ORIGIN/lib"
-- Installing: /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/install-cpu/backends/redisai_onnxruntime/lib
-- Installing: /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/install-cpu/backends/redisai_onnxruntime/lib/libonnxruntime.so.1.11.1
-- Installing: /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/install-cpu/backends/red
isai_onnxruntime/lib/libonnxruntime.so
-- Created symlink: /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/install-cpu -> /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/R edisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/install-cpu
make: Leaving directory '/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/opt' (env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$
```

Рисунок 8 – Успешное завершение копиляции

```
1000 \# * transaction - WATCH / MULTI / EXEC related commands. 1001 \# * scripting - Scripting related.
1002 # * set - Data type: sets related.
1003 # * sortedset - Data type: zsets related.
1004 # * list - Data type: lists related.
1005 # * hash - Data type: hashes related.
1006 # * string - Data type: strings related.
1007 # * bitmap - Data type: bitmaps related.
1008 # * hyperloglog - Data type: hyperloglog related.
1009 # * geo - Data type: geo related.
1010 # * stream - Data type: streams related.
1011 #
1012 # For more information about ACL configuration please refer to
1013 # the Redis web site at https://redis.io/topics/acl
1014
1015 # ACL LOG
1016 #
1017 # The ACL Log tracks failed commands and authentication events associated
1018 # with ACLs. The ACL Log is useful to troubleshoot failed commands blocked
1019 # by ACLs. The ACL Log is stored in memory. You can reclaim memory with
1020 # ACL LOG RESET. Define the maximum entry length of the ACL Log below.
1021 acllog-max-len 128
1022
1023 # Using an external ACL file
1024 #
1025 # Instead of configuring users here in this file, it is possible to use
1026 # a stand-alone file just listing users. The two methods cannot be mixed:
1027 # if you configure users here and at the same time you activate the external
1028 # ACL file, the server will refuse to start.
1029 #
1030 # The format of the external ACL user file is exactly the same as the
1031 # format that is used inside redis.conf to describe users.
1033 # aclfile /etc/redis/users.acl
1034
1035 # IMPORTANT NOTE: starting with Redis 6 "requirepass" is just a compatibility
1036 # layer on top of the new ACL system. The option effect will be just setting
1037 # the password for the default user. Clients will still authenticate using
1038 # AUTH <password> as usually, or more explicitly with AUTH default <password>
1039 # if they follow the new protocol: both will work.
1040 #
1041 # The requirepass is not compatible with aclfile option and the ACL LOAD
1042 # command, these will cause requirepass to be ignored.
1043 #
1044 # requirepass foobared
1045 requ
1046
1047 # New users are initialized with restrictive permissions by default, via the
     requirepass
                             ∧ ∨ Match case Regular expression 6 occurrences
```

Рисунок 9 – Редактирование requirements.txt

```
438 # save 3600 1 300 100 60 10000
439 save 10 50
440
441 # By default Redis will stop accepting writes if RDB snapshots are enabled
442 # (at least one save point) and the latest background save failed.
443 # This will make the user aware (in a hard way) that data is not persisting
444 # on disk properly, otherwise chances are that no one will notice and some
445 # disaster will happen.
446 #
447 # If the background saving process will start working again Redis will
448 # automatically allow writes again.
449 #
450 # However if you have setup your proper monitoring of the Redis server
451 # and persistence, you may want to disable this feature so that Redis will
452 # continue to work as usual even if there are problems with disk,
453 # permissions, and so forth.
454 stop-writes-on-bgsave-error yes
455
456 # Compress string objects using LZF when dump .rdb databases?
457 # By default compression is enabled as it's almost always a win.
458 # If you want to save some CPU in the saving child set it to 'no' but
459 # the dataset will likely be bigger if you have compressible values or keys.
460 rdbcompression yes
461
462 # Since version 5 of RDB a CRC64 checksum is placed at the end of the file.
463 # This makes the format more resistant to corruption but there is a performance
464 # hit to pay (around 10%) when saving and loading RDB files, so you can disable it
465 # for maximum performances.
466 #
467 # RDB files created with checksum disabled have a checksum of zero that will
468 # tell the loading code to skip the check.
469 rdbchecksum ves
470
471 # Enables or disables full sanitization checks for ziplist and listpack etc when
472 # loading an RDB or RESTORE payload. This reduces the chances of a assertion or
473 # crash later on while processing commands.
474 # Options:
475 #
                   - Never perform full sanitization
       no
476 #
                  - Always perform full sanitization
       yes
477 #
                    Perform full sanitization only for user connections.
       clients
478 #
                    Excludes: RDB files, RESTORE commands received from the master
479 #
                    connection, and client connections which have the
480 #
                    skip-sanitize-payload ACL flag.
481 # The default should be 'clients' but since it currently affects cluster
482 # resharding via MIGRATE, it is temporarily set to 'no' by default.
483 #
484 # sanitize-dump-payload no
485
    save 10
                          ^ V
                                   Match case Regular expression 1 occurrence
```

Рисунок 10 - Редактирование requirements.txt

```
353 # output for logging but daemonize, logs will be sent to /dev/null
354 logfile "home/va
355
356 # To enable logging to the system logger, just set 'syslog-enabled' to yes,
357 # and optionally update the other syslog parameters to suit your needs.
358 # syslog-enabled no
360 # Specify the syslog identity.
361 # syslog-ident redis
362
363 # Specify the syslog facility. Must be USER or between LOCALO-LOCAL7.
364 # syslog-facility local0
365
366 # To disable the built in crash log, which will possibly produce cleaner core
367 # dumps when they are needed, uncomment the following:
368 #
369 # crash-log-enabled no
371 # To disable the fast memory check that's run as part of the crash log, which
372 # will possibly let redis terminate sooner, uncomment the following:
373 #
374 # crash-memcheck-enabled no
375
376 # Set the number of databases. The default database is DB 0, you can select
377 # a different one on a per-connection basis using SELECT <dbid> where
378 # dbid is a number between 0 and 'databases'-1
379 databases 16
380
381 # By default Redis shows an ASCII art logo only when started to log to the
382 # standard output and if the standard output is a TTY and syslog logging is
383 # disabled. Basically this means that normally a logo is displayed only in
384 # interactive sessions.
386 # However it is possible to force the pre-4.0 behavior and always show a
387 # ASCII art logo in startup logs by setting the following option to yes.
388 always-show-logo no
390 # By default, Redis modifies the process title (as seen in 'top' and 'ps') to
391 # provide some runtime information. It is possible to disable this and leave
392 # the process name as executed by setting the following to no.
393 set-proc-title yes
395 # When changing the process title, Redis uses the following template to construct
396 # the modified title.
397 #
398 # Template variables are specified in curly brackets. The following variables are
399 # supported:
400 #
                          ∧ ∨ Match case Regular expression 1 occurrence
    logfile
```

Рисунок 11 - Редактирование requirements.txt

```
306 # By default Redis does not run as a daemon. Use 'yes' if you need it.
307 # Note that Redis will write a pid file in /var/run/redis.pid when daemonized.
308 # When Redis is supervised by upstart or systemd, this parameter has no impact.
309 dae
310
311 # If you run Redis from upstart or systemd, Redis can interact with your
312 # supervision tree. Options:
       supervised no
                           - no supervision interaction
313 #
       supervised upstart - signal upstart by putting Redis into SIGSTOP mode
314 #
       requires "expect stop" in your upstart job config
supervised systemd - signal systemd by writing READY=1 to $NOTIFY_SOCKET
315 #
316 #
317 #
                              on startup, and updating Redis status on a regular
318 #
                              basis.
319 #
       supervised auto
                            - detect upstart or systemd method based on
320 # UPSTART_JOB or NOTIFY_SOCKET environment variables
321 # Note: these supervision methods only signal "process is ready."
            They do not enable continuous pings back to your supervisor.
323 #
324 # The default is "no". To run under upstart/systemd, you can simply uncomment
325 # the line below:
326 #
327 # supervised auto
328
329 # If a pid file is specified, Redis writes it where specified at startup
330 # and removes it at exit.
331 #
332 # When the server runs non daemonized, no pid file is created if none is
333 # specified in the configuration. When the server is daemonized, the pid file
334 # is used even if not specified, defaulting to "/var/run/redis.pid".
336 # Creating a pid file is best effort: if Redis is not able to create it
337 # nothing bad happens, the server will start and run normally.
339 # Note that on modern Linux systems "/run/redis.pid" is more conforming
340 # and should be used instead.
341 pidfile /var/run/redis_6379.pid
342
343 # Specify the server verbosity level.
344 # This can be one of:
345 # debug (a lot of information, useful for development/testing)
346 # verbose (many rarely useful info, but not a mess like the debug level)
347 # notice (moderately verbose, what you want in production probably)
348 # warning (only very important / critical messages are logged)
349 loglevel notice
350
351 # Specify the log file name. Also the empty string can be used to force
352 # Redis to log on the standard output. Note that if you use standard
                                    Match case Regular expression 5 occurrences
    daemonize
```

Рисунок 12 - Редактирование requirements.txt

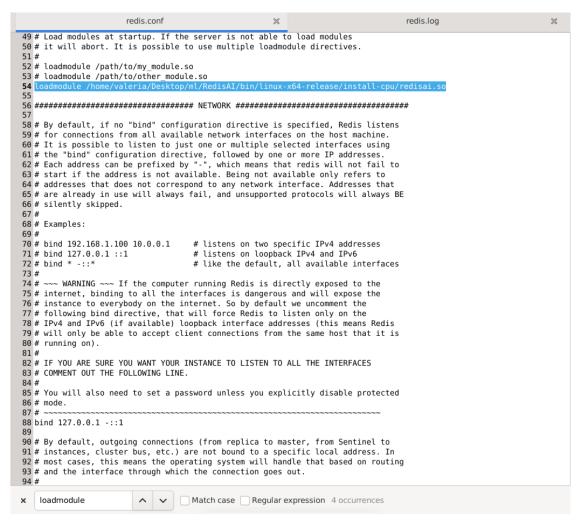


Рисунок 13 - Редактирование requirements.txt

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ export PATH=$PATH:/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/r
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ which redis-server
/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/redis/src/redis-server
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-server redis/redis.conf
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 14 - Запуск redis с новой конфигурацией

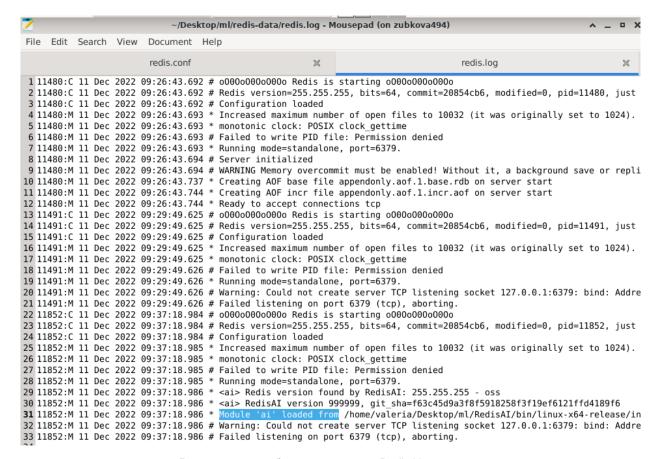


Рисунок 15 – сообщение о том, что RedisAI подключен

```
~/Desktop/ml/iris.csv - Mousepad (on zubkova494)
File Edit Search View Document Help
                                                             redis.log
                                                                                                           iris.csv
               redis.conf
                                        \times
                                                                                                                                  ×
 15.1,3.5,1.4,.2,0
 2 4.9,3,1.4,.2,0
 3 4.7,3.2,1.3,.2,0
 4 4.6,3.1,1.5,.2,0
 5 5,3.6,1.4,.2,0
 6 5.4,3.9,1.7,.4,0
 7 4.6,3.4,1.4,.3,0
 8 5,3.4,1.5,.2,0
 9 4.4,2.9,1.4,.2,0
10 4.9,3.1,1.5,.1,0
11 5.4,3.7,1.5,.2,0
12 4.8,3.4,1.6,.2,0
13 4.8,3,1.4,.1,0
14 4.3,3,1.1,.1,0
15 5.8,4,1.2,.2,0
16 5.7,4.4,1.5,.4,0
17 5.4,3.9,1.3,.4,0
18 5.1,3.5,1.4,.3,0
19 5.7,3.8,1.7,.3,0
20 5.1,3.8,1.5,.3,0
21 5.4,3.4,1.7,.2,0
22 5.1,3.7,1.5,.4,0
23 4.6,3.6,1,.2,0
24 5.1,3.3,1.7,.5,0
25 4.8, 3.4, 1.9, .2, 0
26 5,3,1.6,.2,0
27 5,3.4,1.6,.4,0
28 5.2,3.5,1.5,.2,0
29 5.2,3.4,1.4,.2,0
30 4.7,3.2,1.6,.2,0
31 4.8,3.1,1.6,.2,0
32 5.4,3.4,1.5,.4,0
33 5.2,4.1,1.5,.1,0
34 5.5,4.2,1.4,.2,0
35 4.9,3.1,1.5,.2,0
36 5,3.2,1.2,.2,0
37 5.5,3.5,1.3,.2,0
38 4.9,3.6,1.4,.1,0
39 4.4,3,1.3,.2,0
40 5.1,3.4,1.5,.2,0
41 5,3.5,1.3,.3,0
42 4.5,2.3,1.3,.3,0
43 4.4,3.2,1.3,.2,0
44 5,3.5,1.6,.6,0
45 5.1,3.8,1.9,.4,0
46 4 8 3 1 4 3 0
```

Рисунок 16 - Редактирование csv файла для работы

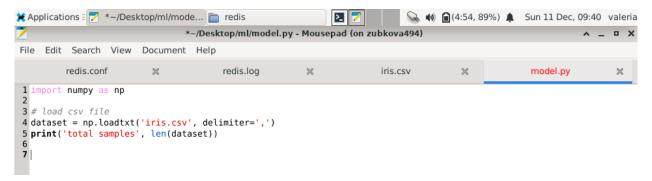


Рисунок 17 - создание model.py

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 18 - запуск model.py

```
-/Desktop/ml/model.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)
File Edit Search View Document Help
                                                                                     iris.csv
           redis.conf
                                                redis.log
                                                                                                                        model.pv
 1 import numpy as np
 3 # load csv file
 4 dataset = np.loadtxt('iris.csv', delimiter=',')
 5 print('total samples', len(dataset))
 7 X = dataset[:,0:4]
                                # select columns from 0 to 3
                                # select column 4
 8 Y = dataset[:,4]
10 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
11
12 #dataset split
13 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, shuffle=True)
14 print("Training Samples: ", len(X_train))
15 print("Testing Samples: ", len(X_test))
```

Рисунок 19 - Добавление нового функционала в model.py

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples: 120
Testing Samples: 30
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 20 - повторный запуск model.py

```
~/Desktop/ml/model.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)
 File Edit Search View Document Help
           redis.conf
                               ×
                                               redis.log
                                                                                   iris.csv
                                                                                                      ×
                                                                                                                      model.py
 1 import numpy as np
 3 # load csv file
 4 dataset = np.loadtxt('iris.csv', delimiter=',')
 5 print('total samples', len(dataset))
 7 X = dataset[:,0:4]
                                # select columns from 0 to 3
 8 Y = dataset[:,4]
                                # select column 4
10 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
11
12 #dataset split
13 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, shuffle=True)
14 print("Training Samples: ", len(X_train))
15 print("Testing Samples: ", len(X_test))
16
17 from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
18
19 model = MLPClassifier(solver='sgd', activation='tanh', max_iter=5000, hidden_layer_sizes=(5))
20 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
21
22 y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
23 hits = np.sum(y_pred == y_test)
25 print("Accuracy: ", 100*hits/len(y_test))
```

Рисунок 21 - Редактирование model.py

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples: 120
Testing Samples: 30
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples: 120
Testing Samples: 30
Accuracy: 66.666666666666667
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 22 - Запуск model.py

```
~/Desktop/ml/model.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)
 File Edit Search View Document Help
           redis.conf
                               ×
                                               redis.log
                                                                  ×
                                                                                    iris.csv
                                                                                                      ×
 1 import numpy as np
 3 # load csv file
 4 dataset = np.loadtxt('iris.csv', delimiter=',')
 5 print('total samples', len(dataset))
 7 X = dataset[:,0:4]
                                # select columns from 0 to 3
                                # select column 4
 8 Y = dataset[:,4]
10 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
11
12 #dataset split
13 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, shuffle=True)
14 print("Training Samples: ", len(X_train))
15 print("Testing Samples: ", len(X_test))
16
17 from sklearn.neural network import MLPClassifier
19 model = MLPClassifier(solver='sgd', activation='tanh', max_iter=5000, hidden_layer_sizes=(5))
20 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
21
22 y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
22 y_pred = modet.predict(x_test)
23 hits = np.sum(y_pred == y_test)
24
25 print("Accuracy: ", 100*hits/len(y_test))
26
27 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
28 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
30 confmtx = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
31
32 plt.imshow(confmtx)
33 plt.colorbar()
34 plt.savefig('confusion.png')
```

Рисунок 23 - Редактирование model.py

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples: 120
Testing Samples: 30
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples: 120
Testing Samples: 30
Accuracy: 66.66666666666666667
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples: 120
Testing Samples: 30
Accuracy: 100.0
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 24 - Запуск model.py

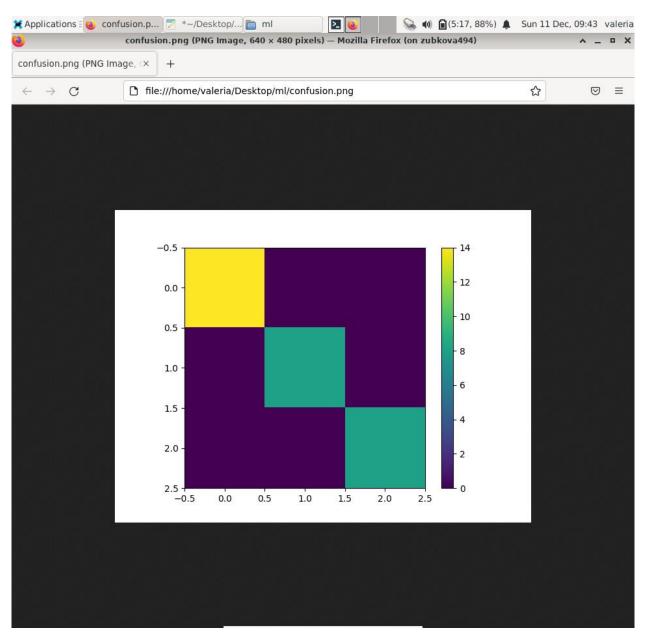


Рисунок 25 - Созданная картинка conf.png

```
~/Desktop/ml/model.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)
                                                                                                                       ^ _ 0
File Edit Search View Document Help
          redis.conf
                                           redis.loa
                                                             ×
                                                                            iris.csv
                                                                                             ×
                                                                                                            model.pv
                                                                                                                              ×
                            ×
 1 import numpy as np
 3 # load csv file
 4 dataset = np.loadtxt('iris.csv', delimiter=',')
 5 print('total samples', len(dataset))
 7 X = dataset[:,0:4]
                             # select columns from 0 to 3
 8 Y = dataset[:,4]
9
                             # select column 4
10 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
11
12 #dataset split
13 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, shuffle=True)
14 print("Training Samples: ", len(X_train))
15 print("Testing Samples: ", len(X_test))
17 from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
18
19 model = MLPClassifier(solver='sgd', activation='tanh', max_iter=5000, hidden_layer_sizes=(5))
20 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
21
22 y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
23 hits = np.sum(y_pred == y_test)
25 print("Accuracy: ", 100*hits/len(y_test))
26
27 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
28 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix 29
30 confmtx = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
31
32 plt.imshow(confmtx)
33 plt.colorbar()
34 plt.savefig('confusion.png')
35
36 from skl2onnx import convert_sklearn
37 from skl2onnx.common.data_types import FloatTensorType
38
39 onnx_model = convert_sklearn(model, initial_types=[
40
      ("input", FloatTensorType([None, 4]))
41 ])
42
43 f = open('iris.onnx', 'wb')
44 f.write(onnx_model.SerializeToString())
45 f.close()
```

Рисунок 26 - Редактирование model.py

```
Terminal - valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml (on zubkova494)

File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

(env) valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples: 120
Testing Samples: 30
Accuracy: 63.333333333333336
(env) valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml$ netron iris.onnx
Serving 'iris.onnx' at http://localhost:8080
```

Рисунок 27 - Запуск созданного скриптом файла iris.onnx через netron.

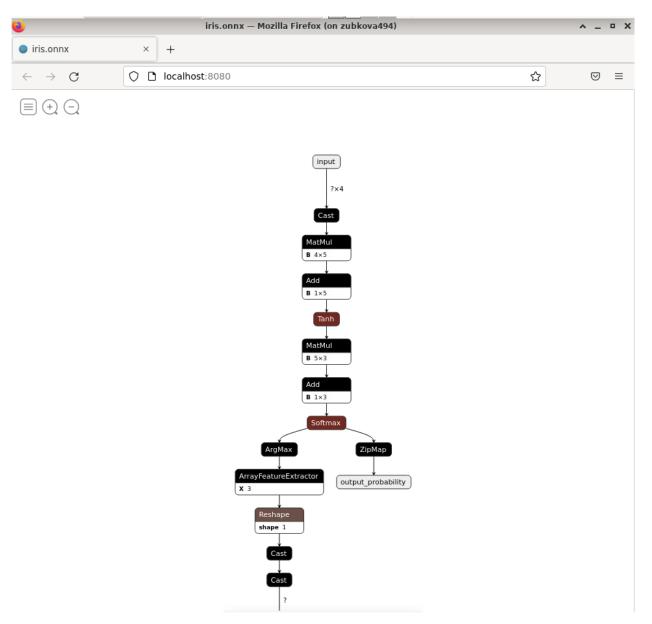


Рисунок 28 - Просмотр файла iris.onnx.

```
~/Desktop/ml/load.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)
                                                                                                                 ^ _ □
File Edit Search View Document Help
      redis.conf
                    ×
                               redis.log
                                             ×
                                                        iris.csv
                                                                      ×
                                                                                 model.py
                                                                                              \times
                                                                                                          load.py
                                                                                                                       ×
 1 import numpy as np
 3 dataset = np.loadtxt('iris.csv', delimiter=',')
 4 print("Total Samples: ", len(dataset))
 6 import redis
 8 red = redis.Redis(
          host='127.0.0.1',
10
          port='6379'
11
          password='12345678'
12)
13
14 for i in range(0, len(dataset)):
15
          sl = dataset[i, 0]
16
          sq = dataset[i, 1]
17
          pl = dataset[i, 2]
18
          pw = dataset[i, 3]
19
20
           red.rpush('iris-data', f"{sl} {sq} {pl} {pw}")
```

Рисунок 29 - Содержимое скрипта load.py.

Рисунок 30 - Запуск файла load.py

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> AUTH 12345678
0K
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-data"
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 31 - Проверка какие есть ключи в Redis

32

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-server redis/redis.conf
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678 -x AI.MODELSET iris-model ONNX CP
U BLOB < iris.onnx
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa
fe.
OK
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$</pre>
```

Рисунок 32 - Создание модели iris-model из файла iris.onnx.

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-server redis/redis.conf
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678 -x AI.MODELSET iris-model ONNX CP
U BLOB < iris.onnx
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa
fe.
OK
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> AUTH 12345678
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-data"
2) "iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 33 - Создание модели iris-model из файла iris.onnx.

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-server redis/redis.conf
  (env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678 -x AI.MODELSET iris-model ONNX CP U BLOB < iris.onnx
  Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa
  fe.
  (env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> AUTH 12345678
  0K
  127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
  1) "iris-data"
2) "iris-model"
1) "iris-data"
2) "iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-data 0 30
1) "5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2"
2) "4.9 3.0 1.4 0.2"
3) "4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2"
4) "4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2"
5) "5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2"
6) "5.4 3.9 1.7 0.4"
7) "4.6 3.4 1.4 0.3"
8) "5.0 3.4 1.5 0.2"
9) "4.4 2.9 1.4 0.2"
10) "4.9 3.1 1.5 0.1"
11) "5.4 3.7 1.5 0.2"
12) "4.8 3.4 1.6 0.2"
13) "4.8 3.0 1.4 0.1"
14) "4.3 3.0 1.1 0.1"
15) "5.8 4.0 1.2 0.2"
16) "5.7 4.4 1.5 0.4"
17) "5.4 3.9 1.3 0.4"
18) "5.1 3.5 1.4 0.3"
19) "5.7 3.8 1.7 0.3"
20) "5.1 3.8 1.5 0.3"
21) "5.4 3.4 1.7 0.2"
22) "5.1 3.7 1.5 0.4"
23) "4.6 3.6 1.0 0.2"
24) "5.1 3.3 1.7 0.5"
25) "4.8 3.4 1.9 0.2"
26) "5.0 3.0 1.6 0.2"
27) "5.0 3.4 1.6 0.4"
28) "5.2 3.5 1.5 0.2"
            "5.0 3.0 1.6 0.2"
"5.0 3.4 1.6 0.4"
"5.2 3.5 1.5 0.2"
"5.2 3.4 1.4 0.2"
"4.7 3.2 1.6 0.2"
"4.8 3.1 1.6 0.2"
  27)
28)
  29)
  30)
  31)
  127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 34 - Проверка создания объекта iris-data и вывод примера содержимого.

```
~/Desktop/ml/set.lua - Mousepad (on zubkova494)
                                                                                                                    ^ _ D X
 File Edit Search View Document
                                    Help
    redis.conf
                 ×
                          redis.log
                                      \times
                                                iris.csv
                                                                    model.py
                                                                                          load.py
                                                                                                      \times
                                                                                                               set.lua
                                                                                                                           ×
 1 local arr = redis.call('LRANGE', 'iris-data', 0, -|1)
 3 local val = {}
 4 for i=1, #arr do
           local a, b, sl, sw, pl, pw = string.find(arr[i], '(\$S+) (\$S+) (\$S+) (\$S+)')
 8
           table.insert(val, sl)
 9
           table.insert(val, sw)
10
           table.insert(val, pl)
           table.insert(val, pw)
11
12
13 end
14
15 redis.call('AI.TENSORSET', 'iris-input', 'FLOAT', #arr, 4, "VALUES", unpack(val))
```

Рисунок 35 - Содержимое скрипта set.lua.

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678 -x SCRIPT LOAD < set.lua
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa
fe.
 c4601ce2380a39934bb4aa6ca07d2e4f6ad43598"
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> AUTH 12345678
0K
127.0.0.1:6379> EVALSHA c4601ce2380a39934bb4aa6ca07d2e4f6ad43598
(error) ERR wrong number of arguments for 'evalsha' command 127.0.0.1:6379> EVALSHA c4601ce2380a39934bb4aa6ca07d2e4f6ad43598 0
(nil)
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-data"
2) "iris-input"
   "iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.TENSORGET iris-input META
1) "dtype"
2) "FLOAT"
   "shape"
4)
   1) (integer) 300
    2) (integer) 4
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.MODELRUN iris-model INPUTS iris-input OUTPUTS iris-output dymmy
0K
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-output"
   "iris-data"
   "iris-input"
3)
   "iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.TENSORGET iris-output META
1) "dtype"
2) "INT64"
   "shape"
3)
4) 1) (integer) 300
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 36 - Выполнение скрипта set.lua и проверка создания объекта iris-input

```
~/Desktop/ml/get.lua - Mousepad (on zubkova494)
                                                                                                           ^ _ D X
File Edit Search View Document Help
                                   iris.csv 💥 model.py 💥
                                                                                        set.lua
   redis.conf %
                  redis.log 💥
                                                                      load.py %
                                                                                              ×
                                                                                                        get.lua
                                                                                                                 ×
 1 local result = redis.call('AI.TENSORGET', 'iris-output', 'VALUES')
 3 local arr = redis.call('LRANGE', 'iris-data', 0, -1)
 5 local label = {
           'setosa'
 6
          'versicolor',
 8
          'virginica'
 9 }
10
11 for i=1, #result do
           redis.call('RPUSH', 'iris-result', arr[i] .. '' .. label[result[i]+1])
13 end
```

Рисунок 37 - Содержимое get.lua

```
127.0.0.1:6379> exit
(env) valeria@zubkova494:-/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678 --eval get.lua
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa fe.
(nil)
(env) valeria@zubkova494:-/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> AUTH 12345678
0K
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-input"
2) "iris-result"
3) "iris-output"
4) "iris-data"
5) "iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 0 1
1) "5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2setosa"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 50 51
1) "7.0 3.2 4.7 1.4versicolor"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 98 99
1) "5.1 2.5 3.0 1.1versicolor"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 298 299
1) "6.2 3.4 5.4 2.3virginica"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 298 299
1) "6.2 3.4 5.4 2.3virginica"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 299 300
1) "5.9 3.0 5.1 1.8virginica"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 299 300
1) "5.9 3.0 5.1 1.8virginica"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 299 300
1) "5.9 3.0 5.1 1.8virginica"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 299 300
1) "5.9 3.0 5.1 1.8virginica"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 299 300
1) "5.9 3.0 5.1 1.8virginica"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-result 299 300
1) "5.9 3.0 5.1 1.8virginica"
```

Рисунок 38 - Выполнение скрипта get.lua

```
>
                                                             🔍 📢 🖟 (4:52, 73%) 🛕 Sun 11 Dec, 10:42 valeri
>_
                          Terminal - valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml (on zubkova494)
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.TENSORSET iris-test-in FLOAT 2 4 VALUES 5.0 3.4 1.6 0.4 6.0 2.2 5.0 1.5
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.TENSORGET iris-test-in META
1) "dtype"
2) "FLOAT"
  "shape"
4) 1) (integer) 2
2) (integer) 4
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.TENSORGET iris-test-in VALUES
1) "5'
  "3.4000000953674316"
"1.600000023841858"
  "0.4000000059604645"
5)
6)
   "6"
   "2.200000047683716"
   "5"
   "1.5"
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 39 - Создание тестового набора данных.

```
Terminal - valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml (on zubkova494)
                                                                                                                      ^ _
 File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.MODELRUN iris-model INPUTS iris-test-in OUTPUTS iris-test-out dummy
0K
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-test-out"
   "iris-test-in"
   "iris-test-In
"iris-input"
"iris-result"
   "iris-output"
5)
   "iris-data"
"iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.TENSORGET iris-test-out META
1) "dtype"
2) "INT64"
   "shape"
3)
   1) (integer) 2
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.TENSORGET iris-test-out VALUES
1) (integer) 0
2) (integer) 2
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 40 - Создание объекта iris-test-out на основе тестовых данных.

```
~/Desktop/ml/client.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)
                                                                                                                   ^ _ D >
 File Edit Search View Document Help
                                  iris.csv 💥
  red...onf 💥
                 redis.log %
                                                 mo...l.py ⋈
                                                                 load.py %
                                                                                  set.lua 💥
                                                                                                  get.lua 💥
                                                                                                                 client.py ×
 1 import redisai
 2 import ml2rt
 4 con = redisai.Client(
           host='127.0.0.1',
 6
           port='6379',
           password='12345678'
 8)
10 model = ml2rt.load_model('iris.onnx')
11 con.modelstore('iris-cli-model', 'onnx', 'cpu', model)
12
13 inp = [
    5.0, 3.4, 1.6, 0.4,
6.0, 2.2, 5.0, 1.5
14
15
16 ]
17
18 con.tensorset('iris-cli-in', inp, dtype="float32", shape=(2,4))
19
20 con.modelexecute('iris-cli-model', ['iris-cli-in'], ['iris-cli-out', 'dummy'])
21
22 out = con.tensorget('iris-cli-out')
23 print(out)
```

Рисунок 41 - Содержимое скрипта client.py.

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 client.py
[0 2]
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa fe.
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-test-in"
2) "iris-result"
3) "iris-output"
4) "iris-data"
5) "iris-model"
6) "iris-cli-model"
7) "iris-test-out"
8) "iris-cli-in"
9) "iris-input"
10) "iris-cli-out"
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 42 - Выполнение скрипта client.py и проверка его выполнения.