Bilkent University

Department of Computer Engineering

IE 400 Term Project

Group 36

Project Report

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1. Introduction

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2. Mathematical Models

Below are the mathematical models for each problem. For convenience, since each model shares common parameters, such as patient data, minimum/maximum allowed dosages, etc, those can be introduced before describing the models.

2.1. Common Constants & Parameters

p_j: j^{th} feature of patient 36

$\mathbf{p}$: Row vector of features for patient 36

$$\mathbf{p} = [p_1\ p_2 \dots p_8\ p_9] = [0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1]$$

Q_{36}: Quality of life threshold for patient 36

$$Q_{36} = 20$$

$(min)_i$: Minimum allowed dose for the drug i, in cl

$$(min)_1 = 20$$

$$(min)_2 = 10$$

$$(min)_3 = 20$$

$$(min)_4 = 10$$

$$(min)_5 = 10$$

$$(min)_6 = 20$$

$$(min)_7 = 20$$

max_i: Maximum allowed dose for the drug i, in cl

$$(max)_1 = 80$$

$$(max)_2 = 50$$

$$(max)_3 = 100$$

$$(max)_4 = 100$$

$$(max)_5 = 70$$

$$(max)_6 = 90$$

$$(max)_7 = 50$$

$(yb)_i$: Whether drug i is included in the base regimen

$$(yb)_1 = 1$$

$$(yb)_2 = 0$$

$$(yb)_3 = 1$$

$$(yb)_4 = 1$$

$$(yb)_5 = 0$$

$$(yb)_6 = 0$$

$$(yb)_7 = 1$$

$(xb)_i$: Amount of dosage for drug i in the base regimen, in cl

$$(xb)_1 = 20$$

$$(xb)_2 = 0$$

$$(xb)_3 = 30$$

$$(xb)_4 = 15$$

$$(xb)_5 = 0$$

$$(xb)_6 = 0$$

$$(xb)_7 = 35$$

$(fb)_i$: Fixed cost of adding/removing drug i from the base regimen

$$(fb)_1 = 25$$

$$(fb)_2 = 50$$

$$(fb)_3 = 10$$

$$(fb)_4 = 25$$

$$(fb)_5 = 20$$

$$(fb)_6 = 30$$

$$(fb)_7 = 40$$

$(ub)_i$: Cost of dosage change for drug i per cl.

$$(ub)_1 = 1$$

$$(ub)_2 = 2$$

$$(ub)_3 = 1$$

$$(ub)_4 = 3$$

$$(ub)_5 = 2$$

$$(ub)_6 = 1$$

$$(ub)_7 = 1$$

2.1.1. Common Functions

$$\begin{aligned} \mathrm{Q}(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x}) = & -5p_1 - 0.5p_2 - 12p_3 - 8p_4 - 5p_5 - 5p_6 - 1p_7 - 3p_8 - 2p_9 \\ & - 5y_1 - 6y_2 - 4y_3 - 4y_4 - 8y_5 - 6y_6 - 7y_7 \\ & + 0.28x_1 + 0.3x_2 + 0.25x_3 + 0.17x_4 + 0.31\,x_5 + 0.246x_6 + 0.4x_7 \end{aligned}$$

The input parameters are row vectors, where x_i represents the ith number in vector **x**, y_i represents the ith number in vector **y** and p_j represents the jth number in vector **p**.

2.1.2. Common Indexes

$$i \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$j \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$$

2.2. Part A

In this part, it was asked to maximize the value of the quality of life value, while using the base regimen for the treatment while only changing the dosage of the drugs for patient 36.

2.2.1. Decision Variables

x_i: Amount of dosage given to patient 36 from drug i, in cl

x : Vector of drug dosages for patient 36

y_i: Whether drug i is given to patient 36

y : Vector of binary variables for patient 36, representing which drugs will be given to them

2.2.2. Objective

Z : Quality of life score of patient 36

2.2.3. Model

For the 36th patient, we will have the following maximization problem:

$$max\ z = Q(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x})$$

$$s.t.$$

$$\mathbf{x} = [x_1\ x_2 \dots\ x_6\ x_7]$$

$$\boldsymbol{y} = [y_1\ y_2 \cdots\ y_6\ y_7]$$

$$y_i = (yb)_i \qquad \forall i$$

$$x_i \geq (min)_i \qquad i = 1, 3, 4, 7$$

$$x_i \leq (max)_i \qquad i = 1, 3, 4, 7$$

$$x_i = 0 \qquad i = 2, 5, 6$$

$$x_i \geq 0 \qquad \forall i$$

$$y_i \in \{0, 1\} \qquad \forall i$$

2.3. Part B

In this part, it was asked to minimize the cost of changing the base regimen while achieving the quality of life threshold for patient 36.

We assumed that the fixed cost of adding/ removing a drug occurs only when the drug is removed or added from the base regimen.

For example, drug 1 is included in the base regimen. If the drug 1 will have a dosage of 0 and therefore is removed, then the fixed cost of removing a drug will apply. However, changing the dosage of drug 1 within limits will not incur this fixed cost.

Similarly, drug 2 is not included in the base regimen. If drug 2 will have a dosage different than zero, and its dosage is within the limits and therefore is added, then the fixed cost of adding a drug will apply.

2.3.1. Decision Variables

a_i: Whether the drug i is added or removed

$(inc)_i$: Whether the dosage of drug i is increased

$(dec)_i$: Whether the dosage of drug i is decreased

c_i: Amount of change in dosage of drug i in the new regimen, in cl

x_i: Amount of dosage given to patient 36 from drug i, in cl

x : Vector of drug dosages for patient 36

y_i: Whether drug i is given to patient 36

y : Vector of binary variables for patient 36, representing which drugs will be given to them

2.3.2. Objective

z : Cost of deviating from the base regimen

2.3.3. Model

For the 36th patient, we will have the following minimization problem:

$$min\ z = \sum_{i=1}^{7} (fb)_i a_i + (ub)_i c_i$$

$s.t.$

$$\mathbf{x} = [x_1\ x_2 \dots\ x_6\ x_7]$$

$$\boldsymbol{y} = [y_1\ y_2 \dots y_6\ y_7]$$

$$Q(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x}) \geq Q_{36}$$

$$y_i = a_i \qquad i = 2, 5, 6$$

$$y_i = 1 - a_i \qquad i = 1, 3, 4, 7$$

$$(inc)_i + (dec)_i \leq 1 \qquad \forall i$$

$$c_i((inc)_i - (dec)_i) = x_i - (xb)_i \qquad \forall i$$

$$x_i \geq (min)_i y_i \qquad \forall i$$

$$x_i \leq (max)_i y_i \qquad \forall i$$

$$a_i, y_i, (inc)_i, (dec)_i \in \{0,1\} \qquad \forall i$$

$$c_i, x_i \geq 0 \qquad \forall i$$

2.4. Part C

In this part, in addition to model in part b, there were additional constraints given for the drugs, which were the following:

- Melphalan and Oxaliplatin, when combined in wrong amounts, decrease the effect of the therapy. Hence, when combined, the total amount of these two chemicals should be less than 70 cl and greater than 50cl in any regimen.
- Either Epirubicin should be included in the regimen or the dosage of Decitabine should be less than 25cl.
- If both Pentostatin and Lomoustine are included in the regimen, then at least one of the Thiotepa and Epirubicin should also be chosen.

2.4.1. Decision Variables

We first introduce the following parameter, M = 1000 (large enough integer).

Then we introduce the following decision variable:

W: Whether Pentostatin (4) and Lomoustine (6) are both included in the regimen

2.4.2. Objective

The objective function is the same:

Z : Cost of deviating from the base regimen

2.4.3. Model

Those constraints will be added to the model in part b:

$$x_1 + x_2 \geq 50 y_1 y_2 \qquad \text{(First constraint - I)}$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 70(y_1 y_2) + M(1 - y_1 y_2) \qquad \text{(First constraint - II)}$$

$$(1 - y_5) x_3 \leq 25 \qquad \text{(Second constraint)}$$

$$w = y_4 y_6 \qquad \text{(Third constraint - I)}$$

$$w(y_5 + y_7 - 1) \geq 0 \qquad \text{(Third constraint - II)}$$

3. Implementation Constraints

To test and solve the models written in section 1, the Gurobi Optimizer API was used and solutions were implemented in Python programming language. Anaconda was used as the interpreter for Python 3.9.

4. Source Code for Solvers

Below is the Python code for each part, that solves the models given in section 2.

4.1. Part A

```
"""
IE 400 Project - Part A
"""
import gurobipy as gp
from gurobipy import *
import pandas as pd



def checkQ(p_in, my_model):
    y_ = []
    x_ = []
    for i in range(0, 7):
        x_.append(my_model.getVarByName("x" + str(i + 1)).getAttr('X'))
        y_.append(my_model.getVarByName("y" + str(i + 1)).getAttr('X'))
    return q(p_in, y_, x_)



def q(p_in, y_in, x_in):
    p_sum = -5*p_in[0] - 0.5*p_in[1] - 12*p_in[2] - 8*p_in[3] - 5*p_in[4]
- 5*p_in[5] - p_in[6] - 3*p_in[7] - 2*p_in[8]
    y_sum = -5*y_in[0] - 6*y_in[1] - 4*y_in[2] - 4*y_in[3] - 8*y_in[4] -
6*y_in[5] - 7*y_in[6]
    x_sum = 0.28*x_in[0] + 0.3*x_in[1] + 0.25*x_in[2] + 0.17*x_in[3] +
0.31*x_in[4] + 0.246*x_in[5] + 0.4*x_in[6]
    return p_sum + y_sum + x_sum
```

```
# Read patient data from .xlsx file
patient_data = pd.read_excel('patient_data.xlsx', sheet_name="Sheet1")

# Read the group number 36
patient_36 = patient_data.iloc[36, :]

# vector of features
p = list(patient_36[1:10])

# Q threshold
Q_36 = patient_36[10]

print("Group Number: " + str(patient_36[0]))
print("Patient vector: " + str(p))
print("Q threshold: " + str(Q_36))
# Maximum/Minimum allowed dosages
min_i = [20, 10, 20, 10, 10, 20, 20]
max_i = [80, 50, 100, 100, 70, 90, 50]

# Base regimen specs
yb_i = [1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]
xb_i = [20, 0, 30, 15, 0, 0, 35]

# Cost of deviating from the base regimen
fb_i = [25, 50, 10, 25, 20, 30, 40]
ub_i = [1, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1]

# Create a Model instance
model = gp.Model()
```

```
# Decision variables - from i = 1 to 7 inclusive
x = []
y = []
for i in range(1, 8):
    # Add each indexed decision variable one by one
    x.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.CONTINUOUS, lb=0, name="x" + str(i)))
    y.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="y" + str(i)))

# Set the objective
model.setObjective(q(p, y, x), GRB.MAXIMIZE)



# Add the remaining constraints
for i in range(0, 7):

    """
    Dosage bounds, if y = 0 the interval is [0, 0] = 0
    """
    if i == 0 or i == 2 or i== 3 or i ==6:
        model.addConstr(x[i] >= min_i[i], name="min" + str(i+1))
        model.addConstr(x[i] <= max_i[i], name="max" + str(i + 1))
    else :
        model.addConstr(x[i], GRB.EQUAL, 0, name="set" +str(i+1))
    model.update()

# Solve the model
model.write("parta.lp")
model.optimize()
```

```
model.printAttr('X')

model.update()

print("Decision Variables, x and y: ")

for i in range(1, 8):

      print("x" + str(i) + " = " + str(model.getVarByName("x" +
str(i)).getAttr('X')))

      print("y" + str(i) + " = " + str(model.getVarByName("y" +
str(i)).getAttr('X')) + "\n")

print("Quality of Life, a.k.a. objective = " +
str(model.getObjective().getValue()))
```

4.2. Part B

```
"""

IE 400 Project - Part B

"""

import gurobipy as gp

from gurobipy import *

import pandas as pd



def checkQ(p_in, my_model):

   y_ = []

   x_ = []

   for i in range(0, 7):

       x_.append(my_model.getVarByName("x" + str(i + 1)).getAttr('X'))

       y_.append(my_model.getVarByName("y" + str(i + 1)).getAttr('X'))

   return q(p_in, y_, x_)
```

```
def q(p_in, y_in, x_in):
   p_sum = -5*p_in[0] - 0.5*p_in[1] - 12*p_in[2] - 8*p_in[3] - 5*p_in[4]
- 5*p_in[5] - p_in[6] - 3*p_in[7] - 2*p_in[8]
   y_sum = -5*y_in[0] - 6*y_in[1] - 4*y_in[2] - 4*y_in[3] - 8*y_in[4] -
6*y_in[5] - 7*y_in[6]
   x_sum = 0.28*x_in[0] + 0.3*x_in[1] + 0.25*x_in[2] + 0.17*x_in[3] +
0.31*x_in[4] + 0.246*x_in[5] + 0.4*x_in[6]
   return p_sum + y_sum + x_sum



# Read patient data from .xlsx file
patient_data = pd.read_excel('patient_data.xlsx', sheet_name="Sheet1")


# Read the group number 36
patient_36 = patient_data.iloc[36, :]


# vector of features
p = list(patient_36[1:10])


# Q threshold
Q_36 = patient_36[10]


print("Group Number: " + str(patient_36[0]))
print("Patient vector: " + str(p))
print("Q threshold: " + str(Q_36))
# Maximum/Minimum allowed dosages
min_i = [20, 10, 20, 10, 10, 20, 20]
max_i = [80, 50, 100, 100, 70, 90, 50]


# Base regimen specs
```

```
yb_i = [1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]

xb_i = [20, 0, 30, 15, 0, 0, 35]


# Cost of deviating from the base regimen

fb_i = [25, 50, 10, 25, 20, 30, 40]

ub_i = [1, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1]


# Create a Model instance

model = gp.Model()


# Decision variables - from i = 1 to 7 inclusive

a = []

c = []

x = []

y = []

inc = []

dec = []

for i in range(1, 8):

    # Add each indexed decision variable one by one

    a.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="a" + str(i)))

    inc.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="inc" + str(i)))

    dec.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="dec" + str(i)))

    c.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.CONTINIOUS, lb=0, name="c" + str(i)))

    x.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.CONTINIOUS, lb=0, name="x" + str(i)))

    y.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="y" + str(i)))


# Set the objective

model.setObjective(quicksum(fb_i[i]*a[i] + ub_i[i]*c[i] for i in
range(0, 7)), GRB.MINIMIZE)
```

```
# Add the quality of life constraint
model.addConstr(q(p, y, x) >= Q_36, name="quality_of_life")

# Add the remaining constraints
for i in range(0, 7):
    if yb_i[i] == 0:
        model.addConstr(a[i] == y[i], name="added_drug_" + str(i+1))
    if yb_i[i] == 1:
        model.addConstr(a[i] == 1 - y[i], name="removed_drug_" +
str(i+1))

    """
        inc[i] NAND dec[i] = 1
    """
    model.addConstr(inc[i] + dec[i] <= 1, name="if_nand_dec_" + str(i+1))

    """
    x[i] = base_regimen + change

    if y[i] = 0, then
        x[i] = 0 (next constraint)
        inc[i] = 0
        c[i] = xb_i[i]
        if xb_i != 0, then
            dec[i] = 1
        if xb_i = 0, then
            dec[i] = 0

    if y[i] = 1, then
```

```
        min[i]           <= x[i]                      <= max[i] (next
constraint)
        min[i] - xb_i[i] <= c[i] * (inc[i] - dec[i]) <= max[i] - xb_i[i]
        if xb_i = 0, then
            (inc[i], dec[i]) = (1, 0)
        if xb_i != 0, then
            (inc[i], dec[i]) = (0, 0), (0, 1) or (1, 0)
    """
    model.addConstr(x[i] - xb_i[i] == (inc[i] - dec[i])*c[i],
name="set_x" + str(i+1))


    """
    Dosage bounds, if y = 0 the interval is [0, 0] = 0
    """
    model.addConstr(x[i] >= min_i[i] * y[i], name="min_x" + str(i+1))
    model.addConstr(x[i] <= max_i[i] * y[i], name="max_x" + str(i+1))
    model.update()


# Solve the model
model.write("partb.lp")
model.optimize()
model.printAttr('X')
model.update()
print("Decision Variables: ")
for i in range(1, 8):
    print("x" + str(i) + " = " + str(model.getVarByName("x" +
str(i)).getAttr('X')))
    print("y" + str(i) + " = " + str(model.getVarByName("y" +
str(i)).getAttr('X')) + "\n")
print("Quality Of Life = " + str(checkQ(p, model)))
```

```
print("Deviation Cost, a.k.a. objective  = " +
str(model.getObjective().getValue()))
```

4.3. Part C

```
"""
IE 400 Project - Part C
"""
import gurobipy as gp
from gurobipy import *
import pandas as pd


def checkQ(p_in, my_model):
    y_ = []
    x_ = []
    for i in range(0, 7):
        x_.append((my_model.getVarByName("x" + str(i + 1)).getAttr('X')))
        y_.append((my_model.getVarByName("y" + str(i + 1)).getAttr('X')))
    return q(p_in, y_, x_)


def q(p_in, y_in, x_in):
    p_sum = -5*p_in[0] - 0.5*p_in[1] - 12*p_in[2] - 8*p_in[3] - 5*p_in[4]
- 5*p_in[5] - p_in[6] - 3*p_in[7] - 2*p_in[8]
    y_sum = -5*y_in[0] - 6*y_in[1] - 4*y_in[2] - 4*y_in[3] - 8*y_in[4] -
6*y_in[5] - 7*y_in[6]
```

```
    x_sum = 0.28*x_in[0] + 0.3*x_in[1] + 0.25*x_in[2] + 0.17*x_in[3] +
0.31*x_in[4] + 0.246*x_in[5] + 0.4*x_in[6]
    return p_sum + y_sum + x_sum



# Read patient data from .xlsx file
patient_data = pd.read_excel('patient_data.xlsx', sheet_name="Sheet1")

# Read the group number 36
patient_36 = patient_data.iloc[36, :]

# vector of features
p = list(patient_36[1:10])

# Q threshold
Q_36 = float(patient_36[10])

print("Group Number: " + str(patient_36[0]))
print("Patient vector: " + str(p))
print("Q threshold: " + str(Q_36))
# Maximum/Minimum allowed dosages
min_i = [20, 10, 20, 10, 10, 20, 20]
max_i = [80, 50, 100, 100, 70, 90, 50]

# Base regimen specs
yb_i = [1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]
xb_i = [20, 0, 30, 15, 0, 0, 35]

# Cost of deviating from the base regimen
fb_i = [25, 50, 10, 25, 20, 30, 40]
```

```
ub_i = [1, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1]


# Create a Model instance
model = gp.Model()


# Decision variables - from i = 1 to 7 inclusive
a = []
c = []
x = []
y = []
inc = []
dec = []
M = 1000
for i in range(1, 8):
    # Add each indexed decision variable one by one
    a.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="a" + str(i)))
    inc.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="inc" + str(i)))
    dec.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="dec" + str(i)))
    c.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.CONTINUOUS, lb=0, name="c" + str(i)))
    x.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.CONTINUOUS, lb=0, name="x" + str(i)))
    y.append(model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="y" + str(i)))


w = model.addVar(vtype=GRB.BINARY, name="w")


# Set the objective
model.setObjective(quicksum(fb_i[i] * a[i] + ub_i[i] * c[i] for i in
range(0, 7)), GRB.MINIMIZE)


# Add the quality of life constraint
```

```
model.addConstr(q(p, y, x), GRB.GREATER_EQUAL, Q_36,
name="quality_of_life")


# Add the remaining constraints
for i in range(0, 7):
   if yb_i[i] == 0:
       model.addConstr(a[i] == y[i], name="added_drug_" + str(i + 1))
   if yb_i[i] == 1:
       model.addConstr(a[i] == 1 - y[i], name="removed_drug_" + str(i +
1))


   """
       inc[i] NAND dec[i] = 1
   """
   model.addConstr(inc[i] + dec[i] <= 1, name="if_nand_dec_" + str(i +
1))


   """
   x[i] = base_regimen + change


   if y[i] = 0, then
       x[i] = 0 (next constraint)
       inc[i] = 0
       c[i] = xb_i[i]
       if xb_i != 0, then
           dec[i] = 1
       if xb_i = 0, then
           dec[i] = 0


   if y[i] = 1, then
```

```
        min[i]           <= x[i]                      <= max[i] (next
constraint)
        min[i] - xb_i[i] <= c[i] * (inc[i] - dec[i]) <= max[i] - xb_i[i]
        if xb_i = 0, then
            (inc[i], dec[i]) = (1, 0)
        if xb_i != 0, then
            (inc[i], dec[i]) = (0, 0), (0, 1) or (1, 0)
    """
    model.addConstr(x[i] - xb_i[i] == (inc[i] - dec[i]) * c[i],
name="set_x" + str(i + 1))
    """
    Dosage bounds, if y = 0 the interval is [0, 0] = 0
    """
    model.addConstr(x[i] >= min_i[i] * y[i], name="min_x" + str(i + 1))
    model.addConstr(x[i] <= max_i[i] * y[i], name="max_x" + str(i + 1))
    model.update()


model.addConstr(x[0] + x[1] >= 50*y[0]*y[1], name="gt_50")
model.addConstr(x[0] + x[1] <= 70*y[0]*y[1] + M*(1-y[0]*y[1]),
name="lt_70")
model.addConstr((1 - y[4])*x[2] <= 25, name="lt_25")
model.addConstr(w, GRB.EQUAL, y[3]*y[5], name="cnt_3_1")
model.addConstr(w * (y[4] + y[6] - 1) >= 0, name="cnt_3_2")


# Solve the model
model.write("partc.lp")
model.optimize()
model.printAttr('X')
model.update()
print("Decision Variables, x and y: ")
```

```
for i in range(1, 8):
   print("x" + str(i) + " = " + str(model.getVarByName("x" +
str(i)).getAttr('X')))
   print("y" + str(i) + " = " + str(model.getVarByName("y" +
str(i)).getAttr('X')) + "\n")
print("Quality Of Life = " + str(checkQ(p, model)))
print("Deviation Cost, a.k.a. objective  = " +
str(model.getObjective().getValue()))
```