A glass of water by

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Code

```
from OpenGL.GL import *
from OpenGL.GLUT import *
from OpenGL.GLU import *
import numpy as np
import math
import time
found zone = None
def find_zone(x1, y1, x2, y2):
  dx = x2 - x1
  dy = y2 - y1
  zone = None
  if abs(dx) >= abs(dy):
     if dx \ge 0 and dy \ge 0:
       zone = 0
     elif dx \le 0 and dy \ge 0:
       zone = 3
     elif dx \le 0 and dy \le 0:
       zone = 4
     elif dx \ge 0 and dy \le 0:
       zone = 7
  else:
     if dx \ge 0 and dy \ge 0:
       zone = 1
     elif dx \le 0 and dy \ge 0:
       zone = 2
     elif dx \le 0 and dy \le 0:
       zone = 5
     else: \# dx = > 0 and dy <= 0
```

zone = 6

return zone

```
def convert_zone(x1, y1, x2, y2):
  global found_zone
  found_zone = find_zone(x1, y1, x2, y2)
  if found_zone == 0:
    return x1, y1, x2, y2
  if found_zone == 1:
    a1 = y1
     b1 = x1
     a2 = y2
     b2 = x2
  elif found_zone == 2:
    a1 = y1
     b1 = -x1
     a2 = y2
     b2 = -x2
  elif found_zone == 3:
     a1 = -x1
     b1 = y1
     a2 = -x2
     b2 = y2
  elif found zone == 4:
     a1 = -x1
     b1 = -y1
     a2 = -x2
     b2 = -y2
  elif found_zone == 5:
     a1 = -y1
     b1 = -x1
     a2 = -y2
     b2 = -x2
  elif found zone == 6:
     a1 = -y1
     b1 = x1
    a2 = -y2
     b2 = x2
```

```
else:
     a1 = x1
     b1 = -y1
     a2 = x2
     b2 = -y2
  return a1, b1, a2, b2
def convert_to_origin(x1, y1):
  if found_zone == 0:
     return x1, y1
  if found zone == 1:
     a1 = y1
     b1 = x1
  elif found_zone == 2:
     a1 = -y1
     b1 = x1
  elif found zone == 3:
     a1 = -x1
     b1 = y1
  elif found_zone == 4:
     a1 = -x1
     b1 = -y1
  elif found zone == 5:
     a1 = -y1
     b1 = -x1
  elif found_zone == 6:
     a1 = y1
     b1 = -x1
  else:
     a1 = x1
     b1 = -y1
  return a1, b1
def mp_l(a1, b1, a2, b2):
  x1, y1, x2, y2 = convert_zone(a1, b1, a2, b2)
```

```
dx = x2 - x1
  dy = y2 - y1
  d = 2 * dy - dx
  dNE = 2 * (dy - dx)
  dE = 2 * dy
  x = x1
  y = y1
  while x < x2:
     a, b = convert_to_origin(x, y)
     draw_points(a, b)
     if d \le 0:
       d = d + dE
       x += 1
       y += 0
     else:
       d = d + dNE
       x += 1
       y += 1
def circle_points(x, y, X, Y):
  draw_points(X+x, Y+y)
  draw_points(Y+y, X+x)
  draw points(Y+y, X-x)
  draw points(X+x, Y-y)
  draw points(X-x, Y-y)
  draw_points(Y-y, X-x)
  draw_points(Y-y, X+x)
  draw_points(X-x, Y+y)
def midpoint_circle(rad, X, Y):
  d = 1 - rad
  x = 0
  y = rad
  while x \le y:
     circle_points(x, y, X, Y)
     if d < 0:
```

```
d = d + 2 * x + 3
       x += 1
     else:
       d = d + 2 * (x - y) + 5
       x += 1
       y = 1
def draw_points(x, y):
  glPointSize(5) #pixel size. by default 1 thake
  glBegin(GL POINTS)
  glVertex2f(x,y) #jekhane show korbe pixel
  glEnd()
def draw_glass():
  glColor3f(0.9, 0.9, 0.9)
  mp_l(-100, 100, -100, -300)
  mp I(-100, -300, 100, -300)
  mp I(100, -300, 100, 100)
def draw_water():
  glColor3f(0.4, 0.7, 0.9)
  for i in range(-300+5, -100): # y
     mp I(-100+6, i, 100-5, i) # x and 100-4 is exclusive
def draw drops():
  glColor3f(1, 1, 1)
  midpoint circle(4, -90, -90)
  midpoint circle(9, -50, -50)
  midpoint circle(7, 2, 2)
def scale(sc):
  v1 = np.array([[-300+5],
            [100+5],
            [1]])
```

```
s = np.array([[1, 0, 0],
           [0, sc, 0],
           [0, 0, 1]])
  v11 = np.matmul(s, v1)
  v11_{int} = int(v11[1][0])
  for i in range(-300+5, v11_int): # y
     mp_l(-100+6, i, 100-5, i) # x and 100-4 is exclusive
def rotate_glass(angle):
  a = math.cos(math.radians(angle))
  b = math.sin(math.radians(angle))
  r = np.array([[a, -b, 0],
           [b, a, 0],
           [0, 0, 1]]
  g1 = np.array([[-100],
            [100],
            [1]])
  g2 = np.array([[-100],
            [-300],
            [1]])
  g3 = np.array([[100],
            [-300],
            [1]])
  g4 = np.array([[100],
            [100],
            [1]])
  g11 = np.matmul(r, g1)
  g22 = np.matmul(r, g2)
  g33 = np.matmul(r, g3)
  g44 = np.matmul(r, g4)
  glColor3f(0.9, 0.9, 0.9)
  mp l(g11[0][0], g11[1][0], g22[0][0], g22[1][0])
  mp_l(g22[0][0], g22[1][0], g33[0][0], g33[1][0])
```

```
mp_l(g33[0][0], g33[1][0], g44[0][0], g44[1][0])
```

```
def rem water():
  glColor3f(0.4, 0.7, 0.9)
  mp I(-250, -280, 300, -280)
  mp I(-260, -285, 270, -285)
  mp I(-270, -290, 300, -290)
  mp I(-250, -295, 305, -295)
  mp I(-300, -300, 330, -300)
  mp I(-270, -305, 310, -305)
  mp I(-290, -310, 350, -310)
  mp I(-260, -315, 290, -315)
def iterate():
  glViewport(0, 0, 1000, 1000)
  glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION)
  glLoadIdentity()
  glOrtho(-500, 500, -500, 500, 0.0, 1.0)
  glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW)
  glLoadIdentity()
def showScreen():
  glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT | GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT)
  glLoadIdentity()
  iterate()
  #call the draw methods here
  draw glass()
  draw water()
  glutSwapBuffers()
  print("Press 1 to raise the water level\nPress 2 to raise the water level more
and\nPress 0 to emtpy the glass")
  user input = input()
  if user input == '1':
    glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT | GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT)
    glLoadIdentity()
    iterate()
```

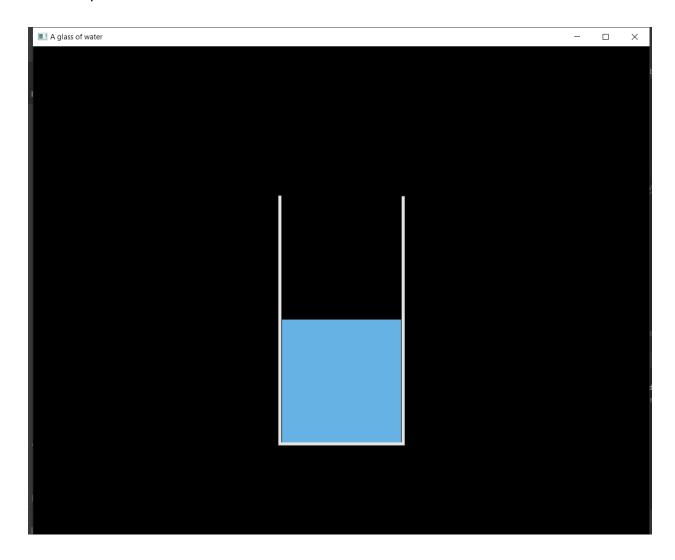
```
draw glass()
    draw water()
    scale(0.08)
    draw_drops()
    glutSwapBuffers()
  if user input == '2':
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
    glLoadIdentity()
    iterate()
    draw glass()
    draw water()
    scale(0.9)
    draw_drops()
    glutSwapBuffers()
  if user input == '0':
    angle = 0
    while angle \geq -180:
       glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
       glLoadIdentity()
      iterate()
      rotate glass(angle)
      time.sleep(0.06)
       glutSwapBuffers()
       angle -= 10
    rem water()
  glutSwapBuffers()
glutInit()
glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT RGBA)
glutInitWindowSize(1000, 1000) #window size
glutInitWindowPosition(0, 0)
wind = glutCreateWindow(b"A glass of water") #window name
glutDisplayFunc(showScreen)
```

glutMainLoop()

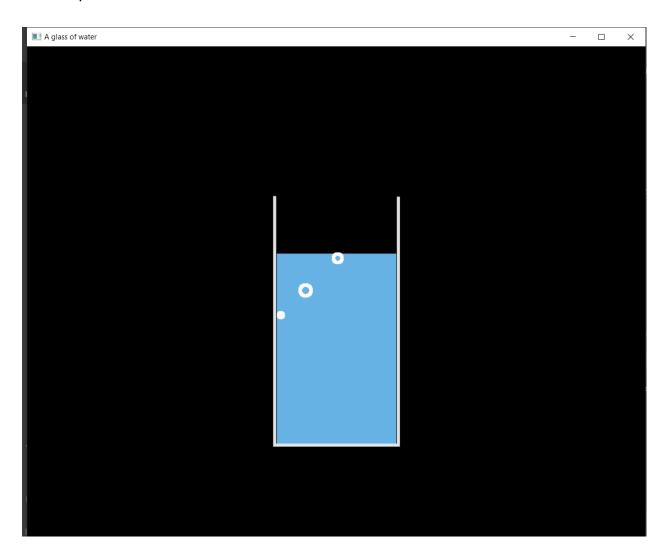
Output

a half-filled glass of water. The water level slightly rises when 1 is entered as input. The water level is increased even further when the input value of 2 is used. Last but not least, if input 0 is given, the glass will be spun 180 degrees and all of the water that has fallen from it will be on the floor.

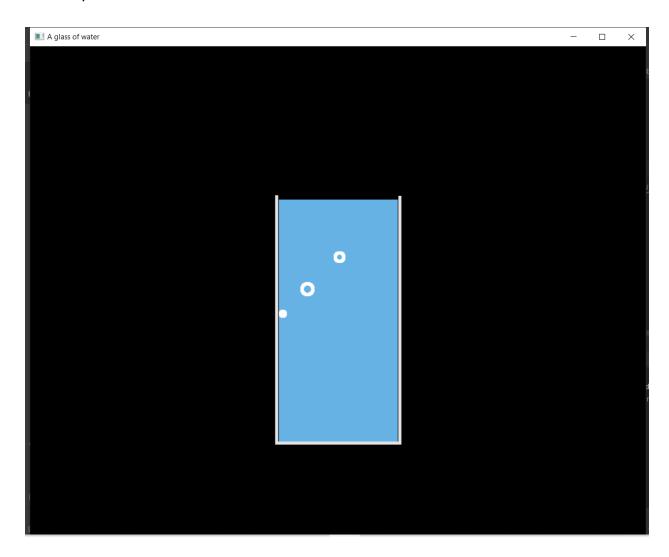
Initial output



When input is 1



When input is 2



• When input is 0

