Why Don't We Complain

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- 1) About the **Structure** of this essay
- ✓ It might be an argumentation supported by exemplification while some examples were in detail, some examples were just being touched upon.

Para

1-4

- Example 1: Heat on the Train
- Author's experience on the train

Para 5-8

- Example 2: Movie out of Focus
- Author and his wife in the cinema.

Para 11

- Example 3: A Late Glass of Milk
- Author at his breakfast in a restaurant in New Year's Day.

Para 13-17

- Example 4: Borrow a Screwdriver
- Author at the ski repair store.

Para 18

- Example 5: Lunch Tray on Airplane
- Author on an airplane.

Para

- Example 6: American People's Style
- The reason that they are reluctant to assert themselves in various matters.

Para20-21

- Example 7: American's Political Apathy
- The reason the American people are so reluctant to assert themselves in various matters

Para 22 - 23

- Conclusion: American people tend to suppress themselves in asserting themselves in various matters.
- There should be more complain.

- ✓ This essay can be divided into 8 parts in terms of content: example 1-7 and the final part, the conclusion.
- ✓ Differently, in terms of narrative function, this essay can be divided into 2 parts, that is, examples and conclusion.

2) About the **Theme** of this essay

- ✓ To criticized/ satirized American people's unwillingness in **asserting themselves** (坚持自己的主张) in minor and grave matters.
- ✓ That is, to criticized/ satirized American people's unwillingness in bravely expressing their real thoughts and sticking to them in both big and small things.

- 1. fleck(P1L5)... the car was flecked with the white shirts of passengers.
- ---- to mark with spots of color, light or the like; to speckle

e.g.

The bird's breast is flecked with brown.

这只鸟的胸部有棕色斑点。

When a banana ripens it is flecked with brown.

当香蕉成熟时,会有棕色的斑点。

2. virile (P2L2)

---- having or showing masculine spirit, strength, vigor, or power.

e.g.

His style of singing is very virile.

她演唱的风格浑厚有力。

- 3. edge(P2L6)... with a considerable edge to my voice
- ---- sharpness; the quality of being sharp or keen

e.g.

Her remark has a biting edge to it.

她讲的话很尖刻。

- 4. sibilant(P2L9)...to justify my sibilant intrusion into his stupor
- ---- hissing; having or making a hissing sound

e.g.

When he spoke, his voice was usually low and sibilant. 他说话时的声音老是低沉的、咝咝作响的。

- 5. discreet(P2L10)...making a discreet fuss.
- ---- very careful in speech and action; showing good judgement; wisely cautious

e.g

A discreet person does not spread gossip.

智者不说闲话。

6. set in(P2L2)

---- to begin

e.g.

Winter set in early.

冬天早早地降临了。

It seems to me you lived your life like a candle in the wind, never knowing who to cling to when the rain set in.

在我看来,你的生活就像风中的蜡烛,从不知道在雨中该依附谁。

- 7. nonchalant(P3L1)...nonchalantly walked down the gauntlet
- ---- without warmth or enthusiasm; coolly unconcerned; casually indifferent; apathetic e.g.
- a nonchalant manner 无所谓的样子 a nonchalant reply 漫不经心的回答 She remained quite nonchalant during all the excitement. 在所有激动人心的事件中,她仍然相当淡定。

- 8. gauntlet(P3L1)... nonchalantly walked down the gauntlet
- ---- n. a former military punishment. Here the conductor should have been consigned to this military punishment.

expression:

run the gauntlet

---- to be punished by means of the gauntlet; to proceed while under attack from both sides, as by criticism, gossip, etc.

9. visualize(P4L1)

---- to form a mental picture of(something not present to the sight, an abstraction, etc.); envision

e.g.

to visualize a friend's face when he is away 当朋友不在时,想象他的样子 to visualize the scene of a battle 想象一下战斗的场景

- 10. apprehensively(P5L4)
- ---- feeling alarm; afraid, anxious or fearful about the future; uneasy, or worried

e.g

The captain felt apprehensive about the safety of his passengers during the storm at sea.

在海上的风暴中,船长对乘客的安全感到忧虑。

- 11. irksome(P5L14)...calling dramatic attention to the irksome distortion
- ---- annoying; tiresome (SYN) wearisome

e.g

Washing dishes all day would be an irksome task. Company was irksome to me.

去上班令我感到不快

- 12. head-on(P8L6)...before undertaking a head-on...
- ---- a crash with the head or front first; in a direct manner; headlong

e.g

His car was involved in a head-on collision.

他的车被卷入迎面而来的碰撞。

It collided head-on with a truck.

它与一辆卡车迎头相撞。

- 13. gird(P9L9) I am girded for a total showdown.
- ---- to get ready for action; to prepare (oneself) for action

e.g to gird oneself to face an examination The soldiers girded themselves for battle. 严阵以待

- 14. fortify(P11L4)... I was fortified in my resolve
- ---- to give support to; strengthen physically, emotionally, etc.

e.g

They fortified each other against the coming ordeal. 他们互相支撑着对方,以应对即将到来的磨难。

- 15. telltale(P13L8)...My pulse began its telltale acceleration.
- ---- showing, signaling, or warning of something; revealing, revelatory, suggestive, meaningful, significant, indicative

e.g

the telltale mud on his shoes

鞋子上明显的泥巴痕迹

Careful examination will reveal the telltale nits attached to the hairs.

仔细检查会发现附着在毛发上的明显的虱子。

- 16. rare(P13L12)...six good men who were raring to ski
- ---- [Colloq.] to be eager, enthusiastic, etc.

e.g raring to go 蓄势待发

17. mortification(P16L2)

---- a feeling of shame; humiliation; chagrin; loss of self-respect (SYN) embarrassment

e.g

mortification at having spilled food on the tablecloth 饭菜洒在桌布上而感到羞愧

There's no virtue in any mortification, either of the flesh or the spirit.

无论是肉体还是精神,在任何道德上都没有美德。

- 18. unctuous(P18L9)...she spoke unctuously into the loud-speaker
- ---- too smoothly and oily; too suave or oily in speech or manner 圆滑,油嘴滑舌

e.g the unctuous manner 虚伪的态度 an offensively unctuous speech 卑鄙无耻的言论

- 19. prime(P22L4)... late in 1959 he was primed---- to equip (a person) with information, words, arguments, etc.
- e.g to prime a person with a speech 以演讲的方式给人打气

Thank you!

Difficult Sentences and Rhetorical Device will be presented next week.