Предмет	Управление и автоматизация БД
Курс	4
Семестр	1
Работа	Практическое занятие № 37
Группа	494
Фамилия	Зубкова
Имя	Валерия
Отчество	Геннадьевна

Отчёт

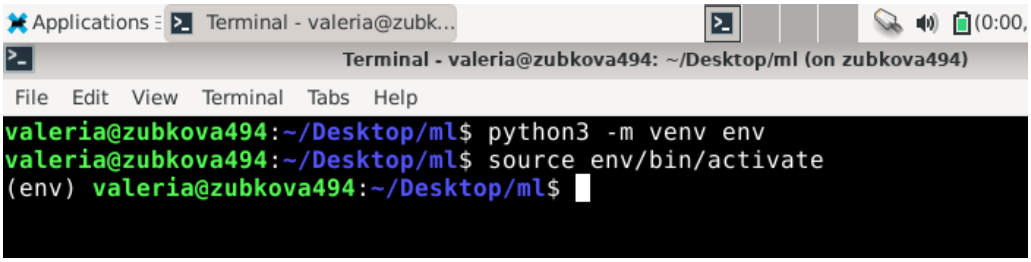

Рисунок 1 - Создание папки ml и виртуальной среды env, а ее активация

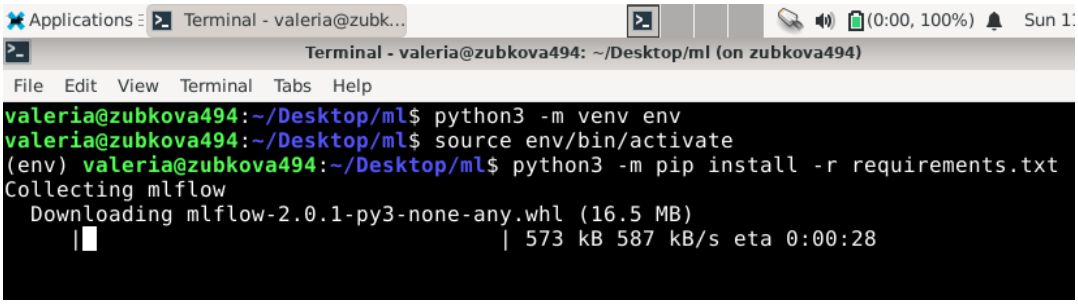

Рисунок 2 - Установка пакетов из файла requirements.txt

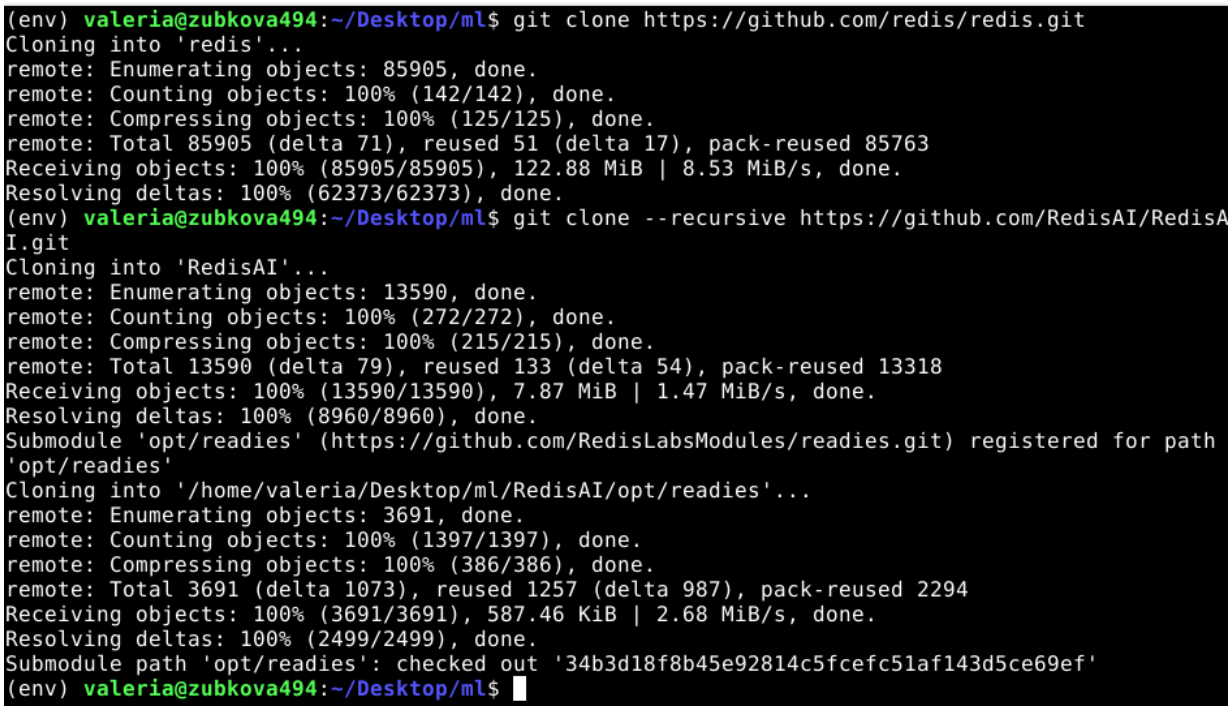

Рисунок 3 – скачиваем redis и redisai из репозиториев

```
    CC listpack.o
    CC localtime.o
    CC lolwut.o
    CC lolwut5.o
    CC lolwut6.o
    CC acl.o
    CC tracking.o
    CC socket.o
    CC tls.o
    CC sha256.o
    CC timeout.o
    CC setcpuaffinity.o
    CC monotonic.o
    CC mt19937-64.o
    CC resp_parser.o
    CC call_reply.o
    CC script_lua.o
    CC script.o
    CC functions.o
    CC function_lua.o
    GEN commands.c
Processing json files...
Linking container command to subcommands...
Checking all commands...
Generating commands.c...
All done, exiting.
    CC commands.o
    CC strl.o
    CC connection.o
    CC unix.o
    LINK redis-server
    INSTALL redis-sentinel
    CC redis-cli.o
    CC redisassert.o
    CC cli_common.o
    LINK redis-cli
    CC redis-benchmark.o
    LINK redis-benchmark
    INSTALL redis-check-rdb
    INSTALL redis-check-aof

Hint: It's a good idea to run 'make test' ;)

make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/redis/src'
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/redis$
```

Рисунок 4 – Установка Redis

```
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/redis/src'
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/redis$ cd ..
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ cd RedisAI
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export CPU=1
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export VERBOSE=1
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export WITH_TF=0
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export WITH_TFLITE=0
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ export WITH_PT=0
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml/RedisAI$ bash get_deps.sh cpu
```

Рисунок 5 – Установка RedisAI

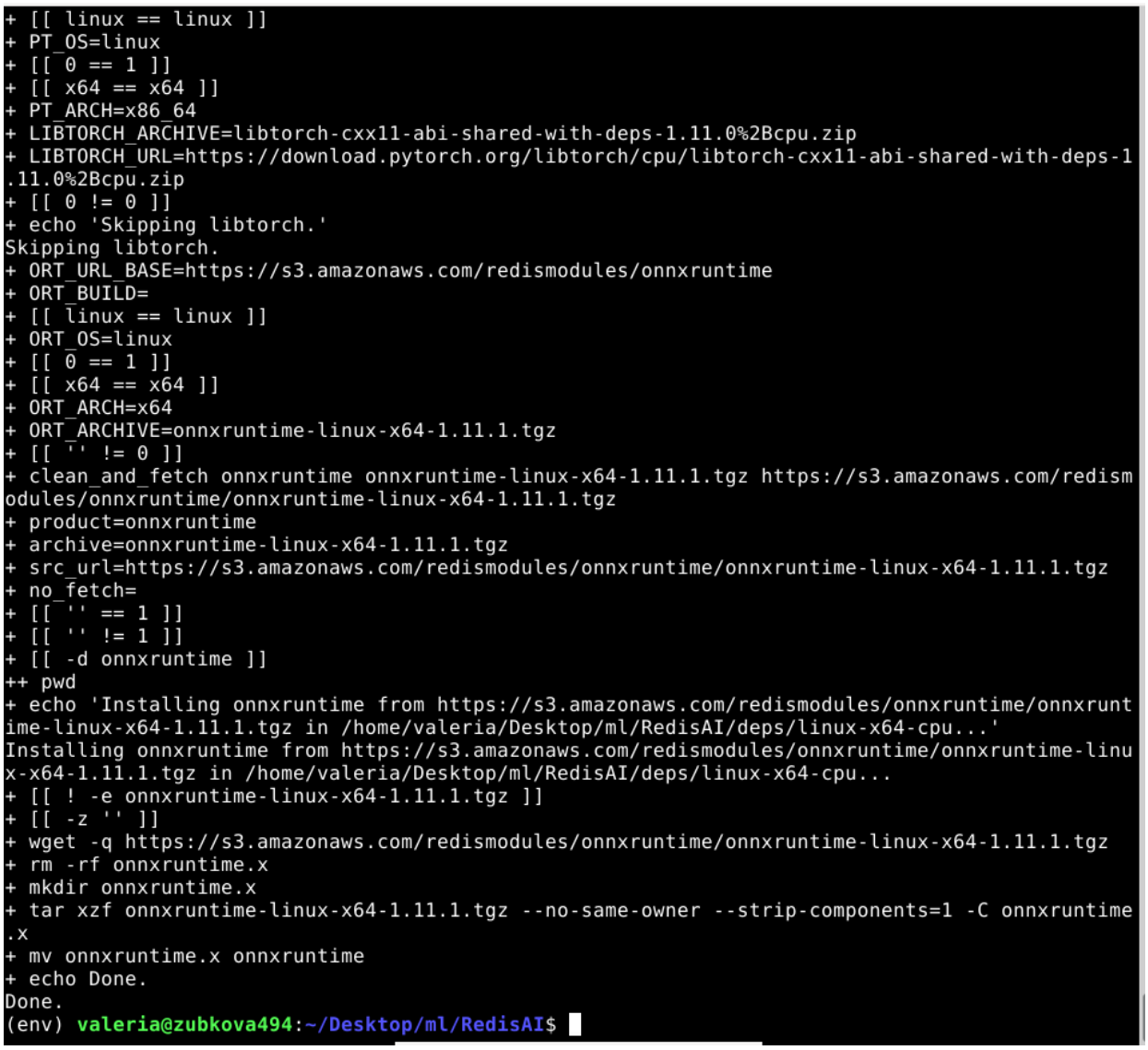

Рисунок 6 – Успешное завершение установки RedisAI

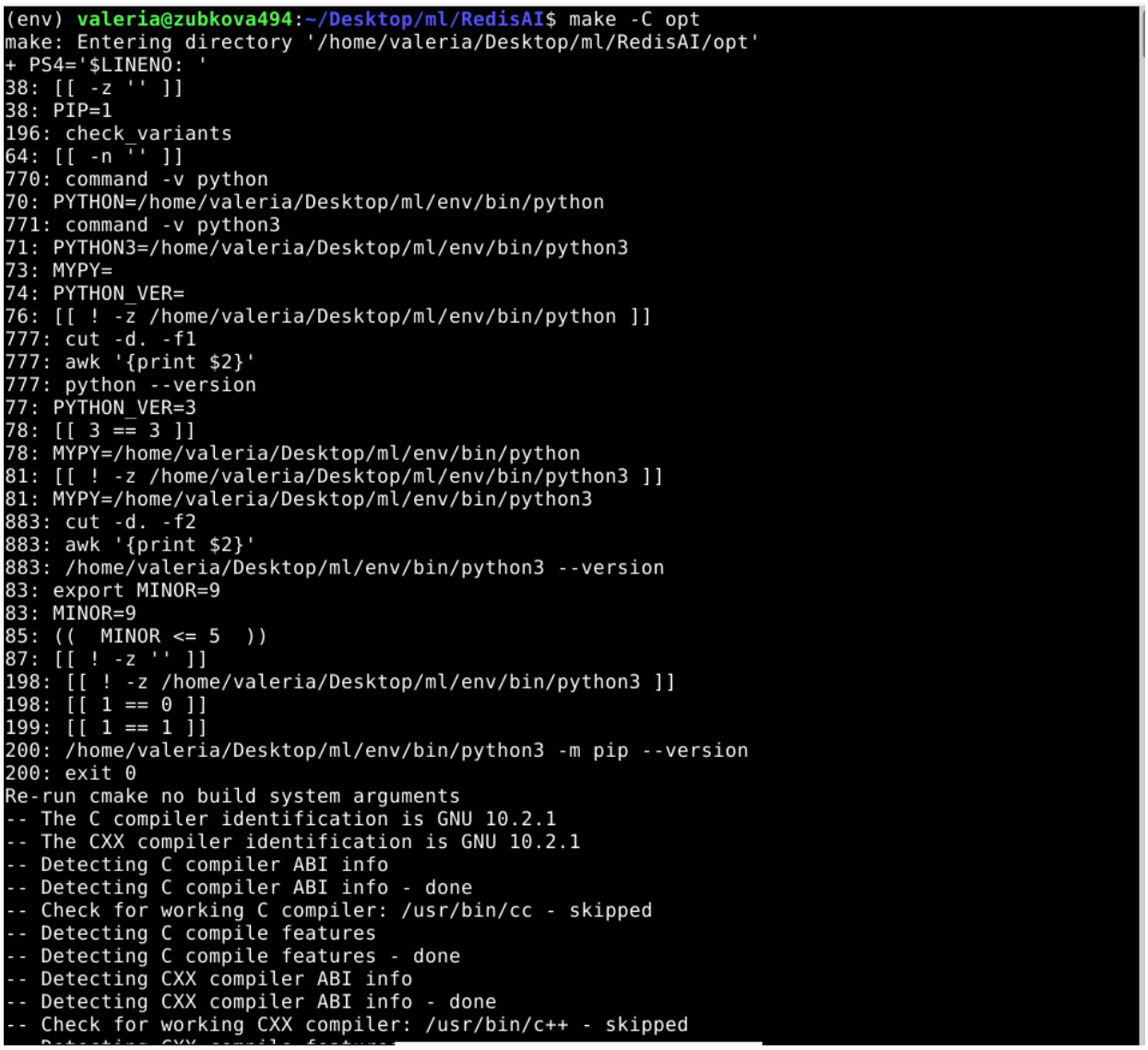

Рисунок 7 – Сборка модуля RedisAI

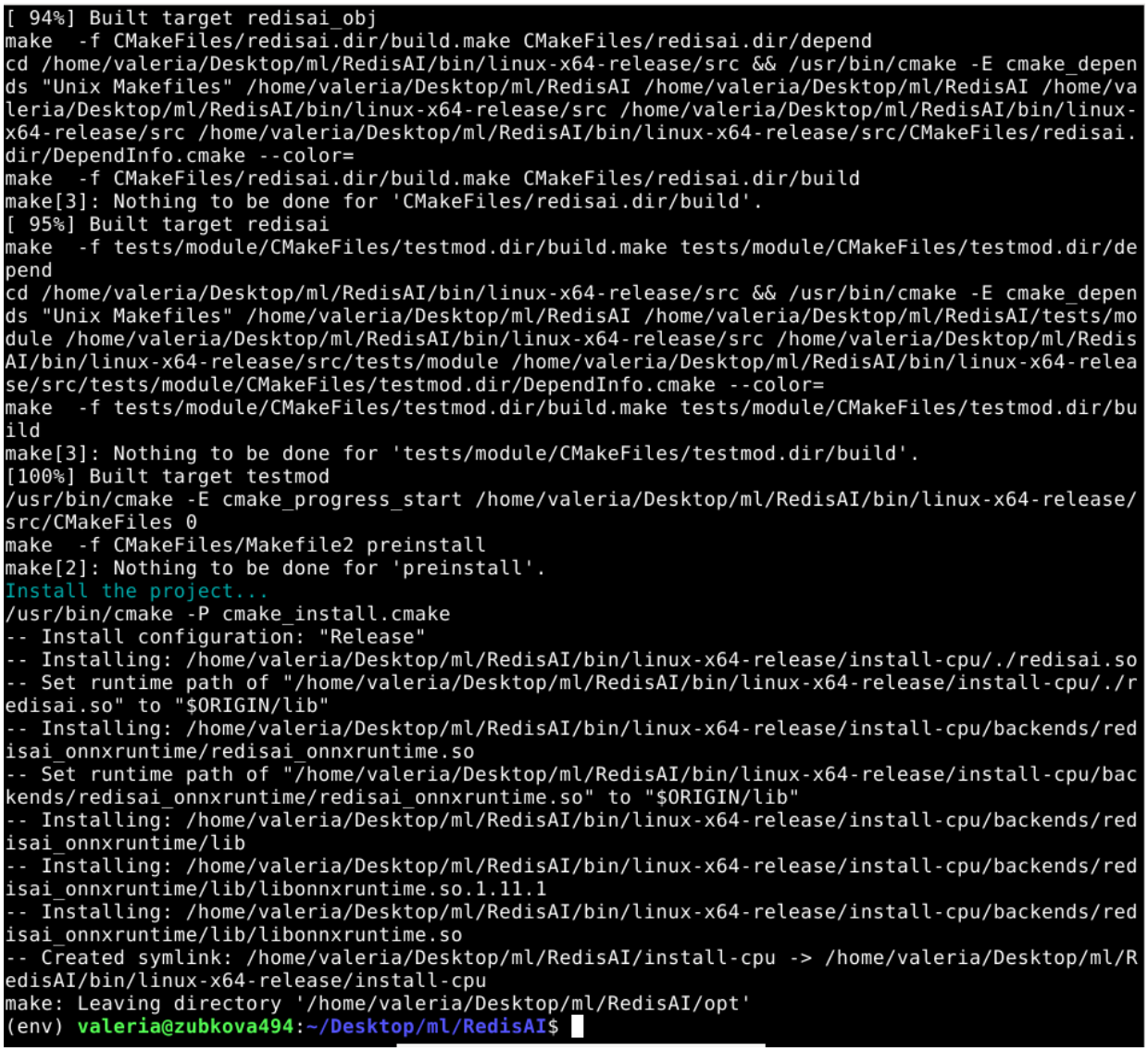

Рисунок 8 – Успешное завершение копиляции

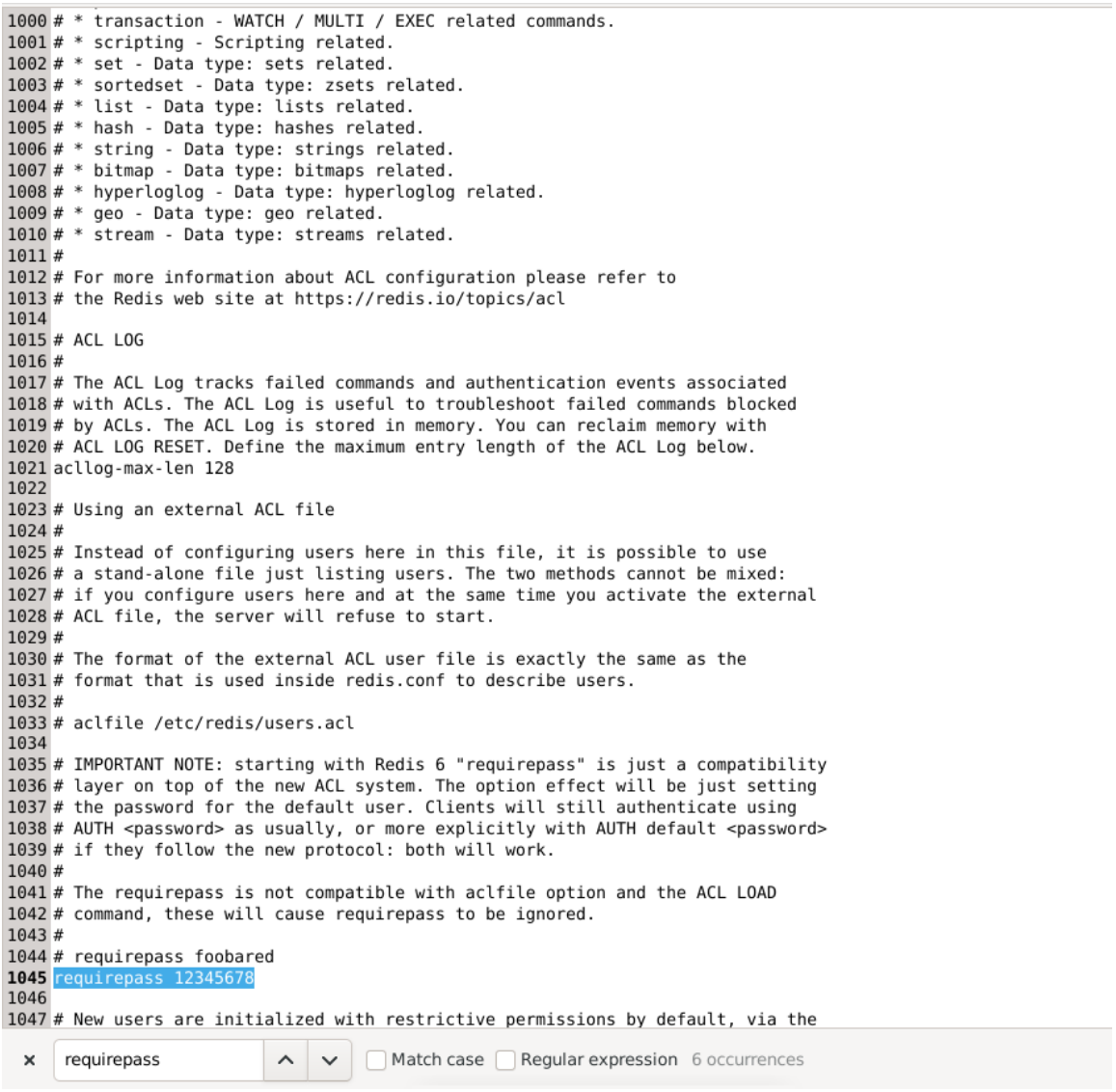

Рисунок 9 – Редактирование requirements.txt

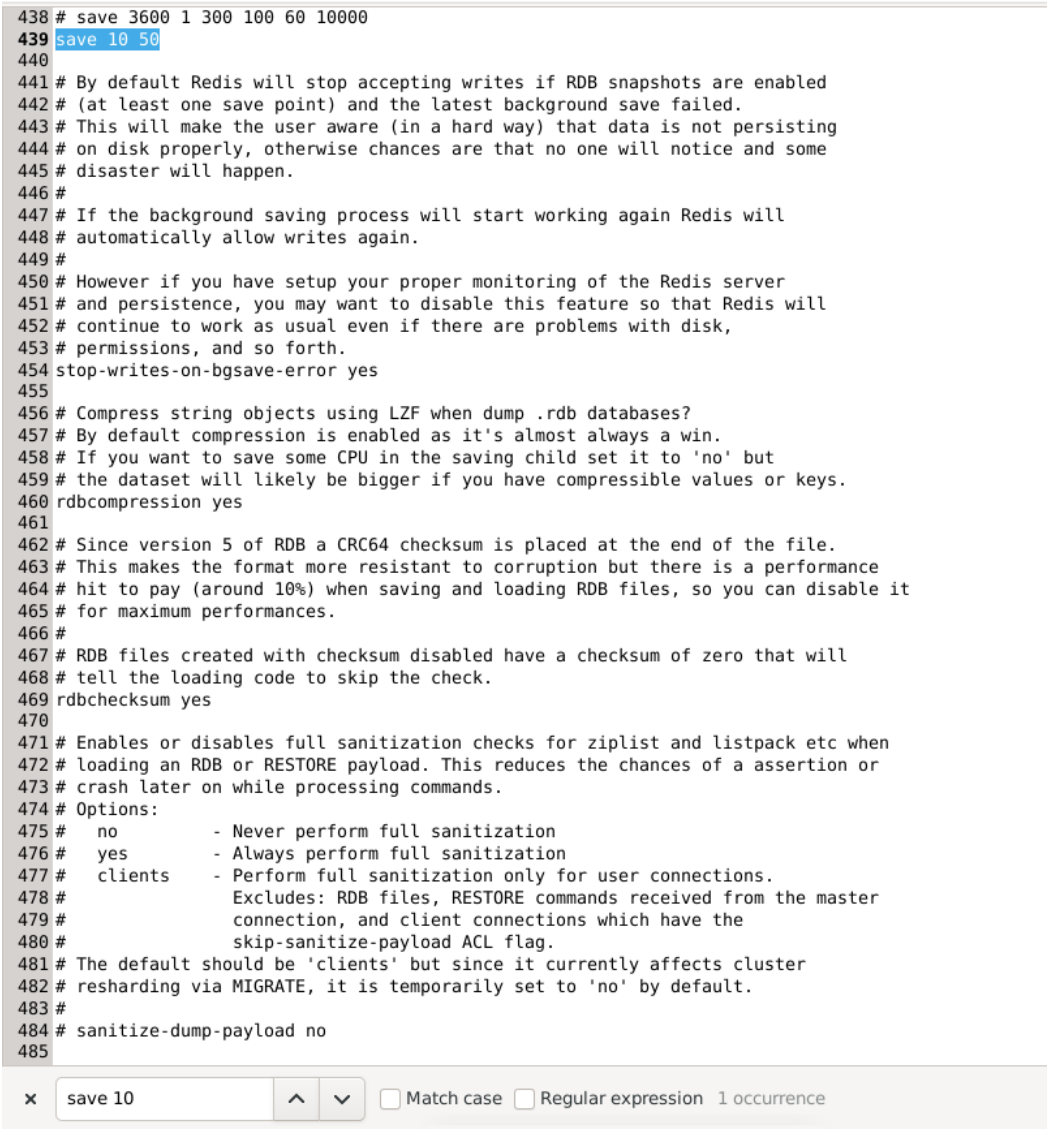

Рисунок 10 - Редактирование requirements.txt

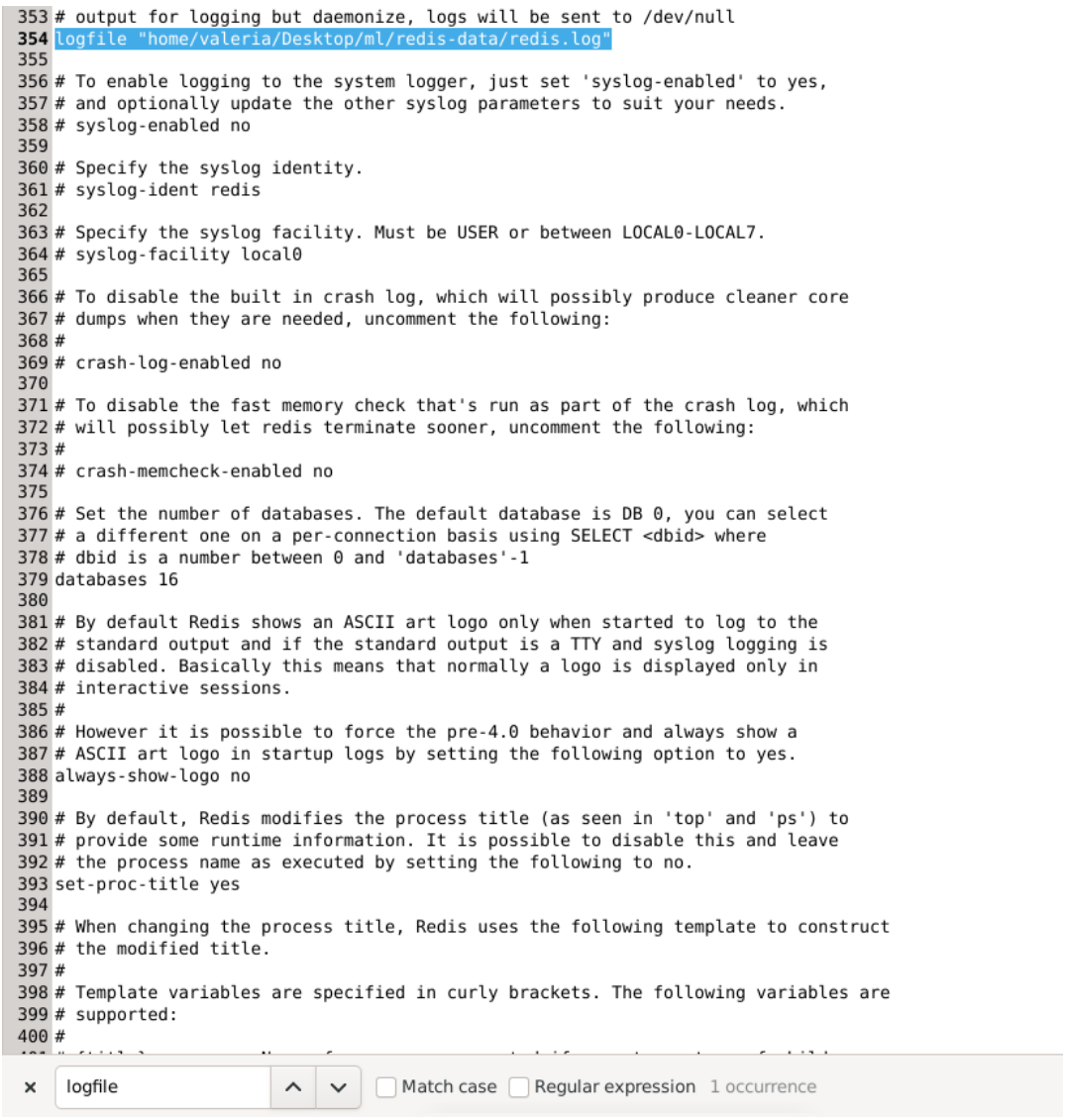

Рисунок 11 - Редактирование requirements.txt

```
305
306 # By default Redis does not run as a daemon. Use 'yes' if you need it.
307 # Note that Redis will write a pid file in /var/run/redis.pid when daemonized.
308 # When Redis is supervised by upstart or systemd, this parameter has no impact.
309 daemonize yes
310
311 # If you run Redis from upstart or systemd, Redis can interact with your
312 # supervision tree. Options:
313 #   supervised no      - no supervision interaction
314 #   supervised upstart - signal upstart by putting Redis into SIGSTOP mode
315 #                        requires "expect stop" in your upstart job config
316 #   supervised systemd - signal systemd by writing READY=1 to $NOTIFY_SOCKET
317 #                        on startup, and updating Redis status on a regular
318 #                        basis.
319 #   supervised auto    - detect upstart or systemd method based on
320 #                        UPSTART_JOB or NOTIFY_SOCKET environment variables
321 # Note: these supervision methods only signal "process is ready."
322 #       They do not enable continuous pings back to your supervisor.
323 #
324 # The default is "no". To run under upstart/systemd, you can simply uncomment
325 # the line below:
326 #
327 # supervised auto
328
329 # If a pid file is specified, Redis writes it where specified at startup
330 # and removes it at exit.
331 #
332 # When the server runs non daemonized, no pid file is created if none is
333 # specified in the configuration. When the server is daemonized, the pid file
334 # is used even if not specified, defaulting to "/var/run/redis.pid".
335 #
336 # Creating a pid file is best effort: if Redis is not able to create it
337 # nothing bad happens, the server will start and run normally.
338 #
339 # Note that on modern Linux systems "/run/redis.pid" is more conforming
340 # and should be used instead.
341 pidfile /var/run/redis_6379.pid
342
343 # Specify the server verbosity level.
344 # This can be one of:
345 # debug (a lot of information, useful for development/testing)
346 # verbose (many rarely useful info, but not a mess like the debug level)
347 # notice (moderately verbose, what you want in production probably)
348 # warning (only very important / critical messages are logged)
349 loglevel notice
350
351 # Specify the log file name. Also the empty string can be used to force
352 # Redis to log on the standard output. Note that if you use standard
```

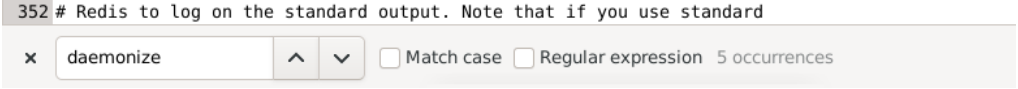

Рисунок 12 - Редактирование requirements.txt

redis.conf redis.log

```
# Load modules at startup. If the server is not able to load modules
# it will abort. It is possible to use multiple loadmodule directives.
#
# loadmodule /path/to/my_module.so
# loadmodule /path/to/other_module.so
loadmodule /home/valeria/Desktop/ml/RedisAI/bin/linux-x64-release/install-cpu/redisai.so

################################## NETWORK #####################################

# By default, if no "bind" configuration directive is specified, Redis listens
# for connections from all available network interfaces on the host machine.
# It is possible to listen to just one or multiple selected interfaces using
# the "bind" configuration directive, followed by one or more IP addresses.
# Each address can be prefixed by "-", which means that redis will not fail to
# start if the address is not available. Being not available only refers to
# addresses that does not correspond to any network interface. Addresses that
# are already in use will always fail, and unsupported protocols will always BE
# silently skipped.
#
# Examples:
#
# bind 192.168.1.100 10.0.0.1     # listens on two specific IPv4 addresses
# bind 127.0.0.1 ::1              # listens on loopback IPv4 and IPv6
# bind * -::*                     # like the default, all available interfaces
#
# ~~~ WARNING ~~~ If the computer running Redis is directly exposed to the
# internet, binding to all the interfaces is dangerous and will expose the
# instance to everybody on the internet. So by default we uncomment the
# following bind directive, that will force Redis to listen only on the
# IPv4 and IPv6 (if available) loopback interface addresses (this means Redis
# will only be able to accept client connections from the same host that it is
# running on).
#
# IF YOU ARE SURE YOU WANT YOUR INSTANCE TO LISTEN TO ALL THE INTERFACES
# COMMENT OUT THE FOLLOWING LINE.
#
# You will also need to set a password unless you explicitly disable protected
# mode.
# ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
bind 127.0.0.1 -::1

# By default, outgoing connections (from replica to master, from Sentinel to
# instances, cluster bus, etc.) are not bound to a specific local address. In
# most cases, this means the operating system will handle that based on routing
# and the interface through which the connection goes out.
#
```

× loadmodule Match case Regular expression 4 occurrences

Рисунок 13 - Редактирование requirements.txt

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ export PATH=$PATH:/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/r
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ which redis-server
/home/valeria/Desktop/ml/redis/src/redis-server
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-server redis/redis.conf
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 14 - Запуск redis с новой конфигурацией

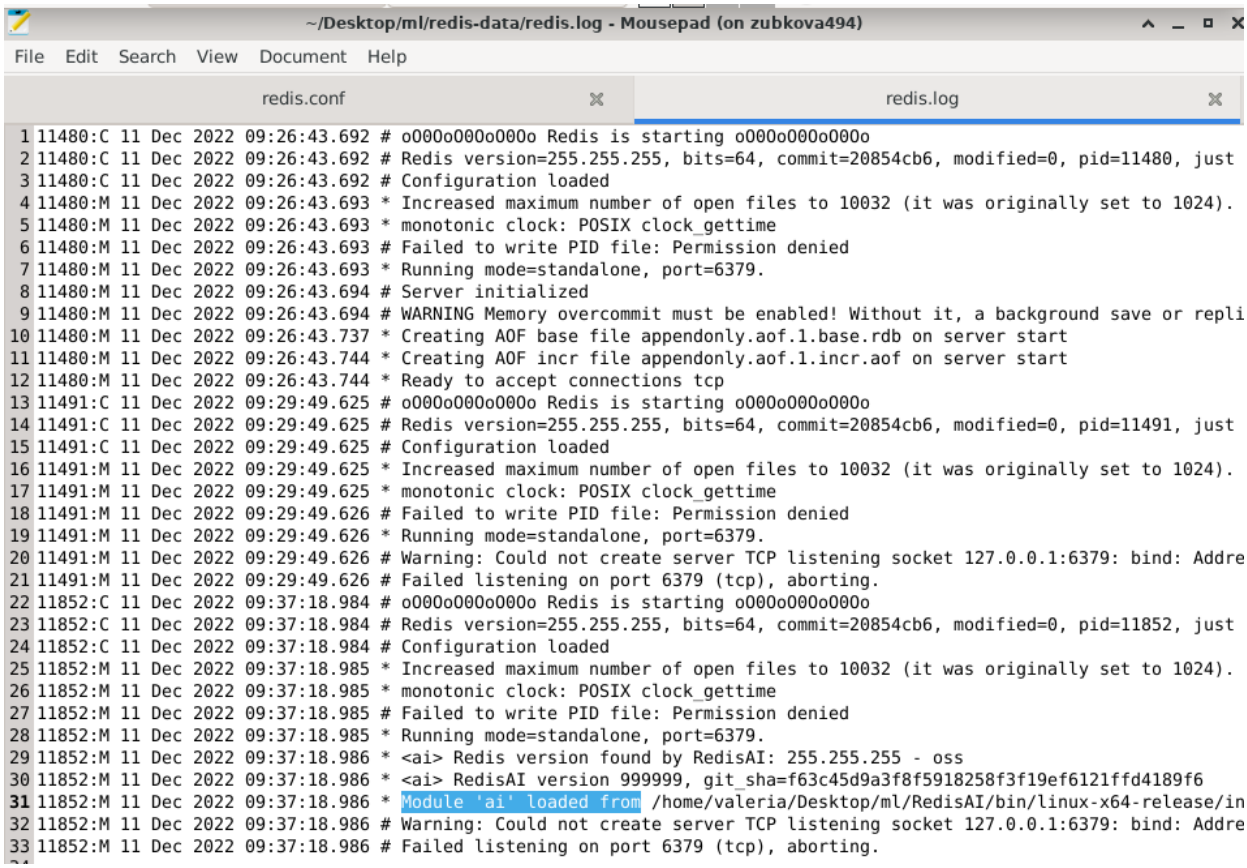

Рисунок 15 – сообщение о том, что RedisAI подключен

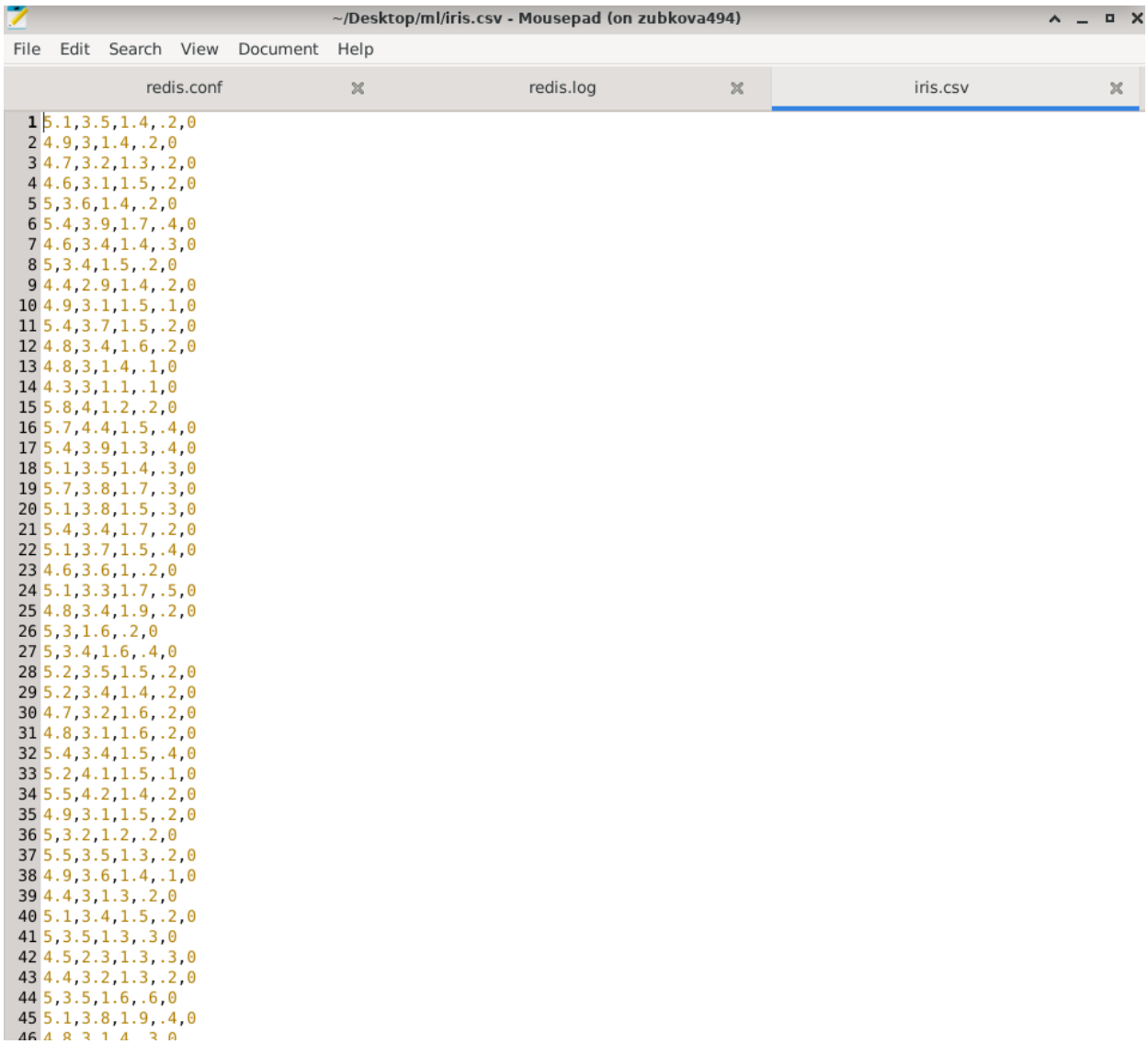

Рисунок 16 - Редактирование csv файла для работы

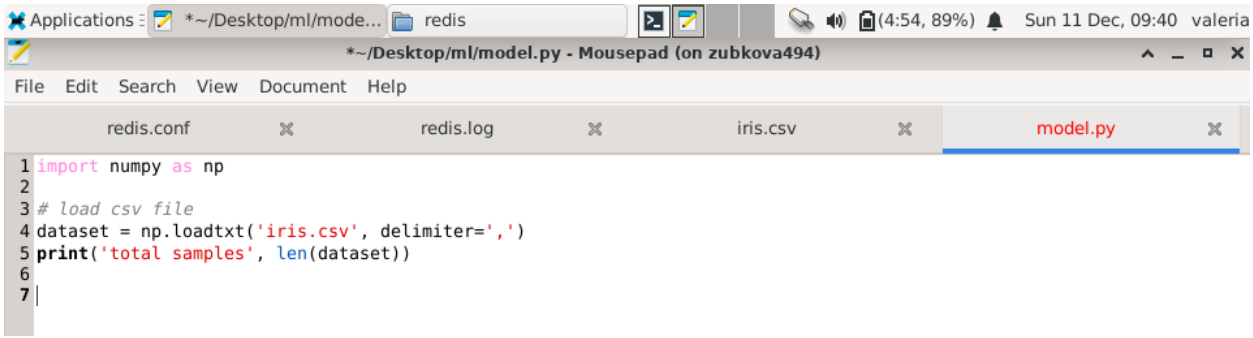

Рисунок 17 - создание model.py

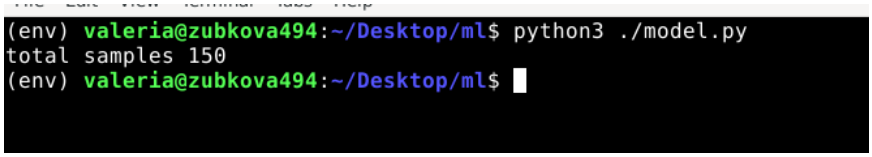

Рисунок 18 - запуск model.py

~/Desktop/ml/model.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)

File Edit Search View Document Help

redis.conf | redis.log | iris.csv | model.py

```
1  import numpy as np
2
3  # load csv file
4  dataset = np.loadtxt('iris.csv', delimiter=',')
5  print('total samples', len(dataset))
6
7  X = dataset[:,0:4]      # select columns from 0 to 3
8  Y = dataset[:,4]        # select column 4
9
10 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
11
12 #dataset split
13 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, shuffle=True)
14 print("Training Samples: ", len(X_train))
15 print("Testing Samples: ", len(X_test))
16
```

Рисунок 19 - Добавление нового функционала в model.py

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples:  120
Testing Samples:  30
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 20 - повторный запуск model.py

~/Desktop/ml/model.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)

File Edit Search View Document Help

redis.conf | redis.log | iris.csv | model.py

```
1  import numpy as np
2
3  # load csv file
4  dataset = np.loadtxt('iris.csv', delimiter=',')
5  print('total samples', len(dataset))
6
7  X = dataset[:,0:4]      # select columns from 0 to 3
8  Y = dataset[:,4]        # select column 4
9
10 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
11
12 #dataset split
13 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, shuffle=True)
14 print("Training Samples: ", len(X_train))
15 print("Testing Samples: ", len(X_test))
16
17 from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
18
19 model = MLPClassifier(solver='sgd', activation='tanh', max_iter=5000, hidden_layer_sizes=(5))
20 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
21
22 y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
23 hits = np.sum(y_pred == y_test)
24
25 print("Accuracy: ", 100*hits/len(y_test))
26
```

Рисунок 21 - Редактирование model.py

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples:  120
Testing Samples:  30
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples:  120
Testing Samples:  30
Accuracy:  66.66666666666667
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 22 - Запуск model.py

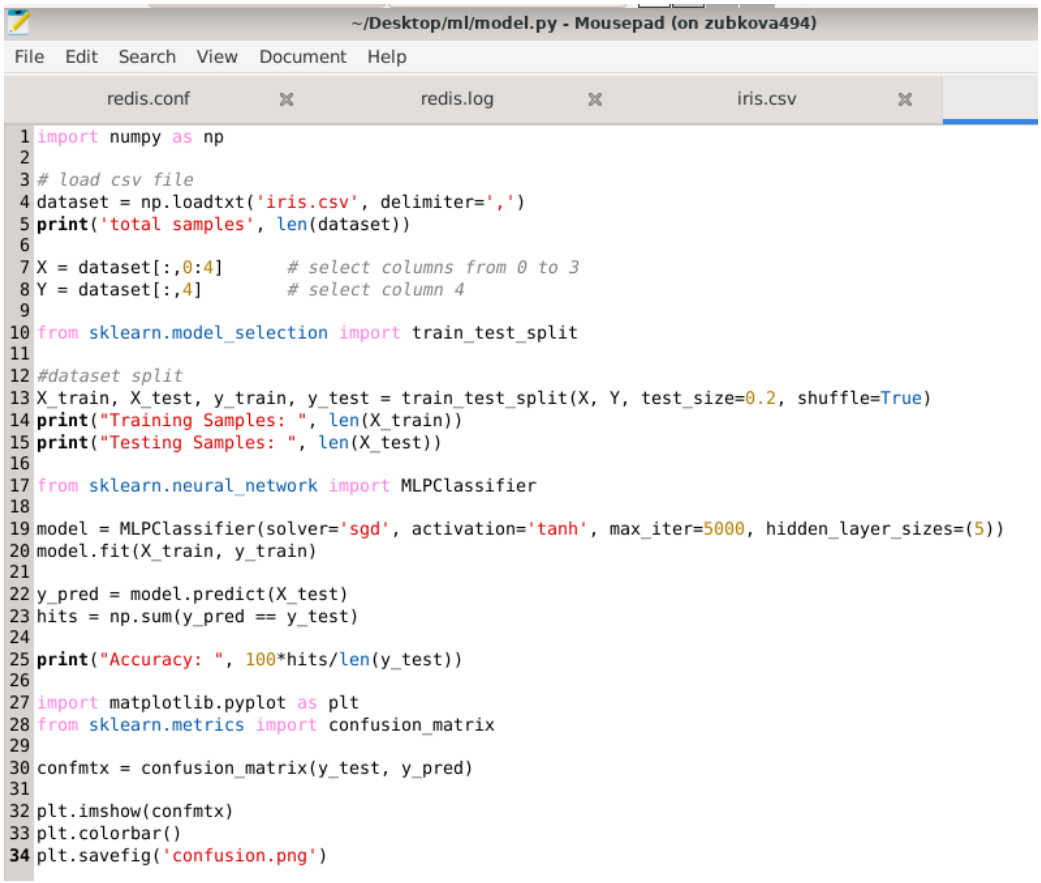

Рисунок 23 - Редактирование model.py

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples:  120
Testing Samples:  30
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples:  120
Testing Samples:  30
Accuracy:  66.66666666666667
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples:  120
Testing Samples:  30
Accuracy:  100.0
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 24 - Запуск model.py

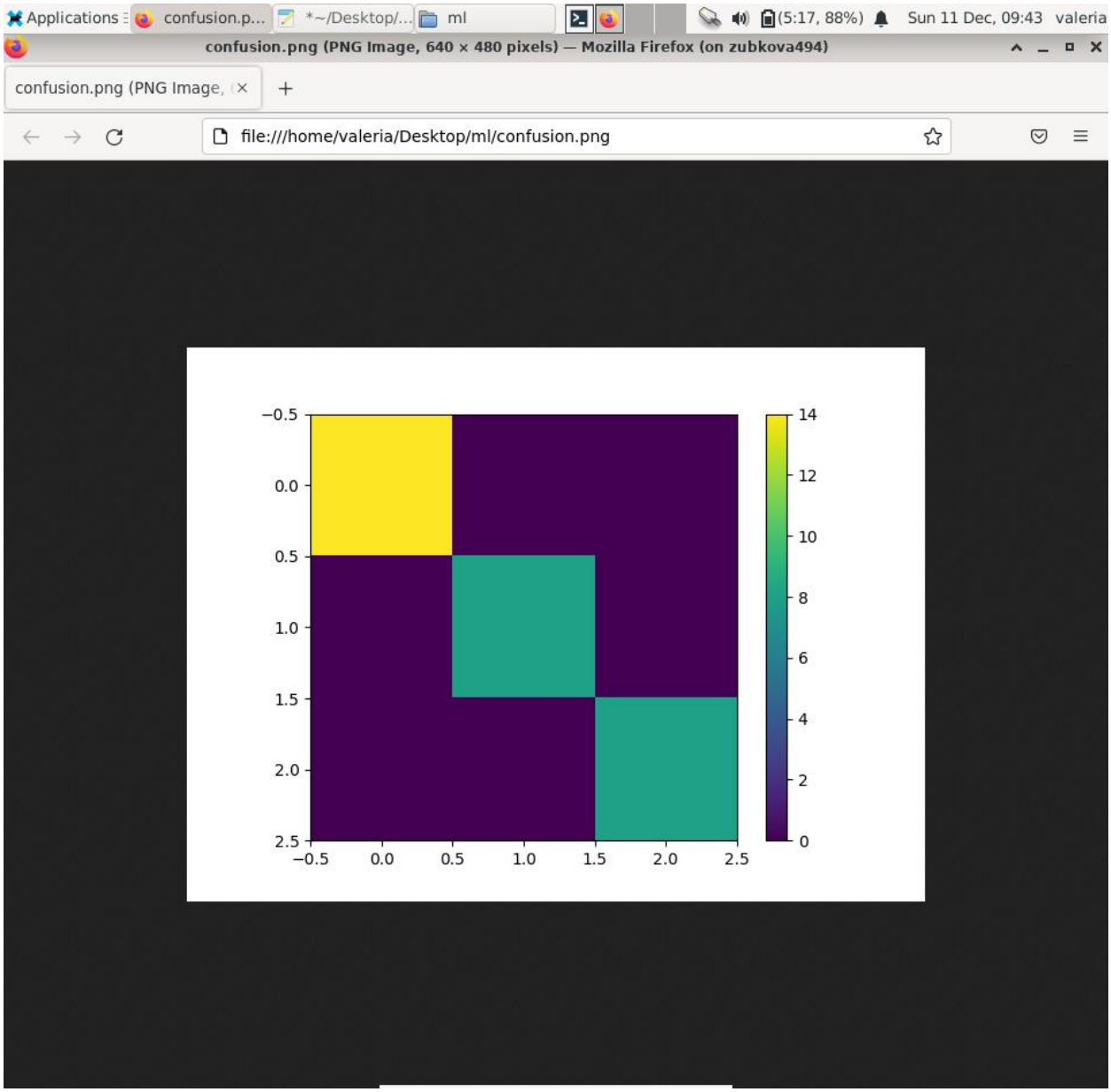

Рисунок 25 - Созданная картинка conf.png

~/Desktop/ml/model.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)

File Edit Search View Document Help

redis.conf | redis.log | iris.csv | model.py

```
1  import numpy as np
2
3  # load csv file
4  dataset = np.loadtxt('iris.csv', delimiter=',')
5  print('total samples', len(dataset))
6
7  X = dataset[:,0:4]      # select columns from 0 to 3
8  Y = dataset[:,4]        # select column 4
9
10 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
11
12 #dataset split
13 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, shuffle=True)
14 print("Training Samples: ", len(X_train))
15 print("Testing Samples: ", len(X_test))
16
17 from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
18
19 model = MLPClassifier(solver='sgd', activation='tanh', max_iter=5000, hidden_layer_sizes=(5))
20 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
21
22 y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
23 hits = np.sum(y_pred == y_test)
24
25 print("Accuracy: ", 100*hits/len(y_test))
26
27 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
28 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
29
30 confmtx = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
31
32 plt.imshow(confmtx)
33 plt.colorbar()
34 plt.savefig('confusion.png')
35
36 from skl2onnx import convert_sklearn
37 from skl2onnx.common.data_types import FloatTensorType
38
39 onnx_model = convert_sklearn(model, initial_types=[
40     ("input", FloatTensorType([None, 4]))
41 ])
42
43 f = open('iris.onnx', 'wb')
44 f.write(onnx_model.SerializeToString())
45 f.close()
46
```

Рисунок 26 - Редактирование model.py

Terminal - valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml (on zubkova494)

File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 ./model.py
total samples 150
Training Samples:  120
Testing Samples:  30
Accuracy:  63.333333333333336
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ netron iris.onnx
Serving 'iris.onnx' at http://localhost:8080
```

Рисунок 27 - Запуск созданного скриптом файла iris.onnx через netron.

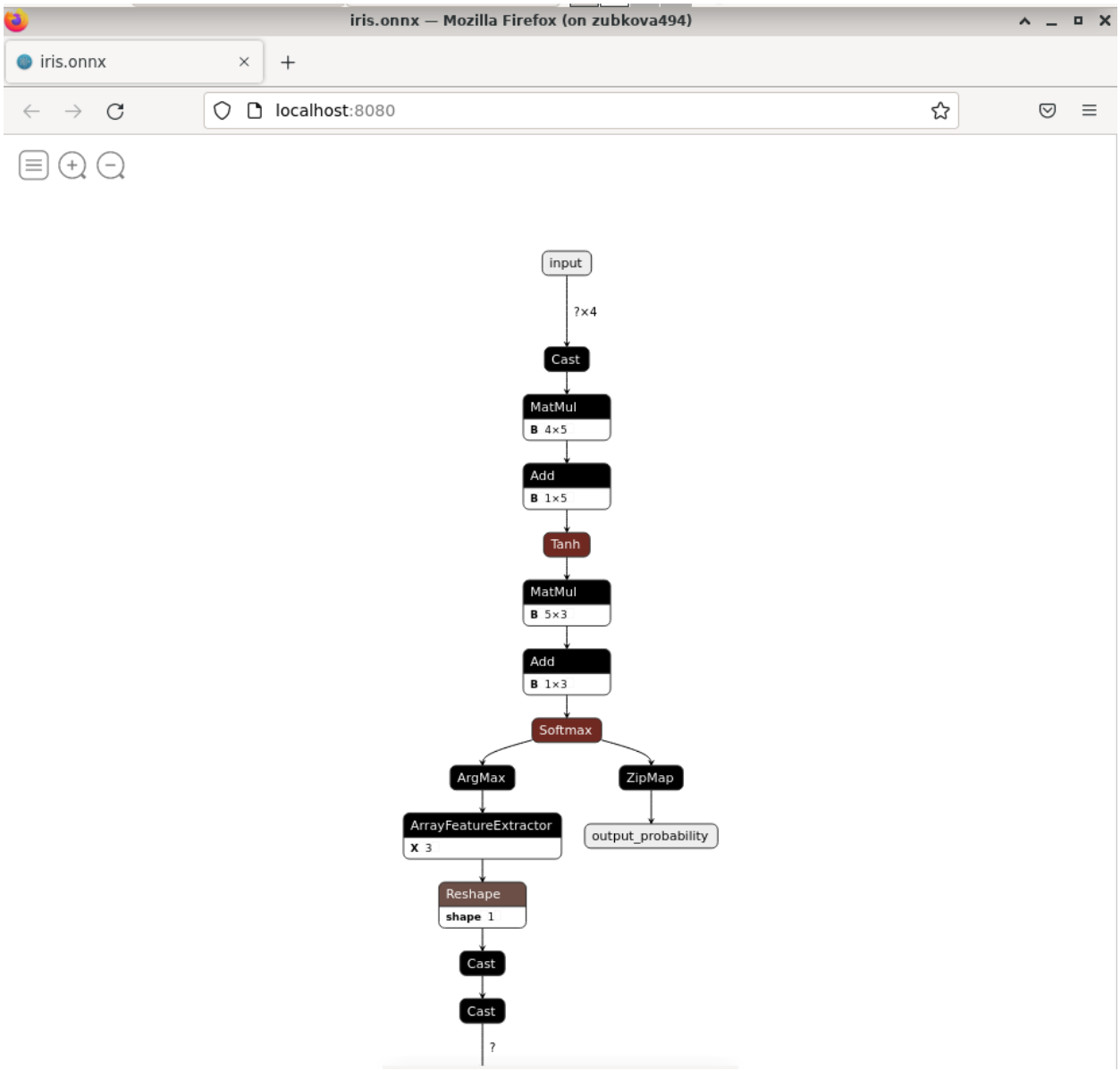

Рисунок 28 - Просмотр файла iris.onnx.

~/Desktop/ml/load.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)

File Edit Search View Document Help

redis.conf | redis.log | iris.csv | model.py | load.py

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 dataset = np.loadtxt('iris.csv', delimiter=',')
4 print("Total Samples: ", len(dataset))
5
6 import redis
7
8 red = redis.Redis(
9         host='127.0.0.1',
10        port='6379',
11        password='12345678'
12 )
13
14 for i in range(0, len(dataset)):
15        sl = dataset[i, 0]
16        sq = dataset[i, 1]
17        pl = dataset[i, 2]
18        pw = dataset[i, 3]
19
20        red.rpush('iris-data', f"{sl} {sq} {pl} {pw}")
```

Рисунок 29 - Содержимое скрипта load.py.

valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml | valeria@zubkova494: ~/Desktop/ml

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 load.py
Total Samples:  150
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 30 - Запуск файла load.py

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> AUTH 12345678
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-data"
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 31 - Проверка какие есть ключи в Redis

32

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-server redis/redis.conf
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678 -x AI.MODELSET iris-model ONNX CP
U BLOB < iris.onnx
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa
fe.
OK
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$
```

Рисунок 32 - Создание модели iris-model из файла iris.onnx.

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-server redis/redis.conf
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678 -x AI.MODELSET iris-model ONNX CP
U BLOB < iris.onnx
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa
fe.
OK
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> AUTH 12345678
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-data"
2) "iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 33 - Создание модели iris-model из файла iris.onnx.

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-server redis/redis.conf
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678 -x AI.MODELSET iris-model ONNX CP
U BLOB < iris.onnx
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa
fe.
OK
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> AUTH 12345678
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-data"
2) "iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE iris-data 0 30
 1) "5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2"
 2) "4.9 3.0 1.4 0.2"
 3) "4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2"
 4) "4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2"
 5) "5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2"
 6) "5.4 3.9 1.7 0.4"
 7) "4.6 3.4 1.4 0.3"
 8) "5.0 3.4 1.5 0.2"
 9) "4.4 2.9 1.4 0.2"
10) "4.9 3.1 1.5 0.1"
11) "5.4 3.7 1.5 0.2"
12) "4.8 3.4 1.6 0.2"
13) "4.8 3.0 1.4 0.1"
14) "4.3 3.0 1.1 0.1"
15) "5.8 4.0 1.2 0.2"
16) "5.7 4.4 1.5 0.4"
17) "5.4 3.9 1.3 0.4"
18) "5.1 3.5 1.4 0.3"
19) "5.7 3.8 1.7 0.3"
20) "5.1 3.8 1.5 0.3"
21) "5.4 3.4 1.7 0.2"
22) "5.1 3.7 1.5 0.4"
23) "4.6 3.6 1.0 0.2"
24) "5.1 3.3 1.7 0.5"
25) "4.8 3.4 1.9 0.2"
26) "5.0 3.0 1.6 0.2"
27) "5.0 3.4 1.6 0.4"
28) "5.2 3.5 1.5 0.2"
29) "5.2 3.4 1.4 0.2"
30) "4.7 3.2 1.6 0.2"
31) "4.8 3.1 1.6 0.2"
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 34 - Проверка создания объекта iris-data и вывод примера содержимого.

Рисунок 35 - Содержимое скрипта set.lua.

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678 -x SCRIPT LOAD < set.lua
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa
fe.
"c4601ce2380a39934bb4aa6ca07d2e4f6ad43598"
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> AUTH 12345678
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> EVALSHA c4601ce2380a39934bb4aa6ca07d2e4f6ad43598
(error) ERR wrong number of arguments for 'evalsha' command
127.0.0.1:6379> EVALSHA c4601ce2380a39934bb4aa6ca07d2e4f6ad43598 0
(nil)
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-data"
2) "iris-input"
3) "iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.TENSORGET iris-input META
1) "dtype"
2) "FLOAT"
3) "shape"
4) 1) (integer) 300
   2) (integer) 4
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.MODELRUN iris-model INPUTS iris-input OUTPUTS iris-output dymmy
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
1) "iris-output"
2) "iris-data"
3) "iris-input"
4) "iris-model"
127.0.0.1:6379> AI.TENSORGET iris-output META
1) "dtype"
2) "INT64"
3) "shape"
4) 1) (integer) 300
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 36 - Выполнение скрипта set.lua и проверка создания объекта iris-input

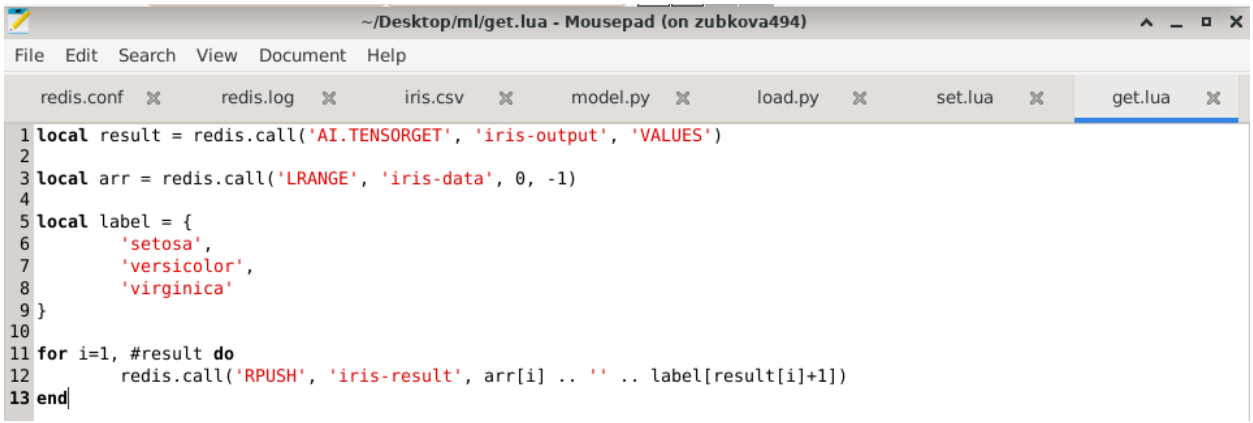

Рисунок 37 - Содержимое get.lua

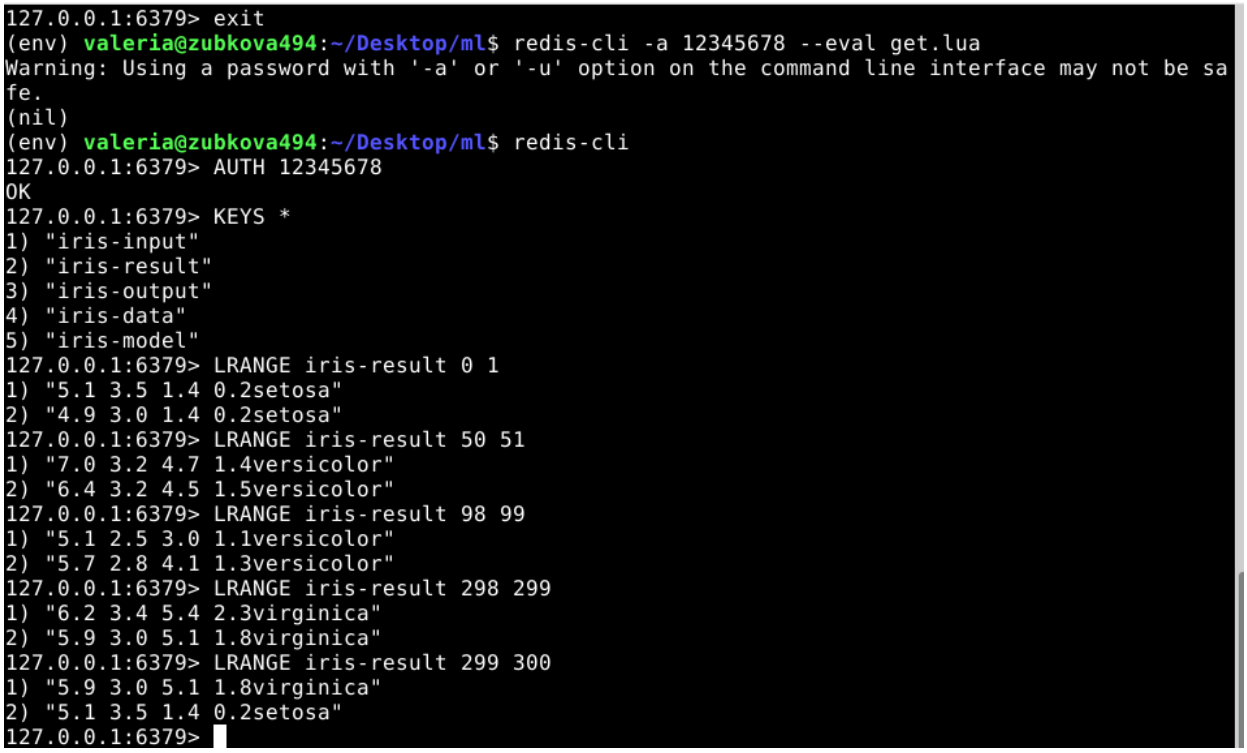

Рисунок 38 - Выполнение скрипта get.lua

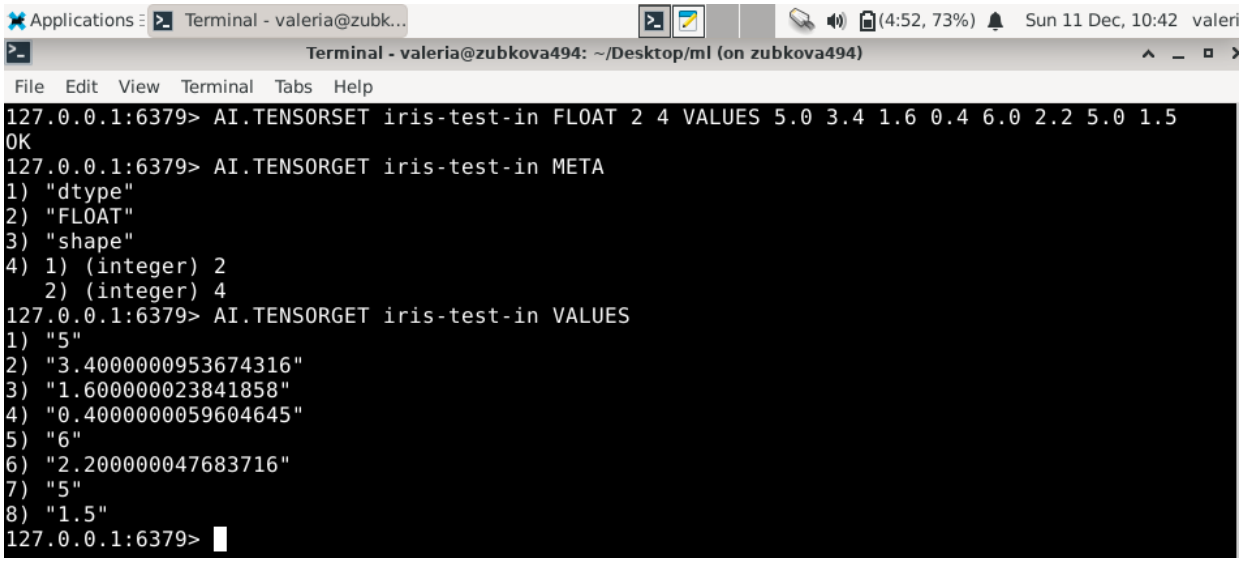

Рисунок 39 - Создание тестового набора данных.

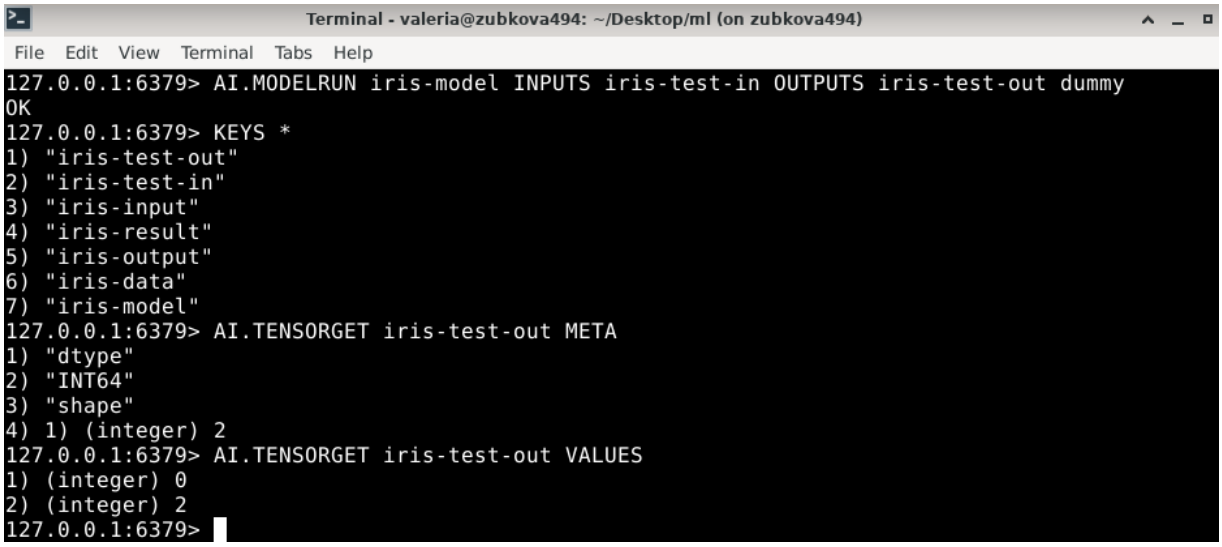

Рисунок 40 - Создание объекта iris-test-out на основе тестовых данных.

~/Desktop/ml/client.py - Mousepad (on zubkova494)

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red...onf | redis.log | iris.csv | mo...l.py | load.py | set.lua | get.lua | client.py

```python
import redisai
import ml2rt

con = redisai.Client(
        host='127.0.0.1',
        port='6379',
        password='12345678'
)

model = ml2rt.load_model('iris.onnx')
con.modelstore('iris-cli-model', 'onnx', 'cpu', model)

inp = [
  5.0, 3.4, 1.6, 0.4,
  6.0, 2.2, 5.0, 1.5
]

con.tensorset('iris-cli-in', inp, dtype="float32", shape=(2,4))

con.modelexecute('iris-cli-model', ['iris-cli-in'], ['iris-cli-out', 'dummy'])

out = con.tensorget('iris-cli-out')
print(out)
```

Рисунок 41 - Содержимое скрипта client.py.

```
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ python3 client.py
[0 2]
(env) valeria@zubkova494:~/Desktop/ml$ redis-cli -a 12345678
Warning: Using a password with '-a' or '-u' option on the command line interface may not be sa
fe.
127.0.0.1:6379> KEYS *
 1) "iris-test-in"
 2) "iris-result"
 3) "iris-output"
 4) "iris-data"
 5) "iris-model"
 6) "iris-cli-model"
 7) "iris-test-out"
 8) "iris-cli-in"
 9) "iris-input"
10) "iris-cli-out"
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

Рисунок 42 - Выполнение скрипта client.py и проверка его выполнения.